UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

AMENDMENT NO. 2

TO

FORM S-1

REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

CVR PARTNERS, LP

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

2873

(Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number) (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

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(Address, Including Zip Code, and Telephone Number, Including Area Code, of Registrant's Principal Executive Offices)

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With a copy to:

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Large accelerated filer o

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56-2677689

Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act"), check the following box. o

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. o

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration tatement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and

"smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check One):

Non-accelerated filer ☑
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company o

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

	Proposed Maximum	
Title of Each Class of Securities to be Registered	Aggregate Offering Price(1)(2)	Amount of Registration Fee
Common units representing limited partner interests	\$250,000,000	\$20,065(3)

- (1) Includes offering price of common units which the underwriters have the option to purchase.
- (2) Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457(o) of the Securities Act.
- (3) \$14.260 previously paid in respect of an aggregate offering price of \$200,000,000 based on the registration fee in effect at that time. \$5,805 included with this filing in respect of the additional \$50,000,000 of common units being registered hereby.

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act or until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

The information in this preliminary prospectus is not complete and may be changed. These securities may not be sold until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This preliminary prospectus is not an offer to sell nor does it seek an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not negmitted.

PROSPECTUS (Subject to Completion)
Dated March 16, 2011

Common Units Representing Limited Partner Interests



CVR Partners, LP

This is the initial public offering of our common units representing limited partner interests.

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for our common units. We anticipate that the initial public offering price for our common units will be between \$ and \$ per unit. We have applied to list our common units on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "UAN."

We have granted the underwriters an option to purchase up to an additional common units from us to cover over-allotments, if any, at the initial public offering price, less underwriting discounts and commissions, within 30 days from the date of this prospectus.

John J. Lipinski, the chairman, chief executive officer and president of our general partner, has indicated an interest in purchasing approximately \$3 million of the common units being offered in this offering.

Investing in our common units involves risks. Please read "Risk Factors" beginning on page 17. These risks include the following:

- We may not have sufficient available cash to pay any quarterly distribution on our common units.
- The nitrogen fertilizer business is, and nitrogen fertilizer prices are, cyclical and highly volatile and have experienced substantial downtums in the past. Cycles in demand and pricing could potentially expose us to substantial fluctuations in our operating and financial results, and expose you to substantial volatility in our quarterly cash distributions and material reductions in the trading price of our common units.
- The amount of our quarterly cash distributions will be directly dependent on the performance of our business and will vary significantly both quarterly and annually. Unlike most publicly traded partnerships, we will not have a minimum quarterly distribution or employ structures intended to consistently maintain or increase distributions over time.
- We depend on CVR Energy, Inc., or CVR Energy, for the majority of our supply of petroleum coke, or pet coke, an essential raw material used in our operations. Any significant disruption in the supply of pet coke from CVR Energy could negatively impact our results of operations to the extent third-party pet coke is unavailable only at higher prices.
- We depend to a significant extent on CVR Energy and its senior management team to manage our business.
- Our general partner, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of CVR Energy, has fiduciary duties to its owner, CVR Energy, and the interests of CVR Energy may differ significantly from, or conflict with, the interests of our public common unitholders.
- · Our unitholders have limited voting rights, are not entitled to elect our general partner or its directors, and cannot, at initial ownership levels, remove our general partner without the consent of CVR Energy,
- You will experience immediate and substantial dilution of \$ per common unit in the net tangible book value of your common units.
- If we were treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, or if we were to become subject to entity-level taxation for state tax purposes, cash available for distribution to you would be substantially reduced.
- You will be required to pay taxes on your share of our income even if you do not receive any cash distributions from us.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Initial Public Offering Price Underwriting Discounts and Commissions Proceeds Before Expenses to Us The underwriters expect to deliver the commissions	mon units to purchasers on or about , 2011.	Per Common Unit Total \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
Morgan Stanley	Barclays Capital	Goldman, Sachs & Co.
	The date of this prospectus is , 2011.	



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You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus. We have not, and the underwriters have not, authorized anyone to provide you with additional or different information. If anyone provides you with additional, different or inconsistent information you should not rely on it. We are not, and the underwriters are not, making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where an offer or sale is not permitted. You should assume the information appearing in this prospectus is accurate as of the date on the front cover page of this prospectus only. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date.

For investors outside the United States: We have not, and the underwriters have not, done anything that would permit this offering, or possession or distribution of this prospectus, in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required, other than in the United States. Persons outside the United States who come into possession of this prospectus must inform themselves about, and observe any restrictions relating to, the offering of the common units and the distribution of this prospectus outside of the United States.

Industry and Market Data

The data included in this prospectus regarding the nitrogen fertilizer industry, including trends in the market and our position and the position of our competitors within the nitrogen fertilizer industry, is based on a variety of sources, including independent industry publications, government publications and other published independent sources, information obtained from customers, distributors, suppliers, trade and business organizations and publicly available information (including the reports and other information our competitors file with the SEC, which we did not participate in preparing and as to which we make no representation), as well as our good faith estimates, which have been derived from management's knowledge and experience in the areas in which our business operates. Estimates of market size and relative positions in a market are difficult to develop and inherently uncertain. Accordingly, investors should not place undue weight on the industry and market share data presented in this prospectus. Any data sourced from Pike & Fischer's "Green Markets" newsletter has been approved by BNA Subsidiaries, LLC and is re-used here with the express written permission of BNA Subsidiaries, LLC.

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights selected information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. You should carefully read the entire prospectus, including "Risk Factors" and the consolidated historical and unaudited pro forma financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus, before making an investment decision. Unless otherwise indicated, the information in this prospectus assumes (i) an initial public offering price of \$\infty\$ per common unit (the mid-point of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus) and (ii) that the underwriters do not exercise their option to purchase additional common units. References in this prospectus to "CVR Partners," "we," "our," "us" or like terms refer to CVR Partners, LP and its consolidated subsidiary unless the context otherwise requires or where otherwise indicated. References in this prospectus to "CVR Energy" refer to CVR Energy, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries other than CVR Partners unless the context otherwise requires or where otherwise indicated, and references to "CVR GP" or "our general partner" refer to CVR GP, LLC, which, following the closing of this offering, will be an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of CVR Energy. The transactions being entered into in connection with this offering are referred to herein as the "Transactions" and are described on page 47 of this prospectus. You should also see the "Glossary of Selected Terms" contained in Appendix B for definitions of some of the terms we use to describe our business and industry and other terms used in this prospectus.

CVR Partners, LP

Overview

We are a Delaware limited partnership formed by CVR Energy to own, operate and grow our nitrogen fertilizer business. Strategically located adjacent to CVR Energy's refinery in Coffeyville, Kansas, our nitrogen fertilizer manufacturing facility is the only operation in North America that utilizes a petroleum coke, or pet coke, gasification process to produce nitrogen fertilizer (based on data provided by Blue, Johnson & Associates, Inc., or Blue Johnson). Our facility includes a 1,225 ton-per-day ammonia unit, a 2,025 ton-per-day urea ammonium nitrate, or UAN, unit, and a gasifier complex with built-in redundancy having a capacity of 84 million standard cubic feet per day. We upgrade a majority of the ammonia we produce to higher margin UAN fertilizer, an aqueous solution of urea and ammonium nitrate which has historically commanded a premium price over ammonia. In 2010, we produced 392,745 tons of ammonia, of which approximately 60% was upgraded into 578,272 tons of UAN.

We intend to expand our existing asset base and utilize the experience of CVR Energy's management team to execute our growth strategy. Following completion of this offering, we intend to move forward with a significant two-year plant expansion designed to increase our UAN production capacity by 400,000 tons, or approximately 50%, per year. CVR Energy, a New York Stock Exchange listed company, will indirectly own our general partner and approximately % of our outstanding common units following this offering.

The primary raw material feedstock utilized in our nitrogen fertilizer production process is pet coke, which is produced during the crude oil refining process. In contrast, substantially all of our nitrogen fertilizer competitors use natural gas as their primary raw material feedstock. Historically, pet coke has been significantly less expensive than natural gas on a per ton of fertilizer produced basis and pet coke prices have been more stable when compared to natural gas prices. We believe our nitrogen fertilizer business has historically been the lowest cost producer and marketer of ammonia and UAN fertilizers in North America. During the past five years, over 70% of the pet coke utilized by our plant was produced and supplied by CVR Energy's crude oil refinery pursuant to a renewable long-term agreement.

We generated net sales of \$263.0 million, \$208.4 million and \$180.5 million, net income of \$118.9 million, \$57.9 million and \$33.3 million and EBITDA of \$134.9 million, \$67.6 million and \$38.7 million, for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010, respectively. For a reconciliation of EBITDA to net income, see footnote 5 under "— Summary Historical and Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information."

Our Competitive Strengths

Pure-Play Nitrogen Fertilizer Company. We believe that as a pure-play nitrogen fertilizer company we are well positioned to benefit from positive trends in the nitrogen fertilizer market in general and the UAN market in particular.

We derive substantially all of our revenue from the production and sale of nitrogen fertilizers, primarily in the agricultural market, whereas most of our competitors are meaningfully diversified into other crop nutrients, such as phosphate and potassium, and make significant sales into the lower-margin industrial market. For example, our largest public competitors, Agrium, Potash Corporation, Yara (excluding blended fertilizers) and CF Industries (after giving effect to its acquisition of Terra Industries) derived 90%, 91%, 46% and 22% of their sales in 2010 (2009 in the case of Yara), respectively, from the sale of products other than nitrogen fertilizer used in the agricultural market. Nitrogen is an essential element for plant growth because it is the primary determinant of crop yield. Nitrogen fertilizer production is a higher margin, growing business with more stable demand compared to the production of the two other essential crop nutrients, potassium and phosphate, because nitrogen must be reapplied annually. During the last five years, ammonia and UAN prices averaged \$467 and \$292 per ton, respectively, which is a substantial increase from the average prices of \$276 and \$159 per ton, respectively, during the prior five-year period.

The following table shows the consolidated impact of a \$50 per ton change in UAN pricing and a \$100 per ton change in ammonia pricing on our EBITDA based on the assumptions described herein relative to the actual prices we realized for the year ended December 31, 2010 and our forecasted pricing for the twelve month period ending March 31, 2012:

Illustrative Sensitivity to UAN and Ammonia Prices (1)(2)

						Sensitivity Using Actual Average 2010 Prices (1)(3)	Sensitivity Using Forecasted 3/31/2012 Prices (1)(4)
UAN Price	\$150	\$200	\$250	\$300	\$350	\$179	\$278
Ammonia Price	300	400	500	600	700	361	547
Net Sales	171	221	271	321	371	200	297
EBITDA	24	74	124	174	224	53	150
Available Cash	13	63	113	163	213	43	140

- (1) The price sensitivity analysis in this table is based on the assumptions described in our forecast of EBITDA for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012, including 157,400 ammonia tons sold, 686,200 UAN tons sold, cost of product sold of \$48.3 million, direct operating expenses of \$84.5 million and selling, general and administrative expenses of \$14.2 million. This table is presented to show the sensitivity of our EBITDA forecast for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 of \$15.04 million to specified changes in ammonia and UAN prices were \$602.05 and \$534.08, respectively, per ton as of February 28, 2011. There can be no assurance that we will achieve our EBITDA forecast for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 or any of the specified levels of EBITDA indicated above, or that UAN and ammonia pricing will achieve any of the levels specified above. See "Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distribution Forecasted Available Cash" for a reconciliation of our EBITDA forecast to our net income forecast for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 and a discussion of the assumptions underlying our forecast.
- Dollars in millions.
- (3) This column shows (1) actual average UAN and ammonia prices for the year ended December 31, 2010 and (2) what our net sales, EBITDA and available cash would have been in the year ended December 31, 2010 based on the actual average UAN and ammonia prices during such year and the production and expense assumptions set forth in footnote 1 above. See "Summary Historical and Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information" for our actual net sales and EBITDA for the year ended December 31, 2010.
- (4) Reflects forecasted average UAN and ammonia pricing for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 and the production and expense assumptions set forth in footnote 1 above

High Margin Nitrogen Fertilizer Producer. Our unique combination of pet coke raw material usage, premium product focus and transportation cost advantage has helped to keep our costs low and has enabled us to generate high margins. In 2008, 2009 and 2010, our operating margins were 44%, 23% and 11%, respectively (our 2010 operating margins were negatively affected by downtime associated with the Linde, Inc., or Linde, air separation outage, the rupture of a high-pressure UAN vessel and the major scheduled turnaround). Over the last five years, U.S. natural gas prices at the Henry Hub pricing point have averaged \$6.06 per MMbtu. The following

chart shows our cost advantage for the year ended December 31, 2010 as compared to an illustrative natural gas-based competitor in the U.S. Gulf Coast:

CVR Partners' Cost Advantage over an Illustrative U.S. Gulf Coast Natural Gas-Based Competitor

		(\$ per ton, unless otherwise noted)										
		CVR Partners'	Ammonia Cost Advantage		CVR Partners' UAN Cost Advantage							
Illustrative	Illu	strative Competitor	C\	/R Partners	Illustra	tive Competitor	C	VR Partners				
Natural Gas Delivered Price (\$/MMbtu)	Gas Cost(a)	Total Competitor Ammonia Costs(b)(c)(e)	Ammonia Costs(d)(e)	Ammonia Cost Advantage	Competitor Ammonia cost per ton UAN(f)	Total Competitor UAN Costs(c)(e)(g)	UAN Costs(e)(f)(h)	UAN Cost Advantage				
\$4.00	\$132	\$193	\$194	\$ (1)	\$ 65	\$ 98	\$ 87	\$ 11				
4.50	149	210	194	16	72	105	87	18				
5.50	182	243	194	49	85	118	87	31				
6.50	215	276	194	82	99	132	87	45				
7.50	248	309	194	115	113	146	87	59				

- Assumes 33 MMbtu of natural gas to produce a ton of ammonia, based on Blue Johnson.

 Assumes \$27 per ton operating cost for ammonia, based on Blue Johnson.

 Assumes \$27 per ton operating cost for ammonia, based on Blue Johnson.

 Assumes incremental \$34 per ton transportation cost from the U.S. Gulf Coast to the mid-continent for ammonia and \$15 per ton for UAN, based on recently published rail and pipeline tariffs.

 CVR Partners' ammonia cost consists of \$19 per ton of ammonia in per coke costs and \$175 per ton of ammonia in operating costs for the year ended December 31, 2010.

 The cost data included in this chart for an illustrative competitor assumes property taxes, whereas the cost data included for CVR Partners includes the cost of our property taxes other than property taxes which it has been required to pay in recent years. For information on the effect of disputed property taxes on our actual production costs, see product production cost data and footnote 7 under "— Summary Historical and Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information." See also "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Factors Affecting Comparability Fertilizer Plant Property Taxes."

 Each ton of UAN contains approximately 0.41 tons of ammonia. Illustrative competitor UAN cost per ton data removes \$34 per ton in transportation costs for ammonia.

 Assumes \$18 per ton cash conversion cost to UAN, based on Blue Johnson.

 CVR Partners' UAN conversion cost was \$12 per ton for the year ended December 31, 2010. \$10.82 per ton of ammonia production costs are not transferable to UAN costs.

- - Cost Advantage. We operate the only nitrogen fertilizer production facility in North America that uses pet coke gasification to produce nitrogen fertilizer, which has historically given us a cost advantage over competitors that use natural gas-based production methods. Our costs are approximately 79% fixed and relatively stable, which allows us to benefit directly from increases in nitrogen fertilizer prices. Our variable costs consist primarily of pet coke. Our pet coke costs have historically remained relatively stable, averaging \$25 per ton since we began operating under our current structure in October 2007, with a high of \$31 per ton for 2008 and a low of \$17 per ton for 2010. Third-party pet coke is readily available to us, and we have paid an average cost of \$41 per ton for third-party pet coke over the last five years. Substantially all of our nitrogen fertilizer competitors use natural gas as their primary raw material feedstock (with natural gas constituting approximately 85-90% of their production costs based on historical data) and are therefore heavily impacted by changes in natural gas prices.
 - Premium Product Focus. We focus on producing higher margin, higher growth UAN nitrogen fertilizer. Historically, UAN has accounted for approximately 80% of our product tons sold. UAN commands a price premium over ammonia and urea on a nutrient ton basis. Unlike ammonia and urea, UAN is easier to apply and can be applied throughout the growing season to crops directly or mixed with crop protection products, which reduces energy and labor costs for farmers. In addition, UAN is safer to handle than ammonia. The convenience of UAN fertilizer has led to an 8.5% increase in its consumption from 2000 through 2010 (estimated) on a nitrogen content basis, whereas ammonia fertilizer consumption decreased by 2.4% for the same period, according to data supplied by Blue Johnson. We plan to expand our UAN upgrading capacity so that we have the flexibility to upgrade all of our ammonia production into UAN.

• Strategically Located Asset. We and other competitors located in the U.S. farm belt share a transportation cost advantage when compared to our out-of-region competitors in serving the U.S. farm belt agricultural market. We are therefore able to cost-effectively sell substantially all of our products in the higher margin agricultural market, whereas, according to publicly available information prepared by our competitors, a significant portion of our competitors' revenues are derived from the lower margin industrial market. Because the U.S. farm belt consumes more nitrogen fertilizer than is produced in the region, it must import nitrogen fertilizer from the U.S. Gulf Coast as well as from international producers. Accordingly, U.S. farm belt producers may offer nitrogen fertilizers at prices that factor in the transportation costs of out-of-region producers without having incurred such costs. We estimate that our plant enjoys a transportation cost advantage of approximately \$25 per ton over competitors located in the U.S. Gulf Coast, based on a comparison of our actual transportation costs and recently published rail and pipeline tariffs. Our location on Union Pacific's main line increases our transportation cost advantage. Our products leave the plant either in trucks for direct shipment to customers (in which case we incur no transportation cost) or in railcars for destinations located principally on the Union Pacific Railroad. We do not incur any intermediate transfer, storage, barge freight or pipeline freight charges.

Highly Reliable Pet Coke Gasification Fertilizer Plant with Low Capital Requirements. Our nitrogen fertilizer plant was completed in 2000 and, based on data supplied by Blue Johnson, is the newest nitrogen fertilizer plant built in North America. Prior to our plant's construction in 2000, the last ammonia plant built in the United States was constructed in 1977. Our nitrogen fertilizer facility was built with the dual objectives of being low cost and reliable. Our facility has low maintenance costs, with maintenance capital expenditures ranging between approximately \$3 million and \$9 million per year from 2007 through 2010. We have configured the plant to have a dual-train gasifier complex to provide redundancy and improve our reliability. In 2010, our gasifier had an on-stream factor, which is defined as the total number of hours operated divided by the total number of hours in the reporting period, in excess of 97% excluding the impact of downtime associated with the Linde air separation outage, the rupture of a high-pressure UAN vessel and the major scheduled turnaround.

Experienced Management Team. We are managed by CVR Energy's management pursuant to a services agreement. Mr. John J. Lipinski, Chief Executive Officer, has over 38 years of experience in the refining and chemicals industries. Mr. Stanley A. Riemann, Chief Operating Officer, has over 37 years of experience in the fertilizer and energy industries. Mr. Edward A. Morgan, Chief Financial Officer, has over 18 years of finance experience. Mr. Kevan Vick, Executive Vice President and Fertilizer General Manager, has over 34 years of experience in the nitrogen fertilizer industry. Mr. Vick leads a senior operations team whose members have an average of 22 years of experience in the fertilizer industry. Most of the members of our senior operations team were on-site during the construction and startup of our nitrogen fertilizer plant in 2000. CVR Energy's management team will spend a portion of its time managing CVR Energy and a portion of its time managing our business. See "Management — Executive Officers and Directors."

Our Business Strategy

Our objective is to maximize quarterly distributions to our unitholders by operating our nitrogen fertilizer facility in an efficient manner, maximizing production time and growing profitably within the nitrogen fertilizer industry. We intend to accomplish this objective through the following strategies:

• Pay Out All of the Available Cash We Generate Each Quarter. Our strategy is to pay out all of the available cash we generate each quarter. We expect that holders of our common units will receive a greater percentage of our operating cash flow when compared to our publicly traded corporate competitors across the broader fertilizer sector, such as Agrium, CF Industries, Potash Corporation and Yara. These companies have provided an average dividend yield of 0.1%, 0.4%, 0.3% and 1.6%, respectively, as of February 28, 2011, compared to our expected distribution yield of % (calculated by dividing our forecasted distribution for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 of \$ per common unit by the mid-point of the price range on the cover page of this prospectus). The board of directors of our general partner will adopt a policy under which we will distribute all of the available cash we generate each quarter, as described in "Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions On Distributions" on page 53. We do not intend to maintain excess distribution coverage for the purpose of maintaining stability or growth in our quarterly distributions or

otherwise to reserve cash for future distributions. Unlike many publicly traded partnerships that have economic general partner interests and incentive distribution rights that entitle the general partner to receive disproportionate percentages of cash distributions as distributions increase (often up to 50%), our general partner will have a non-economic interest and no incentive distribution rights, and will therefore not be entitled to receive cash distributions. Our common unitholders will receive 100% of our cash distributions

- · Pursue Growth Opportunities. We are well positioned to grow organically, through acquisitions, or both.
 - Expand UAN Capacity. We intend to move forward with an expansion of our nitrogen fertilizer plant that is designed to increase our UAN production capacity by 400,000 tons, or approximately 50%, per year. This approximately \$135 million expansion, for which approximately \$31 million had been spent as of December 31, 2010, will allow us the flexibility to upgrade all of our ammonia production when market conditions favor UAN. We expect that this additional UAN production capacity will improve our margins, as UAN has historically been a higher margin product than ammonia. We expect that the UAN expansion will take 18 to 24 months to complete and will be funded with approximately \$100 million of the net proceeds from this offering.
 - Selectively Pursue Accretive Acquisitions. We intend to evaluate strategic acquisitions within the nitrogen fertilizer industry and to focus on disciplined and accretive investments that leverage our core strengths. We have no agreements, understandings or financings with respect to any acquisitions at the present time.
- Continue to Focus on Safety and Training. We intend to continue our focus on safety and training in order to increase our facility's reliability and maintain our facility's high onstream availability. In 2010, our nitrogen fertilizer plant had a recordable incident rate of 0.76, which was our lowest recordable incident rate in over five years. The recordable incident rate reflects the number of recordable incidents per 200,000 hours worked.
- Continue to Enhance Efficiency and Reduce Operating Costs. We are currently engaged in certain projects that will reduce overall operating costs, increase efficiency and utilize
 byproducts to generate incremental revenue. For example, we have built a low btu gas recovery pipeline between our nitrogen fertilizer plant and CVR Energy's crude oil refinery,
 which will allow us to sell off-gas, a byproduct produced by our fertilizer plant, to the refinery. This pipeline was commissioned in March 2011. In addition, we have signed a
 letter of intent to sell up to 850,000 tons per year of high purity carbon dioxide, or CO2, produced by our nitrogen fertilizer plant to an oil and gas exploration and production
 company.
- Provide High Level of Customer Service. We focus on providing our customers with the highest level of service. The nitrogen fertilizer plant has demonstrated consistent levels
 of production while operating at close to full capacity. Substantially all of our product shipments are targeted to freight advantaged destinations located in the U.S. farm belt,
 allowing us to quickly and reliably service customer demand. Furthermore, we maintain our own fleet of railcars, which helps us ensure prompt delivery. As a result of these
 efforts, many of our largest customers have been our customers since the plant came online in 2000. We believe a continued focus on customer service will allow us to maintain
 relationships with existing customers and grow our business.

Industry Overview

Nitrogen, phosphate and potassium are the three essential nutrients plants need to grow for which there are no substitutes. Nitrogen is the primary determinant of crop yield. Nutrients are depleted in soil over time and therefore must be replenished through fertilizer use. Nitrogen is the most quickly depleted nutrient and so must be replenished every year, whereas phosphate and potassium can be retained in soil for up to three years.

Global demand for fertilizers is driven primarily by population growth, dietary changes in the developing world and increased consumption of bio-fuels. According to the International Fertilizer Industry Association, or IFA, from 1972 to 2010, global fertilizer demand grew 2.1% annually. Fertilizer use is projected to increase by 45% between 2005 and 2030 to meet global food demand, according to a study funded by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations. Currently, the developed world uses fertilizer more intensively than the developing world, but sustained economic growth in emerging markets is increasing food demand and fertilizer use.

As an example, China's grain production increased 31% between September 2001 and September 2010, but still failed to keep pace with increases in demand, prompting China to double its grain imports over the same period, according to the United States Department of Agriculture, or USDA.

World grain demand has increased 11% over the last five years leading to a tight grain supply environment and significant increases in grain prices, which is highly supportive of fertilizer prices. During the last five years, corn prices in Illinois have averaged \$3.80 per bushel, an increase of 80% above the average price of \$2.12 per bushel during the preceding five years. Recently, this trend has continued as U.S. 30-day corn and wheat futures increased 104% and 74%, respectively, from June 1, 2010 to February 28, 2011. During this same time period, Southern Plains ammonia prices increased 67% from \$360 per ton to \$603 per ton and corn belt UAN prices increased 41% from \$252 per ton to \$354 per ton. At existing grain prices and prices implied by futures markets, farmers are expected to generate substantial profits, leading to relatively inelastic demand for fertilizers. Nitrogen fertilizer prices have decoupled from their historical correlation with natural gas prices and are now driven primarily by demand dynamics. Nitrogen fertilizer prices in the U.S. farm belt are typically higher than U.S. Gulf Coast prices because it is costly to transport nitrogen fertilizer.

The United States is the world's largest exporter of coarse grains, accounting for 46% of world exports and 31% of total world production, according to the USDA. The United States is also the world's third largest consumer of nitrogen fertilizer and historically the world's largest importer of nitrogen fertilizer, importing approximately 48% of its nitrogen fertilizer needs. North American producers have a significant and sustainable cost advantage over European producers that export to the U.S. market. Over the last decade, the North American nitrogen fertilizer market has experienced significant consolidation through plant closures and corporate consolidation.

The convenience of UAN fertilizer has led to an 8.5% increase in its consumption from 2000 through 2010 (estimated) on a nitrogen content basis, whereas ammonia fertilizer consumption decreased by 2.4% for the same period, according to data supplied by Blue Johnson. Unlike ammonia and urea, UAN can be applied throughout the growing season and can be applied in tandem with pesticides and fungicides, providing farmers with flexibility and cost savings. UAN is not widely traded globally because it is costly to transport (it is approximately 65% water), therefore there is little risk to U.S. UAN producers of an influx of UAN from foreign imports. As a result of these factors, UAN commands a premium price to urea and ammonia, on a nitrogen equivalent basis.

For more information about the nitrogen fertilizer industry, see "Industry Overview."

About II

CVR Partners, LP was formed in Delaware in June 2007. Our principal executive offices are located at 2277 Plaza Drive, Suite 500, Sugar Land, Texas 77479, and our telephone number is (281) 207-3200. Upon completion of this offering, our website address will be www.cvrpartners.com. Information contained on our website or CVR Energy's website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus and does not constitute a part of this prospectus. We expect to make our periodic reports and other information filed with or furnished to the SEC. Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, available, free of charge, through our website, as soon as reasonably practicable after those reports and other information are electronically filed with or furnished to the SEC.

Risk Factor

An investment in our common units involves risks associated with our business, our partnership structure and the tax characteristics of our common units. These risks are described under "Risk Factors" and "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements." You should carefully consider these risk factors together with all other information included in this prospectus.

In particular, due to our relationship with CVR Energy, adverse developments or announcements concerning CVR Energy could materially adversely affect our business. The ratings assigned to CVR Energy's senior secured indebtedness are below investment grade.

Icciior

Common units offered to the public

Option to purchase additional common units from us

Units outstanding after this offering

Use of Proceeds

THE OFFERING

CVR Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership.

common units.

If the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full, we will issue common units to the public.

common units (excluding common units which are subject to issuance under our long-term incentive plan). If the underwriters do not exercise their option to purchase additional common units, we will issue common units to Coffeyville Resources upon the option's expiration. If and to the extent the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units, the number of common units purchased by the underwriters pursuant to such exercise will be issued to the public and the remainder, if any, will be issued to Coffeyville Resources. Accordingly, the exercise of the underwriters' option will not affect the total number of common units outstanding.

In addition, our general partner will own a non-economic general partner interest in us which will not entitle it to receive distributions.

We estimate that the net proceeds to us in this offering, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and the estimated expenses of this offering, will be approximately \$ million (based on an assumed initial public offering price of \$ per common unit, the mid-point of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus). We intend to use:

- approximately \$18.4 million to make a distribution to Coffeyville Resources in satisfaction of our obligation to reimburse it for certain capital expenditures it made on our behalf with respect to the nitrogen fertilizer business prior to October 24, 2007;
- approximately \$ million to make a special distribution to Coffeyville Resources in order to, among other things, fund the offer to purchase Coffeyville Resources' senior secured notes required upon consummation of this offering:
- approximately \$26 million to purchase (and subsequently extinguish) the incentive distribution rights, or IDRs, currently owned by our general partner;
- approximately \$3 million to pay financing fees resulting from our new credit facility; and
- the balance for general partnership purposes, including approximately \$100 million to fund the intended UAN
 expansion.

If the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full, the additional net proceeds would be approximately \$ million (based upon the mid-point of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus). The net proceeds from any exercise of such option will be paid as a special distribution to Coffeyville Resources. See "Use of Proceeds."

Cash Distributions

Within 45 days after the end of each quarter, beginning with the quarter ending June 30, 2011, we expect to make cash distributions to unitholders of record on the applicable record date.

The board of directors of our general partner will adopt a policy pursuant to which we will distribute all of the available cash we generate each quarter. Available cash for each quarter will be determined by the board of directors of our general partner following the end of such quarter. We expect that available cash for each quarter will generally equal our cash flow from operations for the quarter, less cash needed for maintenance capital expenditures, debt service and other contractual obligations, and reserves for future operating or capital needs that the board of directors of our general partner deems necessary or appropriate. We do not intend to maintain excess distribution coverage for the purpose of maintaining stability or growth in our quarterly distribution or otherwise to reserve cash for distributions, and we do not intend to incur debt to pay quarterly distributions. We expect to finance substantially all of our growth externally, either by debt issuances or additional issuances of equity.

Because our policy will be to distribute all the available cash we generate each quarter, without reserving cash for future distributions or borrowing to pay distributions during periods of low cash flow from operations, our unitholders will have direct exposure to fluctuations in the amount of cash generated by our business. We expect that the amount of our quarterly distributions, if any, will vary based on our operating cash flow during such quarter. Our quarterly cash distributions, if any, will not be stable and will vary from quarter to quarter as a direct result of variations in our operating performance and cash flow caused by fluctuations in the price of nitrogen fertilizers and in the amount of forward and prepaid sales we have in any given quarter. Such variations in the amount of our quarterly distributions may be significant. Unlike most publicly traded partnerships, we will not have a minimum quarterly distribution or employ structures intended to consistently maintain or increase distributions over time. The board of directors of our general partner may change our distribution policy at any time and from time to time. Our partnership agreement does not require us to pay cash distributions on a quarterly or other basis.

Based upon our forecast for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012, and assuming the board of directors of our general partner declares distributions in accordance with our cash distribution policy, we expect that our aggregate distributions for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 will be approximately \$140.1 million. See "Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions — Forecasted Available Cash." Unanticipated events may occur which could materially adversely affect the actual results we achieve during the forecast period. Consequently, our actual results of operations, cash flows, need for reserves and financial condition during the forecast period may vary from the forecast, and such variations may be material. Prospective investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on our forecast and should make their own independent assessment of our future results of operations, cash flows and financial condition. In addition, the board of directors of our general partner may be required

to or elect to eliminate our distributions at any time during periods of reduced prices or demand for our nitrogen fertilizer products, among other reasons. Please see "Risk Factors."

From time to time we make prepaid sales, whereby we receive cash during one quarter in respect of product to be produced and sold in a future quarter but we do not record revenue in respect of the related product sales until the quarter when product is delivered. All cash on our balance sheet in respect of prepaid sales on the date of the closing of this offering will not be distributed to Coffeyville Resources at the closing of this offering but will be reserved for distribution to holders of common units.

For a calculation of our ability to make distributions to unitholders based on our pro forma results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2010, please read "Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions" on page 53. Our pro forma available cash generated during the year ended December 31, 2010 would have been \$30.9 million. See "Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions — Pro Forma Available Cash."

Incentive Distribution Rights

Subordination Period

Issuance of additional units

Limited voting rights

Call right

None.

Our partnership agreement authorizes us to issue an unlimited number of additional units and rights to buy units for the consideration and on the terms and conditions determined by the board of directors of our general partner without the approval of our unitholders. See "Common Units Eligible for Future Sale" and "The Partnership Agreement — Issuance of Additional Partnership Interests."

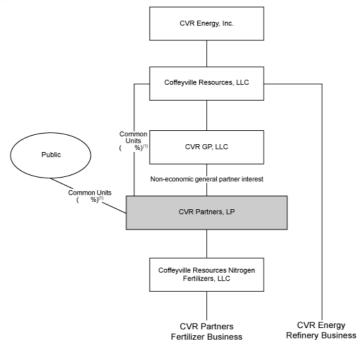
Our general partner manages and operates us. Unlike the holders of common stock in a corporation, you will have only limited voting rights on matters affecting our business. You will have no right to elect our general partner or our general partner's directors on an annual or other continuing basis. Our general partner may be removed by a vote of the holders of at least % of the outstanding common units, including any common units owned by our general partner and its affiliates (including Coffeyville Resources, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CVR Energy), voting together as a single class. Upon completion of this offering, our general partner and its affiliates, through Coffeyville Resources, will own an aggregate of approximately % of our outstanding common units (approximately % if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full). This will give Coffeyville Resources the ability to prevent removal of our general partner. See "The Partnership Agreement — Voting Rights."

If at any time our general partner and its affiliates (including Coffeyville Resources) own more than % of the common units, our general partner will have the right, but not the obligation, to purchase all, but not less than all, of the common units held by public unitholders at a price not less than their then-current market price, as calculated pursuant to the terms of our Partnership Agreement. See "The Partnership Agreement — Call Right."

Estimated ratio of taxable income to distributions We estimate that if you own the common units you purchase in this offering through the record date for distributions for the twelve months ending December 31, 2012, you will be allocated, on a cumulative basis, an amount of U.S. federal taxable income for that period that will be % or less of the cash distributed to you with respect to that period. For example, if you receive an annual distribution of \$ per common unit, we estimate that your average allocable U.S. federal taxable income per year will be no more than \$ per common unit. See "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Consequences of Common Unit Ownership — Ratio of Taxable Income to Distributions." Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences For a discussion of material U.S. federal income tax consequences that may be relevant to prospective unitholders, see "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences. Exchange Listing We have applied to list our common units on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "UAN." Risk Factors See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 17 of this prospectus for a discussion of factors that you should carefullyconsider before deciding to invest in our common units. Depending on market conditions at the time of pricing of this offering and other considerations, we may sell fewer or more common units than the number set forth on the cover page

Organizational Structure

The following chart provides a simplified overview of our organizational structure after giving effect to the completion of the Transactions, as defined under "The Transactions and Our Structure and Organization" on page 47:



⁽¹⁾ Assumes the underwriters do not exercise their option to purchase additional common units, which would instead be issued to Coffeyville Resources upon the option's expiration. If and to the extent the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units, the units purchased pursuant to such exercise will be issued to the public and the remainder, if any, will be issued to Coffeyville Resources. Accordingly, the exercise of the underwriters' option will not affect the total number of units outstanding.

Summary Historical and Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information

The summary consolidated financial information presented below under the caption Statement of Operations Data for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010, and the summary consolidated financial information presented below under the caption Balance Sheet Data as of December 31, 2009 and 2010, have been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus, which consolidated financial statements have been audited by KPMG LLP, independent registered public accounting firm.

Our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus include certain costs of CVR Energy that were incurred on our behalf. These costs, which are reflected in selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) and direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization), are billed to us pursuant to a services agreement entered into in October 2007 that is a related party transaction. For the period of time prior to the services agreement, the consolidated financial statements include an allocation of costs and certain other amounts in order to account for a reasonable share of expenses, so that the accompanying consolidated financial statements reflect substantially all of our costs of doing business. The amounts charged or allocated to us are not necessarily indicative of the costs that we would have incurred had we operated as a stand-alone company for all periods presented.

The summary unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information presented below under the caption Statement of Operations Data for the year ended December 31, 2010 and the summary unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information presented below under the caption Balance Sheet Data as of December 31, 2010 have been derived from our unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. The pro forma consolidated statement of operations data for the year ended December 31, 2010 assumes that we were in existence as a separate entity throughout this period and that the Transactions (as defined on page 47) occurred on January 1, 2010 and that the due from affiliate balance was distributed to Coffeyville Resources on January 1, 2010. The pro forma consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2010 assumes that the Transactions occurred on December 31, 2010. The pro forma financial data is not comparable to our historical financial data. A more complete explanation of the pro forma data can be found in our unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

The historical data presented below has been derived from financial statements that have been prepared using accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP, and the pro forma data presented below has been derived from the "Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" included elsewhere in this prospectus. This data should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, the financial statements and related notes and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included elsewhere in this prospectus.

	Dec	ar Ended ember 31, 2008	Yea	storical ar Ended ember 31, 2009		er Ended ember 31, 2010	Yea Dece	Forma r Ended ember 31, 2010
	(dollars in millions, except per unit data and a				as otherwise indic		audited)	
Statement of Operations Data:		(uona		o, creepe per um	t data and	as other wase made	utcu)	
Net sales	\$	263.0	\$	208.4	\$	180.5	\$	180.5
Cost of product sold — Affiliates ⁽¹⁾		11.1		9.5		5.8		5.8
Cost of product sold — Third Parties(1)		21.5		32.7		28.5		28.5
		32.6		42.2		34.3		34.3
Direct operating expenses — Affiliates(1)(2)		0.4		2.1		2.3		2.3
Direct operating expenses — Third Parties(1)(2)		85.7		82.4		84.4		84.4
		86.1		84.5		86.7		86.7
Selling, general and administrative expenses — Affiliates(1)(2)		1.1		12.3		16.7		16.7
Selling, general and administrative expenses — Third Parties(1)(2)		8.4		1.8		3.9		3.9
1		9.5	-	14.1		20.6		20.6
Depreciation and amortization ⁽³⁾		18.0		18.7		18.5		18.5
Operating income	\$	116.8	\$	48.9	\$	20.4	\$	20.4
Other income (expense)(4)	Ψ	2.1	Ψ	9.0	Ψ	12.9	Ψ	0.4
Interest (expense) and other financing costs		2.1		5.0		12.3		(5.3
Gain (loss) on derivatives								(5
Income before income taxes	\$	118.9	\$	57.9	\$	33.3	\$	15.1
	3	118.9	Э	57.9	Ф	33.3	Э	15.1
Income tax expense			Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	
Net income	\$	118.9	\$	57.9	\$	33.3	\$	15.3
Pro forma net income per common unit, basic and diluted								
Pro forma number of common units, basic and diluted								
Financial and Other Data:								
Cash flows provided by operating activities		123.5		85.5		75.9		
Cash flows (used in) investing activities		(23.5)		(13.4)		(9.0)		
Cash flows (used in) financing activities		(105.3)		(75.8)		(29.6)		
EBITDA(5)		134.9		67.6		38.7		38.7
Capital expenditures for property, plant and equipment		23.5		13.4		10.1		
Key Operating Data:								
Product pricing (plant gate) (dollars per ton)(6):								
Ammonia	\$	557	\$	314	\$	361		
UAN		303		198		179		
Product production cost (exclusive of depreciation expense) (dollars per ton)(7):								
Ammonia	\$	246.39	\$	206.92	\$	212.70		
UAN		96.78		94.92		95.19		
Pet coke cost (dollars per ton)(8):								
Third-party		39		37		40		
CVR Energy		30		22		11		
Production (thousand tons):		250.4		405.5		202 5		
Ammonia (gross produced)(9)		359.1		435.2		392.7		
Ammonia (net available for sale)(9)		112.5		156.6		155.6		
UAN		599.2		677.7		578.3		
On-stream factors(10):		07.00/		07.404		00.004		
Gasifier		87.8%		97.4%		89.0%		
Ammonia		86.2%		96.5%		87.7%		
UAN		83.4%		94.1%		80.8%		

			Pro Forma					
	Dece	Year Ended December 31, 2008		Year Ended December 31, 2009		Year Ended December 31, 2010		Year Ended ecember 31, 2010 unaudited)
			'	unauuncu)				
Balance Sheet Data:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9.1	\$	5.4	\$	42.7	\$	143.7
Working capital		60.4		135.5		27.1		125.0
Total assets		499.9		551.5		452.2		551.7
Total debt including current portion		_		_		_		125.0
Partners' capital		458.8		519.9		402.2		378.1

- $(1) \ \ Amounts shown are exclusive of depreciation and amortization$
- (1) Anothers shown are exclusive of depreciation and amortization (2) Our direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) and selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010 include a charge related to CVR Energy's share-based compensation expense allocated to us by CVR Energy for financial reporting purposes in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, Accounting Standards Codification, or ASC, 718 Compensation Stock Compensation, or ASC 718. These charges will continue to be attributed to us following the closing of this offering. We are not responsible for the payment of cash related to any share-based compensation allocated to us by CVR Energy. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Critical Accounting Policies — Share-Based Compensation." The charges were:

		r Ended ember 31, 2008	Year Decei	Ended nber 31, 009	Decer 2	Year Ended December 31, 2010		Forma Ended mber 31, 2010 udited)
Direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)	\$	(1.6)	\$	(in mil 0.2	lions) \$	0.7	\$	0.7
Selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)		(9.0)		3.0		8.3		8.3
Total	\$	(10.6)	\$	3.2	\$	9.0	\$	9.0

(3) Depreciation and amortization is comprised of the following components as excluded from direct operating expenses and selling, general and administrative expenses:

	Year Ended December 31, 2008		Historical Year Ended December 31, 2009		Year Ended December 31, 2010		Pro Forma Year Ended December 31, 2010 (unaudited)	
Depreciation and amortization excluded from direct operating expenses	\$	18.0	\$	18.7	\$	18.5	\$	18.5
Depreciation and amortization excluded from selling, general and administrative expenses		_		_		_		_
Total depreciation		40.0		40.5	•	40.5		40.5
and amortization	\$	18.0	\$	18.7	\$	18.5	5	18.5

(4) Other income (expense) is comprised of the following components included in our consolidated statement of operations:

	Historical						Pı	o Forma
	Year Ended December 31, 2008		ember 31, December 31, 2008 2009		Year Ended December 31, 2010		Year Ended December 31, 2010 (unaudited)	
				(in mill	ions)			
Interest income(a)	\$	2.0	\$	9.0	\$	13.1	\$	$0.6_{(b)}$
Other income (expense)		0.1		_		(0.2)		(0.2)
Other income (expense)	\$	2.1	\$	9.0	\$	12.9	\$	0.4

- (a) Interest income for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010 is primarily attributable to a due from affiliate balance owed to us by Coffeyville Resources as a result of affiliate loans. The due from affiliate balance was distributed to Coffeyville Resources in December 2010. Accordingly, such amounts are no longer owed to us.
- (b) Reflects interest income earned on average cash balance.
- (5) EBITDA is defined as net income plus interest expense and other financing costs, income tax expense and depreciation and amortization, net of interest income.

We present EBITDA because it is a material component in our calculation of available cash. In addition, EBITDA is a material term utilized in our new credit facility in order to determine our leverage ratio (ratio of debt to EBITDA) and our interest coverage ratio (ratio of EBITDA to interest expense). We are required to maintain specified levels of leverage and interest coverage each quarter, and the leverage ratio also affects the amount of interest we are required to pay. EBITDA is also used as a supplemental financial measure by management and by external users of our financial statements, such as investors and commercial banks, to assess:

- · the financial performance of our assets without regard to financing methods, capital structure or historical cost basis; and
- our operating performance and return on invested capital compared to those of other publicly traded limited partnerships, without regard to financing methods and capital structure.

EBITDA should not be considered an alternative to net income, operating income, net cash provided by operating activities or any other measure of financial performance or liquidity presented in accordance with GAAP. EBITDA may have material limitations as a performance measure because it excludes items that are necessary elements of our costs and operations. In addition, EBITDA presented by other companies may not be comparable to our presentation, since each company may define these terms differently.

A reconciliation of our net income to EBITDA is as follows:

			Pro Forma				
		Year Ended ecember 31, 2008	Historical Year Ended December 31, 2009		Year Ended December 31,		Year Ended December 31, 2010 (unaudited)
				(in mill			
Net income	\$	118.9	\$	57.9	\$ 33.3	\$	15.1
Add:							
Interest expense and other financing costs		_		_	_		5.7
Interest income		(2.0)		(9.0)	(13.1)		(0.6)
Income tax expense		_		_	_		_
Depreciation and amortization		18.0		18.7	18.5	l	18.5
EBITDA	\$	134.9	\$	67.6	\$ 38.7	\$	38.7

- (6) Plant gate price per ton represents net sales less freight costs and hydrogen revenue (from hydrogen sales to CVR Energy's refinery) divided by product sales volume in tons in the reporting period. Plant gate price per ton is shown in order to provide a pricing measure that is comparable across the fertilizer industry.
- (7) Product production cost per ton (exclusive of depreciation expense) includes the total amount of operating expenses incurred during the production process (including raw material costs) in dollars per product ton divided by the total number of tons produced. This amount includes the full amount of property taxes and electric charges paid in each period. CVR Partners is currently disputing the amount of property taxes paid in each period. CVR Partners favorably settled an electric rate dispute with the City of Coffeyville during the third quarter of 2010. This dispute unfavorably affected production cost per ton in 2009 and, once settled in the third quarter, favorably affected production cost per ton in 2010. Excluding the amount of property tax which CVR Partners is disputing and the electric rate dispute and settlement, (i) for the year ended December 31, 2010, the product production cost per ton (exclusive of depreciation expense) for ammonia would have been \$13.86 and for UAN would have been \$14.20 and (iii) for the year ended December 31, 2009, the product production cost per ton (exclusive of depreciation expense) for ammonia would have been \$12.23 and for UAN would have been \$12.37, and (iii) for the year ended December 31, 2008, the product production cost per ton (exclusive of depreciation expense) for ammonia would have been \$222.37 and for UAN would have been \$88.89. For a discussion of the property tax dispute, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations Factors Affecting Comparability Fertilizer Plant Property Taxes."
- (8) We use 1.1 tons of pet coke to produce 1.0 ton of ammonia.
- (9) The gross tons produced for ammonia represent the total ammonia produced, including ammonia produced that was upgraded into UAN. The net tons available for sale represent the ammonia available for sale that was not upgraded into UAN.
- (10) On-stream factor is the total number of hours operated divided by the total number of hours in the reporting period. Excluding the impact of the downtime associated with the Linde air separation unit outage, the rupture of the high-pressure UAN vessel and the major scheduled turnaround, the on-stream factors for the year ended December 31, 2010 would have been 97.6% for gasifier, 96.8% for ammonia and 96.1% for UAN. Excluding the Linde air separation unit outage in 2009, the on-stream factors would have been 99.3% for gasifier, 98.4% for ammonia and 96.1% for UAN for the year ended December 31, 2009. Excluding the turnaround performed in 2008 the on-stream factors would have been 91.7% for gasifier, 90.2% for ammonia and 87.4% for UAN for the year ended December 31, 2008.

RISK FACTORS

You should carefully consider each of the following risks and all of the information set forth in this prospectus before deciding to invest in our common units. If any of the following risks and uncertainties develops into an actual event, our business, financial condition, cash flows or results of operations could be materially adversely affected. In that case, we might not be able to pay distributions on our common units, the trading price of our common units could decline, and you could lose all or part of your investment. Although many of our business risks are comparable to those faced by a corporation engaged in a similar business, limited partner interests are inherently different from the capital stock of a corporation and involve additional risks described below

Risks Related to Our Business

We may not have sufficient available cash to pay any quarterly distribution on our common units. For the year ended December 31, 2010, on a pro forma basis, our annual distribution would have been \$ per unit, significantly less than the \$ per unit distribution we project that we will be able to pay for the twelve months ending March 31, 2010.

We may not have sufficient available cash each quarter to enable us to pay any distributions to our common unitholders. Furthermore, our partnership agreement does not require us to pay distributions on a quarterly basis or otherwise. For the year ended December 31, 2010, on a pro forma basis, our annual distribution would have been \$ per unit, significantly less than the \$ per unit distribution we project that we will to be able to pay for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012. Our expected aggregate annual distribution amount for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 is based on the price assumptions set forth in "Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions—Assumptions and Considerations." If our price assumptions prove to be inaccurate, our actual distribution for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 will be significantly lower than our forecasted distribution, or we may not be able to pay a distribution at all. The amount of cash we will be able to distribute on our common units principally depends on the amount of cash we generate from our operations, which is directly dependent upon the operating margins we generate, which have been volatile historically. Our operating margins are significantly affected by the market-driven UAN and ammonia prices we are able to charge our customers and our pet coke-based gasification production costs, as well as seasonality, weather conditions, governmental regulation, unscheduled maintenance or downtime at our facilities and global and domestic demand for nitrogen fertilizer products, among other factors. In addition:

- Our partnership agreement will not provide for any minimum quarterly distribution and our quarterly distributions, if any, will be subject to significant fluctuations directly related to the cash we generate after payment of our fixed and variable expenses due to the nature of our business.
- The amount of distributions we make, if any, and the decision to make any distribution at all will be determined by the board of directors of our general partner, whose interests
 may differ from those of our common unitholders. Our general partner has limited fiduciary and contractual duties, which may permit it to favor its own interests or the interests
 of CVR Energy to the detriment of our common unitholders.
- The new credit facility that we will enter into upon the closing of this offering, and any credit facility or other debt instruments we enter into in the future, may limit the distributions that we can make. The new credit facility will provide that we can make distributions to holders of our common units, but only if we are in compliance with our leverage ratio and interest coverage ratio covenants on a pro forma basis after giving effect to any distribution, and there is no default or event of default under the facility. In addition, any future credit facility may contain other financial tests and covenants that we must satisfy. Any failure to comply with these tests and covenants could result in the lenders prohibiting distributions by us.
- The amount of available cash for distribution to our unitholders depends primarily on our cash flow, and not solely on our profitability, which is affected by non-cash items. As a result, we may make distributions during periods when we record losses and may not make distributions during periods when we record net income.
- The actual amount of available cash will depend on numerous factors, some of which are beyond our control, including UAN and ammonia prices, our operating costs, global and domestic demand for nitrogen fertilizer products, fluctuations in our working capital needs, and the amount of fees and expenses incurred by us.

Under Section 17-607 of the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act, or Delaware Act, we may not make a distribution to our limited partners if the distribution would cause our liabilities to exceed the fair value of our assets.

For a description of additional restrictions and factors that may affect our ability to make cash distributions, see "Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions."

The amount of our quarterly cash distributions, if any, will vary significantly both quarterly and annually and will be directly dependent on the performance of our business.

Unlike most publicly traded partnerships, we will not have a minimum quarterly distribution or employ structures intended to consistently maintain or increase distributions over time.

Investors who are looking for an investment that will pay regular and predictable quarterly distributions should not invest in our common units. We expect our business performance will be more seasonal and volatile, and our cash flows will be less stable, than the business performance and cash flows of most publicly traded partnerships. As a result, our quarterly cash distributions will be volatile and are expected to vary quarterly and annually. Unlike most publicly traded partnerships, we will not have a minimum quarterly distribution or employ structures intended to consistently maintain or increase distributions over time. The amount of our quarterly cash distributions will be directly dependent on the performance of our business, which has been volatile historically as a result of volatile nitrogen fertilizer and natural gas prices, and seasonal and global fluctuations in demand for nitrogen fertilizer products. Because our quarterly distributions will be subject to significant fluctuations directly related to the cash we generate after payment of our fixed and variable expenses, future quarterly distributions paid to our unitholders will vary significantly from quarter and may be zero. Given the seasonal nature of our business, we expect that our unitholders will have direct exposure to fluctuations in the price of nitrogen fertilizers. In addition, from time to time we make prepaid sales, whereby we receive cash in respect of product to be delivered in a future quarter but do not record revenue in respect of such sales until product is delivered. The cash from prepaid sales increases our operating cash flow in the quarter when the cash is received.

The board of directors of our general partner may modify or revoke our cash distribution policy at any time at its discretion. Our partnership agreement does not require us to make any distributions at all.

The board of directors of our general partner will adopt a cash distribution policy pursuant to which we will distribute all of the available cash we generate each quarter to unitholders of record on a pro rata basis. However, the board may change such policy at any time at its discretion and could elect not to make distributions for one or more quarters. Our partnership agreement does not require us to make any distributions at all. Accordingly, investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the permanence of such a policy in making an investment decision. Any modification or revocation of our cash distribution policy could substantially reduce or eliminate the amounts of distributions to our unitholders.

None of the proceeds of this offering will be available to pay distributions.

We will pay a substantial portion of the proceeds from this offering, including all proceeds from the exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions, to our direct parent, Coffeyville Resources. In addition, we intend to use net proceeds from this offering that we retain to fund our planned UAN expansion. Consequently, none of the proceeds from this offering will be available to pay distributions to the public unitholders. See "Use of Proceeds."

The assumptions underlying the forecast of available cash that we include in "Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions — Forecasted Available Cash" are inherently uncertain and are subject to significant business, economic, regulatory and competitive risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those forecasted.

Our forecast of available cash set forth in "Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions — Forecasted Available Cash" includes our forecast of results of operations and available cash for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012. The forecast has been prepared by the management of CVR Energy on our behalf. Neither

our independent registered public accounting firm nor any other independent accountants have examined, compiled or performed any procedures with respect to the forecast, nor have they expressed any opinion or any other form of assurance on such information or its achievability, and they assume no responsibility for the forecast. The assumptions underlying the forecast are inherently uncertain and are subject to significant business, economic, regulatory and competitive risks and uncertainties, including those discussed in this section, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those forecasted. If the forecasted results are not achieved, we would not be able to pay the forecasted annual distribution, in which event the market price of the common units may decline materially. Our actual results may differ materially from the forecasted results presented in this prospectus. In addition, based on our historical results of operations, which have been volatile, our annual distribution for the year ended December 31, 2010, on a pro forma basis, would have been significantly less than the distribution we forecast that we will be able to pay for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012. Investors should review the forecast of our results of operations for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 together with the other information included elsewhere in this prospectus, including "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

The pro forma available cash information for the year ended December 31, 2010 which we include in this prospectus does not necessarily reflect the actual cash that would have been available.

We have included in this prospectus pro forma available cash information for the year ended December 31, 2010, which indicates the amount of cash that we would have had available for distribution during that period on a pro forma basis. This pro forma information is based on numerous estimates and assumptions. Our financial performance, had the Transactions (as defined on page 47 of this prospectus) and the distribution of the due from affiliate balance of \$160.0 million owed to us by Coffeyville Resources occurred at the beginning of such twelve-month period, could have been materially different from the pro forma results. Accordingly, investors should review the unaudited pro forma information, including the related footnotes, together with the other information included elsewhere in this prospectus, including "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations." Our actual results may differ, possibly materially, from those presented in the pro forma available cash information.

The nitrogen fertilizer business is, and nitrogen fertilizer prices are, cyclical and highly volatile and have experienced substantial downturns in the past. Cycles in demand and pricing could potentially expose us to significant fluctuations in our operating and financial results, and expose you to substantial volatility in our quarterly cash distributions and material reductions in the trading price of our common units.

We are exposed to fluctuations in nitrogen fertilizer demand in the agricultural industry. These fluctuations historically have had and could in the future have significant effects on prices across all nitrogen fertilizer products and, in turn, our financial condition, cash flows and results of operations, which could result in significant volatility or material reductions in the price of our common units or an inability to make quarterly cash distributions on our common units.

Nitrogen fertilizer products are commodities, the price of which can be highly volatile. The price of nitrogen fertilizer products depend on a number of factors, including general economic conditions, cyclical trends in end-user markets, supply and demand imbalances, and weather conditions, which have a greater relevance because of the seasonal nature of fertilizer application. If seasonal demand exceeds the projections on which we base production, our customers may acquire nitrogen fertilizer products from our competitors, and our profitability will be negatively impacted. If seasonal demand is less than we expect, we will be left with excess inventory that will have to be stored or liquidated.

Demand for nitrogen fertilizer products is dependent on demand for crop nutrients by the global agricultural industry. Nitrogen-based fertilizers are currently in high demand, driven by a growing world population, changes in dietary habits and an expanded use of corn for the production of ethanol. Supply is affected by available capacity and operating rates, raw material costs, government policies and global trade. A decrease in nitrogen fertilizer prices would have a material adverse effect on our business, cash flow and ability to make distributions.

The costs associated with operating our nitrogen fertilizer plant are largely fixed. If nitrogen fertilizer prices fall below a certain level, we may not generate sufficient revenue to operate profitably or cover our costs and our ability to make distributions will be adversely impacted.

Our nitrogen fertilizer plant has largely fixed costs compared to natural gas-based nitrogen fertilizer plants. As a result, downtime, interruptions or low productivity due to reduced demand, adverse weather conditions, equipment failure, a decrease in nitrogen fertilizer prices or other causes can result in significant operating losses. Declines in the price of nitrogen fertilizer products could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions. Unlike our competitors, whose primary costs are related to the purchase of natural gas and whose costs are therefore largely variable, we have largely fixed costs that are not dependent on the price of natural gas because we use pet coke as the primary feedstock in our nitrogen fertilizer plant.

A decline in natural gas prices could impact our relative competitive position when compared to other nitrogen fertilizer producers.

Most nitrogen fertilizer manufacturers rely on natural gas as their primary feedstock, and the cost of natural gas is a large component of the total production cost for natural gas-based nitrogen fertilizer manufacturers. The dramatic increase in nitrogen fertilizer prices in recent years was not the direct result of an increase in natural gas prices, but rather the result of increased demand for nitrogen-based fertilizers due to historically low stocks of global grains and a surge in the prices of corn and wheat, the primary crops in our region. This increase in demand for nitrogen-based fertilizers has created an environment in which nitrogen fertilizer prices have disconnected from their traditional correlation with natural gas prices. A decrease in natural gas prices would benefit our competitors and could disproportionately impact our operations by making us less competitive with natural gas-based nitrogen fertilizer manufacturers. A decline in natural gas prices could impair our ability to compete with other nitrogen fertilizer producers who utilize natural gas as their primary feedstock, and therefore have a material adverse impact on the trading price of our common units. In addition, if natural gas prices in the United States were to decline to a level that prompts those U.S. producers who have permanently or temporarily closed production facilities to resume fertilizer production, this would likely contribute to a global supply/demand imbalance that could negatively affect nitrogen fertilizer prices and therefore have a material adverse effect on our regults of operations, financial condition, cash flows, and ability to make cash distributions.

Any decline in U.S. agricultural production or limitations on the use of nitrogen fertilizer for agricultural purposes could have a material adverse effect on the market for nitrogen fertilizer, and on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions.

Conditions in the U.S. agricultural industry significantly impact our operating results. The U.S. agricultural industry can be affected by a number of factors, including weather patterns and field conditions, current and projected grain inventories and prices, domestic and international demand for U.S. agricultural products and U.S. and foreign policies regarding trade in agricultural products.

State and federal governmental policies, including farm and biofuel subsidies and commodity support programs, as well as the prices of fertilizer products, may also directly or indirectly influence the number of acres planted, the mix of crops planted and the use of fertilizers for particular agricultural applications. Developments in crop technology, such as nitrogen fixation, the conversion of atmospheric nitrogen into compounds that plants can assimilate, could also reduce the use of chemical fertilizers and adversely affect the demand for nitrogen fertilizer. In addition, from time to time various state legislatures have considered limitations on the use and application of chemical fertilizers due to concerns about the impact of these products on the environment.

A major factor underlying the current high level of demand for our nitrogen-based fertilizer products is the expanding production of ethanol. A decrease in ethanol production, an increase in ethanol imports or a shift away from corn as a principal raw material used to produce ethanol could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions.

A major factor underlying the current high level of demand for our nitrogen-based fertilizer products is the expanding production of ethanol in the United States and the expanded use of com in ethanol production. Ethanol production in the United States is highly dependent upon a myriad of federal and state legislation and regulations, and is made significantly more competitive by various federal and state incentives. Such incentive programs may not be renewed, or if renewed, they may be renewed on terms significantly less favorable to ethanol producers than current incentive programs. Studies showing that expanded ethanol production may increase the level of greenhouse gases in the environment may reduce political support for ethanol production. The elimination or significant reduction in ethanol incentive programs, such as the 45 cents per gallon ethanol tax credit and the 54 cents per gallon ethanol import tariff, could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions.

Further, most ethanol is currently produced from corn and other raw grains, such as milo or sorghum — especially in the Midwest. The current trend in ethanol production research is to develop an efficient method of producing ethanol from cellulose-based biomass, such as agricultural waste, forest residue, municipal solid waste and energy crops (plants grown for use to make biofuels or directly exploited for their energy content). This trend is driven by the fact that cellulose-based biomass is generally cheaper than corn, and producing ethanol from cellulose-based biomass would create opportunities to produce ethanol in areas that are unable to grow corn. Although current technology is not sufficiently efficient to be competitive, new conversion technologies may be developed in the future. If an efficient method of producing ethanol from cellulose-based biomass is developed, the demand for corn may decrease significantly, which could reduce demand for our nitrogen fertilizer products and have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions.

Nitrogen fertilizer products are global commodities, and we face intense competition from other nitrogen fertilizer producers.

Our business is subject to intense price competition from both U.S. and foreign sources, including competitors operating in the Persian Gulf, the Asia-Pacific region, the Caribbean, Russia and the Ukraine. Fertilizers are global commodities, with little or no product differentiation, and customers make their purchasing decisions principally on the basis of delivered price and availability of the product. Furthermore, in recent years the price of nitrogen fertilizer in the United States has been substantially driven by pricing in the global fertilizer market. We compete with a number of U.S. producers and producers in other countries, including state-owned and government-subsidized entities. Some competitors have greater total resources and are less dependent on earnings from fertilizer sales, which makes them less vulnerable to industry downturns and better positioned to pursue new expansion and development opportunities. Competitors utilizing different corporate structures may be better able to withstand lower cash flows than we can as a limited partnership. Our competitive position could suffer to the extent we are not able to expand our own resources either through investments in new or existing operations or through acquisitions, joint ventures or partnerships. An inability to compete successfully could result in the loss of customers, which could adversely affect our sales and profitability, and our ability to make cash distributions.

Adverse weather conditions during peak fertilizer application periods may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions, because our agricultural customers are geographically concentrated.

Our sales of nitrogen fertilizer products to agricultural customers are concentrated in the Great Plains and Midwest states and are seasonal in nature. For example, we generate greater net sales and operating income in the first half of the year, which we refer to as the planting season, compared to the second half of the year. Accordingly, an adverse weather pattern affecting agriculture in these regions or during the planting season could have a negative effect on fertilizer demand, which could, in turn, result in a material decline in our net sales and margins and otherwise have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions. Our quarterly results may vary significantly from one year to the next due largely to weather-related

shifts in planting schedules and purchase patterns. In addition, given the seasonal nature of our business, we expect that our distributions will be volatile and will vary quarterly and annually.

Our business is seasonal, which may result in our carrying significant amounts of inventory and seasonal variations in working capital. Our inability to predict future seasonal nitrogen fertilizer demand accurately may result in excess inventory or product shortages.

Our business is seasonal. Farmers tend to apply nitrogen fertilizer during two short application periods, one in the spring and the other in the fall. The strongest demand for our products typically occurs during the planting season. In contrast, we and other nitrogen fertilizer producers generally produce our products throughout the year. As a result, we and our customers generally build inventories during the low demand periods of the year in order to ensure timely product availability during the peak sales seasons. The seasonality of nitrogen fertilizer demand results in our sales volumes and net sales being highest during the North American spring season and our working capital requirements typically being highest just prior to the start of the spring season.

If seasonal demand exceeds our projections, we will not have enough product and our customers may acquire products from our competitors, which would negatively impact our profitability. If seasonal demand is less than we expect, we will be left with excess inventory and higher working capital and liquidity requirements.

The degree of seasonality of our business can change significantly from year to year due to conditions in the agricultural industry and other factors. As a consequence of our seasonality, we expect that our distributions will be volatile and will vary quarterly and annually.

Our operations are dependent on third-party suppliers, including Linde, which owns an air separation plant that provides oxygen, nitrogen and compressed dry air to our gasifiers, and the City of Coffeyville, which supplies us with electricity. A deterioration in the financial condition of a third-party supplier, a mechanical problem with the air separation plant, or the inability of a third-party supplier to perform in accordance with its contractual obligations could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and our ability to make cash distributions.

Our operations depend in large part on the performance of third-party suppliers, including Linde for the supply of oxygen, nitrogen and compressed dry air, and the City of Coffeyville for the supply of electricity. With respect to Linde, our operations could be adversely affected if there were a deterioration in Linde's financial condition such that the operation of the air separation plant located adjacent to our nitrogen fertilizer plant was disrupted. Additionally, this air separation plant in the past has experienced numerous short-term interruptions, causing interruptions in our gasifier operations. With respect to electricity, we recently settled litigation with the City of Coffeyville regarding the price they sought to charge us for electricity and entered into an amended and restated electric services agreement which gives us an option to extend the term of such agreement through June 30, 2024. Should Linde, the City of Coffeyville or any of our other third-party suppliers fail to perform in accordance with existing contractual arrangements, our operation could be forced to halt. Alternative sources of supply could be difficult to obtain. Any shutdown of our operations, even for a limited period, could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions

Our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions may be adversely affected by the supply and price levels of pet coke. Failure by CVR Energy to continue to supply us with pet coke (to the extent third-party pet coke is unavailable or available only at higher prices), or CVR Energy's imposition of an obligation to provide it with security for our payment obligations, could negatively impact our results of operations.

Our profitability is directly affected by the price and availability of pet coke obtained from CVR Energy's crude oil refinery pursuant to a long-term agreement and pet coke purchased from third parties, both of which vary based on market prices. Pet coke is a key raw material used by us in the manufacture of nitrogen fertilizer products. If pet coke costs increase, we may not be able to increase our prices to recover these increased costs, because market prices for our nitrogen fertilizer products are not correlated with pet coke prices.

Based on our current output, we obtain most (over 70% on average during the last five years) of the pet coke we need from CVR Energy's adjacent crude oil refinery, and procure the remainder on the open market. The price that we pay CVR Energy for pet coke is based on the lesser of a pet coke price derived from the price we receive for UAN (subject to a UAN-based price ceiling and floor) and a pet coke index price. In most cases, the price we pay CVR Energy will be lower than the price which we would otherwise pay to third parties. Pet coke prices could significantly increase in the future. Should CVR Energy fail to perform in accordance with our existing agreement, we would need to purchase pet coke from third parties on the open market, which could negatively impact our results of operations to the extent third-party pet coke is unavailable only at higher prices. For the year ended December 31, 2010, if we had been forced to obtain 100% of our pet coke supply from third parties, our pet coke expense would have increased by approximately \$10.0 million.

We may not be able to maintain an adequate supply of pet coke. In addition, we could experience production delays or cost increases if alternative sources of supply prove to be more expensive or difficult to obtain. We currently purchase 100% of the pet coke CVR Energy produces. Accordingly, if we increase our production, we will be more dependent on pet coke purchases from third-party suppliers at open market prices. There is no assurance that we would be able to purchase pet coke on comparable terms from third parties or at all.

Under our pet coke agreement with CVR Energy, we may become obligated to provide security for our payment obligations if, in CVR Energy's sole judgment, there is a material adverse change in our financial condition or liquidity position or in our ability to pay for our pet coke purchases. See "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions — Agreements with CVR Energy — Coke Supply Agreement."

We rely on third-party providers of transportation services and equipment, which subjects us to risks and uncertainties beyond our control that may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make distributions.

We rely on railroad and trucking companies to ship finished products to our customers. We also lease railcars from railcar owners in order to ship our finished products. These transportation operations, equipment and services are subject to various hazards, including extreme weather conditions, work stoppages, delays, spills, derailments and other accidents and other operating hazards.

These transportation operations, equipment and services are also subject to environmental, safety and other regulatory oversight. Due to concerns related to terrorism or accidents, local, state and federal governments could implement new regulations affecting the transportation of our finished products. In addition, new regulations could be implemented affecting the equipment used to ship our finished products.

Any delay in our ability to ship our finished products as a result of these transportation companies' failure to operate properly, the implementation of new and more stringent regulatory requirements affecting transportation operations or equipment, or significant increases in the cost of these services or equipment could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions.

Our facility faces operating hazards and interruptions, including unscheduled maintenance or downtime. We could face potentially significant costs to the extent these hazards or interruptions cause a material decline in production and are not fully covered by our existing insurance coverage. Insurance companies that currently insure companies in our industry may cease to do so, may change the coverage provided or may substantially increase premiums in the future.

Our operations, located at a single location, are subject to significant operating hazards and interruptions. Any significant curtailing of production at our nitrogen fertilizer plant or individual units within our plant could result in materially lower levels of revenues and cash flow for the duration of any shutdown and materially adversely impact our ability to make cash distributions. Operations at our nitrogen fertilizer plant could be curtailed or partially or completely shut down, temporarily or permanently, as the result of a number of circumstances, most of which are not within our control, such as:

· unscheduled maintenance or catastrophic events such as a major accident or fire, damage by severe weather, flooding or other natural disaster;

- · labor difficulties that result in a work stoppage or slowdown;
- · environmental proceedings or other litigation that compel the cessation of all or a portion of the operations at our nitrogen fertilizer plant;
- · increasingly stringent environmental regulations;
- · a disruption in the supply of pet coke to our nitrogen fertilizer plant; and
- a governmental ban or other limitation on the use of nitrogen fertilizer products, either generally or specifically those manufactured at our plant.

The magnitude of the effect on us of any shutdown will depend on the length of the shutdown and the extent of the plant operations affected by the shutdown. Our plant requires a scheduled maintenance turnaround every two years, which generally lasts up to three weeks and may have a material impact on our cash flows and ability to make cash distributions in the quarter or quarters in which it occurs. A major accident, fire, flood, or other event could damage our facility or the environment and the surrounding community or result in injuries or loss of life. For example, the flood that occurred during the weekend of June 30, 2007 shut down our facility for approximately two weeks and required significant expenditures to repair damaged equipment, and our UAN plant was out of service for approximately six weeks after the rupture of a high pressure vessel in September 2010, which had a significant impact on our revenues and cash flows for the fourth quarter of 2010. Moreover, our facility is located adjacent to CVR Energy's refining operations and a major accident or disaster at CVR Energy's operations could adversely affect our operations. Scheduled and unscheduled maintenance could reduce our net income, cash flow and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

If we experience significant property damage, business interruption, environmental claims or other liabilities, our business could be materially adversely affected to the extent the damages or claims exceed the amount of valid and collectible insurance available to us. We are currently insured under CVR Energy's casualty, environmental, property and business interruption insurance policies. The property and business interruption insurance policies have a \$1.0 billion limit, with a \$2.5 million deductible for physical damage and a 45-day waiting period before losses resulting from business interruptions are recoverable. The policies also contain exclusions and conditions that could have a materially adverse impact on our ability to receive indemnification thereunder, as well as customary sub-limits for particular types of losses. For example, the current property policy contains a specific sub-limit of \$150.0 million for damage caused by flooding. We are fully exposed to all losses in excess of the applicable limits and sub-limits and for losses due to business interruptions of fewer than 45 days.

We will continue to be covered under CVR Energy's insurance policies following this offering. CVR Energy's casualty insurance policy, which includes our environmental insurance coverage for sudden and accidental pollution events, expires on July 1, 2011, and its current property and business interruption insurance policies expire on November 1, 2011. We do not know whether we will be able to continue to be covered under CVR Energy's insurance policies when these policies come up for renewal in 2011 or whether we will need to obtain separate insurance policies, or the terms or cost of insurance that CVR Energy or we will be able to obtain at such time. Market factors, including but not limited to catastrophic perils that impact our industry, significant changes in the investment returns of insurance companies, insurance company solvency trends and industry loss ratios and loss trends, can negatively impact the future cost and availability of insurance. There can be no assurance that CVR Energy or we will be able to buy and maintain insurance with adequate limits, reasonable pricing terms and

Our results of operations are highly dependent upon and fluctuate based upon business and economic conditions and governmental policies affecting the agricultural industry. These factors are outside of our control and may significantly affect our profitability.

Our results of operations are highly dependent upon business and economic conditions and governmental policies affecting the agricultural industry, which we cannot control. The agricultural products business can be affected by a number of factors. The most important of these factors, for U.S. markets, are:

- · weather patterns and field conditions (particularly during periods of traditionally high nitrogen fertilizer consumption);
- · quantities of nitrogen fertilizers imported to and exported from North America;
- · current and projected grain inventories and prices, which are heavily influenced by U.S. exports and world-wide grain markets; and
- U.S. governmental policies, including farm and biofuel policies, which may directly or indirectly influence the number of acres planted, the level of grain inventories, the mix of crops planted or crop prices.

International market conditions, which are also outside of our control, may also significantly influence our operating results. The international market for nitrogen fertilizers is influenced by such factors as the relative value of the U.S. dollar and its impact upon the cost of importing nitrogen fertilizers, foreign agricultural policies, the existence of, or changes in, import or foreign currency exchange barriers in certain foreign markets, changes in the hard currency demands of certain countries and other regulatory policies of foreign governments, as well as the laws and policies of the United States affecting foreign trade and investment.

Ammonia can be very volatile and extremely hazardous. Any liability for accidents involving ammonia that cause severe damage to property or injury to the environment and human health could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions. In addition, the costs of transporting ammonia could increase significantly in the future.

We manufacture, process, store, handle, distribute and transport ammonia, which can be very volatile and extremely hazardous. Major accidents or releases involving ammonia could cause severe damage or injury to property, the environment and human health, as well as a possible disruption of supplies and markets. Such an event could result in civil lawsuits, fines, penalties and regulatory enforcement proceedings, all of which could lead to significant liabilities. Any damage to persons, equipment or property or other disruption of our ability to produce or distribute our products could result in a significant decrease in operating revenues and significant additional cost to replace or repair and insure our assets, which could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions. We periodically experience minor releases of ammonia related to leaks from our equipment. We experienced more significant ammonia releases in August 2007 due to the failure of a high-pressure pump and in August and September 2010 due to a heat exchanger leak and a UAN vessel rupture. Similar events may occur in the future.

In addition, we may incur significant losses or costs relating to the operation of our railcars used for the purpose of carrying various products, including ammonia. Due to the dangerous and potentially toxic nature of the cargo, in particular ammonia, on board railcars, a railcar accident may result in fires, explosions and pollution. These circumstances may result in sudden, severe damage or injury to property, the environment and human health. In the event of pollution, we may be held responsible even if we are not at fault and we complied with the laws and regulations in effect at the time of the accident. Litigation arising from accidents involving ammonia may result in our being named as a defendant in lawsuits asserting claims for large amounts of damages, which could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions.

Given the risks inherent in transporting ammonia, the costs of transporting ammonia could increase significantly in the future. Ammonia is most typically transported by railcar. A number of initiatives are underway in the railroad and chemical industries that may result in changes to railcar design in order to minimize railway accidents involving hazardous materials. If any such design changes are implemented, or if accidents involving hazardous freight increase the insurance and other costs of railcars, our freight costs could significantly increase.

Environmental laws and regulations could require us to make substantial capital expenditures to remain in compliance or to remediate current or future contamination that could give rise to material liabilities.

Our operations are subject to a variety of federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations relating to the protection of the environment, including those governing the emission or discharge of pollutants into the environment, product specifications and the generation, treatment, storage, transportation, disposal and remediation of solid and hazardous waste and materials. Violations of these laws and regulations or permit conditions can result in substantial penalties, injunctive orders compelling installation of additional controls, civil and criminal sanctions, permit revocations or facility shutdowns.

In addition, new environmental laws and regulations, new interpretations of existing laws and regulations, increased governmental enforcement of laws and regulations or other developments could require us to make additional unforeseen expenditures. Many of these laws and regulations are becoming increasingly stringent, and the cost of compliance with these requirements can be expected to increase over time. The requirements to be met, as well as the technology and length of time available to meet those requirements, continue to develop and change. These expenditures or costs for environmental compliance could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions.

Our facility operates under a number of federal and state permits, licenses and approvals with terms and conditions containing a significant number of prescriptive limits and performance standards in order to operate. Our facility is also required to comply with prescriptive limits and meet performance standards specific to chemical facilities as well as to general manufacturing facilities. All of these permits, licenses, approvals and standards require a significant amount of monitoring, record keeping and reporting in order to demonstrate compliance with the underlying permit, license, approval or standard. Incomplete documentation of compliance status may result in the imposition of fines, penalties and injunctive relief. Additionally, due to the nature of our manufacturing processes, there may be times when we are unable to meet the standards and terms and conditions of these permits and licenses due to operational upsets or malfunctions, which may lead to the imposition of fines and penalties or operating restrictions that may have a material adverse effect on our ability to operate our facilities and accordingly our financial performance.

Our business is subject to accidental spills, discharges or other releases of hazardous substances into the environment. Past or future spills related to our nitrogen fertilizer plant or transportation of products or hazardous substances from our facility may give rise to liability (including strict liability, or liability without fault, and potential cleanup responsibility) to governmental entities or private parties under federal, state or local environmental laws, as well as under common law. For example, we could be held strictly liable under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act, or CERCLA, for past or future spills without regard to fault or whether our actions were in compliance with the law at the lime of the spills. Pursuant to CERCLA and similar state statutes, we could be held liable for contamination associated with the facility we currently own and operate, facilities we formerly owned or operated (if any) and facilities to which we transported or arranged for the transportation of wastes or byproducts containing hazardous substances for treatment, storage, or disposal. The potential penalties and cleanup costs for past or future releases or spills, liability to third parties for damage to their property or exposure to hazardous substances, or the need to address newly discovered information or conditions that may require response actions could be significant and could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions.

In addition, we may incur liability for alleged personal injury or property damage due to exposure to chemicals or other hazardous substances located at or released from our facility. We may also face liability for personal injury, property damage, natural resource damage or for cleanup costs for the alleged migration of contamination or other hazardous substances from our facility to adjacent and other nearby properties.

We may incur future costs relating to the off-site disposal of hazardous wastes. Companies that dispose of, or arrange for the transportation or disposal of, hazardous substances at off-site locations may be held jointly and severally liable for the costs of investigation and remediation of contamination at those off-site locations, regardless of fault. We could become involved in litigation or other proceedings involving off-site waste disposal and the damages or costs in any such proceedings could be material.

We may be unable to obtain or renew permits necessary for our operations, which could inhibit our ability to do business.

We hold numerous environmental and other governmental permits and approvals authorizing operations at our nitrogen fertilizer facility. Expansion of our operations is also predicated upon securing the necessary environmental or other permits or approvals. A decision by a government agency to deny or delay issuing a new or renewed material permit or approval, or to revoke or substantially modify an existing permit or approval, could have a material adverse effect on our ability to continue operations and on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions.

Environmental laws and regulations on fertilizer end-use and application and numeric nutrient water quality criteria could have a material adverse impact on fertilizer demand in the future

Future environmental laws and regulations on the end-use and application of fertilizers could cause changes in demand for our products. In addition, future environmental laws and regulations, or new interpretations of existing laws or regulations, could limit our ability to market and sell our products to end users. From time to time, various state legislatures have proposed bans or other limitations on fertilizer products. In addition, a number of states have adopted or proposed numeric nutrient water quality criteria that could result in decreased demand for our fertilizer products in those states. Similarly, a new final Environmental Protection Agency, or EPA, rule establishing numeric nutrient criteria for certain Florida water bodies may require farmers to implement best management practices, including the reduction of fertilizer use, to reduce the impact of fertilizer on water quality. Any such laws, regulations or interpretations could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions.

Climate change laws and regulations could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition, and ability to make cash distributions.

Currently, various legislative and regulatory measures to address greenhouse gas emissions (including CO₂, methane and nitrous oxides) are in various phases of discussion or implementation. At the federal legislative level, Congress could adopt some form of federal mandatory greenhouse gas emission reduction laws, although the specific requirements and timing of any such laws are uncertain at this time. In June 2009, the U.S. House of Representatives passed a bill that would create a nationwide cap-and-trade program designed to regulate emissions of CO₂, methane and other greenhouse gases. A similar bill was introduced in the U.S. Senate, but was not voted upon. Congressional passage of such legislation does not appear likely at this time, though it could be adopted at a future date. It is also possible that Congress may pass alternative climate change bills that do not mandate a nationwide cap-and-trade program and instead focus on promoting renewable energy and energy efficiency.

In the absence of congressional legislation curbing greenhouse gas emissions, the EPA is moving ahead administratively under its federal Clean Air Act authority. In October 2009, the EPA finalized a rule requiring certain large emitters of greenhouse gases to inventory and report their greenhouse gas emissions to the EPA. In accordance with the rule, we have begun monitoring our greenhouse gas emissions from our nitrogen fertilizer plant and will report the emissions to the EPA beginning in 2011. On December 7, 2009, the EPA finalized its "endangerment finding" that greenhouse gas emissions, including CO₂, pose a threat to human health and welfare. The finding allows the EPA to regulate greenhouse gas emissions as air pollutants under the federal Clean Air Act. In May 2010, the EPA finalized the "Greenhouse Gas Tailoring Rule," which establishes new greenhouse gas emissions thresholds that determine when stationary sources, such as our nitrogen fertilizer plant, must obtain permits under the Prevention of Significant Deterioration, or PSD, and Title V programs of the federal Clean Air Act. The significance of the permitting requirement is that, in cases where a new source is constructed or an existing source undergoes a major modification, the facility would need to evaluate and install best available control technology, or BACT, for its greenhouse gas emissions. Phase-in permit requirements will begin for the largest stationary sources in 2011. We do not currently anticipate that our UAN expansion project will result in a significant expansion triggering the need to install BACT. However, beginning in July 2011, a major modification resulting in a significant expansion of production at our nitrogen fertilizer plant resulting in a significant increase in greenhouse gas emissions may require us to install BACT for our greenhouse gas emissions. The EPA's endangerment finding, the Greenhouse Gas Tailoring Rule and certain other greenhouse gas emission

rules have been challenged and will likely be subject to extensive litigation. In addition, a number of Congressional bills to overturn the endangement finding and bar the EPA from regulating greenhouse gas emissions, or at least to defer such action by the EPA under the federal Clean Air Act, have been proposed in the past, although President Obama has announced his intention to veto any such bills if passed.

In addition to federal regulations, a number of states have adopted regional greenhouse gas initiatives to reduce CO₂ and other greenhouse gas emissions. In 2007, a group of Midwest states, including Kansas (where our nitrogen fertilizer facility is located), formed the Midwestern Greenhouse Gas Reduction Accord, which calls for the development of a cap-and-trade system to control greenhouse gas emissions and for the inventory of such emissions. However, the individual states that have signed on to the accord must adopt laws or regulations implementing the trading scheme before it becomes effective, and the timing and specific requirements of any such laws or regulations in Kansas are uncertain at this time.

The implementation of EPA regulations and/or the passage of federal or state climate change legislation will likely result in increased costs to (i) operate and maintain our facilities, (ii) install new emission controls on our facilities and (iii) administer and manage any greenhouse gas emissions program. Increased costs associated with compliance with any future legislation or regulation of greenhouse gas emissions, if it occurs, may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions.

In addition, climate change legislation and regulations may result in increased costs not only for our business but also for agricultural producers that utilize our fertilizer products, thereby potentially decreasing demand for our fertilizer products. Decreased demand for our fertilizer products may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions.

New regulations concerning the transportation of hazardous chemicals, risks of terrorism and the security of chemical manufacturing facilities could result in higher operating

The costs of complying with regulations relating to the transportation of hazardous chemicals and security associated with our nitrogen fertilizer facility may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions. Targets such as chemical manufacturing facilities may be at greater risk of future terrorist attacks than other targets in the United States. The chemical industry has responded to the issues that arose in response to the terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001 by starting new initiatives relating to the security of chemical industry facilities and the transportation of hazardous chemicals in the United States. Future terrorist attacks could lead to even stronger, more costly initiatives. Simultaneously, local, state and federal governments have begun a regulatory process that could lead to new regulations impacting the security of chemical plant locations and the transportation of hazardous chemicals. Our business could be materially adversely affected by the cost of complying with new regulations.

Our plans to address our CO2production may not be successful.

We have signed a letter of intent whereby we may, in the future, sell up to 850,000 tons per year of high purity CO₂ produced by our nitrogen fertilizer plant to an oil and gas exploration and production company for purposes of enhanced oil recovery. We cannot guarantee that this proposed CO₂ capture and storage system will be constructed successfully or at all or, if constructed, that it will provide an economic benefit and will not result in economic losses or additional costs that may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions.

Due to our lack of asset diversification, adverse developments in the nitrogen fertilizer industry could adversely affect our results of operations and our ability to make distributions to our unitholders.

We rely exclusively on the revenues generated from our nitrogen fertilizer business. An adverse development in the nitrogen fertilizer industry would have a significantly greater impact on our operations and cash available for distribution to holders of common units than it will on other companies with a more diverse asset and product base. The largest publicly traded companies with which we compete sell a more varied range of fertilizer products.

Our business depends on significant customers, and the loss of one or several significant customers may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions.

Our business has a high concentration of customers. In the aggregate, our top five ammonia customers represented 54.7%, 43.9%, and 44.2%, respectively, of our ammonia sales, and our top five UAN customers represented 37.2%, 44.2%, and 43.3%, respectively, of our UAN sales, for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010. Given the nature of our business, and consistent with industry practice, we do not have long-term minimum purchase contracts with any of our customers. The loss of one or several of these significant customers, or a significant reduction in purchase volume by any of them, could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions.

There is no assurance that the transportation costs of our competitors will not decline.

Our nitrogen fertilizer plant is located within the U.S. farm belt, where the majority of the end users of our nitrogen fertilizers grow their crops. Many of our competitors produce fertilizer outside this region and incur greater costs in transporting their products over longer distances via rail, ships and pipelines. There can be no assurance that our competitors' transportation costs will not decline or that additional pipelines will not be built, lowering the price at which our competitors can sell their products, which could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions.

We are subject to strict laws and regulations regarding employee and process safety, and failure to comply with these laws and regulations could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions.

Our facility is subject to the requirements of the federal Occupational Safety and Health Act, or OSHA, and comparable state statutes that regulate the protection of the health and safety of workers. In addition, OSHA requires that we maintain information about hazardous materials used or produced in our operations and that we provide this information to employees, state and local governmental authorities, and local residents. Failure to comply with OSHA requirements, including general industry standards, record keeping requirements and monitoring and control of occupational exposure to regulated substances, could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions if we are subjected to significant fines or compliance costs.

Instability and volatility in the global capital and credit markets could negatively impact our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

The global capital and credit markets have experienced extreme volatility and disruption over the past two years. Our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions could be negatively impacted by difficult conditions and extreme volatility in the capital, credit and commodities markets and in the global economy. These factors, combined with declining business and consumer confidence and increased unemployment, precipitated an economic recession in the United States and globally during 2009 and 2010. The difficult conditions in these markets and the overall economy affect us in a number of ways. For example:

- Although we believe we will have sufficient liquidity under our new credit facility to run our business, under extreme market conditions there can be no assurance that such funds would be available or sufficient, and in such a case, we may not be able to successfully obtain additional financing on favorable terms, or at all.
- Market volatility could exert downward pressure on the price of our common units, which may make it more difficult for us to raise additional capital and thereby limit our ability to grow.
- Market conditions could result in our significant customers experiencing financial difficulties. We are exposed to the credit risk of our customers, and their failure to meet their financial obligations when due because of bankruptcy, lack of liquidity, operational failure or other reasons could result in decreased sales and earnings for us.

Our acquisition and expansion strategy involves significant risks.

One of our business strategies is to pursue acquisitions and expansion projects (including expanding our UAN capacity). However, acquisitions and expansions involve numerous risks and uncertainties, including intense competition for suitable acquisition targets, the potential unavailability of financial resources necessary to consummate acquisitions and expansions, difficulties in identifying suitable acquisition targets and expansion projects or in completing any transactions identified on sufficiently favorable terms; and the need to obtain regulatory or other governmental approvals that may be necessary to complete acquisitions and expansions. In addition, any future acquisitions and expansions may entail significant transaction costs, tax consequences and risks associated with entry into new markets and lines of business.

We intend to move forward with an expansion of our nitrogen fertilizer plant, which will allow us the flexibility to upgrade all of our ammonia production to UAN. This expansion is premised in large part on the historically higher margin that we have received for UAN compared to ammonia. If the premium that UAN currently earns over ammonia decreases, this expansion project may not yield the economic benefits and accretive effects that we currently anticipate.

In addition to the risks involved in identifying and completing acquisitions described above, even when acquisitions are completed, integration of acquired entities can involve significant difficulties, such as:

- unforeseen difficulties in the acquired operations and disruption of the ongoing operations of our business;
- · failure to achieve cost savings or other financial or operating objectives with respect to an acquisition;
- strain on the operational and managerial controls and procedures of our business, and the need to modify systems or to add management resources;
- · difficulties in the integration and retention of customers or personnel and the integration and effective deployment of operations or technologies;
- assumption of unknown material liabilities or regulatory non-compliance issues;
- · amortization of acquired assets, which would reduce future reported earnings;
- · possible adverse short-term effects on our cash flows or operating results; and
- · diversion of management's attention from the ongoing operations of our business.

In addition, in connection with any potential acquisition or expansion project, we will need to consider whether the business we intend to acquire or expansion project we intend to pursue (including the project relating to CO₂ sequestration or sale) could affect our tax treatment as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes. If we are otherwise unable to conclude that the activities of the business being acquired or the expansion project would not affect our treatment as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we could seek a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service, or IRS. Seeking such a ruling could be costly or, in the case of competitive acquisitions, place us in a competitive disadvantage compared to other potential acquirers who do not seek such a ruling. If we are unable to conclude that an activity would not affect our treatment as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we could choose to acquire such business or develop such expansion project in a corporate subsidiary, which would subject the income related to such activity to entity-level taxation. See "— Tax Risks — Our tax treatment depends on our status as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, as well as our not being subject to a material amount of entity-level taxation by individual states. If the IRS were to treat us as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes or if we were to become subject to additional amounts of entity-level taxation for state tax purposes, then our cash available for distribution to our unitholders would be substantially reduced" and "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences — Partnership Status."

Failure to manage acquisition and expansion growth risks could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions. There can be no assurance that we will be able to consummate any acquisitions or expansions, successfully integrate acquired entities, or generate positive cash flow at any acquired company or expansion project.

We rely primarily on the executive officers of CVR Energy to manage most aspects of our business and affairs pursuant to a services agreement, which CVR Energy can terminate at any time following the one year anniversary of this offering.

Our future performance depends to a significant degree upon the continued contributions of CVR Energy's senior management team. We have entered into a services agreement with our general partner and CVR Energy whereby CVR Energy has agreed to provide us with the services of its senior management team as well as accounting, business operations, legal, finance and other key back-office and mid-office personnel. Following the one year anniversary of this offering, CVR Energy can terminate this agreement at any time, subject to a 180-day notice period. The loss or unavailability to us of any member of CVR Energy's senior management team could negatively affect our ability to operate our business and pursue our business strategies. We do not have employment agreements with any of CVR Energy's officers and we do not maintain any key person insurance. We can provide no assurance that CVR Energy will continue to provide us the officers that are necessary for the conduct of our business nor that such provision will be on terms that are acceptable. If CVR Energy elected to terminate the agreement on 180 days' notice following the one year anniversary of this offering, we might not be able to find qualified individuals to serve as our executive officers within such 180-day period.

In addition, pursuant to the services agreement we are responsible for a portion of the compensation expense of such executive officers according to the percentage of time such executive officers spent working for us. However, the compensation of such executive officers is set by CVR Energy, and we have no control over the amount paid to such officers. The services agreement does not contain any cap on the amounts we may be required to pay CVR Energy pursuant to this agreement.

A shortage of skilled labor, together with rising labor costs, could adversely affect our results of operations and cash available for distribution to our unitholders.

Efficient production of nitrogen fertilizer using modern techniques and equipment requires skilled employees. Our nitrogen fertilizer facility relies on gasification technology that requires special expertise to operate efficiently and effectively. To the extent that the services of our key technical personnel become unavailable to us for any reason, we would be required to hire other personnel. We may not be able to locate or employ such qualified personnel on acceptable terms or at all. We face competition for these professionals from our competitors, our customers and other companies operating in our industry. If we are unable to find qualified employees, or if the cost to find qualified employees increases materially, our results of operations and cash available for distribution to our unitholders could be adversely affected.

If licensed technology were no longer available, our business may be adversely affected.

We have licensed, and may in the future license, a combination of patent, trade secret and other intellectual property rights of third parties for use in our business. In particular, the gasification process we use to convert pet coke to high purity hydrogen for subsequent conversion to ammonia is licensed from General Electric. The license, which is fully paid, grants us perpetual rights to use the pet coke gasification process on specified terms and conditions and is integral to the operations of our facility. If this, or any other license agreements on which our operations rely were to be terminated, licenses to alternative technology may not be available, or may only be available on terms that are not commercially reasonable or acceptable. In addition, any substitution of new technology for currently-licensed technology may require substantial changes to manufacturing processes or equipment and may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions.

We may face third-party claims of intellectual property infringement, which if successful could result in significant costs for our business.

There are currently no claims pending against us relating to the infringement of any third-party intellectual property rights. However, in the future we may face claims of infringement that could interfere with our ability to use technology that is material to our business operations. Any litigation of this type, whether successful or unsuccessful, could result in substantial costs to us and diversions of our resources, either of which could have a

material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions. In the event a claim of infringement against us is successful, we may be required to pay royalties or license fees for past or continued use of the infringing technology, or we may be prohibited from using the infringing technology altogether. If we are prohibited from using any technology as a result of such a claim, we may not be able to obtain licenses to alternative technology adequate to substitute for the technology we can no longer use, or licenses for such alternative technology may only be available on terms that are not commercially reasonable or acceptable to us. In addition, any substitution of new technology for currently licensed technology may require us to make substantial changes to our manufacturing processes or equipment or to our products, and could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions.

Our new credit facility will contain significant limitations on our business operations, including our ability to make distributions and other payments. The termination or non-renewal of, or breaches by CVR Energy of its covenants under, the intercompany agreements could trigger an event of default under our new credit facility.

Upon the closing of this offering, we will enter into a new credit facility. We anticipate that as of December 31, 2010, on a pro forma basis after giving effect to this offering and the use of the estimated proceeds hereof and the establishment of our new credit facility, we would have had \$125.0 million of term loan debt outstanding and incremental borrowing capacity of approximately \$25.0 million under the revolving credit facility. We and our subsidiary may be able to incur significant additional indebtedness in the future. Our ability to make distributions to holders of our common units and our ability to borrow under this new credit facility to fund distributions (if we elected to do so) will be subject to covenant restrictions under the agreement governing this new credit facility. The new credit facility will provide that we can make distributions to holders of our common units, but only if we are in compliance with our leverage ratio and interest coverage ratio covenants on a pro forma basis after giving effect to any distribution and there is no default or event of default under the facility. If we were unable to comply with any such covenant restrictions in any quarter, our ability to make distributions to unitholders would be curtailed. The termination or non-renewal of, or violation by CVR Energy of its covenants in, any of the intercompany agreements between us and CVR Energy that has a material adverse effect on us would trigger an event of default under our new credit facility.

In addition, we will be subject to covenants contained in our new credit facility and any agreement governing other future indebtedness. These covenants will, subject to significant exceptions, limit our ability and the ability of certain of our subsidiaries to, among other things: incur, assume or permit to exist additional indebtedness, guarantees and other contingent obligations, incur liens, make negative pledges, pay dividends or make other distributions, make payments to our subsidiary, make certain loans and investments, consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of our assets, enter into sale-leaseback transactions, and enter into transactions with affiliates. Any failure to comply with these covenants could result in a default under our new credit facility. Upon a default, unless waived, the lenders under our new credit facility would have all remedies available to a secured lender, and could elect to terminate their commitments, cease making further loans, cause their loans to become due and payable in full, institute foreclosure proceedings against our or our subsidiary's assets, and force us and our subsidiary into bankruptcy or liquidation.

Borrowings under our new credit facility will bear interest at variable rates. If market interest rates increase, such variable-rate debt will create higher debt service requirements, which could adversely affect our cash flow and ability to make cash distributions.

Our ability to make scheduled debt payments, to refinance our obligations with respect to our indebtedness and to fund capital and non-capital expenditures necessary to maintain the condition of our operating assets, properties and systems software, as well as to provide capacity for the growth of our business, depends on our financial and operating performance, which, in turn, is subject to prevailing economic conditions and financial, business, competitive, legal and other factors.

If our operating results are not sufficient to service our current or future indebtedness, we will be forced to take actions such as reducing distributions, reducing or delaying our business activities, acquisitions, investments or

capital expenditures, selling assets, restructuring or refinancing our debt, or seeking additional equity capital or bankruptcy protection.

We are a holding company and depend upon our subsidiary for our cash flow.

We are a holding company. All of our operations are conducted and all of our assets are owned by Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC, or CRNF, our wholly-owned subsidiary and our sole direct or indirect subsidiary. Consequently, our cash flow and our ability to meet our obligations or to make cash distributions in the future will depend upon the cash flow of our subsidiary and the payment of funds by our subsidiary to us in the form of dividends or otherwise. The ability of our subsidiary to make any payments to us will depend on its earnings, the terms of its indebtedness, including the terms of any credit facilities, and legal restrictions. In particular, future credit facilities incurred at our subsidiary may impose significant limitations on the ability of our subsidiary to make distributions to us and consequently our ability to make distributions to our unitholders. See also "— We may not have sufficient available cash to pay any quarterly distribution on our common units. For the year ended December 31, 2010, on a pro forma basis, our annual distribution would have been \$ per unit, significantly less than the \$ per unit distribution we project that we will be able to pay for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012."

We have never operated as a stand-alone company.

Because we have never operated as a stand-alone company, it is difficult for you to evaluate our business and results of operations to date and to assess our future prospects and viability. Our nitrogen fertilizer facility commenced operations in 2000 and was operated as one of eight fertilizer facilities within Farmland until March 2004. Since March 2004, we have been operated as part of a larger company together with a petroleum refining company. The financial information reflecting our business contained in this prospectus, including our historical financial information as well as the pro forma financial information included herein, do not necessarily reflect what our operating performance would have been had we been a stand-alone company during the periods presented.

We will incur increased costs as a result of being a publicly traded partnership.

As a publicly traded partnership, we will incur significant legal, accounting and other expenses that we did not incur prior to this offering. In addition, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and the Dodd-Frank Act of 2010, as well as rules implemented by the SEC and the New York Stock Exchange, require, or will require, publicly traded entities to adopt various corporate governance practices that will further increase our costs. Before we are able to make distributions to our unitholders, we must first pay our expenses, including the costs of being a public company and other operating expenses. As a result, the amount of cash we have available for distribution to our unitholders will be affected by our expenses, including the costs associated with being a publicly traded partnership. We estimate that we will incur approximately \$3.5 million of estimated incremental costs per year, some of which will be direct charges associated with being a publicly traded partnership, and some of which will be allocated to us by CVR Energy; however, it is possible that our actual incremental costs of being a publicly traded partnership estimate.

Prior to this offering, we have not filed reports with the SEC. Following this offering, we will become subject to the public reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act. We expect these requirements will increase our legal and financial compliance costs and make compliance activities more time-consuming and costy. For example, as a result of becoming a publicly traded partnership, we are required to have at least three independent directors and adopt policies regarding internal controls and disclosure controls and procedures, including the preparation of reports on internal control over financial reporting. In addition, we will incur additional costs associated with our publicly traded company reporting requirements.

As a publicly traded partnership we qualify for, and are relying on, certain exemptions from the New York Stock Exchange's corporate governance requirements.

As a publicly traded partnership, we qualify for, and are relying on, certain exemptions from the New York Stock Exchange's corporate governance requirements, including:

· the requirement that a majority of the board of directors of our general partner consist of independent directors;

- the requirement that the board of directors of our general partner have a nominating/corporate governance committee that is composed entirely of independent directors; and
- the requirement that the board of directors of our general partner have a compensation committee that is composed entirely of independent directors.

As a result of these exemptions, our general partner's board of directors will not be comprised of a majority of independent directors, our general partner's compensation committee may not be comprised entirely of independent directors and our general partner's board of directors does not currently intend to establish a nominating/corporate governance committee. Accordingly, unitholders will not have the same protections afforded to equityholders of companies that are subject to all of the corporate governance requirements of the New York Stock Exchange. See "Management."

We will be exposed to risks relating to evaluations of controls required by Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

We are in the process of evaluating our internal controls systems to allow management to report on, and our independent auditors to audit, our internal controls over financial reporting. We will be performing the system and process evaluation and testing (and any necessary remediation) required to comply with the management certification and auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, and under current rules will be required to comply with Section 404 in our annual report for the year ended December 31, 2012. Furthermore, upon completion of this process, we may identify control deficiencies of varying degrees of severity under applicable SEC and Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, or PCAOB, rules and regulations that remain unremediated. Although we produce our financial statements in accordance with GAAP, our internal accounting controls may not currently meet all standards applicable to companies with publicly traded securities. As a publicly traded partnership, we will be required to report, among other things, control deficiencies that constitute a "material weakness" or changes in internal controls that, or that are reasonably likely to, materially affect internal controls over financial reporting. A "material weakness" is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

If we fail to implement the requirements of Section 404 in a timely manner, we might be subject to sanctions or investigation by regulatory authorities such as the SEC. If we do not implement improvements to our disclosure controls and procedures or to our internal controls in a timely manner, our independent registered public accounting firm may not be able to certify as to the effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting pursuant to an audit of our internal controls over financial reporting. This may subject us to adverse regulatory consequences or a loss of confidence in the reliability of our financial statements. We could also suffer a loss of confidence in the reliability of our financial statements if our independent registered public accounting firm reports a material weakness in our internal controls, if we do not develop and maintain effective controls and procedures or if we are otherwise unable to deliver timely and reliable financial information. Any loss of confidence in the reliability of our financial statements or other negative reaction to our failure to develop timely or adequate disclosure controls and procedures or internal controls could result in a decline in the price of our common units. In addition, if we fail to remedy any material weakness, our financial statements may be inaccurate, we may face restricted access to the capital markets and the price of our common units may be adversely affected.

Our relationship with CVR Energy and its financial condition subjects us to potential risks that are beyond our control.

Due to our relationship with CVR Energy, adverse developments or announcements concerning CVR Energy could materially adversely affect our financial condition, even if we have not suffered any similar development. The ratings assigned to CVR Energy's senior secured indebtedness are below investment grade. Downgrades of the credit ratings of CVR Energy could increase our cost of capital and collateral requirements, and could impede our access to the capital markets.

The credit and business risk profiles of CVR Energy may be factors considered in credit evaluations of us. This is because we rely on CVR Energy for various services, including management services and the supply of pet coke. Another factor that may be considered is the financial condition of CVR Energy, including the degree of its financial leverage and

its dependence on cash flow from us to service its indebtedness. The credit and risk profile of CVR Energy could adversely affect our credit ratings and risk profile, which could increase our borrowing costs or hinder our ability to raise capital.

If we were to seek a credit rating in the future, our credit rating may be adversely affected by the leverage of CVR Energy, as credit rating agencies may consider the leverage and credit profile of CVR Energy and its affiliates because of their ownership interest in and joint control of us and the strong operational links between CVR Energy's refining business and us. Any adverse effect on our credit rating would increase our cost of borrowing or hinder our ability to raise financing in the capital markets, which would impair our ability to grow our business and make cash distributions to unitholders.

Risks Related to an Investment in Us

The board of directors of our general partner will adopt a policy to distribute all of the available cash we generate each quarter, which could limit our ability to grow and make acquisitions.

The board of directors of our general partner will adopt a policy to distribute all of the available cash we generate each quarter to our unitholders, beginning with the quarter ending June 30, 2011. As a result, our general partner will rely primarily upon external financing sources, including commercial bank borrowings and the issuance of debt and equity securities, to fund our acquisitions and expansion capital expenditures. As a result, to the extent we are unable to finance growth externally, our cash distribution policy will significantly impair our ability to grow.

In addition, because the board of directors of our general partner will adopt a policy to distribute all of the available cash we generate each quarter, our growth may not be as fast as that of businesses that reinvest their available cash to expand ongoing operations. To the extent we issue additional units in connection with any acquisitions or expansion capital expenditures, the payment of distributions on those additional units will decrease the amount we distribute on each outstanding unit. There are no limitations in our partnership agreement on our ability to issue additional units, including units ranking senior to the common units. The incurrence of additional commercial borrowings or other debt to finance our growth strategy would result in increased interest expense, which, in turn, would reduce the available cash that we have to distribute to our unitholders.

Our general partner, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of CVR Energy, has fiduciary duties to CVR Energy and its stockholders, and the interests of CVR Energy and its stockholders may differ significantly from, or conflict with, the interests of our public common unitholders.

Our general partner is responsible for managing us. Although our general partner has fiduciary duties to manage us in a manner that is in our best interests, the fiduciary duties are specifically limited by the express terms of our partnership agreement, and the directors and officers of our general partner also have fiduciary duties to manage our general partner in a manner beneficial to CVR Energy and its stockholders. The interests of CVR Energy and its stockholders may differ from, or conflict with, the interests of our common unitholders. In resolving these conflicts, our general partner may favor its own interests of Coffeyville Resources, its sole member, or the interests of CVR Energy and holders of CVR Energy's common stock over our interests and those of our common unitholders.

The potential conflicts of interest include, among others, the following:

- Neither our partnership agreement nor any other agreement will require the owners of our general partner, including CVR Energy, to pursue a business strategy that favors us. The affiliates of our general partner, including CVR Energy, have fiduciary duties to make decisions in their own best interests and in the best interest of holders of CVR Energy's common stock, which may be contrary to our interests. In addition, our general partner is allowed to take into account the interests of parties other than us or our unitholders, such as its owners or CVR Energy, in resolving conflicts of interest, which has the effect of limiting its fiduciary duty to our unitholders.
- Our general partner has limited its liability and reduced its fiduciary duties under our partnership agreement and has also restricted the remedies available to our unitholders for actions that, without the limitations, might constitute breaches of fiduciary duty. As a result of purchasing common units, unitholders consent to

some actions and conflicts of interest that might otherwise constitute a breach of fiduciary or other duties under applicable state law.

- The board of directors of our general partner will determine the amount and timing of asset purchases and sales, capital expenditures, borrowings, repayment of indebtedness and issuances of additional partnership interests, each of which can affect the amount of cash that is available for distribution to our common unitholders.
- Our partnership agreement does not restrict our general partner from causing us to pay it or its affiliates for any services rendered to us or entering into additional contractual arrangements with any of these entities on our behalf. There is no limitation on the amounts our general partner can cause us to pay it or its affiliates.
- Our general partner may exercise its rights to call and purchase all of our common units if at any time it and its affiliates (including Coffeyville Resources) own more than % of
- Our general partner will control the enforcement of obligations owed to us by it and its affiliates. In addition, our general partner will decide whether to retain separate counsel or others to perform services for us.
- · Our general partner determines which costs incurred by it and its affiliates are reimbursable by us.
- The executive officers of our general partner, and the majority of the directors of our general partner, also serve as directors and/or executive officers of CVR Energy. The
 executive officers who work for both CVR Energy and our general partner, including our chief executive officer, chief operating officer, chief financial officer and general
 counsel, divide their time between our business and the business of CVR Energy. These executive officers will face conflicts of interest from time to time in making decisions
 which may benefit either us or CVR Energy.

See "Conflicts of Interest and Fiduciary Duties."

Our partnership agreement limits the liability and reduces the fiduciary duties of our general partner and restricts the remedies available to us and our common unitholders for actions taken by our general partner that might otherwise constitute breaches of fiduciary duty.

Our partnership agreement limits the liability and reduces the fiduciary duties of our general partner, while also restricting the remedies available to our common unitholders for actions that, without these limitations and reductions, might constitute breaches of fiduciary duty. Delaware partnership law permits such contractual reductions of fiduciary duty. By purchasing common units, common unitholders consent to some actions that might otherwise constitute a breach of fiduciary or other duties applicable under state law. Our partnership agreement contains provisions that reduce the standards to which our general partner would otherwise be held by state fiduciary duty law. For example:

- Our partnership agreement permits our general partner to make a number of decisions in its individual capacity, as opposed to its capacity as general partner. This entitles our
 general partner to consider only the interests and factors that it desires, and it has no duty or obligation to give any consideration to any interest of, or factors affecting, our
 common unitholders. Decisions made by our general partner in its individual capacity will be made by Coffeyville Resources as the sole member of our general partner, and not
 by the board of directors of our general partner. Examples include the exercise of the general partner's call right, its voting rights with respect to any common units it may own, its
 registration rights and its determination whether or not to consent to any merger or consolidation or amendment to our partnership agreement.
- Our partnership agreement provides that our general partner will not have any liability to us or our unitholders for decisions made in its capacity as general partner so long as it acted in good faith, meaning it believed that the decisions were in our best interests.
- Our partnership agreement provides that our general partner and the officers and directors of our general partner will not be liable for monetary damages to us for any acts or omissions unless there has been a final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that our general

partner or those persons acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud or willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that such person's conduct was criminal

• Our partnership agreement generally provides that affiliate transactions and resolutions of conflicts of interest not approved by the conflicts committee of the board of directors of our general partner and not involving a vote of unitholders must be on terms no less favorable to us than those generally provided to or available from unrelated third parties or be "fair and reasonable." In determining whether a transaction or resolution is "fair and reasonable," our general partner may consider the totality of the relationship between the parties involved, including other transactions that may be particularly advantageous or beneficial to us.

By purchasing a common unit, a unitholder will become bound by the provisions of our partnership agreement, including the provisions described above. See "Description of Our Common Units — Transfer of Common Units."

CVR Energy has the power to appoint and remove our general partner's directors.

Upon the consummation of this offering, CVR Energy, through its ownership of 100% of Coffeyville Resources, will have the power to elect all of the members of the board of directors of our general partner. Our general partner has control over all decisions related to our operations. See "Management — Management of CVR Partners, LP." Our public unitholders do not have an ability to influence any operating decisions and will not be able to prevent us from entering into any transactions. Furthermore, the goals and objectives of CVR Energy, as the indirect owner of our general partner, may not be consistent with those of our public unitholders.

Common units are subject to our general partner's call right.

If at any time our general partner and its affiliates own more than % of the common units, our general partner will have the right, which it may assign to any of its affiliates or to us, but not the obligation, to acquire all, but not less than all, of the common units held by public unitholders at a price not less than their then-current market price, as calculated pursuant to the terms of our partnership agreement. As a result, you may be required to sell your common units at an undesirable time or price and may not receive any return on your investment. You may also incur a tax liability upon a sale of your common units. Our general partner is not obligated to obtain a fairness opinion regarding the value of the common units to be repurchased by it upon exercise of the call right. There is no restriction in our partnership agreement that prevents our general partner from issuing additional common units and then exercising its call right. Our general partner may use its own discretion, free of fiduciary duty restrictions, in determining whether to exercise this right. See "The Partnership Agreement — Call Right."

Our unitholders have limited voting rights and are not entitled to elect our general partner or our general partner's directors.

Unlike the holders of common stock in a corporation, our unitholders have only limited voting rights on matters affecting our business and, therefore, limited ability to influence management's decisions regarding our business. Unitholders will have no right to elect our general partner or our general partner's board of directors on an annual or other continuing basis. The board of directors of our general partner, including the independent directors, will be chosen entirely by CVR Energy as the indirect owner of the general partner and not by our common unitholders. Unlike publicly traded corporations, we will not hold annual meetings of our unitholders to elect directors or conduct other matters routinely conducted at annual meetings of stockholders. Furthermore, even if our unitholders are dissatisfied with the performance of our general partner, they will have no practical ability to remove our general partner. As a result of these limitations, the price at which the common units will trade could be diminished.

Our public unitholders will not have sufficient voting power to remove our general partner without CVR Energy's consent.

Following the closing of this offering, CVR Energy will indirectly own approximately % of our common units (approximately % if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full), which means holders of common units purchased in this offering will not be able to remove the general partner,

under any circumstances, unless CVR Energy sells some of the common units that it owns or we sell additional units to the public.

Our partnership agreement restricts the voting rights of unitholders owning 20% or more of our common units (other than our general partner and its affiliates and permitted transferees).

Our partnership agreement restricts unitholders' voting rights by providing that any units held by a person that owns 20% or more of any class of units then outstanding, other than our general partner, its affiliates, their transferees and persons who acquired such units with the prior approval of the board of directors of our general partner, may not vote on any matter. Our partnership agreement also contains provisions limiting the ability of common unitholders to call meetings or to acquire information about our operations, as well as other provisions limiting the ability of our common unitholders to influence the manner or direction of management.

Cost reimbursements due to our general partner and its affiliates will reduce cash available for distribution to you.

Prior to making any distribution on our outstanding units, we will reimburse our general partner for all expenses it incurs on our behalf including, without limitation, our pro rata portion of management compensation and overhead charged by CVR Energy in accordance with our services agreement. The services agreement does not contain any cap on the amount we may be required to pay pursuant to this agreement. The payment of these amounts, including allocated overhead, to our general partner and its affiliates could adversely affect our ability to make distributions to you. See "Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions," "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions" and "Conflicts of Interest and Fiduciary Duties — Conflicts of Interest."

Limited partners may not have limited liability if a court finds that unitholder action constitutes control of our business.

A general partner of a partnership generally has unlimited liability for the obligations of the partnership, except for those contractual obligations of the partnership that are expressly made without recourse to the general partner. Our partnership is organized under Delaware law and our subsidiary conducts business in a number of other states, including Kansas, Nebraska and Texas. Limited partners could be liable for our obligations as if such limited partners were general partners if a court or government agency determined that:

- · we were conducting business in a state but had not complied with that particular state's partnership statute; or
- limited partners' right to act with other unitholders to remove or replace our general partner, to approve some amendments to our partnership agreement or to take other actions under our partnership agreement constituted "control" of our business.

See "The Partnership Agreement — Limited Liability" for a discussion of the implications of the limitations of liability on a limited partner.

Unitholders may have liability to repay distributions.

In the event that: (i) we make distributions to our unitholders when our nonrecourse liabilities exceed the sum of (a) the fair market value of our assets not subject to recourse liability and (b) the excess of the fair market value of our assets subject to recourse liability over such liability, or a distribution causes such a result, and (ii) a unitholder knows at the time of the distribution of such circumstances, such unitholder will be liable for a period of three years from the time of the impermissible distribution to repay the distribution under Section 17-607 of the Delaware Act.

Likewise, upon the winding up of the partnership, in the event that (a) we do not distribute assets in the following order: (i) to creditors in satisfaction of their liabilities; (ii) to partners and former partners in satisfaction of liabilities for distributions owed under our partnership agreement; (iii) to partners for the return of their contribution; and finally (iv) to the partners in the proportions in which the partners share in distributions and (b) a unitholder knows at the time of such circumstances, then such unitholder will be liable for a period of three years from the impermissible distribution to repay the distribution under Section 17-807 of the Delaware Act.

A purchaser of common units who becomes a limited partner is liable for the obligations of the transferring limited partner to make contributions to the partnership that are known by the purchaser at the time it became a limited partner, and for unknown obligations if the liabilities could be determined from our partnership agreement.

Our general partner's interest in us and the control of our general partner may be transferred to a third party without unitholder consent.

Our general partner may transfer its general partner interest in us to a third party in a merger or in a sale of all or substantially all of its assets without the consent of the unitholders. Furthermore, there is no restriction in our partnership agreement on the ability of CVR Energy to transfer its equity interest in our general partner to a third party. The new equity owner of our general partner would then be in a position to replace the board of directors and the officers of our general partner with its own choices and to influence the decisions taken by the board of directors and officers of our general partner.

If control of our general partner were transferred to an unrelated third party, the new owner of the general partner would have no interest in CVR Energy. We rely substantially on the senior management team of CVR Energy and have entered into a number of significant agreements with CVR Energy, including a services agreement pursuant to which CVR Energy provides us with the services of its senior management team and a long-term agreement for the provision of pet coke. If our general partner were no longer controlled by CVR Energy, CVR Energy could be more likely to terminate the services agreement which, following the one-year anniversary of the closing date of this offering, it may do upon 180 days' notice, or elect not to renew the pet coke agreement, which expires in 2027.

Increases in interest rates could adversely impact our unit price and our ability to issue additional equity to make acquisitions, incur debt or for other purposes.

We cannot predict how interest rates will react to changing market conditions. Interest rates on our new credit facility, future credit facilities and debt offerings could be higher than current levels, causing our financing costs to increase accordingly. Additionally, as with other yield-oriented securities, we expect that our unit price will be impacted by the level of our quarterly cash distributions and implied distribution yield. The distribution yield is often used by investors to compare and rank related yield-oriented securities for investment decision-making purposes. Therefore, changes in interest rates may affect the yield requirements of investors who invest in our common units, and a rising interest rate environment could have a material adverse impact on our unit price and our ability to issue additional equity to make acquisitions or to incur debt as well as increasing our interest costs.

There is no existing market for our common units, and we do not know if one will develop to provide you with adequate liquidity. If our unit price fluctuates after this offering, you could lose a significant part of your investment.

Prior to this offering, there has not been a public market for our common units. If an active trading market does not develop, you may have difficulty selling any of our common units that you buy. The initial public offering price for the common units will be determined by negotiations between us and the underwriters and may not be indicative of prices that will prevail in the open market following this offering. Consequently, you may not be able to sell our common units at prices equal to or greater than the price paid by you in this offering. The market price of our common units may be influenced by many factors including:

- · the level of our distributions and our earnings or those of other companies in our industry or other publicly traded partnerships;
- · the failure of securities analysts to cover our common units after this offering or changes in financial estimates by analysts;
- announcements by us or our competitors of significant contracts or acquisitions;
- · variations in quarterly results of operations;
- · loss of a large customer or supplier;

- · market prices of nitrogen fertilizers;
- · general economic conditions;
- · terrorist acts;
- changes in the applicable environmental regulations:
- · changes in accounting standards, policies, guidance, interpretations or principles;
- · future sales of our common units; and
- · investor perceptions of us and the industries in which our products are used.

As a result of these factors, investors in our common units may not be able to resell their common units at or above the initial offering price. In addition, the stock market in general has experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations that have often been unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of companies like us. These broad market and industry factors may materially reduce the market price of our common units, regardless of our operating performance.

You will incur immediate and substantial dilution in net tangible book value per common unit.

The assumed initial public offering price of our common units is substantially higher than the pro forma net tangible book value of our outstanding units. As a result, if you purchase common units in this offering, you will incur immediate and substantial dilution in the amount of \$ per common unit. This dilution results primarily because the assets contributed by CVR Energy and its affiliates are recorded at their historical costs, and not their fair value, in accordance with GAAP. See "Dilution."

We may issue additional common units and other equity interests without your approval, which would dilute your existing ownership interests.

Under our partnership agreement, we are authorized to issue an unlimited number of additional interests without a vote of the unitholders. The issuance by us of additional common units or other equity interests of equal or senior rank will have the following effects:

- · the proportionate ownership interest of unitholders immediately prior to the issuance will decrease;
- the amount of cash distributions on each unit will decrease;
- · the ratio of our taxable income to distributions may increase;
- · the relative voting strength of each previously outstanding unit will be diminished; and
- the market price of the common units may decline.

In addition, our partnership agreement does not prohibit the issuance by our subsidiaries of equity interests, which may effectively rank senior to the common units.

Units eligible for future sale may cause the price of our common units to decline.

Sales of substantial amounts of our common units in the public market, or the perception that these sales may occur, could cause the market price of our common units to decline. This could also impair our ability to raise additional capital through the sale of our equity interests.

There will be common units outstanding following this offering. common units are being sold to the public in this offering (common units if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full) and common units will be owned by Coffeyville Resources following this offering (common units if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full). The common units sold in this offering will be freely transferable without restriction or further registration under the Securities Act of 1933, or the Securities Act, by persons other than "affiliates," as that term is defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act.

In addition, under our partnership agreement, our general partner and its affiliates have the right to cause us to register their units under the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws. In connection with this offering, we will enter into an amended and restated registration rights agreement with Coffeyville Resources pursuant to which we may be required to register the sale of the common units it holds under the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws.

In connection with this offering, we, Coffeyville Resources, our general partner and our general partner's directors and executive officers will enter into lock-up agreements, pursuant to which they will agree, subject to certain exceptions, not to sell or transfer, directly or indirectly, any of our common units until 180 days from the date of this prospectus, subject to extension in certain circumstances. Following termination of these lockup agreements, all units held by Coffeyville Resources, our general partner and their affiliates will be freely tradable under Rule 144, subject to the volume and other limitations of Rule 144. See "Common Units Eligible for Future Sale."

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In addition to reading the following risk factors, please read "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences" for a more complete discussion of the expected material U.S. federal income tax consequences of owning and disposing of our common units.

Our tax treatment depends on our status as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, as well as our not being subject to a material amount of entity-level taxation by individual states. If the IRS were to treat us as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes or if we were to become subject to additional amounts of entity-level taxation for state tax purposes, then our cash available for distribution to our unitholders would be substantially reduced.

The anticipated after-tax economic benefit of an investment in our common units depends largely on our being treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Despite the fact that we are a limited partnership under Delaware law, it is possible in certain circumstances for a partnership such as ours to be treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes. During 2011, and in each taxable year thereafter, current law requires us to derive at least 90% of our annual gross income from specific activities to continue to be treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes. We may not find it possible to meet this qualifying income requirement, or may inadvertently fail to meet this qualifying income requirement.

Although we do not believe based upon our current operations that we are treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, a change in our business or a change in current law could cause us to be treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes or otherwise subject us to taxation as an entity. We may in the future enter into new activities or businesses. If our legal counsel were to be unable to opine that gross income from any such activity or business will count toward satisfaction of the 90% gross income, or qualifying income, requirement to be treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we could seek a ruling from the IRS that gross income we earn from any such activity or business will be qualifying income. There can be no assurance, however, that the IRS would issue a favorable ruling under such circumstances. If we did not receive a favorable ruling, we could choose to engage in the activity or business through a corporate subsidiary, which would subject the income related to such activity or business to entity-level taxation. We have not requested and, except to the extent that we in the future request a ruling regarding the qualifying nature of our income, we do not intend to request a ruling from the IRS with respect to our treatment as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes or any other matter affecting us.

If we were treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we would pay U.S. federal income tax on all of our taxable income at the corporate tax rate, which is currently a maximum of 35%, and would likely pay additional state and local income tax at varying rates. Distributions to our unitholders would generally be taxed again as corporate distributions, and no income, gains, losses, deductions or credits would flow through to our unitholders. Because a tax would be imposed upon us as a corporation, our cash available for distribution to our unitholders would be substantially reduced. Therefore, treatment of us as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes would result in a material reduction in the anticipated cash flow and after-tax return to our unitholders, likely causing a substantial reduction in the value of our common units.

The tax treatment of publicly traded partnerships or an investment in our common units could be subject to potential legislative, judicial or administrative changes and differing interpretations, possibly on a retroactive basis.

The present U.S. federal income tax treatment of publicly traded partnerships, including us, or an investment in our common units may be modified by administrative, legislative or judicial interpretation at any time. Current law may change to cause us to be treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes or otherwise subject us to entity-level taxation. For example, members of Congress have recently considered substantive changes to the existing U.S. federal income tax laws that affect publicly traded partnerships. Any modification to the U.S. federal income tax laws and interpretations thereof may or may not be applied retroactively and could make it more difficult or impossible for certain publicly traded partnerships to be treated as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Although the considered legislation would not have appeared to affect our treatment as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we are unable to predict whether any of these changes, or other proposals will be reintroduced or will ultimately be enacted. Any such changes could cause a substantial reduction in the value of our common units.

At the state level, several states are evaluating ways to subject partnerships to entity-level taxation through the imposition of state income, franchise or other forms of taxation. Specifically, we are required to pay Texas franchise tax each year at a maximum effective rate of 0.7% of our gross income apportioned to Texas in the prior year. Imposition of this tax by Texas and, if applicable, by any other state in which we do business will reduce our cash available for distribution to our unitholders. We are unable to predict whether any of these changes or other proposals will ultimately be enacted. Any such changes could cause a substantial reduction in the value of our common units.

If the IRS contests the U.S. federal income tax positions we take, the market for our common units may be materially and adversely impacted, and the cost of any IRS contest will reduce our cash available for distribution to our unitholders.

Except to the extent that we, in the future, request a ruling regarding the qualifying nature of our income, we have not and do not intend to request a ruling from the IRS with respect to our treatment as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes or any other matter affecting us. The IRS may adopt positions that differ from the conclusions of our counsel expressed in this prospectus or from the positions we take, and the IRS's positions may ultimately be sustained. It may be necessary to resort to administrative or court proceedings to sustain some or all of our counsel's conclusions or positions we take. Any contest with the IRS may materially and adversely impact the market for our common units and the price at which they trade. In addition, our costs of any contest with the IRS will be borne indirectly by our unitholders because the costs will reduce our cash available for distribution.

Unitholders' share of our income will be taxable for U.S. federal income tax purposes even if they do not receive any cash distributions from us.

Because our unitholders will be treated as partners to whom we will allocate taxable income that could be different in amount than the cash we distribute, a unitholder's allocable share of our taxable income will be taxable to him, which may require the payment of U.S. federal income taxes and, in some cases, state and local income taxes on his share of our taxable income, even if he receives no cash distributions from us. Unitholders may not receive cash distributions from us equal to their share of our taxable income or even equal to the actual tax liability that results from that income.

Tax gain or loss on the disposition of our common units could be more or less than expected.

If our unitholders sell common units, they will recognize a gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes equal to the difference between the amount realized and their tax basis in those common units. Because distributions in excess of their allocable share of our net taxable income decrease their tax basis in their common units, the amount, if any, of such prior excess distributions with respect to the common units our unitholders sell will, in effect, become taxable income to our unitholders if they sell such common units at a price greater than their tax basis in

those common units, even if the price they receive is less than their original cost. Furthermore, a substantial portion of the amount realized, whether or not representing gain, may be taxed as ordinary income due to potential recapture items, including depreciation recapture. In addition, because the amount realized includes a unitholder's share of our nonrecourse liabilities, if our unitholders sell common units, they may incur a tax liability in excess of the amount of cash the unitholders receive from the sale. Please read "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences — Disposition of Common Units — Recognition of Gain or Loss" for a further discussion of the foregoing.

Tax-exempt entities and non-U.S. persons face unique tax issues from owning our common units that may result in adverse tax consequences to them.

Investment in our common units by tax-exempt entities, such as employee benefit plans and individual retirement accounts (known as IRAs), and non-U.S. persons, raises issues unique to them. For example, virtually all of our income allocated to organizations that are exempt from U.S. federal income tax, including IRAs and other retirement plans, will be unrelated business taxable income and will be taxable to them. Distributions to non-U.S. persons will be reduced by withholding taxes at the highest applicable effective tax rate, and non-U.S. persons will be required to file U.S. federal income tax returns and pay tax on their share of our taxable income. Unitholders that are tax-exempt entities or non-U.S. persons should consult their tax advisor before investing in our common units.

We will treat each purchaser of our common units as having the same tax benefits without regard to the actual common units purchased. The IRS may challenge this treatment, which could adversely affect the value of our common units.

Due to our inability to match transferors and transferees of common units, we will adopt depreciation and amortization positions that may not conform to all aspects of existing Treasury Regulations promulgated under the Internal Revenue Code, referred to as "Treasury Regulations." A successful IRS challenge to those positions could adversely affect the amount of tax benefits available to our unitholders. It also could affect the timing of these tax benefits or the amount of gain from the sale of common units and could cause a substantial reduction in the value of our common units or result in audit adjustments to our unitholders' tax returns. Please read "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Consequences of Common Unit Ownership — Section 754 Election" for a further discussion of the effect of the depreciation and amortization positions we will adopt.

We will prorate our items of income, gain, loss and deduction, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, between transferors and transferees of our common units each month based upon the ownership of our common units on the first day of each month, instead of on the basis of the date a particular common unit is transferred. The IRS may challenge this treatment, which could change the allocation of items of income, gain, loss and deduction among our unitholders.

We will prorate our items of income, gain, loss and deduction between transferors and transferees of our common units each month based upon the ownership of our common units on the first day of each month, instead of on the basis of the date a particular common unit is transferred. The use of this proration method may not be permitted under existing Treasury Regulations. Recently, however, the U.S. Treasury Department issued proposed Treasury Regulations that provide a safe harbor pursuant to which publicly traded partnerships may use a similar monthly simplifying convention to allocate tax items among transferor and transferee unitholders. Nonetheless, the proposed regulations do not specifically authorize the use of the proration method we will adopt. If the IRS were to challenge our proration method or new Treasury Regulations were issued requiring a change, we may be required to change the allocation of items of income, gain, loss and deduction among our unitholders. Vinson & Elkins L.L.P. has not rendered an opinion with respect to whether our monthly convention for allocating taxable income and losses is permitted by existing Treasury Regulations. Please read "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences — Disposition of Common Units — Allocations Between Transferors and Transferees."

A unitholder whose common units are loaned to a "short seller" to cover a short sale of common units may be considered as having disposed of those common units. If so, the unitholder would no longer be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a partner with respect to those common units during the period of the loan and may recognize gain or loss from the disposition.

Because a unitholder whose common units are loaned to a "short seller" to cover a short sale of common units may be considered as having disposed of the loaned common units, he may no longer be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a partner with respect to those common units during the period of the loan to the short seller and the unitholder may recognize gain or loss from such disposition. Moreover, during the period of the loan to the short seller, any of our income, gain, loss or deduction with respect to those common units may not be reportable by the unitholder and any cash distributions received by the common unitholder as to those common units could be fully taxable as ordinary income. Vinson & Elkins L.L.P. has not rendered an opinion regarding the treatment of a unitholder where common units are loaned to a short seller to cover a short sale of common units due to a lack of controlling authority; therefore, unitholders desiring to assure their status as partners for U.S. federal income tax purposes and avoid the risk of gain recognition from a loan to a short seller are urged to consult a tax advisor to discuss whether it is advisable to modify any applicable brokerage account agreements to prohibit their brokers from borrowing their common units.

The sale or exchange of 50% or more of our capital and profits interests during any twelve-month period will result in the termination of our partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

We will be considered to have technically terminated for U.S. federal income tax purposes if there is a sale or exchange of 50% or more of the total interests in our capital and profits within a twelve-month period. For purposes of determining whether the 50% threshold has been met, multiple sales of the same common unit will be counted only once. While we would continue our existence as a Delaware limited partnership, our technical termination would, among other things, result in the closing of our taxable year for all unitholders, which would result in us filing two tax returns (and our unitholders could receive two Schedules K-1) for one fiscal year and could result in a significant deferral of depreciation deductions allowable in computing our taxable income. In the case of a unitholder reporting on a taxable year other than a fiscal year ending December 31, the closing of our taxable year may also result in more than one year of our taxable income or loss being includable in his taxable income for the year of termination. A technical termination currently would not affect our classification as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, but instead, we would be treated as a new partnership for such tax purposes. If treated as a new partnership, we must make new tax elections and could be subject to penalties if we are unable to determine that a technical termination occurred. The IRS has recently announced a relief procedure whereby a publicly traded partnership that has technically terminated may request special relief that, if granted, would permit the partnership to provide only a single Schedule K-1 to unitholders for the tax years in which the termination occurs. Please read "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences — Disposition of Common Units — Constructive Termination" for a discussion of the consequences of a technical termination for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Unitholders will likely be subject to state and local taxes and return filing requirements in jurisdictions where they do not live as a result of investing in our common units.

In addition to U.S. federal income taxes, unitholders will likely be subject to other taxes, including state and local taxes, unincorporated business taxes and estate, inheritance or intangible taxes that are imposed by the various jurisdictions in which we do business or control property now or in the future, even if they do not live in any of those jurisdictions. Unitholders will likely be required to file state and local income tax returns and pay state and local income taxes in some or all of these various jurisdictions. Further, unitholders may be subject to penalties for failure to comply with those requirements. We will initially own assets and conduct business in Kansas, Nebraska and Texas. Kansas and Nebraska currently impose a personal income tax on individuals. Kansas and Nebraska also impose an income tax on corporations and other entities. As we make acquisitions or expand our business, we may own or control assets or conduct business in additional states that impose a personal income tax. It is the responsibility of each unitholder to file all U.S. federal, state, local and non-U.S. tax returns. Our counsel has not rendered an opinion on the state, local or non-U.S. tax consequences of an investment in our common units.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus contains forward-looking statements. Statements that are predictive in nature, that depend upon or refer to future events or conditions or that include the words "will," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "estimate" and other expressions that are predictions of or indicate future events and trends and that do not relate to historical matters identify forward-looking statements. Our forward-looking statements include statements about our business strategy, our industry, our future profitability, our expected capital expenditures (including environmental expenditures) and the impact of such expenditures on our performance, the costs of operating as a public company and our capital programs. All statements herein about our forecast of available cash and our forecasted results for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 constitute forward-looking statements. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, including the factors described under "Risk Factors," that may cause our actual results and performance to be materially different from any future results or performance expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Such risks and uncertainties include, among other things:

- · our ability to make cash distributions on the units;
- the volatile nature of our business and the variable nature of our distributions;
- the ability of our general partner to modify or revoke our distribution policy at any time;
- · our ability to forecast our future financial condition or results of operations and our future revenues and expenses;
- · the cyclical nature of our business;
- our largely fixed costs and the potential decline in the price of natural gas, which is the main resource used by our competitors and which will lower our competitors' cost to produce nitrogen fertilizer products without lowering ours;
- · the potential decline in the price of natural gas;
- · a decrease in ethanol production;
- intense competition from other nitrogen fertilizer producers;
- · adverse weather conditions, including potential floods;
- · the seasonal nature of our business;
- the dependence of our operations on a few third-party suppliers, including providers of transportation services and equipment;
- · our reliance on pet coke that we purchase from CVR Energy;
- · the supply and price levels of essential raw materials;
- · the risk of a material decline in production at our nitrogen fertilizer plant;
- potential operating hazards from accidents, fire, severe weather, floods or other natural disasters;
- $\bullet \quad \hbox{the risk associated with governmental policies affecting the agricultural industry;}\\$
- the volatile nature of ammonia, potential liability for accidents involving ammonia that cause interruption to our business, severe damage to property or injury to the environment
 and human health and potential increased costs relating to transport of ammonia;
- capital expenditures and potential liabilities arising from environmental laws and regulations;
- · our potential inability to obtain or renew permits;
- existing and proposed environmental laws and regulations, including those relating to climate change, alternative energy or fuel sources, and on the end-use and application of fertilizers:

- new regulations concerning the transportation of hazardous chemicals, risks of terrorism and the security of chemical manufacturing facilities;
- · our lack of asset diversification;
- our dependence on significant customers;
- · the potential loss of our transportation cost advantage over our competitors;
- · our ability to comply with employee safety laws and regulations;
- · potential disruptions in the global or U.S. capital and credit markets;
- · the success of our acquisition and expansion strategies;
- · our potential inability to successfully implement our business strategies, including the completion of significant capital programs;
- additional risks, compliance costs and liabilities from expansions or acquisitions;
- our reliance on CVR Energy's senior management team;
- the potential shortage of skilled labor or loss of key personnel;
- our ability to continue to license the technology used in our operations;
- successfully defending against third-party claims of intellectual property infringement;
- · restrictions in our debt agreements;
- the dependence on our subsidiary for cash to meet our debt obligations;
- our limited operating history as a stand-alone company;
- · potential increases in costs and distraction of management resulting from the requirements of being a publicly traded partnership;
- · exemptions we will rely on in connection with NYSE corporate governance requirements;
- · risks relating to evaluations of internal controls required by Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act;
- risks relating to our relationships with CVR Energy;
- · control of our general partner by CVR Energy;
- the conflicts of interest faced by our senior management team, which operates both us and CVR Energy, and our general partner;
- limitations on the fiduciary duties owed by our general partner which are included in the partnership agreement; and
- changes in our treatment as a partnership for U.S. income or state tax purposes.

You should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. Although forward-looking statements reflect our good faith beliefs, forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from anticipated future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events, changed circumstances or otherwise, unless required by law.

THE TRANSACTIONS AND OUR STRUCTURE AND ORGANIZATION

The Transactions

The following transactions will take place in connection with this offering. We refer to these transactions collectively as the "Transactions":

- We will distribute to Coffeyville Resources, a wholly owned subsidiary of CVR Energy, all cash on our balance sheet before the closing date of this offering (other than cash in respect of prepaid sales);
- Each of Coffeyville Resources' and CVR Special GP LLC's, or Special GP, interests in us will be converted into and common units, respectively;
- Special GP, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Coffeyville Resources, will be merged with and into Coffeyville Resources, with Coffeyville Resources continuing as the surviving entity;
- We will offer and sell common units in this offering (common units if the underwriters exercise their option in full) and pay related discounts, commissions and expenses;
- Simultaneously with the closing of this offering, we will be released from our obligations as a guarantor under Coffeyville Resources' existing ABL credit facility, its 9.0% First Lien Senior Secured Notes due 2015 and its 10.875% Second Lien Senior Secured Notes due 2017;
- Our general partner will sell to us its incentive distribution rights, or IDRs, for \$26.0 million in cash (representing fair market value), which will be paid as a distribution to its current owners, which include members of our senior management, and we will extinguish such IDRs;
- Our general partner and Coffeyville Resources will enter into a second amended and restated agreement of limited partnership, the form of which is attached hereto as Appendix A:
- We will distribute \$18.4 million of the offering proceeds to Coffeyville Resources in satisfaction of our obligation to reimburse it for certain capital expenditures it made with respect to the nitrogen fertilizer business prior to October 24, 2007;
- We will make a special distribution of \$\frac{1}{2}\$ million of the proceeds of this offering to Coffeyville Resources in order to, among other things, fund the offer to purchase Coffeyville Resources' senior secured notes required upon consummation of this offering;
- We will enter into a new credit facility, which will include a \$125.0 million term loan and a \$25.0 million revolving credit facility and pay associated financing costs;
- At the closing of this offering, we will draw the \$125.0 million term loan in full and use \$ million of the proceeds therefrom to fund a special distribution to Coffeyville Resources in order to, among other things, fund the offer to purchase Coffeyville Resources' senior secured notes required upon consummation of this offering;
- Coffeyville Acquisition III, the current owner of CVR GP, LLC, our general partner, will sell our general partner, which will hold a non-economic general partner interest in us, to
 Coffeyville Resources for nominal consideration; and
- · To the extent the underwriters do not exercise their option to purchase additional common units, we will issue those common units to Coffeyville Resources.

Management

Our general partner manages our operations and activities. Following the Transactions, our general partner will be indirectly owned by CVR Energy. For information about the executive officers and directors of our general partner, see "Management — Executive Officers and Directors." Our general partner will not receive any management fee or other compensation in connection with the management of our business but will be entitled to be reimbursed for all direct and indirect expenses incurred on our behalf, including management compensation and overhead allocated to us by CVR Energy in accordance with our services agreement. Upon the closing of this offering, our general partner will

own a non-economic general partner interest and therefore will not be entitled to receive cash distributions. However, it may acquire common units in the future and will be entitled to receive pro rata distributions therefrom.

Unlike shareholders in a corporation, our common unitholders are not entitled to elect our general partner or the board of directors of our general partner. See "Management — Management of CVR Partners, LP."

Conflicts of Interest and Fiduciary Duties

CVR GP, LLC, our general partner, has legal duties to manage us in a manner that is in our best interests. These legal duties are commonly referred to as "fiduciary duties." Because our general partner is indirectly owned by CVR Energy, the officers and directors of our general partner and the officers and directors of CVR Energy, which indirectly owns our general partner, also have fiduciary duties to manage the business of our general partner in a manner beneficial to CVR Energy. As a result of these relationships, conflicts of interest may arise in the future between us and our unitholders, on the one hand, and our general partner and its affiliates, on the other hand. For a more detailed description of the conflicts of interest and fiduciary duties of our general partner, see "Risk Factors — Risks Related to an Investment in Us" and "Conflicts of Interest and Fiduciary Duties."

Our partnership agreement limits the liability and reduces the fiduciary duties of our general partner and its directors and officers to our unitholders. Our partnership agreement also restricts the remedies available to unitholders for actions that might otherwise constitute breaches of our general partner's fiduciary duties. By purchasing a common unit, you are consenting to various limitations on fiduciary duties contemplated in our partnership agreement and conflicts of interest that might otherwise be considered a breach of fiduciary or other duties under applicable law. See "Conflicts of Interest and Fiduciary Duties — Fiduciary Duties" for a description of the fiduciary duties imposed on our general partner by Delaware law, the material modifications of these duties contained in our partnership agreement and certain legal rights and remedies available to unitholders. In addition, our general partner will have the right to call, under specified circumstances, all of the outstanding common units without considering whether this is in the interest of our common unitholders. For a description of such call right, see "The Partnership Agreement — Call Right."

For a description of our other relationships with our affiliates, see "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions."

Trademarks, Trade Names and Service Marks

This prospectus includes trademarks belonging to CVR Energy, including CVR Partners, LP®, COFFEYVILLE RESOURCES® and CVR Energy_{TM}. This prospectus also contains trademarks, service marks, copyrights and trade names of other companies.

CVR Energy

CVR Energy, which following this offering will indirectly own our general partner and approximately % of our outstanding units (% of our common units if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full), currently operates a 115,000 bpd sour crude oil refinery and ancillary businesses. CVR Energy's common stock is listed for trading on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "CVI."

USE OF PROCEEDS

We expect to receive approximately \$\frac{1}{2}\$ million of net proceeds from the sale of common units by us in this offering, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and the estimated expenses of this offering, based on an assumed initial public offering price of \$\frac{1}{2}\$ per common unit (the mid-point of the price range set forth on the cover page of the prospectus). We intend to use the net proceeds of this offering as follows:

- approximately \$18.4 million will be distributed to Coffeyville Resources to satisfy our obligation to reimburse it for certain capital expenditures it made on our behalf with respect
 to the nitrogen fertilizer business prior to October 24, 2007;
- approximately \$ million will be used to make a special distribution to Coffeyville Resources in order to, among other things, fund the offer to purchase Coffeyville Resources' senior secured notes required upon consummation of this offering;
- approximately \$26 million will be used to purchase (and subsequently extinguish) the incentive distribution rights currently owned by our general partner;
- approximately \$3 million will be used by us to pay financing fees in connection with entering into our new credit facility; and
- the balance will be used for general partnership purposes, including approximately \$100 million to fund the intended approximately \$135 million UAN expansion, for which approximately \$31 million had been spent as of December 31, 2010.

If the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full, the additional net proceeds to us would be approximately \$\frac{1}{2}\$ million (and the total net proceeds to us would be approximately \$\frac{1}{2}\$ million), in each case assuming an initial public offering price per common unit of \$\frac{1}{2}\$ (the mid-point of the price range set forth on the cover page of the prospectus). The net proceeds from any exercise of such option will also be paid as a special distribution to Coffeyville Resources.

A \$1.00 increase (or decrease) in the assumed initial public offering price of \$ per common unit would increase (decrease) the net proceeds to us from this offering by \$ million, assuming the number of common units offered by us, as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, remains the same and assuming the underwriters do not exercise their option to purchase additional common units, and after deducting the underwriting discounts and commissions. The actual initial public offering price is subject to market conditions and negotiations between us and the underwriters.

Depending on market conditions at the time of pricing of this offering and other considerations, we may sell fewer or more common units than the number set forth on the cover page of this prospectus.

CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our consolidated cash and cash equivalents and capitalization as of December 31, 2010 on (a) an actual basis and (b) a pro forma basis to reflect the Transactions. The table assumes (x) an initial public offering price of \$ per unit (the mid-point of the price range set forth on the cover page of the prospectus, and (y) no exercise by the underwriters of their option to purchase additional common units.

You should read this table in conjunction with "Use of Proceeds," "Selected Historical Consolidated Financial Information," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," "Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements," and the consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere

	As of December 31, 2010			
	Actual		Pro Forma Adjusted (unaudited) usands)	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	42,745	\$	
·	Ψ	42,743	Ψ	
New revolving credit facility(1) New term loan facility(2)		_		125,000
New term roam racinity(2) Partners' capital:		_		125,000
Equity held by public:				
Common units: none issued and outstanding actual; issued and outstanding pro forma		_		
Equity held by CVR Energy and its affiliates:				
Special general partner's interest: 30,303,000 units issued and outstanding actual; none issued and outstanding pro forma		397,951		_
Special limited partner's interest: 30,333 units issued and outstanding actual; none issued and outstanding pro forma		398		_
Common units: none issued and outstanding actual; issued and outstanding pro forma(2)		_		
General partner's interest		3,854		_
Total partners' capital		402,203	-	
Total capitalization	\$	402,203	\$	

⁽¹⁾ We expect to have approximately \$25.0 million of available capacity under our new revolving credit facility at the closing of this offering.

(2) We expect to draw \$125.0 million under a new term loan facility at the closing of this offering. We will use \$ million of the proceeds therefrom to pay a special distribution to Coffeyville Resources in order to, among other things, fund the offer to purchase Coffeyville Resources' senior secured notes required upon consummation of this offering. The pro forma capitalization with respect to the common units held by CVR Energy and its affiliates has been adjusted for the term loan facility distribution as well as the other distributions to Coffeyville Resources which are part of the Transactions.

DILUTION

Purchasers of common units offered by this prospectus will suffer immediate and substantial dilution in net tangible book value per unit. Our pro forma net tangible book value as of December 31, 2010, excluding the net proceeds of this offering, was approximately \$ million, or approximately \$ per unit. Pro forma net tangible book value per unit represents the amount of tangible assets less total liabilities (excluding the net proceeds of this offering), divided by the pro forma number of units outstanding (excluding the units issued in this offering).

Dilution in net tangible book value per unit represents the difference between the amount per unit paid by purchasers of our common units in this offering and the pro forma net tangible book value per unit immediately after this offering. After giving effect to the sale of common units in this offering at an assumed initial public offering price of \$ per common unit (the mid-point of the price range set forth on the cover page of the prospectus), and after deduction of the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us, our pro forma net tangible book value as of December 31, 2010 would have been approximately \$ million, or \$ per unit. This represents an immediate increase in net tangible book value of \$ per unit to our existing unitholders and an immediate pro forma dilution of \$ per unit to purchasers of common units in this offering. The following table illustrates this dilution on a per unit basis:

Assumed initial public offering price per common unit	\$ \$
Pro forma net tangible book value per unit before this offering(1)	\$ \$
Increase in net tangible book value per unit attributable to purchasers in this offering and use of proceeds	\$ \$
Less: Pro forma net tangible book value per unit after this offering(2)	\$ \$
Immediate dilution in net tangible book value per common unit to purchasers in this offering	\$ \$

(1) Determined by dividing the net tangible book value of our assets less total liabilities by the number of units outstanding prior to this offering.

(2) Determined by dividing our pro forma net tangible book value, after giving effect to the application of the net proceeds of this offering, by the total number of units to be outstanding after this offering.

A \$1.00 increase (decrease) in the assumed initial public offering price of \$ per common unit (the mid-point of the price range set forth on the cover page of the prospectus) would increase (decrease) our pro forma net tangible book value by \$ million, the pro forma net tangible book value per unit by \$ assuming the number of common units offered by us, as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, remains the same and the underwriters do not exercise their option to purchase additional common units, and after deducting the underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses payable by us. Depending on market conditions at the time of pricing of this offering and other considerations, we may sell fewer or more common units than the number set forth on the cover page of this prospectus.

The following table sets forth the total value contributed by CVR Energy and its affiliates in respect of the units held by them and the total amount of consideration contributed to us by the purchasers of common units in this offering upon the completion of the Transactions.

	Units Acquired		Total Cons	Total Consideration	
	Number	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Coffeyville Resources(1)(2)		%	\$	%	
New investors		%	\$	%	
Total		%	\$	%	

Upon the completion of the Transactions, Coffeyville Resources will own common units.
 The assets contributed by affiliates of CVR Energy were recorded at historical cost in accordance with GAAP.

A \$1.00 increase (decrease) in the assumed initial public offering price of \$ per common unit would increase (decrease) total consideration paid by new investors and total consideration paid by all unitholders by \$ million, assuming the number of common units offered by us, as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, remains the same, and after deducting the underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

If the underwriters exercise their option to purchase common units in full, then the pro forma increase per unit attributable to new investors would be \$, the net tangible book value per unit after this offering would be \$, and the dilution per unit to new investors would be \$. In addition, new investors would purchase common units, or approximately % of units outstanding, and the total consideration contributed to us by new investors would increase to \$ million, or % of the total consideration contributed (based on an assumed initial public offering price of \$ per common unit).

OUR CASH DISTRIBUTION POLICY AND RESTRICTIONS ON DISTRIBUTIONS

You should read the following discussion of our cash distribution policy and restrictions on distributions in conjunction with the specific assumptions upon which our cash distribution policy is based. See "— Assumptions and Considerations" below. For additional information regarding our historical and pro forma operating results, you should refer to "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," our audited historical consolidated financial statements, our unaudited historical condensed consolidated financial statements and our unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. In addition, you should read "Risk Factors" and "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" for information regarding statements that do not relate strictly to historical or current facts and certain risks inherent in our business.

General

Our Cash Distribution Policy

The board of directors of our general partner will adopt a policy pursuant to which we will distribute all of the available cash we generate each quarter, beginning with the quarter ending June 30, 2011. Available cash for each quarter will be determined by the board of directors of our general partner following the end of such quarter. We expect that available cash for each quarter will generally equal our cash flow from operations for the quarter, less cash needed for maintenance capital expenditures, debt service and other contractual obligations, and reserves for future operating or capital needs that the board of directors of our general partner deems necessary or appropriate. We do not intend to maintain excess distribution coverage for the purpose of maintaining stability or growth in our quarterly distribution or otherwise to reserve cash for distributions, nor do we intend to incur debt to pay quarterly distributions. We expect to finance substantially all of our growth externally, either by debt issuances or additional issuances of equity.

Because our policy will be to distribute all available cash we generate each quarter, without reserving cash for future distributions or borrowing to pay distributions during periods of low cash flow from operations, our unitholders will have direct exposure to fluctuations in the amount of cash generated by our business. We expect that the amount of our quarterly distributions, if any, will vary based on our operating cash flow during each quarter. Our quarterly cash distributions, if any, will not be stable and will vary from quarter to quarter as a direct result of variations in our operating performance and cash flow caused by fluctuations in the price of nitrogen fertilizers as well as forward and prepaid sales; see "Business — Distribution, Sales and Marketing." Such variations may be significant. The board of directors of our general partner may change the foregoing distribution policy at any time and from time to time. Our partnership agreement does not require us to pay cash distributions on a quarterly or other basis.

From time to time we make prepaid sales, whereby we receive cash during one quarter in respect of product to be produced and sold in a future quarter, but we do not record revenue in respect of the cash received until the quarter when product is delivered. All cash on our balance sheet in respect of prepaid sales on the date of the closing of this offering will not be distributed to Coffeyville Resources at the closing of this offering but will be reserved for distribution to holders of common units.

Limitations on Cash Distributions; Our Ability to Change Our Cash Distribution Policy

There is no guarantee that unitholders will receive quarterly cash distributions from us. Our distribution policy may be changed at any time and is subject to certain restrictions, including:

- Our unitholders have no contractual or other legal right to receive cash distributions from us on a quarterly or other basis. The board of directors of our general partner will adopt
 a policy pursuant to which we will distribute to our unitholders each quarter all of the available cash we generate each quarter, as determined quarterly by the board of directors,
 but it may change this policy at any time.
- Our business performance is expected to be more seasonal and volatile, and our cash flows are expected to be less stable, than the business performance and cash flows of most
 publicly traded partnerships. As a result, our quarterly cash distributions will be volatile and are expected to vary quarterly and annually. Unlike most

publicly traded partnerships, we will not have a minimum quarterly distribution or employ structures intended to consistently maintain or increase quarterly distributions over time. Furthermore, none of our limited partnership interests, including those held by Coffeyville Resources, will be subordinate in right of distribution payment to the common units sold in this offering.

- The amount of distributions we pay under our cash distribution policy and the decision to make any distribution is determined by the board of directors of our general partner. Our partnership agreement will not provide for any minimum quarterly distributions.
- Under Section 17-607 of the Delaware Act, we may not make a distribution to our limited partners if the distribution would cause our liabilities to exceed the fair value of our accepts.
- We expect that our distribution policy will be subject to restrictions on distributions under our new credit facility. The new credit facility will provide that we can make
 distributions to holders of our common units, but only if we are in compliance with our leverage ratio and interest coverage ratio covenants on a pro forma basis after giving effect
 to any distribution and there is no default or event of default under the facility. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations —
 Liquidity and Capital Resources New Credit Facility." Should we be unable to satisfy these restrictions under our new credit facility, we would be prohibited from making cash
 distributions to you.
- We may lack sufficient cash to make distributions to our unitholders due to a number of factors that would adversely affect us, including but not limited to decreases in net sales or increases in operating expenses, principal and interest payments on debt, working capital requirements, capital expenditures or anticipated cash needs. See "Risk Factors" for information regarding these factors.

We do not have any operating history as an independent company upon which to rely in evaluating whether we will have sufficient cash to allow us to pay distributions on our common units. While we believe, based on our financial forecast and related assumptions, that we should have sufficient cash to enable us to pay the forecasted aggregate distribution on all of our common units for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012, we may be unable to pay the forecasted distribution or any amount on our common units.

We intend to pay our distributions on or about the 15th day of each February, May, August and November to holders of record on or about the 1st day of each such month. Our first distribution will include available cash for the quarter ending June 30, 2011.

In the sections that follow, we present the following two tables:

- "CVR Partners, LP Unaudited Pro Forma Available Cash for the Year Ended December 31, 2010," in which we present our estimate of the amount of pro forma available cash we
 would have had for the year ended December 31, 2010, based on our unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. See
 "Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" on page P-1; and
- "CVR Partners, LP Estimated Available Cash for the Twelve Months Ending March 31, 2012," in which we present our unaudited forecast of available cash for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012.

We do not as a matter of course make or intend to make projections as to future sales, earnings, or other results. However, our management has prepared the prospective financial information set forth under "— Forecasted Available Cash" below to supplement the historical and pro forma financials included elsewhere in this prospectus. To management's knowledge and belief, the accompanying prospective financial information was prepared on a reasonable basis, reflects currently available estimates and judgments, and presents our expected course of action and our expected future financial performance. However, this information is not fact and should not be relied upon as being indicative of future results, and readers of this prospectus are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the prospective financial information. Neither our independent registered public accounting firm, nor any other registered public accounting firm, or any other registered public accounting firm, or performed any procedures with respect to the prospective financial information contained in this section, nor have they expressed any opinion or any other form of assurance on such information or its achievability, and assume no responsibility for, and disclaim any association with, the prospective financial information. See "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" and "Risk Factors."

Pro Forma Available Cash

We believe that our pro forma available cash generated during the year ended December 31, 2010 would have been approximately \$30.9 million. Based on the cash distribution policy we expect our board of directors to adopt, this amount would have resulted in an aggregate annual distribution equal to \$\\$ per common unit for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Pro forma available cash reflects the payment of incremental general and administrative expenses we expect that we will incur as a publicly traded limited partnership, such as costs associated with SEC reporting requirements, including annual and quarterly reports to unitholders, tax return and Schedule K-1 preparation and distribution, independent auditor fees, investor relations activities and registrar and transfer agent fees. We estimate that these incremental general and administrative expenses will approximate \$3.5 million per year. The estimated incremental general and administrative expenses are reflected in our pro forma available cash but are not reflected in our unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements.

The pro forma financial statements, from which pro forma available cash is derived, do not purport to present our results of operations had the transactions contemplated below actually been completed as of the date indicated. Furthermore, available cash is a cash accounting concept, while our unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis. We derived the amounts of pro forma available cash stated above in the manner described in the table below. As a result, the amount of pro forma available cash should only be viewed as a general indication of the amount of available cash that we might have generated had we been formed and completed the transactions contemplated below in earlier periods.

The following table illustrates, on a pro forma basis for the year ended December 31, 2010, the amount of cash that would have been available for distribution to our unitholders, assuming that the Transactions (as defined on page 47 of this prospectus) and the distribution of the due from affiliate balance of \$160.0 million owed to us by Coffeyville Resources had occurred at the beginning of such period:

CVR Partners, LP Unaudited Pro Forma Available Cash for the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Pro Forma Year Ended December 31, 2010 (unaudited) (in millions, except per unit data)	led l, 2010 ed) except	
Net income(a)	\$ 15.	1	
Add:			
Interest expense and other financing costs(b)	5.	1	
Income tax expense	-	_	
Depreciation and amortization	18.	5	
EBITDA(c)	38.	7	
Subtract:			
Debt service costs(d)	4.	4	
Estimated incremental general and administrative expenses(e)	3.	5	
Maintenance capital expenditures(f)	8.	9	
Add:			
Share-based compensation expense (g)	9.	0	
Available Cash	\$ 30.	9	
Distribution on a per unit basis	\$		
New Credit Facility(h)			
Interest coverage ratio(h)	9.3	X	
Leverage ratio(h)	2.0	X	

- (a) Pro forma net income assumes that the due from affiliate balance was distributed to Coffeyville Resources as of January 1, 2010 and the interest income associated with that balance was eliminated.
- Interest expense and other financing costs represents the interest expense and fees, net of interest income, related to our borrowings, assuming that our new credit facility had been put (b) in place on January 1, 2010, and also reflects the amortization of deferred financing fees related to our new credit facility. We assume that we will make term loan borrowings of \$125.0 million under our new credit facility at the closing of this offering at an assumed interest rate of 4.0%.
- EBITDA is defined as net income plus interest expense and other financing costs, income tax expense and depreciation and amortization, net of interest income. We calculate available cash as used in this table as EBITDA less interest expense and other financing costs paid, debt amortization payments, estimated incremental general and administrative expenses associated with being a public company and maintenance capital expenditures, plus non-cash share-based compensation expense. We present EBITDA because it is a material component in our calculation of available cash. In addition, EBITDA is a material term utilized in our new credit facility in order to determine our leverage ratio (ratio of debt to EBITDA) and our interest coverage ratio (ratio of EBITDA to interest expense). EBITDA and available cash are also used as supplemental financial measures by management and by external users of our financial statements, such as investors and commercial banks, to assess:

 - the financial performance of our assets without regard to financing methods, capital structure or historical cost basis; and
 our operating performance and return on invested capital compared to those of other publicly traded limited partnerships, without regard to financing methods and capital structure.

EBITDA and available cash should not be considered alternatives to net income, operating income, net cash provided by operating activities or any other measure of financial performance or liquidity presented in accordance with GAAP. EBITDA and available cash may have material limitations as performance measures because they exclude items that are necessary elements of our costs and operations. In addition, EBITDA and available cash presented by other companies may not be comparable to our presentation, since each company may define these terms differently.

- (d) Debt service is defined as net interest expense and other financing costs paid.
- (e) Reflects an adjustment for estimated incremental general and administrative expenses we expect that we will incur as a publicly traded limited partnership, such as costs associated with SEC reporting requirements, including annual and quarterly reports to unitholders, tax return and Schedule K-1 preparation and distribution, independent auditor fees, investor relations activities, and registrar and transfer agent fees.
- (f) Reflects actual maintenance capital expenditures during the period.
- (g) Reflects an adjustment for share-based expense which is not subject to reimbursement by us. We are allocated non-cash share-based compensation expense from CVR Energy for purposes of financial statement reporting. CVR Energy accounts for share-based compensation in accordance with ASC 718, Compensation Stock Compensation as well as guidance regarding the accounting for share-based compensation granted to employees of an equity-method investee. In accordance with SAB Topic 1-B, CVR Energy allocates costs between itself and us based upon the percentage of time a CVR Energy employee provides services to us. In accordance with the services agreement, we will not be responsible for the payment of cash related to any share-based compensation which CVR Energy allocates to us.
- (h) Our new credit facility will require us to maintain a minimum interest coverage ratio (ratio of Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA (as defined under our new credit facility) to interest) of 3.0 to 1.0 and (ii) a maximum leverage ratio (ratio of debt to Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA) of (a) as of any fiscal quarter ending after the closing date and prior to December 31, 2011, 3.50 to 1.0, and (b) as of any fiscal quarter ending on or after December 31, 2011, 3.0 to 1.0, calculated in each case on a trailing four quarter basis.

Forecasted Available Cash

During the twelve months ending March 31, 2012, we estimate that we will generate \$140.1 million of available cash. In "— Assumptions and Considerations" below, we discuss the major assumptions underlying this estimate. The available cash discussed in the forecast should not be viewed as management's projection of the actual available cash that we will generate during the twelve months ending March 31, 2012. We can give you no assurance that our assumptions will be realized or that we will generate any available cash, in which event we will not be able to pay quarterly cash distributions on our common units.

When considering our ability to generate available cash and how we calculate forecasted available cash, please keep in mind all the risk factors and other cautionary statements under the headings "Risk Factors" and "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements," which discuss factors that could cause our results of operations and available cash to vary significantly from our estimates.

We do not, as a matter of course, make public projections as to future sales, earnings or other results. However, our management has prepared the prospective financial information set forth below in the table entitled "CVR Partners, LP Estimated Available Cash for the Twelve Months Ending March 31, 2012" to present our expectations regarding our ability to generate \$140.1 million of available cash for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012. The accompanying prospective financial information was not prepared with a view toward complying with the guidelines established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants with respect to prospective financial information, but, in the view of our management, was prepared on a reasonable basis, reflects the best currently available estimates and judgments, and presents, to the best of management's knowledge and belief, the expected course of action and our expected future financial performance. However, this information is not fact and should not be relied upon as being necessarily indicative of future results, and readers of this prospectus are cautioned not to place undue reliance on this prospective financial information.

The assumptions and estimates underlying the prospective financial information are inherently uncertain and, though considered reasonable by the management team of our general partner, all of whom are employed by CVR Energy, as of the date of its preparation, are subject to a wide variety of significant business, economic, and competitive risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in the prospective financial information, including, among others, risks and uncertainties. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the prospective results are indicative of our future performance or that actual results will not differ materially from those presented in the prospective financial information. Inclusion of the prospective financial

information in this prospectus should not be regarded as a representation by any person that the results contained in the prospective financial information will be achieved.

We do not undertake any obligation to release publicly the results of any future revisions we may make to the financial forecast or to update this financial forecast to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this prospectus. In light of the above, the statement that we believe that we will have sufficient available cash to allow us to pay the forecasted quarterly distributions on all of our outstanding common units for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012, should not be regarded as a representation by us or the underwriters or any other person that we will make such distributions. Therefore, you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on this information.

The following table shows how we calculate estimated available cash for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012. The assumptions that we believe are relevant to particular line items in the table below are explained in the corresponding footnotes and in "— Assumptions and Considerations."

Neither our independent registered public accounting firm, nor any other independent registered public accounting firm, has compiled, examined or performed any procedures with respect to the forecasted financial information contained herein, nor has it expressed any opinion or given any other form of assurance on such information or its achievability, and it assumes no responsibility for such forecasted financial information. Our independent registered public accounting firm's reports included elsewhere in this prospectus relate to our audited historical consolidated financial information. These reports do not extend to the tables and the related forecasted information contained in this section and should not be read to do so.

CVR Partners, LP Estimated Available Cash for the Twelve Months Ending March 31, 2012

The following table illustrates the amount of cash that we estimate that we will generate for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 that would be available for distribution to our unitholders. All of the amounts for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 in the table below are estimates.

	Twelve Months Ending March 31, 2012		
Net Sales	\$	297.4	
Cost of product sold (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) - Affiliates		15.9	
Cost of product sold (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) - Third Parties		32.4	
Direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) - Affiliates		16.1	
Direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) - Third Parties		68.4	
Selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) - Affiliates		8.5	
Selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) - Third Parties		5.7	
Interest expense and other financing costs		5.7	
Interest income		(0.7)	
Income tax expense		_	
Depreciation and amortization		19.7	
Net Income	\$	125.7	
Adjustment to reconcile net income to EBITDA:			
Add:			
Interest expense and other financing costs		5.7	
Income tax expense		_	
Depreciation and amortization		19.7	
Subtract:			
Interest income		0.7	

	Twelve Months Ending March 31, 2012		
EBITDA	\$ 150.4		
Adjustments to reconcile EBITDA to available cash			
Subtract:			
Debt service costs	4.4		
Maintenance capital expenditures (includes environmental, health and safety expenditures)	5.9		
Available cash	\$ 140.1		
New Credit Facility			
Interest coverage ratio	26.5x		
Leverage ratio	0.7x		

Assumptions and Considerations

Based upon the specific assumptions outlined below with respect to the twelve months ending March 31, 2012, we expect to generate EBITDA and available cash in an amount sufficient to allow us to pay \$ per common unit on all of our outstanding units for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012.

While we believe that these assumptions are reasonable in light of our management's current expectations concerning future events, the estimates underlying these assumptions are inherently uncertain and are subject to significant business, economic, regulatory, environmental and competitive risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those we anticipate. If our assumptions are not correct, the amount of actual cash available to pay distributions could be substantially less than the amount we currently estimate and could, therefore, be insufficient to allow us to pay the forecasted yearly cash distribution, or any amount, on all of our outstanding common units, in which event the market price of our common units may decline substantially. When reading this section, you should keep in mind the risk factors and other cautionary statements under the headings "Risk Factors" and "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements." Any of the risks discussed in this prospectus could cause our actual results to vary significantly from our estimates.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial forecast and summary of significant forecast assumptions of CVR Partners, LP present the forecasted results of operations of CVR Partners, LP for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012, assuming that the Transactions (as defined on page 47 of this prospectus) had occurred at the beginning of such period.

Summary of Significant Forecast Assumptions

Our nitrogen fertilizer facility is comprised of three major units: a gasifier complex, an ammonia unit and a dual-train UAN unit (together, our operating units). The manufacturing process begins with the production of hydrogen by gasifying the pet coke we purchase from CVR Energy's refinery and on the open market. In a second step, the hydrogen is converted into ammonia with approximately 67,000 standard cubic feet of hydrogen consumed in producing one ton of ammonia. CVR Energy also has rights to purchase hydrogen from us at predetermined prices to the extent it needs hydrogen in connection with the operation of its refinery. We then produce approximately 2.44 tons of UAN from each ton of ammonia we choose to convert. Due to the value added sales price of UAN on a per pound of nitrogen basis, we strive to maximize UAN production. At the present time, we are not able to convert all of the ammonia is sold to third-party purchasers.

Because hydrogen cannot be stored or purchased economically in the volumes we require, if our gasifier complex is not running, we cannot operate our ammonia unit. Therefore, the on-stream factor (total hours operated in a given period divided by total number of hours in the period) for the ammonia unit will necessarily be equal to or lower than that of the gasifier complex. We have the capability to store ammonia and can purchase ammonia from third parties to operate the UAN unit if necessary. As a result, it is possible for the actual on-stream factor of the

UAN unit to exceed the on-stream factor of the ammonia unit. For the purpose of forecasting, however, we assume the UAN unit is idle when the ammonia unit is idle and that the UAN unit may experience incremental downtime. As a result, the projected on-stream factor for the UAN unit is less than the projected on-stream factor for the ammonia unit.

Given the fixed cost nature of our fertilizer operation, we operate our facility at maximum daily rates whenever possible. The on-stream factors for the forecast period provided below are calculated based on historical operating performance and in all cases include allowances for unscheduled downtime.

On-Stream Factors. For the twelve months ending March 31, 2012, we estimate on-stream factors of 96.2%, 95.4% and 92.2% for our gasifier, ammonia and UAN units, respectively, which would result in our gasifier, ammonia and UAN units being in operation for 352 days, 349 days and 337 days, respectively, during the forecast period. These periods assume that our operating units are not offstream during 2011 for any turnaround.

During the year ended December 31, 2010, our gasifier, ammonia and UAN units were in operation for 325 days, 320 days and 295 days, respectively, with on-stream factors of 89.0%, 87.7% and 80.8%, respectively. Our operating units' on-stream factors in 2010 were adversely affected by downtime associated with repairs and maintenance and a Linde air separating unit outage, which resulted in 12.5 down days for our gasifier unit, 16.6 down days for our ammonia units and 24.3 down days for our UAN unit. Excluding the impact of the Linde air separation unit outage, the rupture of the high-pressure UAN vessel and the major scheduled turnaround, the on-stream factors for the year ended December 31, 2010 would have been 97.6% for gasifier, 96.8% for ammonia and 96.1% for UAN.

Net Sales. We estimate net sales based on a forecast of future ammonia and UAN prices (assuming that the purchaser will pay shipping costs) multiplied by the number of fertilizer tons we estimate we will produce and sell during the forecast period, assuming no change in finished goods inventory between the beginning and end of the period. In addition, our net sales estimate includes the delivery cost for ammonia and UAN sold on a freight on board, or FOB, delivered basis, with an amount equal to the delivery cost included in cost of product sold (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) assuming that all delivery costs are paid by the customer. Further, net sales also includes our hydrogen sales to CVR Energy's refinery. Based on these assumptions, we estimate our net sales for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 will be approximately \$297.4 million. Our net sales in the year ended December 31, 2010 were \$180.5 million.

We estimate that we will sell 686,200 tons of UAN at an average plant gate price (which excludes delivery charges that are included in net sales) of \$278 per ton, for total sales of \$191.0 million, for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012. We sold 580,700 tons of UAN at an average plant gate price of \$179 per ton, for total sales of \$103.9 million, for the year ended December 31, 2010. The average plant gate price estimate for UAN was determined by management based on our current committed orders, price discovery generated through the selling efforts of our fertilizer marketing group and price projections data received from leading consultants in the fertilizer industry such as Blue Johnson.

We estimate that we will sell 157,400 tons of ammonia at an average plant gate price of \$547 per ton, for total sales of \$86.0 million, for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012. We sold 164,700 tons of ammonia at an average plant gate price of \$361 per ton, for total sales of \$59.5 million, for the year ended December 31, 2010. As in the case of UAN described above, the average plant gate price estimate for ammonia was determined by management based on our current committed orders, price discovery generated through the selling efforts of our fertilizer marketing group and price projections data received from leading consultants in the fertilizer industry such as Blue Johnson.

We estimate that we will sell approximately 52.5 thousand standard cubic feet, or MSCF, of hydrogen to CVR Energy at an average price of \$3.30 per MSCF for total sales of \$0.2 million, for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012. We sold 20.6 thousand MSCF of hydrogen at an average plant gate price of \$6.80 per MSCF, for total sales of approximately \$0.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Holding all other variables constant, we expect that a 10% change in the price per ton of ammonia would change our forecasted available cash by approximately \$8.6 million for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012. For the month of December 2010, the average plant gate price of ammonia was \$531 per ton. In addition, holding all

other variables constant, we estimate that a 10% change in the price per ton of UAN would change our forecasted available cash by approximately \$19.1 million for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012. The average plant gate price of UAN for the month of December 2010 was \$171 per ton.

Cost of Product Sold (Exclusive of Depreciation and Amortization). Cost of product sold includes pet coke expense, freight and distribution expenses and railcar expense. Freight and distribution expenses consist of our outbound freight costs which we pass through to our customers. Railcar expense is our actual expense to acquire, maintain and lease railcars. We estimate that our cost of product sold for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 will be approximately \$48.3 million. Our cost of product sold for the year ended December 31, 2010 was

Cost of Product Sold (Exclusive of Depreciation and Amortization) — Pet Coke Expense. We estimate that our total pet coke expense for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 will be approximately \$19.0 million and that our average pet coke cost for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 will be \$37 per ton. Our total pet coke expense for the year ended December 31, 2010 was \$7.4 million and our average pet coke cost for the year ended December 31, 2010 was \$17 per ton. We estimate that we will purchase approximately 389,700 tons, or 76% of our pet coke needs, from CVR Energy in accordance with the coke supply agreement that we entered into with CVR Energy in October 2007. For the year ended December 31, 2010, we purchased approximately 81% of our pet coke tons from CVR Energy. We use 1.1 tons of pet coke to produce 1.0 ton of ammonia. The coke supply agreement with CVR Energy provides for a price based on the lesser of a pet coke price derived from the price received by us for UAN (subject to a UAN based price ceiling and floor) and a pet coke price index for pet coke. We estimate that we will pay an average of \$36 per ton for pet coke purchased under the coke supply agreement, and our forecast assumes that we will fulfill our remaining pet coke needs through purchases from third parties at an average price of \$41 per ton. If we were forced to obtain 100% of our pet coke needs from third parties, this would increase our pet coke expense (and reduce our forecasted net income and available cash) by approximately \$1.9 million.

Holding all other variables constant, we estimate that a 10% change per ton in the price of pet coke would change our forecasted available cash by \$1.9 million for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2010, the average pet coke cost was \$17 per ton.

Cost of Product Sold (Exclusive of Depreciation and Amortization) — Railcar Expense. We estimate that our railcar expense for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 will be approximately \$5.8 million. Our railcar expense during the year ended December 31, 2010 was \$4.8 million.

Direct Operating Expenses (Exclusive of Depreciation and Amortization). Direct operating expenses include direct costs of labor, maintenance and services, energy and utility costs, and other direct operating expenses. We estimate that our direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization), excluding share-based compensation expense for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012, will be approximately \$84.5 million. Our direct operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2010 were \$86.7 million.

The largest direct operating expense item is the cost of electricity, which we expect to be \$25.0 million for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012, compared to \$19.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses (Exclusive of Depreciation and Amortization). Selling, general and administrative expenses consist primarily of direct and allocated legal expenses, treasury, accounting, marketing, human resources and maintaining our corporate offices in Texas and Kansas. We estimate that our selling, general and administrative expenses, excluding non-cash share-based compensation expense, will be approximately \$1.3.1 million for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012. Selling, general and administrative expenses for the year ended December 31, 2010 were \$20.6 million, including \$8.3 million of non-cash share-based compensation expense.

Depreciation and Amortization. We estimate that depreciation and amortization for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 will be approximately \$19.7 million, as compared to \$18.5 million during the year ended December 31, 2010.

Debt Service. Debt service is defined as interest expense and other financing costs paid and debt amortization payments. As part of the Transactions, we will incur \$125.0 million of term debt at an assumed interest rate of 4.0%

and will pay associated interest expense for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012. The estimate does not include the amortization of deferred financing costs related to our new credit facility, which would have no impact on EBITDA. Similarly, our earnings for the year ended December 31, 2010 do not include interest expense or other financing costs.

Interest Income. Our estimate of interest income is based on a 0.5% return on our projected average cash balances during the twelve months ending March 31, 2012. Our earnings for the year ended December 31, 2010 include interest income associated with amounts in our bank account.

Income Taxes. We estimate that we will pay no income tax during the forecast period. We believe the only income tax to which our operations will be subject is the State of Texas franchise tax, and the total amount of such tax is immaterial for purposes of this forecast.

Net income. Our net income for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 includes income that will be recorded during the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 in connection with the delivery of prepaid sales made in prior periods, as we receive cash for prepaid sales when the sales are made but do not record revenue in respect of such sales until product is delivered. All cash on our balance sheet in respect of prepaid sales on the date of the closing of this offering will not be distributed to Coffeyville Resources at the closing of this offering but will be reserved for distribution to holders of common units.

Regulatory, Industry and Economic Factors. Our forecast for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 is based on the following assumptions related to regulatory, industry and economic factors:

- $\bullet \quad \hbox{no material nonperformance or credit-related defaults by suppliers, customers or vendors;}\\$
- · no new regulation or interpretation of existing regulations that, in either case, would be materially adverse to our business;
- · no material accidents, weather-related incidents, floods, unscheduled turnarounds or other downtime or similar unanticipated events;
- no material adverse change in the markets in which we operate resulting from substantially lower natural gas prices, reduced demand for nitrogen fertilizer products or significant changes in the market prices and supply levels of pet coke;
- · no material decreases in the prices we receive for our nitrogen fertilizer products;
- · no material changes to market or overall economic conditions; and
- an annual inflation rate of 2.0% to 3.0%.

Actual conditions may differ materially from those anticipated in this section as a result of a number of factors, including, but not limited to, those set forth under "Risk Factors" and "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements."

Compliance with Debt Covenants. Our ability to make distributions could be affected if we do not remain in compliance with the financial and other covenants that will be included in our new credit facility. Our new credit facility will require us to maintain a minimum interest coverage ratio (ratio of Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA (as defined under our new credit facility) to interest) of 3.0 to 1.0 and (ii) a maximum leverage ratio (ratio of debt to Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA) of (a) as of any fiscal quarter ending after the closing date and prior to December 31, 2011, 3.50 to 1.0, and (b) as of any fiscal quarter ending on or after December 31, 2011, 3.0 to 1.0, calculated in each case on a trailing four quarter basis. We have assumed we will be in compliance with such covenants.

HOW WE MAKE CASH DISTRIBUTIONS

General

Within 45 days after the end of each quarter, beginning with the quarter ending June 30, 2011, we expect to make distributions, as determined by the board of directors of our general partner, to unitholders of record on the applicable record date.

Common Units Eligible for Distribution

Upon the closing of this offering, we will have common units outstanding. Each common unit will be allocated a portion of our income, gain, loss, deduction and credit on a pro-rata basis, and each common unit will be entitled to receive distributions (including upon liquidation) in the same manner as each other unit.

Method of Distributions

We will make distributions pursuant to our general partner's determination of the amount of available cash for the applicable quarter, which we will then distribute to our unitholders, pro rata; provided, however, that our partnership agreement allows us to issue an unlimited number of additional equity interests of equal or senior rank. Our partnership agreement permits us to borrow to make distributions, but we are not required and do not intend to borrow to pay quarterly distributions. Accordingly, there is no guarantee that we will pay any distribution on the units in any quarter. We do not have a legal obligation to pay distributions, and the amount of distributions paid under our policy and the decision to make any distribution is determined by the board of directors of our general partner. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources — New Credit Facility" for a discussion of provisions to be included in our new credit facility that restrict our ability to make distributions.

General Partner Interest

Upon the closing of this offering, our general partner will own a non-economic general partner interest and therefore will not be entitled to receive cash distributions. However, it may acquire common units and other equity interests in the future and will be entitled to receive pro rata distributions therefrom.

Adjustments to Capital Accounts Upon Issuance of Additional Common Units

We will make adjustments to capital accounts upon the issuance of additional common units. In doing so, we will generally allocate any unrealized and, for tax purposes, unrecognized gain or loss resulting from the adjustments to our unitholders prior to such issuance on a pro rata basis, so that after such issuance, the capital account balances attributable to all common units are equal.

SELECTED HISTORICAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The selected consolidated financial information presented below under the caption Statement of Operations Data for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010 and the selected consolidated financial information presented below under the caption Balance Sheet Data as of December 31, 2009 and 2010, have been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus, which consolidated financial statements have been audited by KPMG LLP, independent registered public accounting firm. The selected consolidated financial information presented below under the caption Statement of Operations Data for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2007 and the selected consolidated financial information presented below under the caption Balance Sheet Data as of December 31, 2006, 2007 and 2008 have been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements that are not included in this prospectus.

Our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus include certain costs of CVR Energy that were incurred on our behalf. These costs, which are reflected in selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) and direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization), are billed to us pursuant to a services agreement entered into in October 2007 that is a related party transaction. For the period of time prior to the services agreement, the consolidated financial statements include an allocation of costs and certain other amounts in order to account for a reasonable share of expenses, so that the accompanying consolidated financial statements reflect substantially all of our costs of doing business. The amounts charged or allocated to us are not necessarily indicative of the costs that we would have incurred had we operated as a stand-alone company for all periods presented.

Pro forma net income per unit is determined by dividing the pro forma net income that would have been allocated, in accordance with the provisions of our partnership agreement, to the common unitholders, by the number of common units expected to be outstanding at the closing of this offering. For purposes of this calculation, we assumed that pro forma distributions were equal to pro forma net earnings and that the number of units outstanding was common units. All units were assumed to have been outstanding since January 1, 2010. Basic and diluted pro forma net income per unit are equivalent as there are no dilutive units at the date of closing of this offering.

This data should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and the consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

	Year Ended December 31,						
	2006	2007	2008 scept per unit data and as o	2009	2010		
Statement of Operations Data:		(donars in minions, e.	ccept per unit data and as of	nerwise muicateu)			
Net sales	\$ 170.0	\$ 187.4	\$ 263.0	\$ 208.4	\$ 180.5		
Cost of product sold — Affiliates(1)	5.2	4.5	11.1	9.5	5.8		
Cost of product sold — Armates(-) Cost of product sold — Third Parties(1)	28.2	28.6	21.5	32.7	28.5		
Cost of product sold — Tilled Fairles(2)	33.4	33.1	32.6	42.2	34.3		
Direct operating expenses — Affiliates(1)(2)	1.9	2.2	0.4	2.1	2.3		
Direct operating expenses — Third Parties(1)	61.7	64.5	85.7	82.4	84.4		
Direct operating expenses — Time Faitles(-)	63.6	66.7	86.1	84.5	86.7		
Selling, general and administrative expenses — Affiliates(1)(2)	9.9	18.1	1.1	12.3	16.7		
	3.0	2.3	8.4	12.5	3.9		
Selling, general and administrative expenses — Third Parties(1)			9.5				
N	12.9	20.4	9.5	14.1	20.6		
Net costs associated with flood(3)		2.4					
Depreciation and amortization(4)	17.1	16.8	18.0	18.7	18.5		
Operating income	\$ 43.0	\$ 48.0	\$ 116.8	\$ 48.9	\$ 20.4		
Other income (expense), net ⁽⁵⁾	(6.9)	0.2	2.1	9.0	12.9		
Interest expense	(23.5)	(23.6)	_	_	_		
Gain (loss) on derivatives, net	2.1	(0.5)					
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 14.7	\$ 24.1	\$ 118.9	\$ 57.9	\$ 33.3		
Income tax (expense) benefit	<u></u>	<u> </u>					
Net income (loss)	\$ 14.7	\$ 24.1	\$ 118.9	\$ 57.9	\$ 33.3		
Pro forma net income per common unit, basic and diluted(6):							
Pro forma number of common units, basic and diluted:							
Balance Sheet Data:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ —	\$ 14.5	\$ 9.1	\$ 5.4	\$ 42.7		
Working capital	(0.5)	7.5	60.4	135.5	27.1		
Total assets	416.1	429.9	499.9	551.5	452.2		
Total debt, including current portion	_	_	_	_	_		
Partners capital/divisional equity	397.6	400.5	458.8	519.9	402.2		
Financial and Other Data:							
Cash flows provided by operating activities	34.1	46.5	123.5	85.5	75.9		
Cash flows (used in) investing activities	(13.3)	(6.5)	(23.5)	(13.4)	(9.0)		
Cash flows (used in) financing activities	(20.8)	(25.5)	(105.3)	(75.8)	(29.6)		
Capital expenditures for property, plant and equipment	13.3	6.5	23.5	13.4	10.1		
Net distribution to parent	\$ 20.8	\$ 31.5	\$ 50.0	\$ —	\$ 160.0		
Key Operating Data:							
Production volume (thousand tons):							
Ammonia (gross produced)	369.3	326.7	359.1	435.2	392.7		
Ammonia (net available for sale)	111.8	91.8	112.5	156.6	155.6		
UAN (tons in thousands)	633.1	576.9	599.2	677.7	578.3		
On-stream factors(7):							
Gasifier	92.5%	90.0%	87.8%	97.4%	89.0%		
Ammonia	89.3%	87.7%	86.2%	96.5%	87.7%		
UAN	88.9%	78.7%	83,4%	94.1%	80.8%		

Amounts are shown exclusive of depreciation and amortization.

Amounts are snown excusive or depreciation and amortization.

Our direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) and selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) for the years ended December 31, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009 and 2010 include a charge related to CVR Energy's share-based compensation expense allocated to us by CVR Energy for financial reporting purposes in accordance with ASC 718. These charges will continue to be attributed to us following the closing of this offering. We are not responsible for the payment of cash related to any share-based compensation allocated to us by CVR Energy. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Critical Accounting Policies — Share-Based Compensation." The amounts were:

		Year Ended December 31,			
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
	_		(in millions)		
Direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)	\$ 0.8	\$ 1.2	\$ (1.6)	\$ 0.2	\$ 0.7
Selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)	3.2	9.7	(9.0)	3.0	8.3
Total	\$ 4.0	\$ 10.9	\$ (10.6)	\$ 3.2	\$ 9.0

Total gross costs recorded as a result of the flood damage to our nitrogen fertilizer plant for the year ended December 31, 2007 were approximately \$5.8 million, including approximately \$0.8 million recorded for depreciation for temporarily idle facilities, \$0.7 million for internal salaries and \$4.3 million for other repairs and related costs. An insurance receivable of approximately \$3.3 million was also recorded for the year December 31, 2007 for the probable recovery of such costs under CVR Energy's insurance policies.

Depreciation and amortization is comprised of the following components as excluded from direct operating expenses and selling, general and administrative expenses and as included in net costs associated with flood:

(4)

		Year			
	2006	2007	(in millions)	2009	2010
Depreciation and amortization excluded from direct operating expenses	\$ 17.1	\$ 16.8	\$ 18.0	\$ 18.7	\$ 18.5
Depreciation and amortization excluded from selling, general and administrative expenses	_	_	_	_	_
Depreciation included in net costs associated with flood	_	0.8	_	_	_
Total depreciation and amortization	\$ 17.1	\$ 17.6	\$ 18.0	\$ 18.7	\$ 18.5

Miscellaneous income (expense) is comprised of the following components included in our consolidated statement of operations:

	2006	2007	(in millions)	2009	2010
Interest income(a)	\$ 1.4	\$ 0.3	\$ 2.0	\$ 9.0	\$ 13.1
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(8.5)	(0.2)	_	_	_
Other income (expense)	0.2	0.1	0.1	_	(0.2)
Miscellaneous income (expense)	\$ (6.9)	\$ 0.2	\$ 2.1	\$ 9.0	\$ 12.9

(a)

Interest income for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010 is primarily attributable to a due from affiliate balance owed to us by Coffeyville Resources as a result of affiliate loans. The due from affiliate balance was distributed to Coffeyville Resources in December 2010. Accordingly, such amounts are no longer owed to us.

We have omitted earnings per share through the date CRNF, our operating subsidiary, was contributed to us because during those periods we operated under a divisional equity structure. We have omitted net income per unitholded during the period we operated as a partnership through the closing of this offering because during those periods we operated under a different capital structure than what we will operate under following the closing of this offering, and, therefore, the information is not meaningful. (6)

and, therefore, the information is not meaningful.

On-stream factor is the total number of hours operated divided by the total number of hours in the reporting period. Excluding the impact of the Linde air separation unit outage, the rupture of the high-pressure UAN vessel and the major scheduled turnaround, the on-stream factors for the year ended December 31, 2010 would have been 97.6% for gasifier, 96.8% for ammonia and 96.1% for UAN. Excluding the Linde air separation unit outage in 2009, the on-stream factors would have been 99.3% for gasifier, 98.4% for ammonia and 96.1% for UAN for the year ended December 31, 2009. Excluding the turnaround performed in 2008 the on-stream factors would have been 91.7% for gasifier, 90.2% for ammonia and 87.4% for UAN for the year ended December 31, 2008. Excluding the impact of the flood in 2007 the on-stream factors would have been 94.6% for gasifier, 92.4% for ammonia and 83.9% for UAN for the year ended December 31, 2007. (7)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus. This discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Our actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of a number of factors, including, but not limited to, those set forth under "Risk Factors," "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" and elsewhere in this prospectus.

Overview

We are a Delaware limited partnership formed by CVR Energy to own, operate and grow our nitrogen fertilizer business. Strategically located adjacent to CVR Energy's refinery in Coffeyville, Kansas, our nitrogen fertilizer manufacturing facility is the only operation in North America that utilizes a petroleum coke, or pet coke, gasification process to produce nitrogen fertilizer. Our facility includes a 1,225 ton-per-day ammonia unit, a 2,025 ton-per-day UAN unit, and a gasifier complex having a capacity of 84 million standard cubic feet per day. Our gasifier is a dual-train facility, with each gasifier able to function independently of the other, thereby providing redundancy and improving our reliability. We upgrade a majority of the ammonia we produce to higher margin UAN fertilizer, an aqueous solution of urea and ammonium nitrate which has historically commanded a premium price over ammonia. In 2010, we produced 392,745 tons of ammonia, of which approximately 60% was upgraded into 578,272 tons of UAN.

We intend to expand our existing asset base and utilize the experience of CVR Energy's management team to execute our growth strategy. Our growth strategy includes expanding production of UAN and potentially acquiring additional infrastructure and production assets. Following completion of this offering, we intend to move forward with a significant two-year plant expansion designed to increase our UAN production capacity by 400,000 tons, or approximately 50%, per year. CVR Energy, a New York Stock Exchange listed company, which following this offering will indirectly own our general partner and approximately % of our outstanding common units, currently operates a 115,000 bpd sour crude oil refinery and ancillary businesses.

The primary raw material feedstock utilized in our nitrogen fertilizer production process is pet coke, which is produced during the crude oil refining process. In contrast, substantially all of our nitrogen fertilizer competitors use natural gas as their primary raw material feedstock. Historically, pet coke has been significantly less expensive than natural gas on a per ton of fertilizer produced basis and pet coke prices have been more stable when compared to natural gas prices. By using pet coke as the primary raw material feedstock instead of natural gas, we believe our nitrogen fertilizer business has historically been the lowest cost producer and marketer of ammonia and UAN fertilizers in North America. We currently purchase most of our pet coke from CVR Energy pursuant to a long-term agreement having an initial term that ends in 2027, subject to renewal. During the past five years, over 70% of the pet coke utilized by our plant was produced and supplied by CVR Energy's crude oil refinery.

Factors Affecting Comparability

Our historical results of operations for the periods presented may not be comparable with prior periods or to our results of operations in the future for the reasons discussed below.

Corporate Allocations

Our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus include certain costs of CVR Energy that were incurred on our behalf. These costs, which are reflected in selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) and direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization), are billed to us pursuant to a services agreement entered into in October 2007 that is a related party transaction. For the period of time prior to the services agreement, the consolidated financial statements include an allocation of costs and certain other amounts in order to account for a reasonable share of expenses, so that the accompanying consolidated financial statements reflect substantially all of our costs of doing business.

Our financial statements reflect all of the expenses that Coffeyville Resources incurred on our behalf. Our financial statements therefore include certain expenses incurred by our parent which may include, but are not necessarily limited to, officer and employee salaries and share-based compensation, rent or depreciation, advertising, accounting, tax, legal and information technology services, other selling, general and administrative expenses, costs for defined contribution plans, medical and other employee benefits, and financing costs, including interest, mark-to-market changes in interest rate swap and losses on extinguishment of debt.

Selling, general and administrative expense allocations were based primarily on a percentage of total fertilizer payroll to the total fertilizer and petroleum segment payrolls. Property insurance costs were allocated based upon specific segment valuations. Interest expense, interest income, bank charges, gain (loss) on derivatives and loss on extinguishment of debt were allocated based upon fertilizer divisional equity as a percentage of total CVR Energy debt and equity. See Note 3, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies — Allocation of Costs, in our historical financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. The amounts charged or allocated to us are not necessarily indicative of the costs that we would have incurred had we operated as a stand-alone company for all periods presented.

Publicly Traded Partnership Expenses

We expect that our general and administrative expenses will increase due to the costs of operating as a publicly traded partnership, including costs associated with SEC reporting requirements, including annual and quarterly reports to unitholders, tax return and Schedule K-1 preparation and distribution, independent auditor fees, investor relations activities and registrar and transfer agent fees. We estimate that these incremental general and administrative expenses will approximate \$3.5 million per year, excluding the costs associated with this offering and the costs of the initial implementation of our Sarbanes-Oxley Section 404 internal controls review and testing. Our financial statements following this offering will reflect the impact of these expenses, which will affect the comparability of our post-offering results with our financial statements from periods prior to the completion of this offering. Our unaudited pro forma financial statements, however, do not reflect these expenses.

2007 Flood

During the weekend of June 30, 2007, torrential rains in southeast Kansas caused the Verdigris River to overflow its banks and flood the city of Coffeyville. The river crested more than ten feet above flood stage, setting a new record for the river. Our nitrogen fertilizer plant, which is located in close proximity to the Verdigris River, was flooded, sustained damage and required repair.

As a result of the flooding, our nitrogen fertilizer facilities stopped operating on June 30, 2007. Production at the nitrogen fertilizer facility was restarted on July 13, 2007. Due to the downtime, we experienced a significant revenue loss attributable to the property damage during the period when the facilities were not in operation in 2007.

Our results for the year ended December 31, 2007 include net pretax costs, net of anticipated insurance recoveries, of \$2.4 million associated with the flood. The 2007 flood had a significant adverse impact on our financial results for the year ended December 31, 2007, a nominal impact for the year ended December 31, 2008 and no impact for the years ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2010.

September 2010 UAN Vessel Rupture

On September 30, 2010, our nitrogen fertilizer plant experienced an interruption in operations due to a rupture of a high-pressure UAN vessel. All operations at our nitrogen fertilizer facility were immediately shut down. No one was injured in the incident.

Our nitrogen fertilizer facility had previously scheduled a major turnaround to begin on October 5, 2010. To minimize disruption and impact to the production schedule, the turnaround was accelerated. The turnaround was completed on October 29, 2010 with the gasification and ammonia units in operation. The fertilizer facility restarted production of UAN on November 16, 2010 and as of December 31, 2010, repairs to the facility as a result of the rupture were substantially complete.

Total gross costs to repair the damage caused by the incident were approximately \$10.5 million. We recorded an insurance receivable of \$4.5 million of which approximately \$4.3 million of insurance proceeds were received as of December 31, 2010 and the remaining \$0.2 million was received in January 2011. Of the costs incurred, approximately \$4.5 million were capitalized.

Fertilizer Plant Property Taxes

Our nitrogen fertilizer plant received a ten year property tax abatement from Montgomery County, Kansas in connection with its construction that expired on December 31, 2007. In connection with the expiration of the abatement, the county reassessed our nitrogen fertilizer plant and classified the nitrogen fertilizer plant as almost entirely real property instead of almost entirely personal property. The reassessment has resulted in an increase to our annual property tax expense for the plant by an average of approximately \$10.7 million per year for the years ended December 31, 2008 and December 31, 2009, and approximately \$11.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2010. We do not agree with the county's classification of our nitrogen fertilizer plant and are currently disputing it before the Kansas Court of Tax Appeals, or COTA. However, we have fully accrued and paid for the property tax the county claims we owe for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009, and fully accrued such amounts for the year ended December 31, 2010. The first payment in respect of our 2010 property taxes was paid in December 2010 and the second payment will be made in May 2011. This property tax expense is reflected as a direct operating expense in our financial results. An evidentiary hearing before COTA occurred during the first quarter of 2011 regarding our property tax claims for the year ended December 31, 2008. We believe COTA is likely to issue a ruling sometime during 2011. However, the timing of a ruling in the case is uncertain, and there can be no assurance we will receive a ruling in 2011. If we are successful in having the nitrogen fertilizer plant reclassified as personal property, in whole or in part, a portion of the accrued and paid expenses would be refunded to us, which could have a material positive effect on our results of operations. If we are not successful in having the nitrogen fertilizer plant reclassified as personal property, in whole or in part, we expect that we will pay taxes at or below the elevate

Factors Affecting Results

Our earnings and cash flow from operations are primarily affected by the relationship between nitrogen fertilizer product prices and direct operating expenses. Unlike our competitors, we do not use natural gas as a feedstock and we use a minimal amount of natural gas as an energy source in our operations. As a result, volatile swings in natural gas prices have a minimal impact on our results of operations. Instead, CVR Energy's adjacent refinery supplies us with most of the pet coke feedstock we need pursuant to a long-term pet coke supply agreement we entered into in October 2007. The price at which nitrogen fertilizer products are ultimately sold depends on numerous factors, including the global supply and demand for nitrogen fertilizer products which, in turn, depends on, among other factors, world grain demand and production levels, changes in world population, the cost and availability of fertilizer transportation infrastructure, weather conditions, the availability of imports and the extent of government intervention in agriculture markets.

Nitrogen fertilizer prices are also affected by local factors, including local market conditions and the operating levels of competing facilities. An expansion or upgrade of competitors' facilities, international political and economic developments and other factors are likely to continue to play an important role in nitrogen fertilizer industry economics. These factors can impact, among other things, the level of inventories in the market, resulting in price volatility and a reduction in product margins. Moreover, the industry typically experiences seasonal fluctuations in demand for nitrogen fertilizer products.

In addition, the demand for fertilizers is affected by the aggregate crop planting decisions and fertilizer application rate decisions of individual farmers. Individual farmers make planting decisions based largely on the prospective profitability of a harvest, while the specific varieties and amounts of fertilizer they apply depend on factors like crop prices, their current liquidity, soil conditions, weather patterns and the types of crops planted.

Natural gas is the most significant raw material required in our competitors' production of nitrogen fertilizers. North American natural gas prices increased significantly in the summer months of 2008 and moderated from these

high levels in the last half of 2008. Over the past several years, natural gas prices have experienced high levels of price volatility. This pricing and volatility has a direct impact on our competitors' cost of producing nitrogen fertilizer.

In order to assess the operating performance of our business, we calculate plant gate price to determine our operating margin. Plant gate price refers to the unit price of fertilizer, in dollars per ton, offered on a delivered basis, excluding shipment costs.

We and other competitors located in the U.S. farm belt share a transportation cost advantage when compared to our out-of-region competitors in serving the U.S. farm belt agricultural market. In 2010, approximately 45% of the corn planted in the United States was grown within a \$35/UAN ton freight train rate of our nitrogen fertilizer plant. We are therefore able to cost-effectively sell substantially all of our products in the higher margin agricultural market, whereas a significant portion of our competitors' revenues are derived from the lower margin industrial market. Because the U.S. farm belt consumes more nitrogen fertilizer than is produced in the region, it must import nitrogen fertilizer from the U.S. Gulf Coast as well as from international producers. Accordingly, U.S. farm belt producers may offer nitrogen fertilizers at prices that factor in the transportation costs of out-of-region producers without having incurred such costs. We estimate that our plant enjoys a transportation cost advantage of approximately \$25 per ton over competitors located in the U.S. Gulf Coast. Selling products to customers within economic rail transportation limits of the nitrogen fertilizer plant and keeping transportation costs low are keys to maintaining profitability. Our location on Union Pacific's main line increases our transportation cost advantage by lowering the costs of bringing our products to customers, assuming freight rates and pipeline tariffs for U.S. Gulf Coast importers as recently in effect. Our products leave the plant either in trucks for direct shipment to customers or in railcars for destinations located principally on the Union Pacific Railroad, and we do not incur any intermediate transfer, storage, barge freight or pipeline freight charges.

The value of nitrogen fertilizer products is also an important consideration in understanding our results. During 2010, we upgraded approximately 60% of our ammonia production into UAN, a product that presently generates a greater value than ammonia. UAN production is a major contributor to our profitability.

The direct operating expense structure of our business also directly affects our profitability. Using a pet coke gasification process, we have a significantly higher percentage of fixed costs than a natural gas-based fertilizer plant. Major fixed operating expenses include electrical energy, employee labor, maintenance, including contract labor, and outside services. These costs comprise the fixed costs associated with the nitrogen fertilizer plant averaged approximately 14% of direct operating expenses over the 24 months ended December 31, 2010. The average annual operating costs over the 24 months ended December 31, 2010 approximated \$85 million, of which substantially all are fixed in nature.

Our largest raw material expense is pet coke, which we purchase from CVR Energy and third parties. In 2008, 2009 and 2010, we spent \$14.1 million, \$12.8 million and \$7.4 million, respectively, for pet coke, which equaled an average cost per ton of \$31, \$27 and \$17, respectively. If pet coke prices rise substantially in the future, we may be unable to increase our prices to recover increased raw material costs, because the price floor for nitrogen fertilizer products is generally correlated with natural gas prices, the primary raw material used by our competitors, and not pet coke prices.

Consistent, safe, and reliable operations at our nitrogen fertilizer plant are critical to our financial performance and results of operations. Unplanned downtime of the nitrogen fertilizer plant may result in lost margin opportunity, increased maintenance expense and a temporary increase in working capital investment and related inventory position. The financial impact of planned downtime, such as major turnaround maintenance, is mitigated through a diligent planning process that takes into account margin environment, the availability of resources to perform the needed maintenance, feedstock logistics and other factors. We generally undergo a facility turnaround every two years. The turnaround typically lasts 13 to 15 days each turnaround year and costs approximately \$3 million to \$5 million to \$5 million to turnaround. The facility underwent a turnaround in October 2010 at a cost of \$3.5 million.

Agreements with CVR Energy

In connection with the initial public offering of CVR Energy and the transfer of the nitrogen fertilizer business to us in October 2007, we entered into a number of agreements with CVR Energy and its affiliates that govern our business relations with CVR Energy. These include the pet coke supply agreement under which we buy the pet coke we use in our nitrogen fertilizer plant; a services agreement, under which CVR Energy and its affiliates provide us with management services including the services of its senior management team; a feedstock and shared services agreement, which governs the provision of feedstocks, including hydrogen, high-pressure steam, nitrogen, instrument air, oxygen and natural gas; a raw water and facilities sharing agreement, which allocates raw water resources between the two businesses; an easement agreement; an environmental agreement; and a lease agreement pursuant to which we lease office space and laboratory space from CVR Energy.

We obtain most (over 70% on average during the last five years) of the pet coke we need from CVR Energy pursuant to the pet coke supply agreement, and procure the remainder on the open market. The price we pay pursuant to the pet coke supply agreement is based on the lesser of a pet coke price derived from the price received by us for UAN, or the UAN-based price, and a pet coke price index. The UAN-based price begins with a pet coke price of \$25 per ton based on a price per ton for UAN (exclusive of transportation cost), or netback price, of \$205 per ton, and adjusts up or down \$0.50 per ton for every \$1.00 change in the netback price. The UAN-based price has a ceiling of \$40 per ton and a floor of \$5 per ton.

The cost of the pet coke supplied by CVR Energy to us in most cases will be lower than the price which we otherwise would pay to third parties. The cost to us will be lower both because the actual price paid will be lower and because we will pay significantly reduced transportation costs (since CVR Energy's refinery is adjacent to our nitrogen fertilizer plant). If CVR Energy fails to perform in accordance with the pet coke supply agreement, then we would need to purchase pet coke from third parties on the open market, which could negatively impact our results of operations to the extent third-party pet coke is unavailable or available only at higher prices. A \$10 per ton increase in the cost of additional third-party coke purchases would increase production costs by approximately \$3.75 million per year.

Our pet coke cost per ton purchased from CVR Energy averaged \$30, \$22 and \$11 for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010, respectively. Third-party pet coke prices averaged \$39, \$37 and \$40 for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010, respectively.

The services agreement, which became effective in October 2007, resulted in charges of approximately \$10.0 million, \$9.3 million, and \$8.5 million for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010, respectively (excluding share-based compensation), in selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) in our Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Results of Operations

The period-to-period comparisons of our results of operations have been prepared using the historical periods included in our financial statements. In order to effectively review and assess our historical financial information below, we have also included supplemental operating measures and industry measures that we believe are material to understanding our business.

The tables below provide an overview of our results of operations, relevant market indicators and our key operating statistics during the past three fiscal years ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010:

	Year Ended December 31,							
Business Financial Results		2009	2010					
		(in millions)						
Net sales	\$ 263.0	\$ 208.4	\$ 180.5					
Cost of product sold (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) — Affiliates	11.1	9.5	5.8					
Cost of products sold (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) — Third Parties	21.5	32.7	28.5					
	32.6	42.2	34.3					
Direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) — Affiliates ⁽¹⁾	0.4	2.1	2.3					
Direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) — Third Parties ⁽¹⁾	85.7	82.4	84.4					
	86.1	84.5	86.7					
Selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) — Affiliates(1)	1.1	12.3	16.7					
Selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) — Third Parties(1)	8.4	1.8	3.9					
	9.5	14.1	20.6					
Depreciation and amortization(2)	18.0	18.7	18.5					
Operating income	116.8	48.9	20.4					
Net income	118.9	57.9	33.3					

(1) Our direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) and selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010 include a charge related to CVR Energy's share-based compensation expense allocated to us by CVR Energy for financial reporting purposes in accordance with ASC 718. We are not responsible for the payment of cash related to any share-based compensation allocated to us by CVR Energy. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Critical Accounting Policies — Share-Based Compensation." The charges were:

Vear Ended December 21

	ai Ended Dece	
200	3 2009	2010
-	(in million	s)
Direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) \$ (.6) 0.2	\$ 0.7
Selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)	.0) 3.0	8.3
Total \$ <u>(1</u>	.6) \$ 3.2	\$ 9.0

(2) Depreciation and amortization is comprised of the following components as excluded from direct operating expense and selling, general and administrative expense and as included in net costs associated with flood:

	Year 2008	Ended December 2009 (in millions)	er 31, 2010
Depreciation and amortization excluded from direct operating expenses	\$ 18.0	\$ 18.7	\$ 18.5
Depreciation and amortization excluded from selling, general and administrative expenses	_	_	_
Total depreciation and amortization	\$ 18.0	\$ 18.7	\$ 18.5

The following tables show selected information about key market indicators and certain operating statistics for our business, respectively:

	Ar	nnual Average l Year Ended December 31,	
Market Indicators	2008	2009	2010
Natural gas (dollars per MMbtu)	\$ 8.91	\$ 4.16	\$ 4.38
Ammonia — Southern Plains (dollars per ton)	707	306	437
IJAN — corn belt (dollars per top)	/122	218	266

		Year Ended December 31,							
Company Operating Statistics	- :	2008	2	2009		2010			
	(d	(dollars in millions, except p and as otherwise indic							
Production (thousand tons):									
Ammonia (gross produced)(1)		359.1		435.2		392.7			
Ammonia (net available for sale)(1)		112.5		156.6		155.6			
UAN		599.2		677.7		578.3			
Pet coke consumed (thousand tons)		451.9		483.5		436.3			
Pet coke (cost per ton)(2)	\$	31	\$	27	\$	17			
Sales (thousand tons):									
Ammonia		99.4		159.9		164.7			
UAN		594.2		686.0		580.7			
Total		693.6		845.9		745.4			
Product price (plant gate) (dollars per ton)(3):									
Ammonia	\$	557	\$	314	\$	361			
UAN	\$	303	\$	198	\$	179			
On-stream factor(4):									
Gasifier		87.8%		97.4%		89.0%			
Ammonia		86.2%		96.5%		87.7%			
UAN		83.4%		94.1%		80.8%			
Reconciliation to net sales (dollars in millions):									
Freight in revenue	\$	18.9	\$	21.3	\$	17.0			
Hydrogen revenue		9.0		0.8		0.1			
Sales net plant gate		235.1		186.3		163.4			
Total net sales	\$	263.0	\$	208.4	\$	180.5			

⁽¹⁾ The gross tons produced for ammonia represent the total ammonia produced, including ammonia produced that was upgraded into UAN. The net tons available for sale represent the ammonia available for sale that was not upgraded into UAN.

⁽²⁾ Our pet coke cost per ton purchased from CVR Energy averaged \$30, \$22 and \$11 for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010, respectively. Third-party pet coke prices averaged \$39, \$37 and \$40 for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010, respectively.

⁽³⁾ Plant gate price per ton represents net sales less freight revenue and hydrogen revenue divided by product sales volume in tons in the reporting period. Plant gate price per ton is shown in order to provide a pricing measure that is comparable across the fertilizer industry.

(4) On-stream factor is the total number of hours operated divided by the total number of hours in the reporting period. Excluding the impact of the downtime associated with the Linde air separation unit outage, the rupture of the high pressure UAN vessel and the major scheduled turnaround, the on-stream factors for the year ended December 31, 2010 would have been 97.6% for gasifier, 96.8% for ammonia and 96.1% for UAN. Excluding the Linde air separation unit outage in 2009, the on-stream factors would have been 99.3% for gasifier, 98.4% for ammonia and 91.9% for UAN for the year ended December 31, 2009. Excluding the turnaround performed in 2008, the on-stream factors would have been 91.7% for gasifier, 90.2% for ammonia and 87.4% for UAN for the year ended December 31, 2008.

Year Ended December 31, 2010 compared to the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Net Sales. Nitrogen fertilizer net sales were \$180.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, compared to \$208.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. For the year ended December 31, 2010, ammonia, UAN and hydrogen made up \$63.0 million, \$117.4 million and \$0.1 million of our net sales, respectively. This compared to ammonia, UAN and hydrogen net sales of \$54.6 million, \$153.0 million and \$0.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, respectively. The decrease of \$27.9 million from the year ended December 31, 2010 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2009 was the result of a decline in average UAN plant gate prices coupled with a decline in lower UAN sales volume. This decrease was partially offset by higher ammonia sales volumes coupled with higher ammonia prices on a year-over-year basis. Both UAN and ammonia sales were negatively impacted by the downtime associated with the scheduled maintenance turnaround. Additionally, UAN production and sales were negatively impacted by the downtime associated with the rupture of a high-pressure UAN vessel. The UAN vessel ruptured on September 30, 2010 and production of UAN did not commence until November 16, 2010. The following table demonstrates the impact of changes in sales volumes and sales price for ammonia and UAN for the year ended December 31, 2000 compared to the year ended December 31, 2009.

	Year	Year Ended December 31, 2010 Year Ended December 31, 2009			Total Var	iance	Volume	Price		
	Volume (1)	\$ per ton (2)	Sales \$ (3)	Volume (1)	\$ per ton (2)	Sales \$ (3)	Volume (1)	Sales \$ (3)	Variance	Variance
									(in mi	llions)
Ammonia	164,668	\$382	\$ 63.0	159,860	\$342	\$ 54.6	4,808	\$ 8.4	\$ 1.9	\$ 6.5
UAN	580,684	\$202	\$117.4	686,009	\$223	\$153.0	(105,325)	\$(35.6)	\$(21.4)	\$(14.2)

- (1) Sales volume in tons.
- (2) Includes freight charges.
- (3) Sales dollars in millions.

In regard to product sales volumes for the year ended December 31, 2010, our nitrogen fertilizer operations experienced an increase of 3% in ammonia sales unit volumes and a decrease of 15% in UAN sales unit volumes. On-stream factors (total number of hours operated divided by total hours in the reporting period) for 2010 compared to 2009 were lower for all units of our nitrogen fertilizer operations, primarily due to unscheduled downtime associated with the Linde air separation unit outage, the UAN vessel rupture and the completion of the biennial scheduled turnaround for the nitrogen fertilizer plant completed in the fourth quarter of 2010. It is typical to experience brief outages in complex manufacturing operations such as the nitrogen fertilizer plant which result in less than one hundred percent on-stream availability for one or more specific units.

Plant gate prices are prices at the designated delivery point less any freight cost we absorb to deliver the product. We believe plant gate price is meaningful because we sell products both at our plant gate (sold plant) and delivered to the customer's designated delivery site (sold delivered) and the percentage of sold plant versus sold delivered can change month to month or year to year. The plant gate price provides a measure that is consistently comparable period to period. Plant gate prices for the year ended December 31, 2019 for ammonia were greater than plant gate prices for the year ended December 31, 2009 by approximately 15%. Conversely, UAN plant gate prices for UAN were approximately 10% lower during the year ended December 31, 2010 than the plant gate prices for the year ended December 31, 2009. The fertilizer industry experienced an unprecedented pricing cycle starting in 2008. Significant increases in average plant gate prices for 2008 had a carryover effect on 2009 average UAN prices primarily for the first half of 2009, before they began to decrease in the second half of 2009 and into the first half of 2010. Average ammonia plant gate prices for 2009 were negatively impacted by the lack of a fall planting season and rebounded in 2010 due to increased fall planting season demand. Prices for UAN and ammonia recovered in the second half of 2010.

Cost of Product Sold (Exclusive of Depreciation and Amortization). Cost of product sold (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) is primarily comprised of pet coke expense and freight and distribution expenses. Cost of product sold excluding depreciation and amortization for the year ended December 31, 2010 was \$34.3 million, compared to \$42.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. Of this \$7.9 million decrease, \$3.8 million resulted from lower costs from transactions with affiliates and \$4.1 million from lower costs from third parties. A \$5.5 million decline in pet coke costs (\$3.9 million from transactions with affiliates) was the principal contributor to the decrease with the remaining decrease of \$2.4 million primarily attributable to lower UAN sales volume (105,325 tons) driven by downtime associated with the major scheduled turnaround and the UAN vessel rupture.

Direct Operating Expenses (Exclusive of Depreciation and Amortization). Direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) for our nitrogen fertilizer operations include costs associated with the actual operations of the nitrogen fertilizer plant, such as repairs and maintenance, energy and utility costs, property taxes, catalyst and chemical costs, outside services, labor and environmental compliance costs. Nitrogen fertilizer direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) for the year ended December 31, 2010 were \$86.7 million, as compared to \$84.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. The increase of \$2.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2009, was due to a \$2.0 million increase in costs from third parties coupled with a \$0.2 million increase in direct operating costs from transactions with affiliates. The \$2.2 million net increase was primarily the result of increases in expenses associated with the turnaround (\$3.5 million), property taxes (\$2.5 million), net UAN reactor repairs and maintenance expense (\$1.5 million), labor (\$1.4 million) and refractory brick amortization (\$0.7 million). The turnaround expenses for 2010 are the result of the nitrogen fertilizer business' biennial turnaround. The increase in property taxes for the year ended December 31, 2010 was the result of an increased valuation assessment on the nitrogen fertilizer plant as well as the expiration of a tax abatement for the Linde air separation unit for which we pay taxes in accordance with our agreement with Linde. These increases in direct operating expenses were partially offset by decreases in expenses associated with energy and utilities (\$6.0 million), catalyst (\$1.1 million) and insurance (\$0.7 million). The majority of the decrease in energy and utilities expenses reflects a \$4.8 million settlement of an electric rate case with the City of Coffeyville in the third quarter of 2010. This \$4.8 million refund of amounts paid be

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses (Exclusive of Depreciation and Amortization). Selling, general and administrative expenses include the direct selling, general and administrative expenses of our business as well as certain expenses incurred by our affiliates, CVR Energy and Coffeyville Resources, on our behalf and billed or allocated to us. Certain of our expenses are subject to the services agreement with CVR Energy and our general partner. Selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) were \$20.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, as compared to \$14.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. This variance was primarily the result of increases in share based compensation expense of \$5.3 million, asset write-offs of \$1.5 million and outside services of \$0.6 million. These increases were partially offset by lower costs from affiliates that resulted from decreased expenses related to the services agreement.

Operating Income. Nitrogen fertilizer operating income was \$20.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, or 11% of net sales, as compared to \$48.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, or 23% of net sales. This decrease of \$28.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2009, was the result of a decline in the nitrogen fertilizer margin (\$20.0 million), increases in selling, general and administrative expenses (\$6.4 million), primarily attributable to an increase in share-based compensation expense, and an increase in direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) (\$2.2 million).

Interest Income. Interest income for the year ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 is the result of interest income derived from the outstanding balance owed to us by Coffeyville Resources as well as interest income earned on cash balances in our business' bank accounts. Interest income was \$13.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, as compared to \$9.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. The amount of interest income earned on our cash balances in our bank accounts was nominal; as such the interest income was primarily attributable to the amounts owed to us by Coffeyville Resources. The due from affiliate balance was distributed to Coffeyville Resources in December, 2010. Accordingly, such amounts are no longer owed to us.

Income Tax Expense. Income tax expense for the year ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, was immaterial and consisted of amounts payable pursuant to a Texas state franchise tax.

Net Income. For the year ended December 31, 2010, net income was \$33.3 million as compared to \$57.9 million of net income for the year ended December 31, 2009, a decrease of \$24.6 million. The decrease in net income was primarily due to the decrease in our profit margin, coupled with an increase in selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization). These impacts were partially offset by a decrease in direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) and an increase in interest income.

Year Ended December 31, 2009 compared to the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Net Sales. Our net sales were \$208.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to \$263.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. For the year ended December 31, 2009, ammonia, UAN and hydrogen made up \$54.6 million, \$153.0 million and \$0.8 million of our net sales, respectively. This compared to ammonia, UAN and hydrogen net sales of \$59.2 million, \$194.8 million and \$9.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2008, respectively. The decrease of \$54.6 million from the year ended December 31, 2009, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2008, was the result of increases in overall sales volumes, offset by lower plant gate prices. The following table demonstrates the impact of changes in sales volume and sales price for ammonia and UAN for the year ended December 31, 2009 compared to the year ended December 31, 2008.

	Year Ended December 31, 2009			Year	Year Ended December 31, 2008			Total Variance		
	Volume (1)	\$ per ton (2)	Sales \$ (3)	Volume (1)	\$ per ton (2)	Sales \$ (3)	Volume (1)	Sales \$ (3)	Price Variance	Variance
									(in mil	lions)
Ammonia	159,860	\$342	\$ 54.6	99,374	\$596	\$ 59.2	60,486	\$ (4.6)	\$(25.3)	\$20.7
UAN	686,009	\$223	\$153.0	594,203	\$328	\$194.8	91,806	\$(41.7)	\$(62.2)	\$20.5

- (1) Sales volume in tons.
- (2) Includes freight charges
- (3) Sales dollars in millions.

In regard to product sales volumes for the year ended December 31, 2009, our operations experienced an increase of 61% in ammonia sales unit volumes and an increase of 15% in UAN sales unit volumes. The downtime associated with the biennial turnaround in 2008 led to reduced sales volumes during that year. On-stream factors (total number of hours operated divided by total hours in the reporting period) for 2009 compared to 2008 were higher for all units of our operations, primarily due to unscheduled downtime and the completion of the biennial scheduled turnaround for the nitrogen fertilizer plant completed in October 2008. It is typical to experience brief outages in complex manufacturing operations such as the nitrogen fertilizer plant which result in less than one hundred percent on-stream availability for one or more specific units.

Plant gate prices are prices at the designated delivery point less any freight cost we absorb to deliver the product. We believe plant gate price is meaningful because we sell products both at our plant gate (sold plant) and delivered to the customer's designated delivery site (sold delivered) and the percentage of sold plant versus sold delivered can change month to month or year to year. The plant gate price provides a measure that is consistently comparable period to period. Plant gate prices for the year ended December 31, 2009, for ammonia and UAN were less than plant gate prices for the comparable period of 2008 by 44% and 34%, respectively. We believe the dramatic decrease in nitrogen fertilizer prices was due primarily to adverse global economic conditions.

Cost of Product Sold (Exclusive of Depreciation and Amortization). Cost of product sold (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) is primarily comprised of pet coke expense and freight and distribution expenses. Cost of product sold excluding depreciation and amortization for the year ended December 31, 2009 was \$42.2 million compared to \$32.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. The increase of \$9.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2008, resulted from higher costs of third-party transactions of \$11.2 million which were partially offset by \$1.6 million in lower costs from affiliate transactions. The decrease in affiliate costs was principally the result of lower pet coke costs. Cost increases were primarily the result of increased sales volumes for both ammonia and UAN, which contributed to \$6.1 million of the increase, additional freight

expense of \$2.6 million and hydrogen costs of \$1.6 million. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in pet coke cost of \$1.2 million over the comparable period.

Direct Operating Expenses (Exclusive of Depreciation and Amortization). Direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) for our operations include costs associated with the actual operations of our plant, such as repairs and maintenance, energy and utility costs, catalyst and chemical costs, outside services, labor and environmental compliance costs. Direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) for the year ended December 31, 2009, were \$84.5 million as compared to \$86.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. Direct operating expenses from third parties decreased by approximately \$3.3 million while direct operating expenses from affiliates increased by approximately \$1.7 million primarily as a result of an increase in share-based compensation expense. The decrease of \$3.3 million of direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) from third-parties for the year ended December 31, 2009, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2008, was primarily the result of net decreases in expenses associated with downtime repairs and maintenance (\$6.5 million), turnaround (\$3.4 million), outside services and other direct operating expenses (\$0.7 million), property taxes (\$0.7 million), and insurance (\$0.2 million). The decrease in expenses associated with downtime repairs and maintenance expense for the year ended December 31, 2009 was attributable to the fact that the biennial turnaround occurred in 2008 and not 2009. Due to the maintenance that occurred during the 2008 turnaround, repairs and maintenance to the operating units decreased in 2009. These decreases in direct operating expenses were partially offset by increases in expenses associated with utilities (\$4.4 million), labor (\$2.4 million), catalyst (\$1.0 million) and combined with a decrease in the price we receive for sulfur produced as a byproduct of our manufacturing process (\$2.0 million). The increase in energy and utilities for the year ended December 31, 2009 was partially attributable to our increased on-stream times for our processing units that in turn resulted in higher electrical costs. Additionally, our electrical rates were higher for the year ended December 31, 2009 compared to the year ended December 31, 2008 as a result of the City of Coffeyville charging a higher rate for electricity, starting in August 2008, than what had been agreed to in our electricity contract. Our increased catalyst costs for the year ended December 31, 2009 were primarily attributable to our increased on-stream times on a year-over-year basis. Labor costs for the year ended December 31, 2009 were higher than the year ended December 31, 2008, primarily as a result of share-based compensation expense charged to direct operating expense. See below for further discussion of share-based compensation expense movements.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses (Exclusive of Depreciation and Amortization). Selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) include the direct selling, general and administrative expenses of our business as well as certain expenses incurred by our affiliates, CVR Energy and Coffeyville Resources, on our behalf and billed or allocated to us. Certain of our expenses are subject to the services agreement with CVR Energy and our general partner. Selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) were \$14.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, as compared to \$9.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. This variance was primarily the result of an increase in payroll costs (\$12.1 million), partially offset by a decrease in outside services (\$2.9 million), asset write-offs (\$3.8 million) and amounts incurred from affiliate transactions related to the services agreement (\$0.8 million). The increase in payroll related expenses was primarily attributable to share-based compensation expense of \$3.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to a reversal of share-based compensation expense of \$9.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. The increase in share-based compensation was a result of an increase in CVR Energy's stock price from 2008 to 2009. Outside services costs for the year ended December 31, 2009 decreased primarily as a result of the fact that for the year ended December 31, 2009 was primarily the result of assets written-off and replaced during the biennial turnaround performed in the fourth quarter of 2008.

Depreciation and Amortization. Our depreciation and amortization increased to \$18.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to \$18.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. The increase in depreciation and amortization for the year ended December 31, 2009, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2008, was the result of fixed assets placed into service in 2009 as well as during the second half of 2008. The fixed assets placed into service during the second half of 2008 received a full year of depreciation expense recognition in 2009.

Operating Income. Our operating income was \$48.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, or 23% of net sales, as compared to \$116.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2008, or 44% of net sales. This decrease of \$67.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2008, was the result of a decline in our profit margin (\$64.2 million), increases in selling, general and administrative expenses (\$4.7 million), primarily attributable to an increase in share-based compensation expense and an increase in our depreciation and amortization (\$0.7 million) partially off set by lower direct operating expenses (\$1.6 million).

Interest Income. Interest income for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 resulted from interest income derived from the outstanding balance owed to us by Coffeyville Resources as well as interest income earned on cash balances in our business's bank accounts. Interest income was \$9.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, as compared to \$2.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. The amount of interest income earned on our cash balances for our bank accounts was nominal; as such the interest income was primarily attributable to amounts owed to us from Coffeyville Resources. The increase in interest income for 2009 was a result of increased borrowings for the year ended December 31, 2009 by Coffeyville Resources. The amounts owed to us were included in the due from affiliate on our Consolidated Balance Sheets contained elsewhere in this prospectus. The due from affiliate balance was distributed to Coffeyville Resources in December 2010. Accordingly, such amounts will no longer be owed to us.

Income Tax Expense. Income tax expense for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, was immaterial and consisted of amounts payable pursuant to a Texas state franchise tax.

Net Income. Net income for the year ended December 31, 2009, was \$57.9 million as compared to net income of \$118.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. Net income decreased \$61.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2008, was primarily due to a decrease in fertilizer profit margins coupled with an increase in selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) and depreciation and amortization expense. These impacts were partially offset by a decrease in direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) and an increase in interest income.

Critical Accounting Policies

We prepare our consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP. In order to apply these principles, management must make judgments, assumptions and estimates based on the best available information at the time. Actual results may differ based on the accuracy of the information utilized and subsequent events. Our accounting policies are described in the notes to our audited financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. Our critical accounting policies, which are described below, could materially affect the amounts recorded in our financial statements.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

We calculate depreciation and amortization on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable assets. When assets are placed in service, we make estimates of what we believe are their reasonable useful lives. We account for impairment of long-lived assets in accordance with ASC 360, Property, Plant and Equipment — Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets, or ASC 360. In accordance with ASC 360, we review long-lived assets (excluding goodwill, intangible assets with indefinite lives, and deferred tax assets) for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to estimated undiscounted future net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated undiscounted future net cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds their fair value. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of their carrying value or fair value less cost to sell.

Goodwill

To comply with ASC 350, *Intangibles — Goodwill and Other*, or ASC 350, we perform a test for goodwill impairment annually or more frequently in the event we determine that a triggering event has occurred. Our annual testing is performed as of November 1, 2010. Goodwill and other intangible accounting standards provide that goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite lives are not amortized but instead are tested for impairment on an annual basis.

In accordance with these standards, we completed our annual test for impairment of goodwill as of November 1, 2010 and 2009, respectively. For 2010 and 2009, the annual test of impairment indicated that goodwill was not impaired.

The annual review of impairment was performed by comparing the carrying value of the partnership to its estimated fair value. The valuation analysis used both income and market approaches as described below:

- *Income Approach:* To determine fair value, we discounted the expected future cash flows for the reporting unit utilizing observable market data to the extent available. The discount rate used for the 2010 and 2009 impairment test was 14.6% and 13.4%, respectively, representing the estimated weighted-average costs of capital, which reflects the overall level of inherent risk involved in the reporting unit and the rate of return an outside investor would expect to earn.
- Market-Based Approach: To determine the fair value of the reporting unit, we also utilized a market based approach. We used the guideline company method, which focuses on comparing our risk profile and growth prospects to select reasonably similar publicly traded companies.

We assigned an equal weighting of 50% to the result of both the income approach and market based approach based upon the reliability and relevance of the data used in each analysis. This weighting was deemed reasonable as the guideline public companies have a high-level of comparability with the reporting unit and the projections used in the income approach were prepared using current estimates.

Allocation of Costs

Our consolidated financial statements include an allocation of costs that have been incurred by CVR Energy or Coffeyville Resources on our behalf. The allocation of such costs are governed by the services agreement entered into by CVR Energy and us and affiliated companies in October 2007. The services agreement provides guidance for the treatment of certain general and administrative expenses and certain direct operating expenses incurred on our behalf. Such expenses incurred include, but are not limited to, salaries, benefits, share-based compensation expense, insurance, accounting, tax, legal and technology services. Prior to the services agreement such costs were allocated to us based upon certain assumptions and estimates that were made in order to allocate a reasonable share of such expenses to us, so that the consolidated financial statements reflect substantially all costs of doing business. The authoritative guidance to allocate such costs is set forth in Staff Accounting Bulletin, or SAB Topic 1-B "Allocations of Expenses and Related Disclosures in Financial Statements of Subsidiaries, Divisions or Lesser Business Components of Another Entity."

Additionally, prior to the services agreement, certain expenses such as interest expense, interest income, bank charges, gain (loss) on derivatives and loss on extinguishment of debt were allocated based upon fertilizer divisional equity as a percentage of total CVR Energy debt and equity. Certain selling, general and administrative expense allocations were based primarily on a percentage of total fertilizer payroll to the total fertilizer and petroleum segment payrolls. In addition, allocations were also based upon the nature of the expense incurred. Property insurance costs, included in direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization), were allocated based upon specific segment valuations.

If shared costs rise or the method by which we allocate shared costs changes, additional general and administrative expenses could be allocated to us, which could be material. In addition, the amounts charged or allocated to us are not necessarily indicative of the cost that we will incur in the future operating as a stand-alone company.

Share-Based Compensation

We have been allocated non-cash share-based compensation expense from CVR Energy and from Coffeyville Acquisition III. CVR Energy accounts for share-based compensation in accordance with ASC 718 Compensation — Stock Compensation, or ASC 718, as well as guidance regarding the accounting for share-based compensation granted to employees of an equity method investee. In accordance with ASC 718, CVR Energy and Coffeyville Acquisition III apply a fair-value based measurement method in accounting for share-based compensation. We recognize the costs of the share-based compensation incurred by CVR Energy and Coffeyville Acquisition III on our behalf primarily in selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization), and a corresponding increase or decrease to partners' capital, as the costs are incurred on our behalf, following the guidance issued by the FASB regarding the accounting for equity instruments that are issued to

other than employees for acquiring, or in conjunction with selling goods or services, which require remeasurement at each reporting period through the performance commitment period, or in our case, through the vesting period. Costs are allocated by CVR Energy and Coffeyville Acquisition III based upon the percentage of time a CVR Energy employee provides services to us. In the event an individual's roles and responsibilities change with respect to services provided to us, a reassessment is performed to determine if the allocation percentages should be adjusted. In accordance with the services agreement, we will not be responsible for the payment of cash related to any share-based compensation allocated to us by CVR Energy.

There is considerable judgment in the determination of the significant assumptions used in determining the fair value of the share-based compensation allocated to us from CVR Energy and Coffeyville Acquisition III. Changes in the assumptions used to determine the fair value of compensation expense associated with share-based compensation arrangements could result in material changes in the amounts allocated to us from CVR Energy and Coffeyville Acquisition III. Share-based compensation for financial statement purposes allocated to us from CVR Energy in the future will depend and be based upon the market value of CVR Energy's common stock.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our principal source of liquidity has historically been cash from operations. In connection with the completion of this offering, we will enter into our own new credit facility and to be removed as a guarantor or obligor, as applicable, under Coffeyville Resources' credit facility, 9.0% First Lien Senior Secured Notes due 2015 and 10.875% Second Lien Senior Secured Notes due 2017. Our principal uses of cash are expected to be operations, distributions, capital expenditures and funding our debt service obligations. We believe that our cash from operations will be adequate to satisfy commercial commitments for the next twelve months and that the net proceeds from this offering and borrowings under our new credit facility will be adequate to fund our planned capital expenditures, including the intended UAN expansion, for the next twelve months.

New Credit Facility

Concurrently with the closing of this offering, we intend to enter into a new credit facility with Goldman Sachs Lending Partners LLC, as administrative agent and collateral agent, and the other parties thereto.

We expect that the new credit facility will include (i) a term loan facility of \$125.0 million and (ii) a revolving credit facility of \$25.0 million. The new credit facility will also include an uncommitted incremental facility of up to \$50.0 million. The borrower under the new credit facility will be CRNF, and CVR Partners will provide a guarantee. We expect the term loans and the revolving credit facility will mature in 2016.

Our new credit facility will include borrowing capacity available for letters of credit. Borrowings under our new credit facility will be subject to the satisfaction of customary conditions, including the absence of a default and the accuracy of all representations and warranties. We expect that the credit facility will be used to fund our ongoing working capital needs, letters of credit and for general partnership purposes, including potential future acquisitions and expansions. The revolving portion of our credit facility could also be used to fund quarterly distributions at the option of the board of directors of our general partner, although we currently do not intend to borrow in order to make quarterly distributions.

Guarantees and Security

All obligations under the new credit facility will be unconditionally guaranteed by CVR Partners and substantially all of our future, direct and indirect, domestic subsidiaries. All obligations under the new credit facility and the guarantees of those obligations will be secured, subject to certain exceptions, by a security interest in substantially all of the assets of CVR Partners and CRNF and all of the capital stock of CRNF and each domestic subsidiary owned by CVR Partners or CRNF.

Interest Rate and Fees

Borrowings under our new credit facility will bear interest at a rate per annum equal to, at our option, either (a) a base rate determined by reference to the highest of (1) the rate of interest quoted in the Wall Street Journal as

the prime rate, (2) the federal funds effective rate plus 0.50% and (3) the sum of the adjusted Eurodollar rate that would be applicable to a Eurodollar rate loan with an interest period of one month commencing on such date and the excess of the applicable margin with respect to Eurodollar rate loans over the applicable margin with respect to base rate loans, plus, in each case, an applicable margin or (b) an adjusted Eurodollar rate plus an applicable margin. The applicable margins under the new credit facility are subject to step-ups and step-downs based on our leverage ratio. In addition to paying interest on outstanding principal under our new credit facility, we will be required to pay a commitment fee, in respect of the unutilized commitments thereunder, of 0.50% per annum multiplied by such unutilized commitments. We will also be required to pay customary letter of credit fees, including, without limitation, a letter of credit fee equal to the applicable margin on revolving credit LIBOR loans and fronting fees.

Mandatory Prepayments

We will be required to prepay outstanding amounts under our term facility in an amount equal to the net proceeds from the sale of assets or from insurance or condemnation awards related to collateral, in each case subject to certain reinvestment rights. In addition, we will be required to prepay outstanding amounts under our term facility with the net proceeds from certain issuances of debt (other than debt permitted to be incurred under our new credit facility).

Voluntary Prepayments/Commitment Reductions

At any time, we may voluntarily reduce the unutilized portion of the revolving commitment amount, and prepay, in whole or in part, outstanding amounts under our new credit facility without premium or penalty other than customary "breakage" costs with respect to Eurodollar rate loans.

Amortization and Final Maturity

There is no scheduled amortization under our new credit facility. All outstanding amounts under our new credit facility will be due and payable in full five years after the closing date of the new credit facility.

Restrictive Covenants and Other Matters

Our new credit facility will require us to maintain (i) a minimum interest coverage ratio (ratio of Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA to interest) as of any fiscal quarter of 3.0 to 1.0 and (ii) a maximum leverage ratio (ratio of debt to Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA) of (a) as of any fiscal quarter ending after the closing date and prior to December 31, 2011, 3.50 to 1.0, and (b) as of any fiscal quarter ending on or after December 31, 2011, 3.0 to 1.0 in all cases calculated on a trailing four quarter basis. For the year ended December 31, 2010, our interest coverage ratio, on a pro forma basis, would have been 9.3 to 1.0, and our leverage ratio would have been 2.0 to 1.0, and for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012, we estimate our interest coverage ratio would be 26.5 to 1.0 and our leverage ratio would be 0.7 to 1.0. In addition, the new credit facility will include negative covenants that will, subject to significant exceptions, limit our ability and the ability of certain of our subsidiaries to, among other things:

- incur, assume or permit to exist additional indebtedness, guarantees and other contingent obligations;
- · incur liens;
- · make negative pledges;
- · pay dividends or make other distributions;
- · make payments to our subsidiary;
- · make certain loans and investments:
- · consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of our assets;
- · enter into sale-leaseback transactions; and
- · enter into transactions with affiliates.

The new credit facility will provide that we can make distributions to holders of our common units, but only if we are in compliance with our leverage ratio and interest coverage ratio covenants on a pro forma basis after giving effect to any distribution and there is no default or event of default under the facility.

The new credit facility is expected to contain certain customary representations and warranties, affirmative covenants and events of default, including among other things, payment defaults, breach of representations and warranties, covenant defaults, cross-defaults to certain indebtedness, certain events of bankruptcy, certain events under ERISA, material judgments, actual or asserted failure of any guaranty or security document supporting the new credit facility to be in force and effect, and change of control. An event of default will also be triggered if CVR Energy terminates or violates any of its covenants in any of the intercompany agreements between us and CVR Energy and such action has a material adverse effect on us. If an event of default occurs, the administrative agent under the new credit facility would be entitled to take various actions, including the acceleration of amounts due under the new credit facility and all actions permitted to be taken by a secured creditor.

Capital Spending

We divide our capital spending needs into two categories: maintenance and growth. Maintenance capital spending includes only non-discretionary maintenance projects and projects required to comply with environmental, health and safety regulations. Our maintenance capital spending totaled approximately \$8.9 million in 2010 and is expected to be approximately \$32.8 million in the aggregate over the four-year period beginning 2011. Major scheduled turnaround expenses are expensed when incurred. Capital expenditures are for discretionary projects. Our new credit facility may limit the amount we can spend on capital expenditures.

The following table sets forth our estimate of capital spending for our business for the years presented (other than 2010, which reflects actual spending). Our future capital spending will be determined by the board of directors of our general partner. The data contained in the table below represents our current plans, but these plans may change as a result of unforeseen circumstances and we may revise these estimates from time to time or not spend the amounts in the manner allocated below.

Actual Estimated			ated			
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014		
	(\$	in millions)				
1.0	40.0	65.0	_	_		
0.2	2.4					
1.2	42.4	65.0	_	_		
\$ 8.9	\$ 6.5	\$ 11.4	\$ 7.4	\$ 7.5		
10.1	48.9	76.4	7.4	7.5		
3.5		4.0		4.0		
\$ 13.6	\$ 48.9	\$ 80.4	\$ 7.4	\$ 11.5		
	1.0 0.2 1.2 \$ 8.9 10.1 3.5	2010 2011 (\$ 1.0 40.0 0.2 2.4 1.2 42.4 \$ 8.9 \$ 6.5 10.1 48.9 3.5 —	2010 2011 (\$ in millions) 1.0 40.0 65.0 0.2 2.4 — 1.2 42.4 65.0 \$ 8.9 \$ 6.5 \$ 11.4 10.1 48.9 76.4 3.5 — 4.0	2010 2011 (\$ in millions) 2012 (\$ in millions) 2013 (\$ in millions) 1.0 40.0 65.0 — 0.2 2.4 — — 1.2 42.4 65.0 — \$ 8.9 \$ 6.5 \$ 11.4 \$ 7.4 10.1 48.9 76.4 7.4 3.5 — 4.0 —		

Our estimated capital expenditures are subject to change due to unanticipated increases in the cost, scope and completion time for our capital projects. For example, we may experience increases in labor or equipment costs necessary to comply with government regulations or to complete projects that sustain or improve the profitability of our nitrogen fertilizer plant. Capital spending for our business has been and will be determined by our general partner. We intend to move forward with the UAN expansion. We expect that the approximately \$135 million UAN expansion, for which approximately \$31 million had been spent as of December 31, 2010, will take 18 to 24 months to complete and will be funded with approximately \$100.0 million of the net proceeds from this offering. Maintenance capital expenditures will be funded using cash flow from operations, and other capital projects will be funded with borrowings under our revolving credit facility and future credit agreements.

Senior Secured Notes

On April 6, 2010, Coffeyville Resources and its newly formed wholly-owned subsidiary, Coffeyville Finance Inc., completed a private offering of \$275.0 million aggregate principal amount of 9.0% First Lien Senior Secured Notes due 2015, or the First Lien Notes, and \$225.0 million aggregate principal amount of 10.875% Second Lien Senior Secured Notes due 2017, or the Second Lien Notes, and together with the First Lien Notes, the Notes. The First Lien Notes mature on April 1, 2015, unless earlier redeemed or repurchased, and the Second Lien Notes mature on April 1, 2017, unless earlier redeemed or repurchased.

In the event of a Fertilizer Business Event (as defined in the indentures governing the Notes), Coffeyville Resources is required to offer to purchase a portion of the Notes from holders at a purchase price equal to 103% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest. In addition, the Notes provide that upon the occurrence of a Fertilizer Business Event, our guarantee thereof will be fully and unconditionally released, and the assets of the fertilizer business will no longer constitute collateral for the benefit of the Notes (but the common units which Coffeyville Resources owns in us will remain collateral for the benefit of the Notes). This offering of common units will trigger a Fertilizer Business Event, and we plan to pay a special distribution to Coffeyville Resources with a portion of the proceeds of this offering. See "Use of Proceeds." In addition, as a result of the Fertilizer Business Event, we will no longer be subject to the negative covenants contained in the indentures governing the Notes.

Cash Flows

Operating Activities

For purposes of this cash flow discussion, we define trade working capital as accounts receivable, inventory and accounts payable. Other working capital is defined as all other current assets and liabilities except trade working capital.

Net cash provided by operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2010 was \$75.9 million. This positive cash flow from operating activities was primarily attributable to net income and increased in cash flow from trade and other working capital. Net income was driven by a strong fertilizer price environment which was partially offset by a decline in overall sales volume that resulted from downtime associated with the major scheduled turnaround and rupture of high pressure UAN vessel in the fourth quarter. Trade working capital for the year ended December 31, 2010 increased our operating cash flow by \$9.3 million and was attributable to a \$2.1 million decrease in inventory and a \$9.4 million increase in accounts payable partially offset by a \$2.2 million increase in accounts receivable. With respect to other working capital for the year ended December 31, 2010, the primary source of cash was an \$8.4 million increase in deferred revenue. Deferred revenue represents customer prepaid deposits for the future delivery of our nitrogen fertilizer products. Additionally we received insurance proceeds of approximately \$4.3 million related to the repairs, maintenance and other associated costs of the UAN vessel rupture, of which approximately \$3.2 million is included in cash flows from operating activities and the remaining balance is included in cash flows from investing activities. This was partially offset by the establishment of \$4.5 million insurance receivable associated with the UAN vessel rupture and a \$2.7 million increase in prepaid expenses and other current assets.

Net cash flows from operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2009 were \$85.5 million. The positive cash flow from operating activities generated over this period was primarily driven by a strong sales volumes and a favorable fertilizer price environment. Also positively impacting cash flows from operations were favorable changes in other working capital. These positive cash flows were partially offset by net decreases in cash from trade working capital. Trade working capital for the year ended December 31, 2009 reduced our operating cash flow by \$0.3 million. For the year ended December 31, 2009, accounts receivable decreased by \$3.2 million and inventory decreased by \$5.7 million resulting in a net inflow of cash of \$8.9 million. These inflows of cash due to changes in trade working capital were offset by a decrease in accounts payable, or a use of cash, of \$9.2 million. With respect to other working capital, the primary source of cash during the year ended December 31, 2009, was a \$4.5 million increase in deferred revenue and a \$1.5 million decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets. Deferred revenue represents customer prepaid deposits for the future delivery of our nitrogen fertilizer products.

Net cash flows from operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2008 were \$123.5 million. The positive cash flow from operating activities generated over this period was primarily driven by a strong fertilizer price

environment partially offset by net decreases in cash from trade working capital and other working capital. Trade working capital for the year ended December 31, 2008 reduced our operating cash flow by \$4.6 million. For the year ended December 31, 2008, accounts receivable increased by \$3.2 million while inventory increased by \$11.5 million resulting in a net use of cash of \$14.7 million. These uses of cash due to changes in trade working capital were offset by an increase in accounts payable, or a source of cash, of \$10.1 million. With respect to other working capital, the primary source of cash during the year ended December 31, 2008 was a \$5.3 million increase in accrued expenses and other current liabilities. Offsetting this source of cash was a decrease in deferred revenue of \$7.4 million. Deferred revenue represents customer prepaid deposits for the future delivery of our nitrogen fertilizer products.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 was \$9.0 million, \$13.4 million and \$23.5 million, respectively. Net cash used in investing activities principally relates to capital expenditures. Capital expenditures in 2010 were partially offset by approximately \$1.1 million of insurance proceeds received in connection with the rupture of the high-pressure VAN vessel. Increased levels of capital spending occurred for the years ended December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008 primarily due to preliminary expenditures related to the UAN expansion. Additionally, increased capital spending also was incurred for the year ended December 31, 2008 due to assets purchased to replace assets retired during the turnaround in 2008.

Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 was \$29.6 million, \$75.8 million and \$105.3 million, respectively. For the year ended December 31, 2010, \$29.0 million of the net cash used in financing activities was attributable to amounts loaned to our affiliate with the rest due to deferred costs of this offering. For the year ended December 31, 2009, net cash used in financing activities was entirely attributable to amounts loaned to our affiliates. For the year ended December 31, 2008, we made cash distributions to Coffeyville Resources which totaled \$50.0 million. Additionally, for the year ended December 31, 2008, we loaned \$53.1 million to our affiliate. For the year ended December 31, 2008, the remaining cash outflows were primarily attributable to the payment of costs related to a previously withdrawn securities offering.

Capital and Commercial Commitments

We are required to make payments relating to various types of obligations. The following table summarizes our minimum payments as of December 31, 2010 relating to operating leases, unconditional purchase obligations and environmental liabilities for the five years ending December 31, 2015 and thereafter.

Our ability to make payments on and to refinance our indebtedness, to make distributions, to fund planned capital expenditures and to satisfy our other capital and commercial commitments will depend on our ability to generate cash flow in the future. This, to a certain extent, is subject to nitrogen fertilizer margins, natural gas prices and general economic, financial, competitive, legislative, regulatory and other factors that are beyond our control.

Contractual Obligations

		Payments Due by Period							
	Total	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Thereafter		
				(in millions)					
Long-term debt(1)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$	_	
Operating leases(2)	16.8	4.4	4.5	3.7	2.0	1.2		1.0	
Unconditional purchase obligations(3)	55.0	5.6	5.7	6.0	6.0	6.1		25.6	
Unconditional purchase obligations with affiliates(4)	110.1	6.3	6.4	6.6	6.6	6.6		77.6	
Environmental liabilities(5)	0.1	0.1	_	_	_	_		_	
Total	\$ 182.0	\$ 16.4	\$ 16.6	\$ 16.3	\$ 14.6	\$ 13.9	\$	104.2	

- We will enter into a new credit facility in connection with the closing of this offering. The new credit facility will include a \$125.0 million term loan, which will be fully drawn at closing, and a \$25.0 million revolving credit facility, which will be undrawn at closing. On a pro forma basis giving effect to these borrowings, the principal payments due by period in respect thereof would be zero for 2011 through 2015 and \$125.0 million thereafter, and the interest payments due by period in respect thereof to read the specific payments due by period in respect thereof the specific payments due by period in respect thereof to respect thereof for 2015 and \$125.0 million thereafter, and the interest rate of 4.0% would have \$3.9 million for 2011, \$5.1 million for 2013, \$5.1 million for 2014, \$5.1 million for 2015 and \$1.2 million for 2015 and
- We lease various facilities and equipment, primarily railcars, under non-cancelable operating leases for various periods
- (3) The amount includes commitments under an electric supply agreement with the city of Coffeyville and a product supply agreement with Linde.
- The amount includes commitments under our long-term pet coke supply agreement with CVR Energy having an initial term that ends in 2027, subject to renewal.
- Represents our estimated remaining costs of remediation to address environmental contamination resulting from a reported release of UAN in 2005 pursuant to the State of Kansas Voluntary Cleanup and Property Redevelopment Program.

Under our long-term pet coke supply agreement with CVR Energy, we may become obligated to provide security for our payment obligations under the agreement if in CVR Energy's sole judgment there is a material adverse change in our financial condition or liquidity position or in our ability to make payments. This security may not exceed an amount equal to 21 times the average daily dollar value of pet coke we purchase for the 90-day period preceding the date on which CVR Energy gives us notice that it has deemed that a material adverse change has occurred. Unless otherwise agreed by CVR Energy and us, we can provide such security by means of a standby or documentary letter of credit, prepayment, a surety instrument, or a combination of the foregoing. If we do not provide such security, CVR Energy may require us to pay for future deliveries of pet coke on a cash-on-delivery basis, failing which it may suspend delivery of pet coke until such security is provided and terminate the agreement upon 30 days' prior written notice. Additionally, we may terminate the agreement within 60 days of providing security, so long as we provide five days' prior written notice.

Our business may not generate sufficient cash flow from operations, and future borrowings may not be available to us under our new credit facility, in an amount sufficient to enable us to make quarterly distributions, finance necessary capital expenditures, service our indebtedness or fund our other liquidity needs. We may seek to sell assets or issue debt securities or additional equity securities to fund our liquidity needs but may not be able to do so. We may also need to refinance all or a portion of our indebtedness on or before maturity. We may not be able to refinance any of our indebtedness on commercially reasonable terms or at all.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In January 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued Accounting Standards Update, or ASU, No. 2010-06, "Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements" an amendment to Accounting Standards Codification, or ASC, Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures." This amendment requires an entity to: (i) disclose separately the amounts of significant transfers in and out of Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements and describe the reasons for the transfers, (ii) present separate information for Level 3 activity pertaining to gross purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements and (iii) enhance disclosures of assets and liabilities

subject to fair value measurements. The provisions of ASU No. 2010-06 are effective for us for interim and annual reporting beginning after December 15, 2009, with one new disclosure effective after December 15, 2010. We adopted this ASU as of January 1, 2010. The adoption of this standard did not impact our financial position or results of operations.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any "off-balance sheet arrangements" as such term is defined within the rules and regulations of the SEC.

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market risk represents the risk of loss that may impact our financial position, results of operations or cash flows due to adverse changes in financial and commodity market prices and rates. We do not currently use derivative financial instruments to manage risks related to changes in prices of commodities (e.g., ammonia, UAN or pet coke) or interest rates. Given that our business is currently based entirely in the United States, we are not directly exposed to foreign currency exchange rate risk.

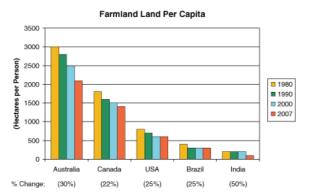
We do not engage in activities that expose us to speculative or non-operating risks, including derivative trading activities. In the opinion of our management, there is no derivative financial instrument that correlates effectively with, and has a trading volume sufficient to hedge, our firm commitments and forecasted commodity purchase or sales transactions. Our management will continue to monitor whether financial derivatives become available which could effectively hedge identified risks and management may in the future elect to use derivative financial instruments consistent with our overall business objectives to avoid unnecessary risk and to limit, to the extent practical, risks associated with our operating activities.

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

Fertilizer Overview

Plants require three essential nutrients in order to grow for which there are no substitutes: nitrogen, phosphate and potassium. Each nutrient plays a different role in plant development. Nitrogen is the most important element for plant growth because it is a building block of protein and chlorophyll. The supply of nitrogen not only determines growth, but also vigor, color and most importantly, yield. Phosphate is essential to plant root development and is required for photosynthesis, seed germination and the efficient usage of water. Potassium improves a plant's ability to withstand the stress of drought, disease, cold weather, weeds and insects. Although these nutrients are naturally found in soil, they are depleted over time by farming, which leads to declines in crop productivity. To replenish these nutrients farmers must apply fertilizer. Of these three nutrients, nitrogen is most quickly depleted, and as such, must be replenished every year. Phosphates and potassium, in the form of potash, can remain in soil for up to three years.

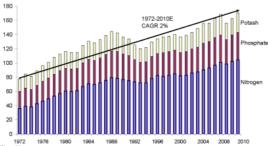
Global fertilizer demand is driven primarily by population growth, dietary changes in the developing world and increased bio-fuel consumption. As the global population grows, more food is required from decreasing farm land per capita. To increase food production from available land, more fertilizer must be used.



According to the IFA, from 1972 to 2010, global fertilizer demand grew 2.1% annually and global nitrogen fertilizer demand grew at a faster rate of 2.8% annually. According to the IFA, during that 38-year period, U.S. fertilizer demand grew 0.6% annually and U.S. nitrogen fertilizer demand grew at a faster rate of 1.2% annually. Fertilizer use is projected to increase by 45% between 2005 and 2030 to meet global food demand, according to a study funded by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations.

In 2008, global fertilizer consumption was approximately 172.7 million nutrient tons — 109.4 million tons of nitrogen (63%), 37.7 million tons of phosphate (22%), and 25.6 million tons of potash (15%). Over time, these percentages have remained relatively constant, with the exception of the 2008 – 2009 economic crisis. During the crisis, farmers delayed fertilizer application in anticipation of lower fertilizer prices. Because nitrogen is not retained in soil and must be applied each year, it experienced a significantly smaller volume decline than phosphate and potash. According to Blue Johnson, U.S. potash and phosphate fertilizer volumes for 2009 both fell by 43% from 2008 levels, whereas nitrogen fertilizer volumes fell by only 12%.

Global Fertilizer Consumption Over Time (Millions of Metric Tons)



Note: Nutrient Tonnes; Fertilizer Years Source: International Fertilizer Industry Association

Currently, the developed world uses fertilizer more intensively than the developing world, but sustained economic growth in emerging markets is increasing food demand and fertilizer use. As such, populations are shifting to more protein-rich diets as their incomes increase, with such consumption requiring larger amounts of grain for animal feed. As an example, China's grain production increased 31% between September 2001 and September 2010, but still failed to keep pace with increases in demand, prompting China to double its grain imports over the same period, according to the USDA.

World Grain Production and Stock to Use Ratios Millions of Tonnes, Stock to Use Ratio



Note: Grains include barley, corn, oats, sorghum, and wheat. Stock to use ratio is ending inventory / consumption for that year. Years are fertilizer years ending on June 30. Data as of February 28, 2011.

Source: USDA

The United States is the world's largest exporter of coarse grains, accounting for 46% of world exports and 31% of total world production according to the USDA. The United States is also the world's third largest consumer of nitrogen fertilizer and historically the largest importer of nitrogen fertilizer. Nitrogen fertilizer consumption in the United States is driven by three of its most important crops — corn, wheat and cotton — with corn being the largest

consumer of nitrogen fertilizer in total and on a per acre basis. Global demand for corn has increased significantly, leading to an increase in U.S. corn production of 18% over the last four years, according to the USDA. Domestically, corn demand increases are being driven primarily by increased government ethanol mandates and by increased global demand for grain. The Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 requires fuel producers to use at least 36 billion gallons of ethanol by 2022, a nearly 37% increase over current levels. In 2009, 3,677 million bushels of corn a year, or 24% of U.S. production, was used to produce ethanol. To meet the government mandate, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Economics at the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign estimates that corn used to produce ethanol will need to increase to 4,400 million bushels for the 12 months ending June 2011.

World grain demand has increased 11% over the last five years, resulting in the lowest projected grain ending stocks in the United States since 1995 despite increased planted acreage and robust harvests during recent years. This tight supply environment has led to significant increases in grain prices, which are highly supportive of fertilizer prices. For example, during the last five years, corn prices in Illinois have averaged \$3.80 per bushel, an increase of 80% above the average price of \$2.12 per bushel during the preceding five years. Similarly, the average price for wheat during the last five years is 71% higher than the average price during the preceding five years. Fertilizer costs represent approximately 18% to 25% of a U.S. farmer's total input costs but have the greatest effect on the farmers' yield. For example, corn yields are directly proportional to the level of nitrogen fertilizer applied, giving farmers an economic incentive to increase the amount of fertilizer used, particularly at existing corn prices. At existing grain prices and prices implied by futures markets, farmers are expected to generate substantial profits, leading to relatively inelastic demand for fertilizers.

Breakdown of U.S. Farmer Total Input Costs | Solid | Soli

Nitrogen Fertilizers

The four principal nitrogen-based fertilizer products are:

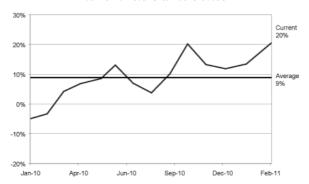
Ammonia. Ammonia is used as a direct application fertilizer; however, it is primarily used as a building block for other nitrogen fertilizer products. Ammonia, consisting of 82% nitrogen, is stored either as a refrigerated liquid at minus 27 degrees Fahrenheit, or under pressure if not refrigerated. It is a hazardous gas at ambient temperatures, making it difficult and costly to transport. The direct application of ammonia requires farmers to make a considerable investment in pressurized storage tanks and injection machinery, and can take place only under a narrow range of ambient conditions. Ammonia is traded globally; however, transportation costs are significant.

Ammonia is produced by reacting gaseous nitrogen with hydrogen at high pressure and temperature in the presence of a catalyst. Traditionally, nearly all hydrogen produced for the manufacture of nitrogen-based fertilizers is produced by reforming natural gas at a high temperature and pressure in the presence of water and a catalyst. This process consumes a significant amount of natural gas, and as a result, production costs fluctuate significantly with changes in natural gas prices.

Alternatively, hydrogen used for the manufacture of ammonia can also be produced by gasifying pet coke or coal. Pet coke is produced during the petroleum refining process. The pet coke gasification process, which we utilize at our nitrogen fertilizer plant provides us with a cost advantage compared to U.S. Gulf Coast and offshore producers. Our nitrogen fertilizer plant's pet coke gasification process uses almost no natural gas, whereas natural gas is the sole feedstock for substantially all of our competitors, accounting for 85-90% of their production costs historically

Urea Ammonium Nitrate Solution. Urea can be combined with ammonium nitrate solution to make liquid nitrogen fertilizer (urea ammonium nitrate or UAN). These solutions contain 32% nitrogen and are easy and safe to store and transport. Unlike ammonia and urea, UAN can be applied throughout the growing season and can be applied in tandem with pesticides and fungicides, providing farmers with flexibility and cost savings. The convenience of UAN fertilizer has led to an 8.5% increase in its consumption from 2000 through 2010 (estimated) on a nitrogen content basis, whereas ammonia fertilizer consumption decreased by 2.4% for the same period, according to data supplied by Blue Johnson. UAN benefits from an attractive combination of ammonium nitrate's immediate release of nutrients to the plant, and urea's slow form fertilization. UAN is not widely traded globally because it is costly to transport (it is approximately 65% water) and because its consumption is concentrated in the United States, which accounts for 60% of global consumption. Therefore, there is little risk to U.S. UAN producers of an influx of UAN from foreign imports. As a result of these factors, UAN commands a price premium to urea, on a nitrogen equivalent basis, as illustrated in the

Farm Belt UAN / Farm Belt Urea Price Premium % Premium over Urea Nutrient Basis



Source: Green Markets

Urea. Urea is mostly produced as a coated, granular solid containing 46% nitrogen and is suitable for use in bulk fertilizer blends containing the other two principal fertilizer nutrients, phosphate and potash. Urea accounts for 58% of the global nitrogen fertilizer market and 25% of the U.S. nitrogen fertilizer market. Urea is produced and traded worldwide and as a result, has less stable margins. We do not produce merchant urea.

Ammonium Nitrate. Ammonium nitrate is a dry, granular form of nitrogen-based fertilizer. We do not produce this product. Ammonium nitrate is also used for explosives; however we only handle the aqueous, non-explosive form, and therefore we are not subject to homeland security regulations concerning the dry form.

North American Nitrogen Fertilizer Industry

The five largest producers in the North American nitrogen fertilizer industry are Agrium, CF Industries, Koch Industries, Potash Corporation and Yara, all of which use natural gas-based production methods. Over the last five years, U.S. natural gas prices at the Henry Hub pricing point have averaged \$6.06 per MMbtu, with a spot price low

of \$1.88 per MMbtu in 2009 and a spot price high of \$13.31 per MMbtu in 2008. With the discovery of shale gas reserves, North American natural gas prices have declined significantly, giving North American producers a significant and sustainable cost advantage over former Soviet Union and Western European producers. Ukrainian producers now serve as the global swing producers. Their production costs, based on high cost natural gas purchased from Russia, plus transportation costs over land to regional ports and then ocean freight to the U.S. Gulf Coast, serve as the price floor for the U.S. market, which imports approximately 48% of its nitrogen fertilizer needs.

Natural Gas Prices United States and Western Europe 15.00 10.00

Over the last decade, North American fertilizer capacity has declined significantly due to plant closures. In the United States, production capacity fell by 34% between 1999 and 2010 due to capacity closures, and no new plants have been built since our nitrogen fertilizer plant was constructed in 2000. Prior to the construction of our plant, the most recent plant to be built was completed in 1977. The North American fertilizer industry has also experienced significant consolidation from merger and acquisition activity. In 2003, Koch Industries acquired Farmland's nitrogen fertilizer assets, in 2008 Yara acquired Saskferco and in 2010 CF Industries acquired Terra Industries. As a result of these and other developments, the top five producers have increased their market share in North America from 56% in 2000 to 78% today. Further opportunity to consolidate exists today as a number of smaller nitrogen fertilizer assets are held by companies that do not have a fertilizer focus.

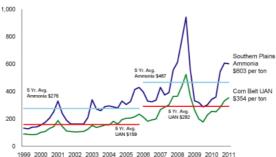
Our production facility is located in the farm belt, which refers to the states of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Texas and Wisconsin. In 2010, the farm belt consumed approximately 3.8 million tons of ammonia and 6.8 million tons of UAN. Based on Blue Johnson, we estimate that our UAN production in 2010 represented approximately 5.1% of the total U.S. UAN demand and our net ammonia production represented less than 1.0% of the total U.S. ammonia demand.

Fertilizer Pricing Trends

During the 1990s, ammonia prices in the Southern Plains, a region within our primary market, typically fluctuated between \$125 and \$225 per ton. During that time, the U.S. nitrogen fertilizer industry was oversupplied. During the 2000s, natural gas prices rose and U.S. production declined significantly following plant closures and consolidation due to merger and acquisition activity. At the same time, world demand for grain continued to increase, leading to tightening nitrogen fertilizer markets. During the last decade nitrogen fertilizer prices decoupled from natural gas prices and became driven primarily by demand dynamics. In 2008, nitrogen fertilizer experienced a dramatic increase in price commensurate with other fertilizer nutrients and other global commodities such as metals. The 2008–2009 global economic crisis prompted a decline in fertilizer prices and fertilizer demand; however, the long-term supply and demand trends remained intact, leading to a strong recovery of fertilizer demand and pricing shortly after the onset of the financial crisis. Today, nitrogen fertilizer prices continue to benefit from

strong global fundamentals for agricultural products. A particularly strong relationship exists between global grain prices and nitrogen fertilizer prices. For example, U.S. 30-day corn and wheat futures increased 104% and 74% from June 1, 2010 to February 28, 2011. During this same time period, Southern Plains ammonia prices increased 67% from \$360 per ton to \$603 per ton and com belt UAN prices increased 41% from \$252 per ton to \$354 per ton. Despite the growth in prices, prices in forward markets are available at or very near current levels. This environment is supportive of high farmer profits, which are in turn supportive of sustained high fertilizer prices and demand.

Historical U.S. Nitrogen Fertilizer Prices



Source: Green Markets

The transportation costs related to shipping ammonia and UAN into the farm belt are substantial and shipping into this region is difficult; it costs an estimated \$25 per ton to ship these fertilizers from the U.S. Gulf Coast to Hastings, Nebraska, a major U.S. trading hub for ammonia and UAN near NuStar's Aurora pipeline. As a result, locally based fertilizer producers, such as us, enjoy a distribution cost advantage over U.S. Gulf Coast ammonia and UAN producers and importers. As illustrated in the exhibit below, Southern Plains spot ammonia and corn belt spot UAN prices averaged \$444 per ton and \$277 per ton, respectively, for the 2006 through 2010 year to date, based on data provided by Blue Johnson, which represents an average 26% and 21% premium, respectively, over U.S. Gulf Coast prices.

Premium of Southern Plains Ammonia and Cornbelt UAN to U.S. Gulf Prices (\$ per ton)



Jan-06 Nov-06 Sep-07 Aug-08 Jun-09 Apr-10 Feb-11
Note: 3 month rolling premium of Southern Plains Ammonia and Grombelt UAN to U.S. Gulf NOLA Barge Ammonia and UAN prices.
Source: Blue, Johnson & Associates, Inc. Report, 2010, Green Markets for U.S. Gulf prices after September 2010.

BUSINESS

Overview

We are a Delaware limited partnership formed by CVR Energy to own, operate and grow our nitrogen fertilizer business. Strategically located adjacent to CVR Energy's refinery in Coffeyville, Kansas, our nitrogen fertilizer manufacturing facility is the only operation in North America that utilizes a petroleum coke, or pet coke, gasification process to produce nitrogen fertilizer. Our facility includes a 1,225 ton-per-day ammonia unit, a 2,025 ton-per-day UAN unit, and a gasifier complex having a capacity of 84 million standard cubic feet per day. Our gasifier is a dual-train facility, with each gasifier able to function independently of the other, thereby providing redundancy and improving our reliability. We upgrade a majority of the ammonia we produce to higher margin UAN fertilizer, an aqueous solution of urea and ammonium nitrate which has historically commanded a premium price over ammonia. In 2010, we produced 392,745 tons of ammonia, of which approximately 60% was upgraded into 578,272 tons of UAN.

We intend to expand our existing asset base and utilize the experience of CVR Energy's management team to execute our growth strategy. Our growth strategy includes expanding production of UAN and potentially acquiring additional infrastructure and production assets. Following completion of this offering, we intend to move forward with a significant two-year plant expansion designed to increase our UAN production by 400,000 tons, or approximately 50%, per year. CVR Energy, a New York Stock Exchange listed company, which following this offering will indirectly own our general partner and approximately % of our outstanding common units, currently operates a 115,000 barrel-per-day, or bpd, sour crude oil refinery and ancillary businesses.

The primary raw material feedstock utilized in our nitrogen fertilizer production process is pet coke, which is produced during the crude oil refining process. In contrast, substantially all of our nitrogen fertilizer competitors use natural gas as their primary raw material feedstock. Historically, pet coke has been significantly less expensive than natural gas on a per ton of fertilizer produced basis and pet coke prices have been more stable when compared to natural gas prices. By using pet coke as the primary raw material feedstock instead of natural gas, we believe our nitrogen fertilizer business has historically been the lowest cost producer and marketer of ammonia and UAN fertilizers in North America. The facility uses a gasification process for which we have a fully paid, perpetual license from an affiliate of The General Electric Company, or General Electric, to convert pet coke to high purity hydrogen for subsequent conversion to ammonia. We currently purchase most of our pet coke (between 950 and 1,050 tons per day) from CVR Energy pursuant to a long-term agreement having an initial term that ends in 2027, subject to renewal. During the past five years, over 70% of the pet coke utilized by our plant was produced and supplied by CVR Energy's crude oil refinery. Our plant uses another 250 to 300 tons per day from unaffiliated, third-party sources such as other Midwestern refineries or pet coke brokers.

We generated net sales of \$263.0 million, \$208.4 million and \$180.5 million, net income of \$118.9 million, \$57.9 million and \$33.3 million and EBITDA of \$134.9 million, \$67.6 million and \$38.7 million, for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010, respectively. For a reconciliation of EBITDA to net income, see footnote 5 under "Prospectus Summary — Summary Historical and Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information."

Our Competitive Strengths

Pure-Play Nitrogen Fertilizer Company. We believe that as a pure-play nitrogen fertilizer company we are well positioned to benefit from positive trends in the nitrogen fertilizer market in general and the UAN market in particular, including strengthening demand, tightening supply, rising crop prices and increased corn acreage. We derive substantially all of our revenue from the production and sale of nitrogen fertilizers, primarily in the agricultural market, whereas most of our competitors are meaningfully diversified into other crop nutrients, such as phosphate and potash, and make significant sales into the lower-margin industrial market. For example, our largest public competitors, Agrium, Potash Corporation, Yara (excluding blended fertilizers) and CF Industries (after giving effect to its acquisition of Terra Industries) derived 90%, 91%, 46% and 22% of their sales in 2010 (2009 in the case of Yara), respectively, from the sale of products other than nitrogen fertilizer used in the agricultural market. Nitrogen fertilizer production is a higher margin, growing business with more stable demand compared to the production of the two other essential crop nutrients, potash and phosphate, because nitrogen is depleted in the

soil more quickly than those nutrients and therefore must be reapplied annually. During the last five years, ammonia and UAN prices averaged \$467 and \$292 per ton, respectively, which is a substantial increase from the average prices of \$276 and \$159 per ton, respectively, during the prior five-year period. Over the last ten years, global nitrogen fertilizer demand has shown a compound annual growth rate of 2.1% and is expected to grow 1.0% per year through 2020, according to Blue Johnson.

The following table shows the consolidated impact of a \$50 per ton change in UAN pricing and a \$100 per ton change in ammonia pricing on our EBITDA based on the assumptions described herein relative to the actual prices we realized for the year ended December 31, 2010 and our forecasted pricing for the twelve month period ending March 31, 2012:

Illustrative Sensitivity to UAN and Ammonia Prices(1)(2)

						Sensitivity Using Actual Average 2010 Prices(1)(3)	Sensitivity Using Forecasted 3/31/2012 Prices(1)(4)
UAN Price	\$150	\$200	\$250	\$300	\$350	\$179	\$278
Ammonia Price	300	400	500	600	700	361	547
Net Sales	171	221	271	321	371	200	297
EBITDA	24	74	124	174	224	53	150
Available Cash	13	63	113	163	213	43	140

- The price sensitivity analysis in this table is based on the assumptions described in our forecast of EBITDA for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012, including 157,400 ammonia tons sold, 686,200 UAN tons sold, cost of product sold of \$48.3 million, direct operating expenses of \$94.5 million and selling, general and administrative expenses of \$14.2 million. This table is presented to show the sensitivity of our EBITDA forecast for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 of \$150.4 million to specified changes in ammonia and UAN prices were \$600.5 and \$354.08, respectively, per ton as of February 28, 2011. There can be no assurance that we will achieve our EBITDA forecast for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 or any of the specified levels of EBITDA indicated above, or that UAN and ammonia pricing will achieve any of the levels specified levels. See "Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distribution Forecasted Available Cash" for a reconciliation of our EBITDA forecast to our net income forecast for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 and a discussion of the assumptions underlying our forecast.
- Dollars in millions.
- This column shows (1) actual average UAN and ammonia prices for the year ended December 31, 2010 and (2) what our net sales, EBITDA and available cash would have been in the year ended December 31, 2010 based on the actual average UAN and ammonia prices during such year and the production and expense assumptions set forth in footnote 1 above. See "Summary Historical and Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information" for our actual net sales and EBITDA for the year ended December 31, 2010.
- Reflects forecasted average UAN and ammonia pricing for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 and the production and expense assumptions set forth in footnote 1 above.

High Margin Nitrogen Fertilizer Producer. Our unique combination of pet coke raw material usage, premium product focus and transportation cost advantage has helped to keep our costs low and has enabled us to generate high margins. In 2008, 2009 and 2010, our operating margins were 44%, 23% and 11%, respectively (our 2010 operating margins were negatively affected by downtime associated with the Linde air separation outage, the rupture of a high-pressure UAN vessel and the major scheduled turnaround). Over the last five years, U.S. natural gas prices at the Henry Hub pricing point have averaged \$6.06 per MMbtu. The following table shows our cost advantage for the year ended December 31, 2010 as compared to an illustrative natural gas-based competitor in the U.S. Gulf Coast:

CVR Partners' Cost Advantage over an Illustrative U.S. Gulf Coast Natural Gas-Based Competitor

		(\$ per ton, unless otherwise noted)								
		CVR Partners' Ammonia Cost Advantage				CVR Partners' UAN Cost Advantage				
	Illustrative Illustrative Competitor		C'	CVR Partners		tive Competitor	CVR Partners			
	Natural Gas Delivered Price (\$/MMbtu)	Gas Cost(a)	Total Competitor Ammonia Costs(b)(c)(e)	Ammonia Costs(d)(e)	Ammonia Cost Advantage	Competitor Ammonia cost per ton UAN(f)	Total Competitor UAN Costs(c)(e)(g)	UAN Costs(e)(f)(h)	UAN Cost Advantage	
\$4.00		\$132	\$193	\$194	\$ (1)	\$ 65	\$ 98	\$ 87	\$ 11	
4.50		149	210	194	16	72	105	87	18	
5.50		182	243	194	49	85	118	87	31	
6.50		215	276	194	82	99	132	87	45	
7.50		248	309	194	115	113	146	87	59	

- Assumes 33 MMbtu of natural gas to produce a ton of ammonia, based on Blue Johnson.

- Assumes 33 MMbtu of natural gas to produce a ton of ammonia, based on Blue Johnson.

 Assumes (37 per ton operating cost for ammonia, based on Blue Johnson.

 Assumes (37 per ton operating cost for ammonia, based on Blue Johnson.

 Assumes incremental \$34 per ton transportation cost from the U.S. Gulf Coast to the mid-continent for ammonia and \$15 per ton for UAN, based on recently published rail and pipeline tariffs.

 CVR Partners' ammonia cost consists of \$19 per ton of ammonia in per coke costs and \$175 per ton of ammonia in operating costs for the year ended December 31, 2009.

 The cost data included in this chart for an illustrative competitor assumes property taxes, whereas the cost data included for CVR Partners includes the cost of our property taxes other than property taxes currently in dispute, CVR

 Partners is currently disputing the amount of property taxes which it has been required to pay in recent years. For information on the effect of disputed property taxes on our actual production costs, see product production cost data and footnote 7 under "Prospectus Summary Summary Historical and Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information." See also "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations —

 Factors Affecting Comparability Fertilizer Plant Property Taxes."

 Each ton of UAN contains approximately 0.41 tons of ammonia. Illustrative competitor UAN cost per ton data removes \$34 per ton in transportation costs for ammonia.

 CVR Partners' UAN conversion cost to UAN, based on Blue Johnson.

 CVR Partners' UAN conversion cost was \$12 per ton for the year ended December 31, 2010. \$10.82 per ton of ammonia production costs are not transferable to UAN costs.
- - Cost Advantage. We operate the only nitrogen fertilizer production facility in North America that uses pet coke gasification to produce nitrogen fertilizer, which has historically given us a cost advantage over competitors that use natural gas-based production methods. Our costs are approximately 79% fixed and relatively stable, which allows us to benefit directly from increases in nitrogen fertilizer prices. Our fixed costs consist primarily of electrical energy, employee labor, maintenance, including contract labor, and outside services. Our variable costs consist primarily of pet coke. Our pet coke costs have historically remained relatively stable, averaging \$25 per ton since we began operating under our current structure in October 2007, with a high of \$31 per ton for 2008 and a low of \$17 per ton for 2010. Third-party pet coke prices have averaged \$41 per ton for third-party pet coke over the last five years, with a high of \$49 per ton for 2007 and a low of \$34 per ton for 2006. Substantially all of our nitrogen fertilizer competitors use natural gas as their primary raw material feedstock (with natural gas constituting approximately 85-90% of their production costs based on historical data) and are therefore heavily impacted by changes in natural gas prices.
 - *Premium Product Focus.* We focus on producing higher margin, higher growth UAN nitrogen fertilizer. Historically, UAN has accounted for approximately 80% of our product tons sold. UAN commands a price premium over ammonia and urea on a nutrient ton basis. Unlike ammonia and urea, UAN is easier to apply and can be applied throughout the growing season to crops directly or mixed with crop protection products,

- which reduces energy and labor costs for farmers. In addition, UAN is safer to handle than ammonia. The convenience of UAN fertilizer has led to an 8.5% increase in its consumption from 2000 through 2010 (estimated) on a nitrogen content basis, whereas ammonia fertilizer consumption decreased by 2.4% for the same period, according to data supplied by Blue Johnson. We currently upgrade 60% of our ammonia production into UAN and plan to expand our upgrading capacity to have the flexibility to upgrade all of our ammonia production into UAN.
- Strategically Located Asset. We and other competitors located in the U.S. farm belt share a transportation cost advantage when compared to our out-of-region competitors in serving the U.S. farm belt agricultural market. In 2010, approximately 45% of the corn planted in the United States was grown within a \$35/UAN ton freight train rate of our nitrogen fertilizer plant. We are therefore able to cost-effectively sell substantially all of our products in the higher margin agricultural market, whereas, according to publicly available information prepared by our competitors, a significant portion of our competitors' revenues are derived from the lower margin industrial market. Because the U.S. farm belt consumes more nitrogen fertilizer than is produced in the region, it must import nitrogen fertilizer from the U.S. Gulf Coast as well as from international producers. Accordingly, U.S. farm belt producers may offer nitrogen fertilizers at prices that factor in the transportation costs of out-of-region producers without having incurred such costs. We estimate that our plant enjoys a transportation cost advantage of approximately \$25 per ton over competitors located in the U.S. Gulf Coast, based on a comparison of our actual transportation costs and recently published rail and pipeline tariffs. Our location on Union Pacific's main line increases our transportation cost advantage by lowering the costs of bringing our products to customers. Our products leave the plant either in trucks for direct shipment to customers (in which case we incur no transportation cost) or in railcars for destinations located principally on the Union Pacific Railroad. We do not incur any intermediate transfer, storage barge freight or pipeline freight charges.

Highly Reliable Pet Coke Gasification Fertilizer Plant with Low Capital Requirements. Our nitrogen fertilizer plant was completed in 2000 and, based on data supplied by Blue Johnson, is the newest nitrogen fertilizer plant built in North America. Prior to our plant's construction in 2000, the last ammonia plant built in the United States was constructed in 1977. Construction of a new nitrogen fertilizer facility would require significant capital investment. Our nitrogen fertilizer facility was built with the dual objectives of being low cost and reliable. Our facility has low maintenance costs, with maintenance capital expenditures ranging between approximately \$3 million and \$9 million per year from 2007 through 2010. We have configured the plant to have a dual-train gasifier complex, with each gasifier able to function independently of the other, thereby providing redundancy and improving our reliability. We use gasification technology that has been proven through over 50 years of industrial use, principally for power generation. In 2010, our gasifier had an on-stream factor, which is defined as the total number of hours operated divided by the total number of hours in the reporting period, in excess of 97% excluding the impact of downtime associated with the Linde air separation outage, the rupture of a high pressure UAN vessel and the major scheduled turnaround.

Experienced Management Team. We are managed by CVR Energy's management pursuant to a services agreement. Mr. John J. Lipinski, Chief Executive Officer, has over 38 years of experience in the refining and chemicals industries. Mr. Stanley A. Riemann, Chief Operating Officer, has over 37 years of experience in the fertilizer and energy industries, including experience running one of the largest fertilizer manufacturing systems in the United States at Farmland. Mr. Edward A. Morgan, Chief Financial Officer, has over 18 years of finance experience. Mr. Kevan Vick, Executive Vice President and Fertilizer General Manager, has over 34 years of experience in the nitrogen fertilizer industry and was previously the general manager of nitrogen fertilizer manufacturing at Farmland. Mr. Vick leads a senior operations team whose members have an average of 22 years of experience in the fertilizer industry. Most of the members of our senior operations team were on-site during the construction and startup of our nitrogen fertilizer plant in 2000.

Our Business Strategy

Our objective is to maximize quarterly distributions to our unitholders by operating our nitrogen fertilizer facility in an efficient manner, maximizing production time and growing profitably within the nitrogen fertilizer industry. We intend to accomplish this objective through the following strategies:

- Pay Out All of the Available Cash We Generate Each Quarter. Our strategy is to pay out all of the available cash we generate each quarter. We expect that holders of our common units will receive a greater percentage of our operating cash flow when compared to our publicly traded corporate competitors across the broader fertilizer sector, such as Agrium, CF Industries, Potash Corporation and Yara. These companies have provided an average dividend yield of 0.1%, 0.4%, 0.3% and 1.6%, respectively, as of February 28, 2011, compared to our expected distribution yield of % (calculated by dividing our forecasted distribution for the twelve months ending March 31, 2012 of \$ per common unit by the mid-point of the price range on the cover page of this prospectus). The board of directors of our general partner will adopt a policy under which we will distribute all of the available cash we generate each quarter, as described in "Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions On Distributions" on page 53. We do not intend to maintain excess distribution coverage for the purpose of maintaining stability or growth in our quarterly distributions or otherwise to reserve cash for future distributions, and we do not intend to incur debt to pay quarterly distributions. Unlike many publicly traded partnerships that have economic general partner interests and incentive distribution rights that entitle the general partner to receive disproportionate percentages of cash distributions as distributions increase (often up to 50%), our general partner will have a non-economic interest and no incentive distribution rights, and will therefore not be entitled to receive cash distributions. Our common unitholders will receive 100% of our cash distributions.
- Pursue Growth Opportunities. We are well positioned to grow organically, through acquisitions, or both.
 - Expand UAN Capacity. We intend to move forward with an expansion of our nitrogen fertilizer plant that is designed to increase our UAN production capacity by 400,000 tons, or approximately 50%, per year. This approximately \$135 million expansion, for which approximately \$31 million had been spent as of December 31, 2010, will allow us the flexibility to upgrade all of our ammonia production when market conditions favor UAN. We expect that this additional UAN production capacity will improve our margins, as UAN has historically been a higher margin product than ammonia. We expect that the UAN expansion will take 18 to 24 months to complete and will be funded with approximately \$100.0 million of the net proceeds from this offering.
 - Selectively Pursue Accretive Acquisitions. We intend to evaluate strategic acquisitions within the nitrogen fertilizer industry and to focus on disciplined and accretive investments that leverage our core strengths. We have no agreements, understandings or financings with respect to any acquisitions at the present time.
- Continue to Focus on Safety and Training. We intend to continue our focus on safety and training in order to increase our facility's reliability and maintain our facility's high onstream availability. We have developed a series of comprehensive safety programs, involving active participation of employees at all levels of the organization, that are aimed at preventing recordable incidents. In 2010, our nitrogen fertilizer plant had a recordable incident rate of 0.76, which was our lowest recordable incident rate in over five years. The recordable incident rate reflects the number of recordable incidents per 200,000 hours worked.
- Continue to Enhance Efficiency and Reduce Operating Costs. We are currently engaged in certain projects that will reduce overall operating costs, increase efficiency, and utilize byproducts to generate incremental revenue. For example, we have built a low bru gas recovery pipeline between our nitrogen fertilizer plant and CVR Energy's crude oil refinery, which will allow us to sell off-gas, a byproduct produced by our fertilizer plant, to the refinery. This pipeline was commissioned in March 2011. In addition, we have formulated a plan to address the CO₂ released by our nitrogen fertilizer plant. To that end, we have signed a letter of intent whereby we may, in the future, sell up to 850,000 tons per year of high purity CO₂ produced by our nitrogen fertilizer plant to an oil and gas exploration and production company for purposes of enhanced oil recovery.

Provide High Level of Customer Service. We focus on providing our customers with the highest level of service. The nitrogen fertilizer plant has demonstrated consistent levels of production while operating at close to full capacity. Substantially all of our product shipments are targeted to freight advantaged destinations located in the U.S. farm belt, allowing us to quickly and reliably service customer demand. Furthermore, we maintain our own fleet of railcars capable of safely transporting UAN and ammonia, which helps us ensure prompt delivery. As a result of these efforts, many of our largest customers have been our customers since the plant came on line in 2000, and our customer retention rate year to year has been consistently high. We believe a continued focus on customer service will allow us to maintain relationships with existing customers and grow our business.

Our History

Prior to March 3, 2004, our nitrogen fertilizer plant was operated as a small component of Farmland, an agricultural cooperative. Farmland filed for bankruptcy protection on May 31, 2002. Coffeyville Resources, LLC, a subsidiary of Coffeyville Group Holdings, LLC, won the bankruptcy court auction for Farmland's nitrogen fertilizer plant (and the refinery and related businesses now operated by CVR Energy) and completed the purchase of these assets on March 3, 2004.

On June 24, 2005, pursuant to a stock purchase agreement dated May 15, 2005, all of the subsidiaries of Coffeyville Group Holdings, LLC, including our nitrogen fertilizer plant (and the refinery and related businesses now operated by CVR Energy), were acquired by Coffeyville Acquisition, a newly formed entity principally owned by funds affiliated with Goldman, Sachs & Co. and Kelso & Company, or the Goldman Sachs Funds and the Kelso Funds, respectively.

On October 26, 2007, CVR Energy completed its initial public offering. CVR Energy was formed as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Coffeyville Acquisition in September 2006 in order to complete the initial public offering of the businesses acquired by Coffeyville Acquisition. At the time of its initial public offering, CVR Energy operated the petroleum refining business and indirectly owned all of the partnership interests in us (other than the interests held by CVR GP).

We were formed by CVR Energy in June 2007 in order to hold the nitrogen fertilizer business in a structure that might be separately financed in the future as a limited partnership. In October 2007, in consideration for CVR Energy contributing its nitrogen fertilizer business to us, Special GP, acquired 30,303,000 special GP units and 30,333 special LP units, and CVR GP, a subsidiary of CVR Energy at that time, acquired the general partner interest and the IDRs. CVR Energy concurrently sold our general partner, together with the IDRs, to Coffeyville Acquisition III, an entity owned by the Goldman Sachs Funds, the Kelso Funds and certain members of CVR Energy's senior management team, for its fair market value on the date of sale.

As part of the Transactions occurring in connection with this offering, Special GP will be merged with and into Coffeyville Resources, with Coffeyville Resources continuing as the surviving entity, our general partner will sell to us its IDRs for \$26.0 million in cash, and we will extinguish such IDRs, and Coffeyville Acquisition III, the current owner of our general partner, will sell our general partner to Coffeyville Resources for nominal consideration.

Raw Material Supply

The nitrogen fertilizer facility's primary input is pet coke. During the past five years, over 70% of our pet coke requirements on average were supplied by CVR Energy's adjacent crude oil refinery. Historically we have obtained the remainder of our pet coke requirements from third parties such as other Midwestern refineries or pet coke brokers at spot prices. If necessary, the gasifier can also operate on low grade coal as an alternative, which provides an additional raw material source. There are significant supplies of low grade coal within a 60-mile radius of our nitrogen fertilizer plant.

Pet coke is produced as a byproduct of the refinery's coker unit process. In order to refine heavy or sour crude oil, which are lower in cost and more prevalent than higher quality crude oil, refiners use coker units, which enables refiners to further upgrade heavy crude oil.

Our fertilizer plant is located in Coffeyville, Kansas, which is part of the Midwest pet coke market. The Midwest pet coke market is not subject to the same level of pet coke price variability as is the Texas Gulf Coast pet coke market, where daily production exceeds 40,000 tons per day. Given the fact that the majority of our third-party pet coke suppliers are located in the Midwest, our geographic location gives us (and our similarly located competitors) a transportation cost advantage over our U.S. Gulf Coast market competitors. Our average daily pet coke demand from 2008-2010 was less than 1,400 tons per day.

Linde owns, operates, and maintains the air separation plant that provides contract volumes of oxygen, nitrogen, and compressed dry air to our gasifiers for a monthly fee. We provide and pay for all utilities required for operation of the air separation plant. The air separation plant has not experienced any long-term operating problems. CVR Energy maintains, for our benefit, contingent business interruption insurance coverage with a \$50 million limit for any interruption that results in a loss of production from an insured peril. The agreement with Linde provides that if our requirements for liquid or gaseous oxygen, liquid or gaseous nitrogen or clean dry air exceed specified instantaneous flow rates by at least 10%, we can solicit bids from Linde and third parties to supply our incremental product needs. We are required to provide notice to Linde of the approximate quantity of excess product that we will need and the approximate date by which we will need it; we and Linde will then jointly develop a request for proposal for soliciting bids from third parties and Linde. The bidding procedures may be limited under specified circumstances. The agreement with Linde expires in 2020.

We import start-up steam for the nitrogen fertilizer plant from CVR Energy's crude oil refinery, and then export steam back to the crude oil refinery once all of our units are in service. We have entered into a feedstock and shared services agreement with CVR Energy which regulates, among other things, the import and export of start-up steam between the refinery and the nitrogen fertilizer plant. Monthly charges and credits are recorded with the steam valued at the natural gas price for the month.

Production Process

Our nitrogen fertilizer plant was built in 2000 with two separate gasifiers to provide redundancy and reliability. It uses a gasification process licensed from General Electric to convert pet coke to high purity hydrogen for a subsequent conversion to ammonia. Following a turnaround completed in October 2010, the nitrogen fertilizer plant is capable of processing approximately 1,300 tons per day of pet coke from CVR Energy's crude oil refinery and third-party sources and converting it into approximately 1,200 tons per day of ammonia. A majority of the ammonia is converted to approximately 2,000 tons per day of UAN. Typically 0.41 tons of ammonia are required to produce one ton of UAN.

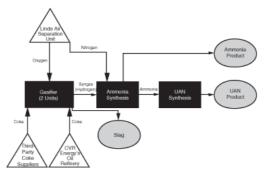
Pet coke is first ground and blended with water and a fluxant (a mixture of fly ash and sand) to form a slurry that is then pumped into the partial oxidation gasifier. The slurry is then contacted with oxygen from an air separation unit. Partial oxidation reactions take place and the synthesis gas, or syngas, consisting predominantly of hydrogen and carbon monoxide, is formed. The mineral residue from the slurry is a molten slag (a glasslike substance containing the metal impurities originally present in pet coke) and flows along with the syngas into a quench chamber. The syngas and slag are rapidly cooled and the syngas is separated from the slag.

Slag becomes a byproduct of the process. The syngas is scrubbed and saturated with moisture. The syngas next flows through a shift unit where the carbon monoxide in the syngas is reacted with the moisture to form hydrogen and CO₂. The heat from this reaction generates saturated steam. This steam is combined with steam produced in the ammonia unit and the excess steam not consumed by the process is sent to the adjacent crude oil refinery.

After additional heat recovery, the high-pressure syngas is cooled and processed in the acid gas removal unit. The syngas is then fed to a pressure swing absorption, or PSA, unit, where the remaining impurities are extracted. The PSA unit reduces residual carbon monoxide and CO₂ levels to trace levels, and the moisture-free, high-purity hydrogen is sent directly to the ammonia synthesis loop.

The hydrogen is reacted with nitrogen from the air separation unit in the ammonia unit to form the ammonia product. A large portion of the ammonia is converted to UAN. In 2010, we produced 392,745 tons of ammonia, of which approximately 60% was upgraded into 578,272 tons of UAN.

The following is an illustrative Nitrogen Fertilizer Plant Process Flow Chart:



We schedule and provide routine maintenance to our critical equipment using our own maintenance technicians. Pursuant to a technical services agreement with General Electric, which licenses the gasification technology to us, General Electric experts provide technical advice and technological updates from their ongoing research as well as other licensees' operating experiences. The pet coke gasification process is licensed from General Electric pursuant to a perpetual license agreement that is fully paid. The license grants us perpetual rights to use the pet coke gasification process on specified terms and conditions.

Distribution, Sales and Marketing

The primary geographic markets for our fertilizer products are Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, Iowa, Illinois, Colorado and Texas. We market the ammonia products to industrial and agricultural customers and the UAN products to agricultural customers. The demand for nitrogen fertilizers occurs during three key periods. The highest level of ammonia demand is traditionally in the spring pre-plant period, from March through May. The second-highest period of demand occurs during fall pre-plant in late October and November. The summer wheat pre-plant occurs in August and September. In addition, smaller quantities of ammonia are sold in the off-season to fill available storage at the dealer level.

Ammonia and UAN are distributed by truck or by railcar. If delivered by truck, products are sold on a freight-on-board basis, and freight is normally arranged by the customer. We lease a fleet of railcars for use in product delivery. We also negotiate with distributors that have their own leased railcars to utilize these assets to deliver products. We own all of the truck and rail loading equipment at our nitrogen fertilizer facility. We operate two truck loading and four rail loading racks for each of ammonia and UAN, with an additional four rail loading racks for UAN.

We market agricultural products to destinations that produce the best margins for the business. The UAN market is primarily located near the Union Pacific Railroad lines or destinations that can be supplied by truck. The ammonia market is primarily located near the Burlington Northern Santa Fe or Kansas City Southern Railroad lines or destinations that can be supplied by truck. By securing this business directly, we reduce our dependence on distributors serving the same customer base, which enables us to capture a larger margin and allows us to better control our product distribution. Most of the agricultural sales are made on a competitive spot basis. We also offer products on a prepay basis for in-season demand. The heavy inseason demand periods are spring and fall in the corn belt and summer in the wheat belt. The corn belt is the primary corn producing region of the United States, which includes Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, Ohio and Wisconsin. The wheat belt is the primary wheat producing region of the United States, which includes Kansas, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota and Texas. Some of the industrial sales are spot sales, but most are on annual or multivear contracts.

We use forward sales of our fertilizer products to optimize our asset utilization, planning process and production scheduling. These sales are made by offering customers the opportunity to purchase product on a forward basis at prices and delivery dates that we propose. We use this program to varying degrees during the year and between years depending on market conditions. We have the flexibility to decrease or increase forward sales depending on our view as to whether price environments will be increasing or decreasing. Fixing the selling prices of our products months in advance of their ultimate delivery to customers typically causes our reported selling prices and margins to differ from spot market prices and margins available at the time of shipment. As of December 31, 2010, we have sold forward 36,980 tons of ammonia at an average net back of \$568.87 and 230,738 tons of UAN at an average net back of \$222.56 for shipment over the next six months. As of December 31, 2010, \$18.7 million of our forward sales are prepaid sales, which means we received payment for such product in advance of delivery. Cash received as a result of prepayments is recognized on our balance sheet upon receipt along with a corresponding liability; however, we do not generate net income or EBITDA in respect of prepaid sales until product is actually delivered.

Customore

We sell ammonia to agricultural and industrial customers. Based upon a three-year average, we have sold approximately 87% of the ammonia we produce to agricultural customers primarily located in the mid-continent area between North Texas and Canada, and approximately 13% to industrial customers. Agricultural customers include distributors such as MFA, United Suppliers, Inc., Brandt Consolidated Inc., Gavilon Fertilizers LLC, Transammonia, Inc., Agri Services of Brunswick, LLC, Interchem, and CHS Inc. Industrial customers include Tessenderlo Kerley, Inc., National Cooperative Refinery Association, and Dyno Nobel, Inc. We sell UAN products to retailers and distributors. Given the nature of our business, and consistent with industry practice, we do not have long-term minimum purchase contracts with any of our customers.

For the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009, and 2010, the top five ammonia customers in the aggregate represented 54.7%, 43.9% and 44.2% of our ammonia sales, respectively, and the top five UAN customers in the aggregate represented 37.2%, 44.2% and 43.3% of our UAN sales, respectively. Approximately 13%, 15% and 12% of our aggregate sales for the year ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010, respectively, were made to Gavilon Fertilizers LLC.

Competition

We have experienced and expect to continue to meet significant levels of competition from current and potential competitors, many of whom have significantly greater financial and other resources. See "Risk Factors — Risks Related to Our Business — Nitrogen fertilizer products are global commodities, and we face intense competition from other nitrogen fertilizer producers."

Competition in our industry is dominated by price considerations. However, during the spring and fall application seasons, farming activities intensify and delivery capacity is a significant competitive factor. We maintain a large fleet of leased rail cars and seasonally adjust inventory to enhance our manufacturing and distribution operations.

Our major competitors include Agrium, Koch Nitrogen, Potash Corporation and CF Industries. Domestic competition is intense due to customers' sophisticated buying tendencies and production strategies that focus on cost and service. Also, foreign competition exists from producers of fertilizer products manufactured in countries with lower cost natural gas supplies. In certain cases, foreign producers of fertilizer who export to the United States may be subsidized by their respective governments.

Based on Blue Johnson data regarding total U.S. demand for UAN and ammonia, we estimate that our UAN production in 2010 represented approximately 5.1% of the total U.S. demand and that the net ammonia produced and marketed at our facility represented less than 1.0% of the total U.S. demand.

Seasonality

Because we primarily sell agricultural commodity products, our business is exposed to seasonal fluctuations in demand for nitrogen fertilizer products in the agricultural industry. As a result, we typically generate greater net sales in the first half of the calendar year, which we refer to as the planting season, and our net sales tend to be lower during the second half of each calendar year, which we refer to as the fill season. In addition, the demand for fertilizers is affected by the aggregate crop planting decisions and fertilizer application rate decisions of individual farmers who make planting decisions based largely on the prospective profitability of a harvest. The specific varieties and amounts of fertilizer they apply depend on factors like crop prices, farmers' current liquidity, soil conditions, weather patterns and the types of crops planted.

Environmental Matters

Our business is subject to extensive and frequently changing federal, state and local, environmental, health and safety regulations governing the emission and release of hazardous substances into the environment, the treatment and discharge of waste water and the storage, handling, use and transportation of our nitrogen fertilizer products. These laws, their underlying regulatory requirements and the enforcement thereof impact us by imposing:

- restrictions on operations or the need to install enhanced or additional controls;
- · the need to obtain and comply with permits and authorizations;
- · liability for the investigation and remediation of contaminated soil and groundwater at current and former facilities (if any) and off-site waste disposal locations; and
- · specifications for the products we market, primarily UAN and ammonia.

Our operations require numerous permits and authorizations. Failure to comply with these permits or environmental laws generally could result in fines, penalties or other sanctions or a revocation of our permits. In addition, the laws and regulations to which we are subject are often evolving and many of them have become more stringent or have become subject to more stringent interpretation or enforcement by federal and state agencies. The ultimate impact on our business of complying with existing laws and regulations is not always clearly known or determinable due in part to the fact that our operations may change over time and certain implementing regulations for laws, such as the federal Clean Air Act, have not yet been finalized, are under governmental or judicial review or are being revised. These laws and regulations could result in increased capital, operating and compliance costs.

The principal environmental risks associated with our business are outlined below.

The Federal Clean Air Act

The federal Clean Air Act and its implementing regulations, as well as the corresponding state laws and regulations that regulate emissions of pollutants into the air, affect us through the federal Clean Air Act's permitting requirements and emission control requirements relating to specific air pollutants, as well as the requirement to maintain a risk management program to help prevent accidental releases of certain substances. Some or all of the standards promulgated pursuant to the federal Clean Air Act, or any future promulgations of standards, may require the installation of controls or changes to our nitrogen fertilizer facility in order to comply. If new controls or changes to operations are needed, the costs could be significant. In addition, failure to comply with the requirements of the federal Clean Air Act and its implementing regulations could result in fines, penalties or other sanctions.

The regulation of air emissions under the federal Clean Air Act requires that we obtain various construction and operating permits and incur capital expenditures for the installation of certain air pollution control devices at our operations. Various regulations specific to our operations have been implemented, such as National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants, New Source Performance Standards and New Source Review. We have incurred, and expect to continue to incur, substantial capital expenditures to maintain compliance with these and other air emission regulations that have been promulgated or may be promulgated or revised in the future.

Release Reporting

The release of hazardous substances or extremely hazardous substances into the environment is subject to release reporting requirements under federal and state environmental laws. We periodically experience minor releases of hazardous or extremely hazardous substances from our equipment. We experienced more significant releases in August 2007 due to the failure of a high pressure pump and in August and September 2010 due to a heat exchanger leak and a UAN vessel rupture. Such releases are reported to the EPA and relevant state and local agencies. If we fail to properly report a release, or if the release violates the law or our permits, it could cause us to become the subject of a governmental enforcement action or third-party claims. Government enforcement or third-party claims relating to releases of hazardous or extremely hazardous substances could result in significant expenditures and liability.

Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Currently, various legislative and regulatory measures to address greenhouse gas emissions (including carbon dioxide, or CO₂, methane and nitrous oxides) are in various phases of discussion or implementation. At the federal legislative level, Congress could adopt some form of federal mandatory greenhouse gas emission reduction laws, although the specific requirements and timing of any such laws are uncertain at this time. In June 2009, the U.S. House of Representatives passed a bill that would create a nationwide cap-and-trade program designed to regulate emissions of CO₂, methane and other greenhouse gases. A similar bill was introduced in the U.S. Senate, but was not voted upon. Congressional passage of such legislation does not appear likely at this time, though it could be adopted at a future date. It is also possible that Congress may pass alternative climate change bills that do not mandate a nationwide cap-and-trade program and instead focus on promoting renewable energy and energy efficiency.

In the absence of congressional legislation curbing greenhouse gas emissions, the EPA is moving ahead administratively under its federal Clean Air Act authority. In October 2009, the EPA finalized a rule requiring certain large emitters of greenhouse gases to inventory and report their greenhouse gas emissions to the EPA. In accordance with the rule, we have begun monitoring our greenhouse gas emissions from our nitrogen fertilizer plant and will report the emissions to the EPA beginning in 2011. On December 7, 2009, the EPA finalized its "endangerment finding" that greenhouse gas emissions, including CO₂, pose a threat to human health and welfare. The finding allows the EPA to regulate greenhouse gas emissions as air pollutants under the federal Clean Air Act. In May 2010, the EPA finalized the "Greenhouse Gas Tailoring Rule," which establishes new greenhouse gas emissions thresholds that determine when stationary sources, such as our nitrogen fertilizer plant, must obtain permits under the Prevention of Significant Deterioration, or PSD, and Title V programs of the federal Clean Air Act. The significance of the permitting requirement is that, in cases where a new source is constructed or an existing source undergoes a major modification, the facility would need to evaluate and install best available control technology, or BACT, for its greenhouse gas emissions. Phase-in permit requirements will begin for the largest stationary sources in 2011. We do not currently anticipate that our UAN expansion project will result in a significant increase in greenhouse gas emissions triggering the need to install BACT. However, beginning in July 2011, a major modification resulting in a significant expansion of production at our nitrogen fertilizer plant and a significant increase in greenhouse gas emissions may require us to install BACT for our greenhouse gas emissions. The EPA's endangerment finding, the Greenhouse Gas Tailoring Rule and certain other greenhouse gas emission rules have been challenged and will likely

In addition to federal regulations, a number of states have adopted regional greenhouse gas initiatives to reduce CO2 and other greenhouse gas emissions. In 2007, a group of Midwest states, including Kansas (where our nitrogen fertilizer facility is located), formed the Midwestern Greenhouse Gas Reduction Accord, which calls for the development of a cap-and-trade system to control greenhouse gas emissions and for the inventory of such emissions. However, the individual states that have signed on to the accord must adopt laws or regulations implementing the trading scheme before it becomes effective, and the timing and specific requirements of any such laws or regulations in Kansas are uncertain at this time.

The implementation of EPA regulations and/or the passage of federal or state climate change legislation will likely result in increased costs to (i) operate and maintain our facilities, (ii) install new emission controls on our facilities and (iii) administer and manage any greenhouse gas emissions program. Increased costs associated with compliance with any future legislation or regulation of greenhouse gas emissions, if it occurs, may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions.

In addition, climate change legislation and regulations may result in increased costs not only for our business but also for agricultural producers that utilize our fertilizer products, thereby potentially decreasing demand for our fertilizer products. Decreased demand for our fertilizer products may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and ability to make cash distributions.

Environmental Remediation

Under CERCLA, the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, and related state laws, certain persons may be liable for the release or threatened release of hazardous substances. These persons can include the current owner or operator of property where a release or threatened release occurred, any persons who owned or operated the property when the release occurred, and any persons who disposed of, or arranged for the transportation or disposal of, hazardous substances at a contaminated property. Liability under CERCLA is strict, retroactive and, under certain circumstances, joint and several, so that any responsible party may be held liable for the entire cost of investigating and remediating the release of hazardous substances. As is the case with all companies engaged in similar industries, depending on the underlying facts and circumstances we face potential exposure from future claims and lawsuits involving environmental matters, including soil and water contamination, personal injury or property damage allegedly caused by hazardous substances that we manufactured, handled, used, stored, transported, spilled, disposed of or released. We cannot assure you that we will not become involved in future proceedings related to our release of hazardous or extremely hazardous substances or that, if we were held responsible for damages in any existing or future proceedings, such costs would be covered by insurance or would not be material.

Environmental Insurance

We are covered by CVR Energy's premises pollution liability insurance policies with an aggregate limit of \$50.0 million per pollution condition, subject to a self-insured retention of \$5.0 million. The policies include business interruption coverage, subject to a 10-day waiting period deductible. This insurance expires on July 1, 2011. The policies insure specific covered locations, including our nitrogen fertilizer facility. The policies insure (i) claims, remediation costs, and associated legal defense expenses for pollution conditions at or migrating from a covered location, and (ii) the transportation risks associated with moving waste from a covered location to any location for unloading or depositing waste. The policies cover any claim made during the policy period as long as the pollution conditions giving rise to the claim commenced on or after March 3, 2004. The premises pollution liability policies contain exclusions, conditions, and limitations that could apply to a particular pollution condition claim, and there can be no assurance such claim will be adequately insured for all potential damages.

In addition to the premises pollution liability insurance policies, CVR Energy maintains casualty insurance policies having an aggregate and occurrence limit of \$150.0 million, subject to a self-insured retention of \$2.0 million. This insurance provides coverage for claims involving pollutants where the discharge is sudden and accidental and first commenced at a specific day and time during the policy period. Coverage under the casualty insurance policies for pollution does not apply to damages at or within our insured premises. The pollution coverage provided in the casualty insurance policies contains exclusions, definitions, conditions and limitations that could apply to a particular pollution claim, and there can be no assurance such claim will be adequately insured for all potential damages.

Safety, Health and Security Matters

We operate a comprehensive safety, health and security program, involving active participation of employees at all levels of the organization. We have developed comprehensive safety programs aimed at preventing recordable incidents. Despite our efforts to achieve excellence in our safety and health performance, there can be no assurances

that there will not be accidents resulting in injuries or even fatalities. We routinely audit our programs and consider improvements in our management systems.

Process Safety Management. We maintain a process safety management, or PSM, program. This program is designed to address all aspects of OSHA guidelines for developing and maintaining a comprehensive process safety management program. In 2009, OSHA announced that it was going to pursue inspections for chemical operations as part of its National Emphasis Program, or NEP. OSHA began a PSM NEP inspection at our nitrogen fertilizer operations in late 2010. On March 3, 2011, we received OSHA's report alleging certain violations resulting in a proposed penalty of \$13,500. We plan to contest both the findings and the penalty. We will continue to audit our programs and consider improvements in our management systems and equipment. Failure to comply with PSM requirements could result in fines, penalties or other sanctions.

Emergency Planning and Response. We have an emergency response plan that describes the organization, responsibilities and plans for responding to emergencies in our facility. This plan is communicated to local regulatory and community groups. We have on-site warning siren systems and personal radios. We will continue to audit our programs and consider improvements in our management systems and equipment.

Security. We have a comprehensive security program to protect our facility from unauthorized entry and exit from the facility and potential acts of terrorism. Recent changes in the U.S. Department of Homeland Security rules and requirements may require enhancements and improvements to our current program.

Community Advisory Panel. We developed and continue to support ongoing discussions with the community to share information about our operations and future plans. Our community advisory panel includes wide representation of residents, business owners and local elected representatives for the city and county.

Employees

As of December 31, 2010, we had 122 direct employees. These employees operate our facilities at the nitrogen fertilizer plant level and are directly employed and compensated by us. Prior to this offering, these employees were covered by health insurance, disability and retirement plans established by CVR Energy. We intend to establish our own employee benefit plans in which our employees will participate as of the closing of this offering. None of our employees are unionized, and we believe that our relationship with our employees is good.

We also rely on the services of employees of CVR Energy in the operation of our business pursuant to a services agreement among us, CVR Energy and our general partner. CVR Energy provides us with the following services under the agreement, among others:

- services from CVR Energy's employees in capacities equivalent to the capacities of corporate executive officers, including chief executive officer, chief financial officer, general counsel, and vice president for environmental, health and safety, except that those who serve in such capacities under the agreement serve us on a shared, part-time basis only, unless we and CVR Energy agree otherwise;
- administrative and professional services, including legal, accounting services, human resources, insurance, tax, credit, finance, government affairs and regulatory affairs;
- management of our property and the property of our operating subsidiary in the ordinary course of business;
- · recommendations on capital raising activities, including the issuance of debt or equity interests, the entry into credit facilities and other capital market transactions;
- · managing or overseeing litigation and administrative or regulatory proceedings, establishing appropriate insurance policies, and providing safety and environmental advice;
- · recommending the payment of distributions; and
- · managing or providing advice for other projects as may be agreed by CVR Energy and our general partner from time to time.

For more information on this services agreement, see "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions — Agreements with CVR Energy."

Properties

We own one facility, our nitrogen fertilizer plant, which is located in Coffeyville, Kansas. Our executive offices are located at 2277 Plaza Drive in Sugar Land, Texas, where a number of our senior executives work. We also have an administrative office in Kansas City, Kansas, where other of our senior executives work. The offices in Sugar Land and Kansas City are leased by CVR Energy (the leases expire in 2017 and 2015, respectively) and we pay a pro rata share of the rent on those offices. We believe that our owned facility, together with CVR Energy's leased facilities, are sufficient for our needs.

We have entered into a cross-easement agreement with CVR Energy so that both we and CVR Energy are able to access and utilize each other's land in certain circumstances in order to operate our respective businesses in a manner to provide flexibility for both parties to develop their respective properties, without depriving either party of the benefits associated with the continuous reasonable use of the other party's property. For more information on this cross-easement agreement, see "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions — Agreements with CVR Energy."

Legal Proceedings

We are, and will continue to be, subject to litigation from time to time in the ordinary course of our business. We are not party to any pending legal proceedings that we believe will have a material adverse effect on our business, and there are no existing legal proceedings where we believe that the reasonably possible loss or range of loss is material.

MANAGEMENT

Management of CVR Partners, LP

Our general partner, CVR GP, LLC, manages our operations and activities subject to the terms and conditions specified in our partnership agreement. Our general partner will be owned by Coffeyville Resources, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CVR Energy. The operations of our general partner in its capacity as general partner are managed by its board of directors. Actions by our general partner that are made in its individual capacity will be made by Coffeyville Resources as the sole member of our general partner and not by the board of directors of our general partner is not elected by our unitholders and will not be subject to re-election on a regular basis in the future. The officers of our general partner will manage the day-to-day affairs of our business.

Limited partners will not be entitled to elect the directors of our general partner or directly or indirectly participate in our management or operation. Our partnership agreement contains various provisions which replace default fiduciary duties with contractual corporate governance standards. See "The Partnership Agreement." Our general partner will be liable, as a general partner, for all of our debts (to the extent not paid from our assets), except for indebtedness or other obligations that are made expressly non-recourse to it. Our general partner therefore may cause us to incur indebtedness or other obligations that are non-recourse to it. It is expected that our credit facility will be non-recourse to our general partner.

As a publicly traded partnership, we qualify for, and are relying on, certain exemptions from the New York Stock Exchange's corporate governance requirements, including:

- · the requirement that a majority of the board of directors of our general partner consist of independent directors;
- the requirement that the board of directors of our general partner have a nominating/corporate governance committee that is composed entirely of independent directors; and
- the requirement that the board of directors of our general partner have a compensation committee that is composed entirely of independent directors.

As a result of these exemptions, our general partner's board of directors will not be comprised of a majority of independent directors, our general partner's compensation committee may not be comprised entirely of independent directors and our general partner's board of directors does not currently intend to establish a nominating/corporate governance committee. Accordingly, unitholders will not have the same protections afforded to equityholders of companies that are subject to all of the corporate governance requirements of the New York Stock Exchange.

Upon completion of this offering, we expect that the board of directors of our general partner will consist of seven directors.

The board of directors of our general partner has established an audit committee comprised of Donna R. Ecton (chairman) and Frank M. Muller, Jr., who meet the independence and experience standards established by the New York Stock Exchange and the Exchange Act. The audit committee's responsibilities are to review our accounting and auditing principles and procedures, accounting functions and internal controls; to oversee the qualifications, independence, appointment, retention, compensation and performance of our independent registered public accounting firm; to recommend to the board of directors the engagement of our independent accountants; to review with the independent accountants the plans and results of the auditing engagement; and to oversee "whistle-blowing" procedures and certain other compliance matters. The New York Stock Exchange regulations and applicable laws require that our general partner have an audit committee comprised of at least three independent directors not later than one year following the effective date of this prospectus. Accordingly, at least one additional independent director will be appointed to the board of directors of our general partner within one year following the effective date of this prospectus, and such independent director will serve on our audit committee.

In addition, the board of directors of our general partner will establish a conflicts committee consisting entirely of independent directors. Pursuant to our partnership agreement, the board may, but is not required to, seek the approval of the conflicts committee whenever a conflict arises between our general partner or its affiliates, on the one hand, and us or any public unitholder, on the other. The conflicts committee may then determine whether the resolution of the conflict of interest is in the best interests of the Partnership. The members of the conflicts

committee may not be officers or employees of our general partner or directors, officers or employees of its affiliates, and must meet the independence standard established by the New York Stock Exchange and the Exchange Act to serve on an audit committee of a board of directors. Any matters approved by the conflicts committee will be conclusively deemed to be fair and reasonable to us, approved by all of our partners and not a breach by the general partner of any duties it may owe us or our unitholders. The initial members of the conflicts committee are expected to be Donna R. Ecton and Frank M. Muller, Jr.

The board of directors of our general partner also intends to create a compensation committee which will, among other things, oversee the compensation plan described below.

Whenever our general partner makes a determination or takes or declines to take an action in its individual, rather than representative, capacity, it is entitled to make such determination or to take or decline to take such other action free of any fiduciary duty or obligation whatsoever to us, any limited partner or assignee, and it is not required to act in good faith or pursuant to any other standard imposed by our partnership agreement or under Delaware law or any other law. Examples include the exercise of its call right or its registration rights, its voting rights with respect to the units it owns and its determination whether or not to consent to any merger or consolidation of the partnership. Actions by our general partner that are made in its individual capacity will be made by Coffeyville Resources, the sole member of our general partner, not by its board of directors.

Executive Officers and Directors

The following table sets forth the names, positions and ages (as of March 1, 2011) of the executive officers and directors of our general partner.

The executive officers of our general partner are also executive officers of CVR Energy and are providing their services to our general partner and us pursuant to the services agreement entered into among us, CVR Energy and our general partner. The executive officers listed below will divide their working time between the management of CVR Energy and us. The approximate weighted average percentages of the amount of time the executive officers spent on management of our partnership in 2010 are as follows: John J. Lipinski (14%), Stanley A. Riemann (15%), Ed Morgan (14%), Edmund S. Gross (15%), Kevan A. Vick (100%) and Christopher G. Swanberg (26%).

Following the closing of this offering, we expect that our general partner will identify and name two or three additional independent directors to the board of the general partner. As we add these new directors, we expect that Scott Lebovitz, John Rowan and Stanley de J. Osborne will resign as directors of the board of our general partner.

Name	Age	Position With Our General Partner
John J. Lipinski	60	Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President
Stanley A. Riemann	59	Chief Operating Officer
Edward A. Morgan	41	Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
Edmund S. Gross	60	Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary
Kevan A. Vick	56	Executive Vice President and Fertilizer General Manager
Christopher G. Swanberg	53	Vice President, Environmental, Health and Safety
Donna R. Ecton	63	Director
Scott L. Lebovitz	35	Director
George E. Matelich	54	Director
Frank M. Muller, Jr.	68	Director
Stanley de J. Osborne	40	Director
John K. Rowan	32	Director

John J. Lipinski has served as chief executive officer, president and a director of our general partner since October 2007 and chairman of the board of directors of our general partner since November 2010. He has also served as chairman of the board of directors of CVR Energy since September 2006, chief executive officer and president of Coffeyville Acquisition since June 2005 and chief executive officer and president of Coffeyville Acquisition II LLC, or Coffeyville Acquisition II, since October 2007. Mr. Lipinski has over 38 years of experience in the petroleum refining and nitrogen fertilizer industries. He began his career with Texaco Inc. In 1985, Mr. Lipinski joined The Coastal Corporation, eventually serving as Vice President of Refining with overall responsibility for Coastal Corporation's refining and petrochemical operations. Upon the merger of Coastal with El Paso Corporation in 2001, Mr. Lipinski was promoted to Executive Vice President of Refining and Chemicals, where he was responsible for all refining, petrochemical, nitrogen-based chemical processing and lubricant operations, as well as the corporate engineering and construction group. Mr. Lipinski left El Paso in 2002 and became an independent management consultant. In 2004, he became a managing director and partner of Prudentia Energy, an advisory and management firm.

Mr. Lipinski graduated from Stevens Institute of Technology with a Bachelor of Engineering (Chemical) and received a J.D. from Rutgers University School of Law. Mr. Lipinski's over 38 years of experience in the petroleum refining and nitrogen fertilizer industries adds significant value to the board of directors of our general partner. His in-depth knowledge of the issues, opportunities and challenges facing our business provides the direction and focus the board needs to ensure the most critical matters are addressed.

Stanley A. Riemann has served as chief operating officer of our general partner since October 2007. He has also served as chief operating officer of CVR Energy since September 2006, chief operating officer of Coffeyville Acquisition since June 2005, chief operating officer of Coffeyville Resources since February 2004 and chief operating officer of Coffeyville Acquisition II since October 2007. Prior to joining Coffeyville Resources in February 2004, Mr. Riemann held various positions associated with the Crop Production and Petroleum Energy Division of Farmland for over 30 years, including, most recently, Executive Vice President of Farmland and President of Farmland's Energy and Crop Nutrient Division. In this capacity, he was directly responsible for managing the petroleum refining operation and all domestic fertilizer operations, which included the Trinidad and Tobago nitrogen fertilizer operations. His leadership also extended to managing Farmland's interests in SF Phosphates in Rock Springs, Wyoming and Farmland Hydro, L.P., a phosphate production operation in Florida and managing all company-wide transportation assets and services. On May 31, 2002, Farmland filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy protection. Mr. Riemann has served as a board member and board chairman on several industry organizations including the Phosphate Potash Institute, the Florida Phosphate Council and the International Fertilizer Association. He currently serves on the Board of The Fertilizer Institute. Mr. Riemann received a B.S. from the University of Nebraska and an M.B.A from Rockhurst University.

Edward A. Morgan has served as chief financial officer and treasurer of our general partner, CVR Energy, Coffeyville Resources, Coffeyville Acquisition and Coffeyville Acquisition II since May 2009. Prior to joining our company, Mr. Morgan spent seven years with Brentwood, Tenn.-based Delek U.S. Holdings, Inc., serving as the chief financial officer for Delek's operating segments during the previous five years. Mr. Morgan was named vice president in February 2005, and in April 2006, he was named chief financial officer of Delek U.S. Holdings in connection with Delek's initial public offering, which became effective in May 2006. Mr. Morgan led a diverse organization at Delek, where he was responsible for all finance, accounting and information technology matters. Mr. Morgan received a B.S. in accounting from Mississippi State University and a Master of Accounting degree from the University of Tennessee.

Edmund S. Gross has served as senior vice president, general counsel and secretary of our general partner since October 2007. He has also served as senior vice president, general counsel and secretary of CVR Energy and Coffeyville Acquisition II since October 2007, vice president, general counsel and secretary of CVR Energy since September 2006, secretary of Coffeyville Acquisition since June 2005 and general counsel and secretary of Coffeyville Resources since July 2004. Prior to joining Coffeyville Resources, Mr. Gross was of counsel at Stinson Morrison Hecker LLP in Kansas City, Missouri from 2002 to 2004, was Senior Corporate Counsel with Farmland from 1987 to 2002 and was an associate and later a partner at Weeks, Thomas & Lysaught, a law firm in Kansas City, Kansas, from 1980 to 1987. Mr. Gross received a Bachelor of Arts degree in history from Tulane University, a J.D. from the University of Kansas.

Kevan A. Vick has served as executive vice president and fertilizer general manager of our general partner since October 2007. He has also served as executive vice president and fertilizer general manager of CVR Energy since September 2006 and senior vice president at CRNF, our operating subsidiary, since February 27, 2004. He has served on the board of directors of Farmland MissChem Limited in Trinidad and SF Phosphates. He has nearly 30 years of experience in the Farmland organization. Prior to joining CRNF, he was general manager of nitrogen manufacturing at Farmland from January 2001 to February 2004. Mr. Vick received a B.S. in chemical engineering from the University of Kansas and is a licensed professional engineer in Kansas, Oklahoma, and Iowa.

Christopher G. Swanberg has served as vice president, environmental, health and safety at our general partner since October 2007. He has also served as vice president, environmental, health and safety at CVR Energy since September 2006, as vice president, environmental, health and safety at Coffeyville Resources since June 2005 and as vice president, environmental, health and safety at Coffeyville Acquisition and Coffeyville Acquisition II since October 2007. He has served in numerous management positions in the petroleum refining industry such as Manager, Environmental Affairs for the refining and marketing division of Atlantic Richfield Company (ARCO) and Manager, Regulatory and Legislative Affairs for Lyondell-Citgo Refining. Mr. Swanberg's experience includes technical and management assignments in project, facility and corporate staff positions in all environmental, and petrochemicals, from September 2002 to June 2005. Mr. Swanberg received a B.S. in Environmental Engineering Technology from Western Kentucky University and an M.B.A from the University of Tulsa.

Donna R. Ecton has been a member of the board of directors of our general partner since March 2008. Ms. Ecton is founder, chairman, and chief executive officer of the management consulting firm EEI Inc, which she founded in 1998. Prior to founding EEI, she served as a board member of H&R Block, Inc. from 1993 to 2007, a board member of PETsMART, Inc. from 1994 to 1998, PETsMART's chief operating officer from 1996 to 1998, and as chairman, president and chief executive officer of Business Mail Express, Inc., a privately held expedited print/mail business, from 1995 to 1996. Ms. Ecton was president and chief executive officer of Van Houten North America Inc. from 1991 to 1994 and Andes Candies Inc from 1991 to 1994. She has also held senior management positions at Nutri/System, Inc. and Campbell Soup Company. She started her business career in banking with both Chemical Bank and Citibank N.A. Ms. Ecton is a member of the Council on Foreign Relations in New York City. She was also elected to and served on Harvard University's Board of Overseers. Ms. Ecton received a B.A. in economics from Wellesley College and an M.B.A. from the Harvard Graduate School of Business Administration. We believe Ms. Ecton's significant background as both an executive officer and director of public companies and experience will be an asset to our board. Her knowledge and experience will provide the audit committee with valuable perspective in managing the relationship with our independent accountants and the performance of the financial auditing oversight.

Scott L. Lebovitz has been a member of the board of directors of our general partner since October 2007. He has also been a member of the board of directors of CVR Energy since September 2006 and a member of the board of directors of Coffeyville Acquisition II since October 2007. He was also a member of the board of directors of Coffeyville Acquisition from June 2005 until October 2007. Mr. Lebovitz is a managing director in the Merchant Banking Division of Goldman, Sachs & Co. Mr. Lebovitz joined Goldman, Sachs & Co. in 1997 and became a managing director in 2007. He is a director of Energy Future Holdings Corp. and E.F. Energy Holdings, LLC. Mr. Lebovitz previously served as a director of Ruth's Chris Steakhouse, Inc. He received his B.S. in Commerce from the University of Virginia. Mr. Lebovitz's history with the company adds significant value and his financial background provides a balanced perspective as we have faced a volatile marketplace. His long service as our director gives him invaluable insights into our history and growth and a valuable perspective of the strategic direction of our businesses.

George E. Matelich has been a member of the board of directors of our general partner since October 2007. He has also been a member of the board of directors of CVR Energy since September 2006 and a member of the board of directors of Coffeyville Acquisition since June 2005. Mr. Matelich has been a managing director of Kelso & Company since 1990. Mr. Matelich has been affiliated with Kelso since 1985. Mr. Matelich is a Certified Public Accountant and holds a Certificate in Management Consulting. Mr. Matelich received a B.A. in Business Administration from the University of Puget Sound and an M.B.A. from the Stanford Graduate School of Business.

He is a director of Global Geophysical Services, Inc., Hunt Marcellus, LLC and the American Prairie Foundation. Mr. Matelich previously served as a director of FairPoint Communications, Inc., Optigas, Inc., Shelter Bay Energy Inc. and Waste Services, Inc. He is also a Trustee of the University of Puget Sound and a member of the Stanford Graduate School of Business Advisory Council. Mr. Matelich's long service as a director with us gives him invaluable insights into our history and growth and a valuable perspective of the strategic direction of our businesses. Additionally, his experience with other public companies provides depth of knowledge of business and strategic considerations.

Frank M. Muller, Jr. has been a member of the board of directors of our general partner since May 2008. Until August 2009, Mr. Muller served as the chairman and chief executive officer of the technology design and manufacturing firm TenX Technology, Inc., which he founded in 1985. He is currently the president of Toby Enterprises, which he founded in 1999 to invest in startup companies, and the chairman of Topaz Technologies, Ltd., a software engineering company. Mr. Muller was a senior vice president of The Coastal Corporation from 1989 to 2001, focusing on business acquisitions and joint ventures, and general manager of the Kensington Company, Ltd. from 1984 to 1989. Mr. Muller started his business career in the oil and chemical industries with Pepsico, Inc. and Agrico Chemical Company. Mr. Muller served in the United States Army from 1965 to 1973. Mr. Muller received a B.S. and M.B.A. from Texas A&M University. We believe Mr. Muller's experience in the chemical industry and expertise in developing and growing new businesses will be an asset to our board.

Stanley de J. Osborne has been a member of the board of directors of our general partner since October 2007. He has also been a member of the board of directors of CVR Energy since September 2006 and a member of the board of directors of Coffeyville Acquisition since June 2005. Mr. Osborne was a Vice President of Kelso & Company from 2004 through 2007 and has been a managing director since 2007. Mr. Osborne has been affiliated with Kelso since 1998. Prior to joining Kelso, Mr. Osborne was an Associate at Summit Partners. Previously, Mr. Osborne was an Associate in the Private Equity Group and an Analyst in the Financial Institutions Group at J.P. Morgan & Co. He received a B.A. in Government from Dartmouth College. Mr. Osborne is a director of Custom Building Products, Inc., Global Geophysical Services, Inc., Hunt Marcellus, LLC, Logan's Roadhouse, Inc. and Traxys S.a.r.l. Mr. Osborne previously served as a director of Optigas, Inc. and Shelter Bay Energy Inc. His long service as our director gives him invaluable insights into our history and growth and a valuable perspective of the strategic direction of our businesses.

John K. Rowan has been a member of the board of directors of our general partner and a member of the board of directors of Coffeyville Acquisition II since May 2010. Mr. Rowan has been a vice president with Goldman, Sachs & Co. since 2007. Mr. Rowan currently serves on the board of directors for First Aviation Services, Inc. and Sprint Industrial Corp. He also serves as the chairman of the board of directors of the Bronx Success Academy. Mr. Rowan earned a B.A. from Columbia University in economics. We believe Mr. Rowan's historical involvement with the company provides the board with unique insight into our history and growth and will provide valuable insight to our current and future business strategies.

The directors of our general partner hold office until the earlier of their death, resignation or removal.

Compensation Discussion and Analysis

Overview

We do not currently directly employ any of the persons responsible for the executive management of our business. Pursuant to the services agreement between us, our general partner and CVR Energy, among other matters:

- · CVR Energy makes available to our general partner the services of the CVR Energy executive officers and employees who serve as our general partner's executive officers; and
- We, our general partner and our operating subsidiary, as the case may be, are obligated to reimburse CVR Energy for any allocated portion of the costs that CVR Energy incurs in providing compensation and benefits to such CVR Energy employees, with the exception of costs attributable to share-based compensation.

Under the services agreement, either our general partner, CRNF (our subsidiary) or we pay CVR Energy (i) all costs incurred by CVR Energy or its affiliates in connection with the employment of its employees, other than administrative personnel, who provide us services under the agreement on a full-time basis, but excluding share-based compensation; (ii) a prorated share of costs incurred by CVR Energy or its affiliates in connection with the employment of its employees, including administrative personnel, who provide us services under the agreement on a part-time basis, but excluding share-based compensation, and such prorated share shall be determined by CVR Energy on a commercially reasonable basis, based on the percent of total working time that such shared personnel are engaged in performing services for us; (iii) a prorated share of certain administrative costs, including office costs, services by outside vendors, other sales, general and administrative costs and depreciation and amortization; and (iv) various other administrative costs in accordance with the terms of the agreement. Following the first anniversary of this offering, either CVR Energy or our general partner may terminate the services agreement upon at least 180 days' notice. For more information on this services agreement, see "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions — Agreements with CVR Energy."

The compensation of the executive officers of our general partner is set by CVR Energy. These executive officers currently receive all of their compensation and benefits from CVR Energy, including compensation related to services provided to us, and are not paid by us or our general partner. In the future, the executive officers of our general partner may receive equity-based compensation in connection with the Long-Term Incentive Plan that we intend to adopt. Although we bear an allocated portion of CVR Energy's costs of providing compensation and benefits to the CVR Energy employees who serve as the executive officers of our general partner, we will have no control over such costs and do not establish or direct the compensation policies or practices of CVR Energy. We are required to pay all compensation amounts allocated to us by CVR Energy (except for share-based compensation), although we may object to amounts that we deem unreasonable.

The weighted average percentages of the amount of time the executive officers of our general partner spent on management of our partnership in 2010 are as follows: John J. Lipinski (13%), Stanley A. Riemann (15%), Edward A. Morgan (13%), Edmund S. Gross (15%), Kevan A. Vick (100%) and Christopher Swanberg (26%). These numbers are weighted because the named executive officers of our general partner may spend a different percentage of their time dedicated to our business each quarter. The remainder of their time was spent working for CVR Energy (other than Kevan Vick, who spent all of his time working for our business). We estimate that the time spent by these individuals working for us will increase following this offering due to filing requirements and other responsibilities associated with managing a public company. Messrs. Lipinski, Morgan, Vick, Riemann and Gross are referred to throughout this registration statement as the named executive officers of our general partner, and are, respectively, the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and the next three most highly compensated executive officers of our general partner (based on the portion of their compensation attributable to services performed for us during 2010).

The following discussion is based on information provided to us by CVR Energy. Our general partner is not involved in the determination of the various elements of compensation discussed below or CVR Energy's decisions with respect to future changes to the levels of the compensation of the named executive officers of our general partner.

Compensation Philosophy

CVR Energy's executive compensation philosophy is threefold:

- · To align the executive officers' interest with that of the stockholders and stakeholders, which provides long-term economic benefits to the stockholders;
- To provide competitive financial incentives in the form of salary, bonuses and benefits with the goal of retaining and attracting talented and highly motivated executive officers; and
- To maintain a compensation program whereby the executive officers, through exceptional performance and equity ownership, will have the opportunity to realize economic rewards commensurate with appropriate gains of other equity holders and stakeholders.

Elements of Compensation Program

The three primary components of CVR Energy's compensation program are salary, an annual discretionary cash bonus and equity awards. While these three components are related, they are viewed as separate and analyzed as such. Executive officers are also provided with benefits that are generally available to CVR Energy's salaried employees.

CVR Energy believes that equity compensation is the primary motivator in attracting and retaining executive officers. Salary and discretionary cash bonuses are viewed as secondary; however, the compensation committee views a competitive level of salary and cash bonus as critical to retaining talented individuals.

CVR Energy's compensation committee has not adopted any formal or informal policies or guidelines for allocating compensation between long-term and current compensation, between cash and non-cash compensation, or among different forms of compensation other than its belief that the most crucial component is equity compensation. The decision is strictly made on a subjective and individual basis after consideration of all relevant factors. The Chief Executive Officer, while not a member of CVR Energy's compensation committee, reviews information provided by the committee's compensation consultant, Longnecker & Associates ("Longnecker"), as well as other relevant market information and actively provides guidance and recommendations to the committee regarding the amount and form of the compensation of other executive officers and key employees.

Longnecker has been engaged by CVR Energy on behalf of its compensation committee to assist the committee with its review of executive officers' compensation levels and the mix of compensation as compared to peer companies, companies of similar size and other relevant market information. To this end, Longnecker performed a study including an analysis that management reviewed and then provided to the compensation committee for its use in making decisions regarding the salary, bonus and other compensation amounts paid to named executive officers. The following companies were included in the report and analysis prepared by Longnecker as members of CVR Energy's "peer group"-the independent refining companies of Frontier Oil Corporation, Holly Corporation and Tesoro Corporation and the fertilizer businesses of CF Industries Holdings Inc. and Terra Industries, Inc. Although no specific target for total compensation or any particular element of compensation was set relative to CVR Energy's peer group, the focus of Longnecker's recommendations was centered on compensation levels at the median or 50th percentile of the peer group.

Base Salary. In determining base salary levels, the compensation committee of CVR Energy takes into account the following factors: (i) CVR Energy's financial and operational performance for the year, (ii) the previous years' compensation level for each executive officer, (iii) peer or market survey information for comparable public companies and (iv) recommendations of the chief executive officer, based on individual responsibilities and performance, including each executive officer's commitment and ability to: (A) strategically meet business challenges, (B) achieve financial results, (C) promote legal and ethical compliance, (D) lead their own business or business team for which they are responsible and (E) diligently and effectively respond to immediate needs of the volatile industry and business environment.

Rather than establishing compensation solely on a formula-driven basis, we understand that decisions by CVR Energy's compensation committee are made using an approach that considers several important factors in developing compensation levels. For example, CVR Energy's compensation committee considers whether individual base salaries reflect responsibility levels and are reasonable, competitive and fair. In addition, in setting base salaries, CVR Energy's compensation committee reviews published survey and peer group data prepared by Longnecker and considers the applicability of the salary data in view of the individual positions within CVR Energy.

Annual Bonus. Information about total cash compensation paid by members of CVR Energy's peer group is used in determining both the level of bonus award and the ratio of salary to bonus, as the compensation committee of CVR Energy believes that maintaining a level of bonus and a ratio of fixed salary to bonus (which may fluctuate) that is in line with those of our competitors is an important factor in attracting and retaining executives. The compensation committee of CVR Energy also believes that a significant portion of executive officers' compensation should be at risk, which means that a portion of the executive officers' overall compensation is not guaranteed

and is determined based on individual and company performance. Executive officers have greater potential bonus awards as the authority and responsibility of an executive increases.

Employment agreements for each of the named executive officers provide that the executive is eligible to receive an annual cash bonus with a target bonus equal to a specified percentage of the relevant executive's annual base salary. Under the employment agreements in effect during 2010, the 2010 target bonuses were the following percentages of salary for the named executive officers: Mr. Lipinski (250%), Mr. Morgan (120%), Mr. Vick (80%), Mr. Riemann (200%) and Mr. Gross (90%). These levels were in correlation with the findings and recommendations by Longnecker based upon review of CVR Energy's peer group, and companies of similar size and other relevant market information in order to balance the overall 2010 total salary and bonus levels.

Historically, including with respect to 2010 bonuses, no specific Company or individual performance criteria have been established or communicated to the named executive officers at the beginning of the performance period. Because no performance criteria have been established at such time, the annual bonus component of the named executive officers' compensation has not been intended to serve as an incentive to achieve particular performance objectives over a specified period. Rather, CVR Energy's compensation committee has determined, at a compensation committee meeting typically occurring during November during the relevant performance year, the amount of annual bonuses to be paid to the named executive officers. CVR Energy's compensation committee has considered various factors with respect to Company performance and/or individual performance, none of which have been established in advance. The committee has not been required to consider any particular factors in determining bonuses and has considered various factors, each of which has been subjectively considered. At its discretion, CVR Energy's compensation committee has determined that bonuses may be paid in an amount equal to the target percentage, less than the target percentage or greater than the target percentage (or not at all), regardless of the achievement of any factor relating to individual and/or company performance.

In November 2010, CVR Energy's compensation committee met to determine the amount of bonuses to be paid to the named executive officers in respect of 2010. In making its determinations, CVR Energy's compensation committee considered peer group information provided by Longnecker, as well as company performance and each individual named executive officer's performance during 2010. With respect to company performance, CVR Energy's compensation committee reviewed various general factors associated with the Company's performance such as overall operational performance, financial performance and factors affecting shareholder value, including growth initiatives.

Specific items that were considered with respect to the individual performance of the named executive officers during 2010 are as follows.

- John J. Lipinski demonstrated leadership and the capacity to perform well in the challenging economic environment, leading the company to emerge with a projected profitable year based upon nine months results despite a first quarter that was challenging industry-wide. In addition, Mr. Lipinski contributed to an overall improved and strengthened balance sheet, improvement of the company's capital structure and enhancement and increased capacity of the crude gathering business. Mr. Lipinski also provided direction and leadership to CVR Energy generally and to the core management team, which leadership generated operational achievements and record operating performance levels of the refinery during the first ten months of the year with decreased operating costs resulting from increased efficiencies.
- Edward A. Morgan demonstrated leadership in the finance and accounting organization and contributed to the company's successful capital restructuring with the completion of credit facility amendments and the issuance of senior notes. Mr. Morgan also contributed to an improved and strengthened balance sheet, with a focus on financing alternatives and the development and enhancement of internal audit in-house resources.
- Kevan A. Vick demonstrated leadership within the fertilizer business that contributed to the overall strong performance of the facility, contributed to the completion of a successful major scheduled turnaround with no unexpected increased costs, and provided leadership and direction to the fertilizer team for an effective response to the rupture of a high-pressure UAN vessel resulting in a safe and prompt reopening of the facility.
- Stanley A. Riemann provided leadership and support to the fertilizer business during its response to the rupture of a high-pressure UAN vessel and provided direction.

 Mr. Riemann also provided leadership at the refinery that led to the refining assets being operated at a high degree of reliability, thereby generating record

- levels of operating performance. Mr. Riemann also contributed to reduction and efficiencies in the cost and capital spend program. Additionally, Mr. Riemann's leadership and direction resulted in continued favorable safety records for both the refinery and the fertilizer facility.
- Edmund S. Gross effectively led CVR Energy's legal department. In addition, he managed significant litigation matters for both CVR Energy as well as the refining and fertilizer businesses. Not only has Mr. Gross been involved in litigation matters, but he has also been directly involved in the successful negotiation of significant commercial contracts for both the refining and fertilizer businesses.

Equity Awards. CVR Energy also uses equity incentives to reward long-term performance. The issuance of equity to executive officers is intended to generate significant future value for each executive officer if CVR Energy's performance is outstanding and the value of CVR Energy's equity increases for all of its stockholders. CVR Energy's compensation committee believes that its equity incentives promote long-term retention of executives. The equity incentives issued, including to the named executive officers of our general partner, were negotiated to a large degree at the time of the acquisition of the CVR Energy business in June 2005 (with additional awards that were not originally allocated in June 2005 issued in December 2006) in order to bring CVR Energy's compensation package in line with executives at private equity portfolio companies, based on the private equity market practices at that time. Any costs associated with equity incentives awarded are borne wholly by CVR Energy. These profits interests have not had any realization event to date, but in connection with this offering, the members of Coffeyville Acquisition III will receive proceeds from the sale of the incentive distribution rights and the general partner interest. See "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions"

Perquisites. CVR Energy pays for portions of medical insurance and life insurance, as well as a medical physical every three years, for the named executive officers. Kevan A. Vick, who is involved in direct operations at our facilities, receives use of a company vehicle. The total value of all perquisites and personal benefits is less than \$10,000 for each named executive officer.

Other Forms of Compensation. Each of the named executive officers of our general partner has provisions in their respective employment agreements with CVR Energy providing for certain severance benefits in the event of termination without cause or a resignation with good reason. These severance provisions are described below in "— Change-in-Control and Termination Payments." These severance provisions were negotiated between the named executive officers of our general partner and CVR Energy.

Summary Compensation Table

The following table sets forth the portion of compensation paid by CVR Energy to the named executive officers of our general partner that is attributable to services performed for us for the year ended December 31, 2010, with the exception of stock awards. Stock awards are not included in the Summary Compensation Table as we are not obligated under the services agreement to reimburse CVR Energy for any portion of share-based compensation awarded to executives that dedicate a portion of their time to our business and, accordingly, do not consider such awards to be attributable to services performed for us. In the case of Mr. Vick, who spends 100% of his time working for us, these amounts represent the total compensation paid to Mr. Vick by CVR Energy. With respect to other executives, the amounts reflected in the total compensation column reflect the portion of their total compensation attributable to services performed for us during the applicable years. For example, since Mr. Lipinski dedicated a weighted average of approximately 14% of his time to performing services for us, the amount reflected in the total column of the Summary Compensation Table for him represents approximately 14% of his total compensation for 2010. The amount set forth in the total column reflects the product of each respective named executive officer's total compensation earned in 2010 multiplied by the percentage of time spent performing services for us, with such percentage weighted among the various elements of compensation in accordance with the allocation of each particular element to services performed for the Partnership. The amount of compensation received by the named executive officers of our general partner was determined by CVR Energy's compensation committee. We had no role in determining these amounts. Under the services agreement among us, our general partner and CVR Energy, we are required to reimburse CVR Energy for all compensation that CVR Energy pays these executives for services

performed for us (except for share-based compensation), although we may object to amounts that we deem unreasonable.

				All Other	
Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)(1)	Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
John J. Lipinski, Chief Executive	2009	170,400	426,000	2,614(3)	599,014
Officer(2)	2010	138,916	266,667	1,390	406,973
Edward A. Morgan, Chief Financial	2009	42,837	64,238	34,335(5)	141,410
Officer(2)(4)	2010	49,469	50,400	1,204	101,073
Kevan A. Vick, Executive Vice President and Fertilizer General	2009	245,000	196,000	13,929(6)	454,929
Manager(2)	2010	245,000	196,000	16,178	457,178
Stanley A. Riemann, Chief Operating	2009	140,270	280,540	4,148(3)	424,958
Officer(2)	2010	62,493	124,500	1,895	188,888
Edmund S. Gross, Senior Vice	2009	94,500	94,500	3,682(3)	192,682
President and General Counsel(2)(6)	2010	52,254	45,804	1,915	99,973

- (1) Bonuses are reported for the year in which they were earned, though they may have been paid the following year.
- (2) The table does not include the fair value of stock awards granted to the named executive officers in 2009 and 2010 because such amounts were not reimbursed by us.
- (3) For 2010, includes the portion of the following benefits for the relevant named executive officers that were reimbursed by us in accordance with the services agreement described herein: (a) company contributions to the named executive officers' accounts under CVR Energy's 401(k) plan and (b) premiums paid on behalf of the named executive officers with respect to CVR Energy's basic life insurance program. Note that premiums paid on behalf of the named executive officers with respect to CVR Energy's executive life insurance program are not included because such amounts are not reimbursed by us.
- (4) In the case of Mr. Morgan, his compensation amounts for 2009 reflect amounts earned following the date he joined CVR Energy in May 2009.
- (5) For 2010, includes the portion of the following benefits for Mr. Morgan that were reimbursed by us in accordance with the services agreement described herein: (a) company contribution to the named executive officers' accounts under CVR Energy's 401(k) plan and (b) premiums paid on behalf of the named executive officers with respect to CVR Energy's executive life insurance program are not included because such amounts are not reimbursed by us.
- (6) For 2010, includes the portion of the following benefits for Mr. Vick that were reimbursed by us in accordance with the services agreement described herein: (a) car allowance, (b) company contribution to the named executive officers' accounts under CVR Energy's 401(k) plan and (c) premiums paid on behalf of the named executive officers with respect to CVR Energy's basic life insurance program. Note that premiums paid on behalf of the named executive officers with respect to CVR Energy's executive life insurance program are not included because such amounts are not reimbursed by us.

Employment Agreements

John J. Lipinski. On July 12, 2005, Coffeyville Resources, LLC entered into an employment agreement with Mr. Lipinski, as chief executive officer, which was subsequently assumed by CVR Energy and amended and restated effective as of January 1, 2008. Mr. Lipinski's employment agreement was amended and restated effective January 1, 2010 and subsequently amended and restated on January 1, 2011. The agreement has a rolling term of three years so that at the end of each month it automatically renews for one additional month, unless otherwise terminated by CVR Energy or Mr. Lipinski. Mr. Lipinski receives an annual base salary of \$900,000 effective as of January 1, 2011. Mr. Lipinski is also eligible to receive a performance-based annual cash bonus with a target payment equal to 250% of his annual base salary to be based upon individual and/or company performance criteria as established by the compensation committee of the board of directors of CVR Energy for each fiscal year. In addition, Mr. Lipinski is entitled to participate in such health, insurance, retirement and other employee benefit plans and programs of CVR Energy as in effect from time to time on the same basis as other senior executives of CVR Energy. The agreement requires Mr. Lipinski to abide by a perpetual restrictive covenant relating to non-disclosure and also includes covenants relating to non-solicitation and non-competition that govern during his

employment and thereafter for the period severance is paid and, if no severance is paid, for one year following termination of employment. In addition, Mr. Lipinski's agreement provides for certain severance payments that may be due following the termination of his employment under certain circumstances, which are described below under "— Change-in-Control and Termination Payments."

Edward A. Morgan, Kevan A. Vick, Stanley A. Riemann and Edmund S. Gross. On July 12, 2005, Coffeyville Resources, LLC entered into employment agreements with each of Messrs. Riemann and Gross. The agreements were subsequently assumed by CVR Energy and amended and restated between the respective executives and CVR Energy effective as of December 29, 2007. Each of these agreements was amended and restated effective January 1, 2010 and subsequently amended and restated on January 1, 2011. The agreements have a term of three years and expire in January 2014, unless otherwise terminated earlier by the parties. Mr. Morgan entered into an employment agreement with CVR Energy effective May 14, 2009, which was amended effective August 17, 2009. This employment agreement was further amended and restated effective January 1, 2010 and subsequently amended and restated on January 1, 2011. Similarly, this agreement has a term of three years and expires in January 2014, unless otherwise terminated earlier by the parties. The agreements provide for an annual base salary of \$335,000 for Mr. Morgan, \$253,000 for Mr. Vick, \$425,000 for Mr. Riemann and \$362,000 for Mr. Gross, each effective as of January 1, 2011. Each executive officer is eligible to receive a performance-based annual cash bonus to be based upon individual and/or company performance criteria as established by the compensation committee of the board of directors of CVR Energy for each fiscal year. The target annual bonus percentages for these executive officers effective as of January 1, 2011 are as follows: Mr. Morgan (120%), Mr. Vick (80%), Mr. Riemann (200%) and Mr. Gross (100%). These executives are also entitled to participate in such health, insurance, retirement and other employee benefit plans and programs of CVR Energy as in effect from time to time on the same basis as other senior executives of CVR Energy. The agreements require these executive officers to abide by a perpetual restrictive covenant relating to non-disclosure and also include covenants rel

Compensation of Directors

Officers, employees and directors of CVR Energy who serve as directors of our general partner will not receive additional compensation for their service as a director of our general partner. We anticipate that each independent director will receive compensation for attending meetings of our general partner's board of directors and committees thereof. Historically, our independent directors received an annual director fee of \$75,000 in cash, with the audit committee chair receiving an additional fee of \$15,000 per year in cash. Following the closing of this offering, independent directors will receive an annual director fee of \$50,000 in cash plus \$50,000 in phantom units, with the audit committee chair receiving an additional fee of \$15,000 per year in cash. In addition, upon the consummation of this offering, Ms. Ecton and Mr. Muller will each receive a one-time award of phantom units with values of \$250,000 and \$150,000, respectively. These phantom units are expected to vest six months following the grant date. Each director will also be reimbursed for out-of-pocket expenses in connection with attending meetings of the board of directors (and committees thereof) of our general partner and for other director-related education expenses. Each director will be fully indemnified by us for his actions associated with being a director to the fullest extent permitted under Delaware law.

The following table provides compensation information for the year ended December 31, 2010 for each independent director of our general partner.

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Name		Cash	 Total Compensation
Donna R. Ecton(1)	\$	90,000	\$ 90,000
Frank M. Muller, Jr.	\$	75,000	\$ 75,000

(1) In addition to the \$75,000 annual fee earned by Ms. Ecton for her service on the board of directors of our general partner, she also received an additional \$15,000 for her service as chair of the audit committee.

Reimbursement of Expenses of Our General Partner

Our general partner and its affiliates will be reimbursed for expenses incurred on our behalf under the services agreement. See "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions — Agreements with CVR Energy — Services Agreement" for a description of our services agreement. These expenses include the costs of employee, officer and director compensation and benefits properly allocable to us, and all other expenses necessary or appropriate to the conduct of our business and allocable to us. These expenses also include costs incurred by CVR Energy or its affiliates in rendering corporate staff and support services to us pursuant to the services agreement, including a pro rata portion of the compensation of CVR Energy's executive officers who provide management services to us (based on the amount of time such executive officers devote to our business). We expect for the year ending December 31, 2011 that the total amount paid to our general partner and its affiliates (including amounts paid to CVR Energy pursuant to the services agreement) will be approximately \$10.3 million.

Our partnership agreement provides that our general partner will determine which of its and its affiliates' expenses are allocable to us and the services agreement provides that CVR Energy will invoice us monthly for services provided thereunder. Our general partner may dispute the costs that CVR Energy charges us under the services agreement, but we will not be entitled to a refund of any disputed cost unless it is determined not to be a reasonable cost incurred by CVR Energy in connection with services it provided.

Retirement Plan Benefits

Prior to the completion of this offering, our employees (including the executive officers of our general partner) were covered by a defined-contribution 401(k) plan sponsored and administered by CVR Energy. Our operating subsidiary's contributions for our employees under the 401(k) plan sponsored and administered by CVR Energy were \$0.3 million, \$0.4 million and \$0.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010, respectively. Upon the completion of this offering, we intend that our employees will continue to participate in CVR Energy's plan.

Change-in-Control and Termination Payments

Under the terms of our general partner's named executive officers' employment agreements with CVR Energy, they may be entitled to severance and other benefits from CVR Energy following the termination of their employment with CVR Energy. The amounts reflected in this section have not been pro-rated based on the amount of time spent working for us because we do not reimburse CVR Energy for costs associated with terminations of employment under the services agreement. The amounts of potential post-employment payments and benefits in the narrative and table below assume that the triggering event took place on December 31, 2010; however, except with respect to salary, which is as of December 31, 2010, they are based on the terms of the employment agreements in effect as of January 1, 2011.

John J. Lipinski. If Mr. Lipinski's employment is terminated either by CVR Energy without cause and other than for disability or by Mr. Lipinski for good reason (as these terms are defined in his employment agreement), then in addition to any accrued amounts, including any base salary earned but unpaid through the date of termination, any earned but unpaid annual bonus for completed fiscal years, any unused accrued paid time off and any unreimbursed expenses ("Accrued Amounts"), Mr. Lipinski is entitled to receive as severance (a) salary continuation for 36 months (b) a pro-rata target bonus for the year in which termination occurs and (c) the continuation of medical benefits for 36 months at active-employee rates or until such time as Mr. Lipinski becomes eligible for medical benefits from a subsequent employer. In addition, if Mr. Lipinski's employment is terminated either by CVR Energy without cause and other than for disability or by Mr. Lipinski for good reason (as these terms are defined in his employment agreement) within one year following a change in control (as defined in his employment agreements) or in specified circumstances prior to and in connection with a change in control, Mr. Lipinski will receive ¹/12 of his target bonus for the year of termination for each month of the 36 month period during which he is entitled to severance.

If Mr. Lipinski's employment is terminated as a result of his disability, then in addition to any Accrued Amounts and any payments to be made to Mr. Lipinski under disability plan(s), Mr. Lipinski is entitled to (a) disability payments equal to, in the aggregate, Mr. Lipinski's base salary as in effect immediately before his

disability (the estimated total amount of this payment is set forth in the relevant table below) and (b) a pro-rata target bonus for the year in which termination occurs. Such supplemental disability payments will be made in installments for a period of 36 months from the date of disability. As a condition to receiving these severance payments and benefits, Mr. Lipinski must (a) execute, deliver and not revoke a general release of claims and (b) abide by restrictive covenants as detailed below. If Mr. Lipinski's employment is terminated at any time by reason of his death, then in addition to any Accrued Amounts Mr. Lipinski's beneficiary (or his estate) will be paid (a) the base salary Mr. Lipinski would have received had he remained employed through the remaining term of his employment agreement and (b) a pro-rata target bonus for the year in which termination occurs. Notwithstanding the foregoing, CVR Energy may, at its option, purchase insurance to cover the obligations with respect to either Mr. Lipinski's supplemental disability payments or the payments due to Mr. Lipinski's beneficiary or estate by reason of his death. Mr. Lipinski will be required to cooperate in obtaining such insurance. Upon a termination by reason of Mr. Lipinski's retirement, in addition to any Accrued Amounts, Mr. Lipinski will receive (a) continuation of medical and dental benefits for 36 months at active-employee rates or until such time as Mr. Lipinski becomes eligible for such benefits from a subsequent employer, (b) provision of an office at CVR Energy's headquarters and use of CVR Energy's facilities and administrative support, each at CVR Energy's expense, for 36 months and (c) a pro-rata target bonus for the year in which termination occurs.

In the event that Mr. Lipinski is eligible to receive continuation of medical and dental benefits at active-employee rates but is not eligible to continue to receive benefits under CVR Energy's plans pursuant to the terms of such plans or a determination by the insurance providers, CVR Energy will use reasonable efforts to obtain individual insurance policies providing Mr. Lipinski with such benefits at the same cost to CVR Energy as providing him with continued coverage under CVR Energy's plans. If such coverage cannot be obtained, CVR Energy will pay Mr. Lipinski on a monthly basis during the relevant continuation period, an amount equal to the amount CVR Energy would have paid had he continued participation in CVR Energy's medical and dental plans.

If any payments or distributions due to Mr. Lipinski would be subject to the excise tax imposed under Section 4999 of the Code, then such payments or distributions will be "cut back" only if that reduction would be more beneficial to him on an after-tax basis than if there was no reduction. The estimated total amounts payable to Mr. Lipinski (or his beneficiary or estate in the event of death) in the event of termination of employment under the circumstances described above are set forth in the table below. Mr. Lipinski would solely be entitled to Accrued Amounts, if any, upon the termination of employment by CVR Energy for cause, by him voluntarily without good reason, or by reason of his retirement. The agreement requires Mr. Lipinski to abide by a perpetual restrictive covenant relating to non-disclosure. The agreement also includes covenants relating to non-solicitation and non-competition during Mr. Lipinski's employment term, and thereafter during the period he receives severance payments or supplemental disability payments, as applicable, or for one year following the end of the term (if no severance or disability payments are payable).

Edward A. Morgan, Kevan A. Vick, Stanley A. Riemann and Edmund S. Gross. Pursuant to their employment agreements, if the employment of Messrs. Morgan, Vick, Riemann or Gross is terminated either by CVR Energy without cause and other than for disability or by the executive officer for good reason (as such terms are defined in their respective employment agreements), then these executive officers are entitled, in addition to any Accrued Amounts, to receive as severance (a) salary continuation for 12 months (18 months for Mr. Riemann), (b) a pro-rata target bonus for the year in which termination occurs and (c) the continuation of medical and dental benefits for 12 months (18 months for Mr. Riemann) at active-employee rates or until such time as the executive officer becomes eligible for such benefits from a subsequent employer. In addition, if the employment of the named executive officers is terminated either by CVR Energy without cause and other than for disability or by the executives for good reason (as these terms are defined in their employment agreements) within one year following a change in control (as defined in their employment agreements) or in specified circumstances prior to and in connection with a change in control, they are also entitled to receive additional benefits. For Messrs. Morgan, Riemann and Gross, the severance period and benefit continuation period is extended to 24 months for Messrs. Morgan and Gross and 30 months for Mr. Riemann and they will also receive monthly payments equal to ½12 of their respective target bonuses for the year of termination during the 24 (or 30) month severance period. Mr. Vick will receive monthly payments equal to ½12 of his respective target bonus for the year of termination occurs and (b) continuation of

medical benefits for 24 months at active-employee rates or until such time as they become eligible for medical benefits from a subsequent employer.

In the event that Messrs. Morgan, Vick, Riemann and Gross are eligible to receive continuation of medical and dental benefits at active-employee rates but are not eligible to continue to receive benefits under CVR Energy's plans pursuant to the terms of such plans or a determination by the insurance providers, CVR Energy will use reasonable efforts to obtain individual insurance policies providing the executives with such benefits at the same cost to CVR Energy as providing them with continued coverage under CVR Energy's plans. If such coverage cannot be obtained, CVR Energy will pay the executives on a monthly basis during the relevant continuation period, an amount equal to the amount CVR Energy would have paid had they continued participation in CVR Energy's medical and dental plans.

As a condition to receiving these severance payments and benefits, the executives must (a) execute, deliver and not revoke a general release of claims and (b) abide by restrictive covenants as detailed below. The agreements provide that if any payments or distributions due to an executive officer would be subject to the excise tax imposed under Section 4999 of the Code, then such payments or distributions will be cut back only if that reduction would be more beneficial to the executive officer on an after-tax basis than if there were no reduction. These executive officers would solely be entitled to Accrued Amounts, if any, upon the termination of employment by CVR Energy for cause, by him voluntarily without good reason, or by reason of retirement, death or disability. The agreements require each of the executive officers to abide by a perpetual restrictive covenant relating to non-disclosure. The agreements also include covenants relating to non-solicitation and, except in the case of Mr. Gross, covenants relating to non-competition during their employment terms and for one year following the end of the terms.

	Cash Severance					Benefit Continuation				
	Death	Disability	Retirement	Tern witho or wi Re	Death	Disability	Retirement	Termination without Cause or with Good Reason		
				(1)	(2)				(1)	(2)
John J. Lipinski	\$4,950,000	\$4,950,000	\$2,250,000	\$4,950,000	\$11,700,000	\$ —	\$ —	\$26,788	\$26,788	\$26,788
Edward A. Morgan	_	_	378,000	693,000	1,764,000	_	_	25,620	12,810	25,620
Kevan A. Vick	_	_	196,000	441,000	637,000	_	_	25,620	12,810	12,810
Stanley A. Riemann	_	_	830,000	1,452,500	3,942,500	_	_	17,859	13,394	22,324
Edmund S. Gross	_	_	347,000	694,000	1,735,000	_	_	25,620	12,810	25,620

- (1) Severance payments and benefits in the event of termination without cause or resignation for good reason not in connection with a change in control.
- (2) Severance payments and benefits in the event of termination without cause or resignation for good reason in connection with a change in control.

Each of the named executive officers has been granted shares of restricted stock granted pursuant to the CVR Energy, Inc. 2007 Long Term Incentive Plan. In connection with joining CVR Energy on May 14, 2009, Mr. Morgan was awarded 25,000 shares of restricted stock. On December 18, 2009, Mr. Morgan was granted 38,168 shares of restricted stock and Mr. Gross was awarded 15,268 shares of restricted stock. On July 16, 2010, Messrs. Lipinski, Morgan, Vick, Riemann and Gross were granted 222,532, 41,725, 13,909, 69,542 and 59,110 shares of restricted stock, respectively. On December 31, 2010, Messrs. Lipinski, Morgan, Vick, Riemann and Gross were granted 222,333, 41,502, 14,526, 68,347 and 45,719 shares of restricted stock, respectively.

Subject to vesting requirements, the named executive officers are required to retain at least 50% of their respective shares for a period equal to the lesser of (a) three years, commencing with the date of the award, or (b) as long as such individual remains an officer of CVR Energy (or an affiliate) at the level of Vice President or higher. The named executive officers have the right to vote their shares of restricted stock immediately, although the shares are subject to transfer restrictions and vesting requirements that lapse in one-third annual increments beginning on the first anniversary of the date of grant, subject to immediate vesting under certain circumstances. The shares granted to Mr. Morgan in May 2009 become immediately vested in the event of his death or disability. All other grants of restricted stock become immediately vested in the event of the relevant named executive officer's death, disability or retirement, or in the event of any of the following: (a) such named executive officer's employment is

terminated other than for cause within the one year period following a change in control of CVR Energy, Inc.; (b) such named executive officer resigns from employment for good reason within the one year period following a change in control; or (c) such named executive officer's employment is terminated under certain circumstances prior to a change in control. The terms disability, retirement, cause, good reason and change in control are all defined in the CVR LTIP.

The following table reflects the value of accelerated vesting of the unvested restricted stock awards held by the named executive officers assuming the triggering event took place on December 31, 2010, and based on the closing price of CVR Energy common stock as of such date, which was \$15.18 per share.

Value of Accelerated Vesting of Restricted Stock Awards

	Death Disability Retiremen			Retirement	Cause or with Good Reason				
		,					(1)		(2)
John J. Lipinski	\$	6,753,050	\$	6,753,050	\$	6,753,050	_	\$	6,753,050
Edward A. Morgan	\$	1,902,630	\$	1,902,630	\$	1,902,630	_	\$	1,649,640
Kevan A. Vick	\$	431,643	\$	431,643	\$	431,643	_	\$	431,643
Stanley A. Riemann	\$	2,093,155	\$	2,093,155	\$	2,093,155	_	\$	2,093,155
Edmund S. Gross	\$	1,745,806	\$	1,745,806	\$	1,745,806	_	\$	1,745,806

- (1) Termination without cause or resignation for good reason not in connection with a change in control.
- (2) Termination without cause or resignation for good reason in connection with a change in control.

CVR Partners, LP Long-Term Incentive Plan

General

Prior to the completion of this offering, the board of directors of our general partner intends to adopt the CVR Partners, LP Long-Term Incentive Plan, or LTIP. Individuals who will be eligible to receive awards under the LTIP include CVR Partners' and its subsidiaries' and parents' employees, officers, consultants and directors. The LTIP will allow for the grant of options, unit appreciation rights, distribution equivalent rights, restricted units, phantom units and other unit-based awards, each in respect of common units representing limited partner interests in CVR Partners. A summary of the principal features of the LTIP is provided below.

Common Units Available for Issuance

The LTIP authorizes a pool of common units representing limited partner interests in CVR Partners. Whenever any outstanding award granted under the LTIP expires, is canceled, is forfeited, is settled in cash or is otherwise terminated for any reason without having been exercised or payment having been made in respect of the entire award, the number of common units available for issuance under the LTIP shall be increased by the number of common units previously allocable to the expired, canceled, settled or otherwise terminated portion of the award

Source of Common Units; Cost

Common units to be delivered with respect to awards may be newly-issued common units, common units acquired by our general partner in the open market, common units already owned by our general partner or us, common units acquired by our general partner directly from us or any other person or any combination of the foregoing. Our general partner will be entitled to reimbursement by us for the cost incurred in acquiring such common units. With respect to options, our general partner will be entitled to reimbursement from us for the difference between the cost it incurs in acquiring these common units and the proceeds it receives from an optionee at the time of exercise. Thus, we will bear the cost of the options. If we issue new common units with respect to these awards, the total number of common units outstanding will increase, and our general partner will remit the proceeds it receives from a participant, if any, upon exercise of an award to us. With respect to any awards settled in cash, our general partner will be entitled to reimbursement by us for the amount of the cash settlement.

Administration and Eliaibility

The LTIP would be administered by a committee, which would initially be the compensation committee of the board of directors of our general partner. The committee would determine who is eligible to participate in the LTIP, determine the types of awards to be granted, prescribe the terms and conditions of all awards, and construe and interpret the terms of the LTIP. All decisions made by the committee would be final, binding and conclusive.

Types of Awards

Options

The compensation committee is authorized to grant options to participants. The exercise price of any option must be equal to or greater than the fair market value of a common unit on the date the option is granted. The term of an option cannot exceed ten years, except that options may be exercised for up to one year following the death of a participant even if such period extends beyond the ten year term. Subject to the terms of the LTIP, the option's terms and conditions, which include but are no limited to, exercise price, vesting, treatment of the award upon termination of employment, and expiration of the option, would be determined by the committee and set forth in an award agreement. Payment for common units purchased upon exercise of an option must be made in full at the time of purchase. The exercise price may be paid (i) in cash or its equivalent (e.g., check), (ii) in common units already owned by the participant, on terms determined by the committee, (iii) in the form of other property as determined by the committee, (iv) through participation in a "cashless exercise" procedure involving a broker or (v) by a combination of the foregoing.

Unit Appreciation Rights (UARs)

The compensation committee is authorized, either alone or in connection with the grant of an option, to grant UARs to participants. The terms and conditions of a UAR award would be determined by the committee and set forth in an award agreement. UARs may be exercised at such times and be subject to such other terms, conditions, and provisions as the committee may impose. The committee may establish a maximum amount per common unit that would be payable upon exercise of a UAR. A UAR would entitle the participant to receive, on exercise of the UAR, an amount equal to the product of (i) the excess of the fair market value of a unit on the date preceding the date of surrender over the fair market value of a common unit on the date the UAR was issued, or, if the UAR is related to an option, the per-unit exercise price of the option and (ii) the number of common units subject to the UAR or portion thereof being exercised. Subject to the discretion of the committee, payment of a UAR may be made in cash, common units or a combination thereof.

Distribution Equivalent Rights

The compensation committee is authorized to grant distribution equivalent rights either in tandem with an award or as a separate award. The terms and conditions applicable to each distribution equivalent right would be determined by the committee and set forth in an award agreement. Amounts payable in respect of distribution equivalent rights may be payable currently or, if applicable, deferred until the lapsing of restrictions on the distribution equivalent rights or until the vesting, exercise, payment, settlement or other lapse of restrictions on the award to which the distribution equivalent rights may not contain payment or other terms that could adversely affect the option or award to which it relates under Section 409A of the Code or otherwise.

Restricted Units and Phantom Units

The compensation committee is authorized to grant restricted units and phantom units, subject to such terms and conditions as determined by the committee and set forth in an award agreement. Restricted units and phantom units may not be sold, transferred, pledged, or otherwise transferred until the time, or until the satisfaction of such other terms, conditions, and provisions, as the committee may determine. When the period of restriction on restricted units terminates, unrestricted common units would be delivered. Unless the committee determines otherwise at the time of grant, restricted units carry full voting rights and other rights as a unitholder, including rights to receive distributions. At the time an award of restricted units is granted, the committee may determine that

the payment to the participant of distributions would be deferred until the lapsing of the restrictions imposed upon the common units and whether deferred dividends are to be converted into additional common units or held in cash. The deferred distributions would be subject to the same forfeiture restrictions and restrictions on transferability as the restricted units with respect to which they were paid. Each phantom unit would represent the right of the participant to receive a payment upon vesting of the phantom unit or on any later date specified by the committee. The payment would equal the fair market value of a common unit as of the date the phantom unit was granted, the vesting date, or such other date as determined by the committee at the time the phantom unit was granted. At the time of grant, the committee may provide a limitation on the amount payable in respect of each phantom unit. The committee may provide for a payment in respect of phantom units in cash or in common units having a fair market value equal to the payment to which the participant has become entitled.

Other Unit-Based Awards

The compensation committee is authorized to grant other unit-based awards to participants as additional compensation for service to us or a subsidiary or in lieu of cash or other compensation to which participants have become entitled. Other unit-based awards may be subject to other terms and conditions, which may vary from time to time and among participants, as the committee determines to be appropriate.

Amendment and Termination of the LTIP

The board of directors of our general partner has the right to amend the LTIP, except that it may not amend the LTIP in a manner that would impair or adversely affect the rights of the holder of an award without the award holder's consent. In addition, the board of directors of our general partner may not amend the LTIP absent unitholder approval to the extent such approval is required by applicable law, regulation or exchange requirement. The LTIP will terminate on the tenth anniversary of the date of approval by the board of directors of our general partner. The board of directors of our general partner may terminate the LTIP at any earlier time, except that termination cannot in any manner impair or adversely affect the rights of the holder of an award without the award holder's consent.

No Repricing of Options or UARs

Unless our unitholders approve such adjustment, the committee would not have authority to make any adjustments to options or UARs that would reduce or would have the effect of reducing the exercise price of an option or UAR previously granted under the LTIP (except as provided under "Adjustments" below).

Change in Control

The effect, if any, of a change in control on each of the awards granted under the LTIP may be set forth in the applicable award agreement.

Adiustments

In the event of a reclassification, recapitalization, merger, consolidation, reorganization, spin-off, split-up, stock dividend, issuance of warrants, rights or debentures, stock distribution, stock split or reverse stock split, cash distribution, property distribution, combination or exchange of units, repurchase of units, or similar transaction or other change in corporate structure affecting our common units, adjustments and other substitutions will be made to the LTIP, including adjustments in the maximum number of common units subject to the LTIP and adjustments to outstanding awards granted under the LTIP as the compensation committee determines appropriate. In the event of our merger or consolidation, liquidation or dissolution, outstanding options and awards will be treated as provided for in the agreement entered into in connection with the transaction, or, if not so provided in such agreement, holders of options awards will be entitled to receive in respect of each common unit subject to any outstanding options or awards, upon exercise of any option or payment or transfer in respect of any award, the same number and kind of stock, securities, cash, property or other consideration that each holder of a common unit was entitled to receive in the transaction in respect of a common unit; provided, however, that such stock, securities, cash, property, or other consideration shall remain subject to all of the conditions, restrictions and performance criteria which were applicable to the options and awards prior to such transaction.

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

The following table presents information regarding beneficial ownership of our common units following this offering by:

- · our general partner;
- each of our general partner's directors;
- each of our general partner's executive officers;
- · each unitholder known by us to beneficially hold five percent or more of our outstanding units; and
- all of our general partner's named executive officers and directors as a group.

Beneficial ownership is determined under the rules of the SEC and generally includes voting or investment power with respect to securities. Unless indicated below, to our knowledge, the persons and entities named in the table have sole voting and sole investment power with respect to all units beneficially owned, subject to community property laws where applicable. Except as otherwise indicated, the business address for each of our beneficial owners is c/o CVR Partners, LP, 2277 Plaza Drive, Suite 500, Sugar Land, Texas 77479. The table does not reflect any common units that directors and executive officers may purchase in this offering through the directed unit program described under "Underwriters."

Name of Beneficial Owner	Common Units to be Beneficially Owned	Percentage of Total Common Units to be Beneficially Owned(1)
CVR GP, LLC(2)	_	_
Coffeyville Resources, LLC(3)		%
John J. Lipinski	_	_
Stanley A. Riemann	_	_
Edward A. Morgan	_	_
Edmund S. Gross	_	_
Kevan A. Vick	_	_
Christopher G. Swanberg	_	_
Donna R. Ecton	_	_
Scott L. Lebovitz	_	_
George E. Matelich	_	_
Frank M. Muller, Jr.	_	_
Stanley de J. Osborne	_	_
John K. Rowan	_	_
All directors and executive officers of our general partner as a group (12 persons)	_	_

Less than 1%

common units outstanding following this offering.

⁽¹⁾ Based on common units outstanding following this oftering.

(2) CVR GP, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Coffeyville Resources, is our general partner and manages and operates our business.

(3) Coffeyville Resources, LLC is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of CVR Energy, a publicly traded company. The directors of CVR Energy are John J. Lipinski, C. Scott Hobbs, Scott L. Lebovitz, George E. Matelich, Steve A. Nordaker, Stanley de J. Osborne, John K. Rowan, Joseph E. Sparano and Mark E. Tomkins. The units owned by Coffeyville Resources, LLC, as reflected in the table, are common units. The table assumes the underwriters do not exercise their option to purchase additional common units and such units are therefore issued to Coffeyville Resources upon the option's expiration. If such option is exercised in full, Coffeyville Resources will beneficially own common units, or % of total common units outstanding.

The following table sets forth, as of March 1, 2011, the number of shares of common stock of CVR Energy owned by each of the executive officers and directors of our general partner and all directors and executive officers of our general partner as a group.

	Shares Benefi Owned As March 1, 20	of
Name and Address	Number	Percent
John J. Lipinski(a)	622,336	*
Stanley A. Riemann(b)	137,889	*
Edward A. Morgan	140,824	*
Edmund S. Gross(c)	119,496	*
Kevan A. Vick(d)	29,435	*
Christopher G. Swanberg(e)	44,273	*
Donna R. Ecton	3,500	*
Scott L. Lebovitz(f)	8,353	*
Frank M. Muller, Jr.	200	*
George E. Matelich(g)	7,988,179	9.1%
Stanley de J. Osborne(g)	7,988,179	9.1%
John K. Rowan	_	_
All directors and executive officers, as a group (12 persons)	9,094,485	10.4%

^{*} Less than 1%

⁽a) Mr. Lipinski also indirectly owns 20,113 shares of common stock of CVR Energy through his interests in common units of Coffeyville Acquisition but does not have the power to vote or dispose of these additional shares.

⁽b) Mr. Riemann also indirectly owns 12,377 shares of common stock of CVR Energy through his interests in common units of Coffeyville Acquisition but does not have the power to vote or dispose of these shares.

⁽c) Mr. Gross also indirectly owns 928 shares of common stock of CVR Energy through his interests in common units of Coffeyville Acquisition but does not have the power to vote or dispose of these additional shares.

⁽d) Mr. Vick also indirectly owns 7,736 shares of common stock of CVR Energy through his interests in common units of Coffeyville Acquisition but does not have the power to vote or dispose of these additional shares.

⁽e) Mr. Swanberg also indirectly owns 773 shares of common stock of CVR Energy through his interests in common units of Coffeyville Acquisition but does not have the power to vote or dispose of these additional shares.

⁽f) Represents shares beneficially owned by Goldman, Sachs & Co. Mr. Lebovitz is a managing director of Goldman, Sachs & Co. Mr. Lebovitz disclaims beneficial ownership of these shares of common stock of CVR Energy except to the extent of his pecuniary interest, if any.

⁽g) Represents shares owned by Coffeyville Acquisition which is controlled by the Kelso Funds. Messrs. Matelich and Osborne are the sole directors of Coffeyville Acquisition. Kelso Investment Associates VII, L.P., or KIA VII, a Delaware limited partnership, and KEP VI, a Delaware limited partnership, and KEP VI, a Delaware limited liability company, are members of Coffeyville Acquisition and own substantially all of the common units of Coffeyville Acquisition that correspond to 1,545,368 shares of common stock of CVR Energy, KIA VII and KEP VI, due to their common control, could be deemed to beneficially owne each of the other's shares of common stock of CVR Energy but each disciolains such beneficial ownership. Messrs. Berney, Bynum, Connors, Goldberg, Loverro, Matelich, Moore, Nickell, Osborne, Wahrhaftig and Wall (the "Kelso Individuals") may be deemed to share beneficial ownership of shares of common stock of CVR Energy ownership of shares of common stock of CVR Energy ownership of shares of common stock of CVR Energy ownership of shares of common stock of CVR Energy ownership of shares of common stock of CVR Energy ownership of shares of common stock of CVR Energy ownership of shares of common stock of CVR Energy ownership of shares of common stock of CVR Energy ownership of shares of common stock of CVR Energy ownership of shares of common stock of CVR Energy ownership of shares of common stock of CVR Energy ownership of shares of common stock of CVR Energy of the CVR Energy of the Status of the S

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

After this offering, Coffeyville Resources, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CVR Energy, will own (i) common units, representing approximately % of our outstanding units (approximately % if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full) and (ii) our general partner with its non-economic general partner interest (which will not entitle it to receive distributions) in us.

Distributions and Payments to CVR Energy and its Affiliates

The following table summarizes the distributions and payments made or to be made by us to CVR Energy and its affiliates (including our general partner) and Coffeyville Acquisition III in connection with the formation, ongoing operation and any liquidation of CVR Partners, LP. These distributions and payments were or will be determined by and among affiliated entities and, consequently, are not the result of arm's-length negotiations.

Formation Stage

The consideration received by CVR

Energy and its affiliates for the contribution of assets and liabilities

us in October 2007

Distributions of Operating Cash Flow

Loans to Coffeyville Resources

Distributions to Coffevville Resources

• 30,333,333 special units.

• The general partner interest and associated incentive distribution rights, or IDRs.

 Our agreement, contingent on our completing an initial public or private offering, to reimburse Coffeyville Resources for certain capital expenditures made with respect to the nitrogen fertilizer business.

Pre-IPO Operational Stage

• In 2008, we paid a distribution of \$50.0 million to Coffeyville Resources.

• In 2009 and 2010, we maintained a lending relationship with Coffeyville Resources in order to supplement Coffeyville Resources' working capital needs. We were paid interest on those borrowings, which we recorded as a due from affiliate balance, equal to the interest rate Coffeyville Resources paid on its revolving credit facility. The \$16.0 million due from affiliate balance, which bore interest at a rate of 8.5% per annum for the year ended December 31, 2010, was distributed to Coffeyville Resources on December 31, 2010.

Offering Stage

- We will distribute to Coffeyville Resources all cash on our balance sheet before the closing date of this offering (other than cash in respect of prepaid sales).
- We will use approximately \$18.4 million of the proceeds of this offering to make a distribution to Coffeyville Resources in satisfaction of our obligation to reimburse it for certain capital expenditures made with respect to the nitrogen fertilizer business.
- We will also use approximately \$ million of the proceeds of this offering to make a special distribution to Coffeyville Resources in order to, among other things, fund the offer to purchase Coffeyville Resources' senior secured notes required upon consummation of this offering;
- We will also draw our new \$125.0 million term loan in full, and make a special distribution to Coffeyville Resources
 of \$ million of the proceeds therefrom in order to, among other things, fund the offer to purchase Coffeyville
 Resources' senior secured notes required upon consummation of this offering.

Purchase of CVR GP, LLC

Conversion of Special Units

Distributions to CVR Energy and its affiliates

Payments to our general partner and its affiliates

Liquidation

We will use approximately \$26.0 million of the proceeds of this offering to purchase (and subsequently extinguish)
the IDRs owned by our general partner. The proceeds of this sale will be paid as a distribution to the owners of
Coffeyville Acquisition III, which include the Goldman Sachs Funds, the Kelso Funds and members of our senior
management

Post-IPO Operational Stage

- We will generally make cash distributions to the unitholders pro rata, including to Coffeyville Resources, as the
 holder of common units. Immediately following this offering, based on ownership of our common units at such time,
 CVR Energy and its subsidiaries will own approximately % of our common units and would receive a pro rata
 percentage of the available cash that we distribute in respect thereof.
- We will reimburse our general partner and its affiliates for all expenses incurred on our behalf. In addition we will
 reimburse CVR Energy for certain operating expenses and for the provision of various general and administrative
 services for our benefit under the services agreement.

Liquidation Stage

 Upon our liquidation, our unitholders will be entitled to receive liquidating distributions according to their respective capital account balances.

Agreements with CVR Energy

In connection with the formation of CVR Partners and the initial public offering of CVR Energy in October 2007, we entered into several agreements with CVR Energy and its affiliates that govern the business relations among us, CVR Energy and its affiliates, and our general partner. In connection with the Transactions, we intend to amend and restate certain of the intercompany agreements and to enter into several new agreements with CVR Energy and its affiliates. The agreements being amended include our partnership agreement, the terms of which are more fully described under "The Partnership Agreement" and elsewhere in this prospectus. These agreements were not the result of arm's-length negotiations and the terms of these agreements are not necessarily at least as favorable to thee parties to these agreements as terms which could have been obtained from unaffiliated third parties.

Contribution Agreemen

In connection with the Transactions, we intend to enter into an amended and restated contribution, conveyance and assumption agreement with various affiliates of CVR Energy in order to facilitate the consummation of the Transactions. Pursuant to this agreement, (1) we will distribute all of our cash on hand, other than cash in respect of prepaid sales, to Coffeyville Resources, (2) CVR Special GP will exchange its 33,303,000 special GP units for a specified amount of our common units, (3) Coffeyville Resources will exchange its 30,333 special LP units for a specified amount of our common units, (4) CVR Special GP will merge with and into Coffeyville Resources, (5) we will use the net proceeds of this offering to repay Coffeyville Resources for capital expenditures incurred previously, to make a distribution to Coffeyville Resources, and to redeem the IDRs from CVR GP, with the remainder to be used for general corporate purposes, (6) Coffeyville Resources and CVR GP will execute an

amended and restated partnership agreement, (7) CVR GP will distribute the proceeds it receives from the redemption of the IDRs to Coffeyville Acquisition III, (8) Coffeyville Acquisition III will sell its interest in CVR GP to Coffeyville Resources and (9) upon the earlier to occur of the expiration of the over-allotment option period or the exercise in full of the over-allotment option, we will issue to Coffeyville Resources a number of common units equal to the excess, if any, of the total number of option units over the number of common units, if any, actually purchased by the underwriters in connection with the exercise of their overallotment option.

Coke Supply Agreement

We entered into a pet coke supply agreement with CVR Energy in October 2007 pursuant to which CVR Energy supplies us with pet coke. This agreement provides that CVR Energy must deliver to us during each calendar year an annual required amount of pet coke equal to the lesser of (i) 100 percent of the pet coke produced at its petroleum refinery or (ii) 500,000 tons of pet coke. We are also obligated to purchase this annual required amount. If CVR Energy produces more than 41,667 tons of pet coke during a calendar month, then we will have the option to purchase the excess at the purchase price provided for in the agreement. If we decline to exercise this option, CVR Energy may sell the excess to a third party.

The price which we will pay for the pet coke is based on the lesser of a pet coke price derived from the price received by us for UAN (subject to a UAN-based price ceiling and floor) and a pet coke index price but in no event will the pet coke price be less than zero. We also pay any taxes associated with the sale, purchase, transportation, delivery, storage or consumption of the pet coke. We are entitled to offset any amount payable for the pet coke against any amount due from CVR Energy under the feedstock and shared services agreement. If we fail to pay an invoice on time, we will pay interest on the outstanding amount payable at a rate of three percent above the prime rate.

In the event CVR Energy delivers pet coke to us on a short term basis and such pet coke is off-specification on more than 20 days in any calendar year, there will be a price adjustment to compensate us and/or capital contributions will be made to us to allow us to modify our equipment to process the pet coke received. If CVR Energy determines that there will be a change in pet coke quality on a long-term basis, then it will be required to notify us of such change with at least three years' notice. We will then determine the appropriate changes necessary to our nitrogen fertilizer plant in order to process such off-specification pet coke. CVR Energy will compensate us for the cost of making such modifications and/or adjust the price of pet coke on a mutually agreeable commercially reasonable basis.

The terms of the pet coke supply agreement provide benefits both to us and CVR Energy's petroleum business. The cost of the pet coke supplied by CVR Energy to us in most cases will be lower than the price which we otherwise would pay to third parties. The cost to us will be lower both because the actual price paid will be lower and because we will pay significantly reduced transportation costs (since the pet coke is supplied by an adjacent facility which will involve no freight or tariff costs). In addition, because the cost we pay will be formulaically related to the price received for UAN (subject to a UAN based price floor and ceiling), we will enjoy lower pet coke costs during periods of lower revenues regardless of the prevailing pet

In return for CVR Energy receiving a potentially lower price for pet coke in periods when the pet coke price is impacted by lower UAN prices, it enjoys the following benefits associated with the disposition of a low value by-product of the refining process: avoiding the capital cost and operating expenses associated with handling pet coke; enjoying flexibility in its crude slate and operations as a result of not being required to meet a specific pet coke quality; and avoiding the administration, credit risk and marketing fees associated with selling pet coke.

We may be obligated to provide security for our payment obligations under the agreement if in CVR Energy's sole judgment there is a material adverse change in our financial condition or liquidity position or in our ability to make payments. This security shall not exceed an amount equal to 21 times the average daily dollar value of pet coke we purchase for the 90-day period preceding the date on which CVR Energy gives us notice that it has deemed that a material adverse change has occurred. Unless otherwise agreed by CVR Energy and us, we can provide such security by means of a standby or documentary letter of credit, prepayment, a surety instrument, or a combination of the foregoing. If we do not provide such security, CVR Energy may require us to pay for future deliveries of pet coke on a cash-on-delivery basis, failing which it may suspend delivery of pet coke until such security is provided and

terminate the agreement upon 30 days' prior written notice. Additionally, we may terminate the agreement within 60 days of providing security, so long as we provide five days' prior written notice.

The agreement has an initial term of 20 years, which will be automatically extended for successive five year renewal periods. Either party may terminate the agreement by giving notice no later than three years prior to a renewal date. The agreement is also terminable by mutual consent of the parties or if a party breaches the agreement and does not cure within applicable cure periods. Additionally, the agreement may be terminated in some circumstances if substantially all of the operations at our nitrogen fertilizer plant or the refinery are permanently terminated, or if either party is subject to a bankruptcy proceeding or otherwise becomes insolvent.

Either party may assign its rights and obligations under the agreement to an affiliate of the assigning party, to a party's lenders for collateral security purposes, or to an entity that acquires all or substantially all of the equity or assets of the assigning party related to the refinery or fertilizer plant, as applicable, in each case subject to applicable consent requirements.

The agreement contains an obligation to indemnify the other party and its affiliates against liability arising from breach of the agreement, negligence, or willful misconduct by the indemnifying party or its affiliates. The indemnification obligation will be reduced, as applicable, by amounts actually recovered by the indemnified party from third parties or insurance coverage. The agreement also contains a provision that prohibits recovery of lost profits or revenue, or special, incidental, exemplary, punitive or consequential damages from either party or certain affiliates.

Our pet coke cost per ton purchased from CVR Energy averaged \$30, \$22 and \$11 for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010, respectively. Total purchases of pet coke from CVR Energy were approximately \$11.1 million, \$7.9 million and \$4.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010, respectively. Third-party pet coke prices averaged \$39, \$37 and \$40 for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010, respectively. Total purchases of pet coke from third parties were approximately \$3.0 million and \$3.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010, respectively.

Feedstock and Shared Services Agreement

We entered into a feedstock and shared services agreement with CVR Energy in October 2007, pursuant to which we and CVR Energy provide feedstock and other services to each other. These feedstocks and services are utilized in the respective production processes of CVR Energy's refinery and our nitrogen fertilizer plant. Feedstocks provided under the agreement include, among others, hydrogen, high-pressure steam, nitrogen, instrument air, oxygen and natural gas. The feedstock and shared services agreement is being amended and restated in connection with this offering. The description below reflects the amended and restated agreement.

We are obligated to provide CVR Energy hydrogen from time to time, and to the extent available, CVR Energy has agreed to provide us with hydrogen from time to time. The agreement provides hydrogen supply and pricing terms for sales of hydrogen by both parties. In connection with the closing of this offering, we intend to amend the feedstock and shared services agreement to provide that we will only be obligated to provide hydrogen to CVR Energy upon its demand if, in the sole discretion of the board of directors of our general partner, sales of hydrogen to the refinery would not adversely affect our tax treatment. See "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences — Partnership Status."

The agreement provides that both parties must deliver high-pressure steam to one another under certain circumstances. We must make available to CVR Energy any high-pressure steam produced by the nitrogen fertilizer plant that is not required for the operation of the nitrogen fertilizer plant. CVR Energy must use commercially reasonable efforts to provide high-pressure steam to us for purposes of allowing us to commence and recommence operation of the nitrogen fertilizer plant from time to time, and also for use at the Linde air separation plant adjacent to CVR Energy's facility. CVR Energy is not required to provide such high-pressure steam if doing so would have a material adverse effect on the refinery's operations. The price for such high pressure steam is calculated using a formula that is based on steam flow and the price of natural gas actually paid by CVR Energy.

We are also obligated to make available to CVR Energy any nitrogen produced by the Linde air separation plant that is not required for the operation of our nitrogen fertilizer plant, as determined by us in a commercially

reasonable manner. The price for the nitrogen is based on a cost of \$0.035 cents per kilowatt hour, as adjusted to reflect changes in our electric bill.

The agreement also provides that both we and CVR Energy must deliver instrument air to one another in some circumstances. We must make instrument air available for purchase by CVR Energy at a minimum flow rate, to the extent produced by the Linde air separation plant and available to us. The price for such instrument air is \$18,000 per month, prorated according to the number of days of use per month, subject to certain adjustments, including adjustments to reflect changes in our electric bill. To the extent that instrument air is not available from the Linde air separation plant and is available from CVR Energy, CVR Energy is required to make instrument air available to us for purchase at a price of \$18,000 per month, prorated according to the number of days of use per month, subject to certain adjustments, including adjustments to reflect changes in CVR Energy's electric bill.

In connection with this offering, we also intend to amend the agreement to provide a mechanism pursuant to which we would transfer a tail gas stream (which is otherwise flared) to CVR Energy to fuel one of its boilers. We would receive the benefit of eliminating a waste gas stream and recover the fuel value of the tail gas stream. CVR Energy would receive the benefit of fuel abatement for the boiler. In addition, CVR Energy would receive a discount on the fuel value to enable it to recover over time the capital costs for completing the project, and a return on its investment.

With respect to oxygen requirements, we are obligated to provide oxygen produced by the Linde air separation plant and made available to us to the extent that such oxygen is not required for operation of our nitrogen fertilizer plant. The oxygen is required to meet certain specifications and is to be sold at a fixed price.

The agreement also addresses the means by which we and CVR Energy obtain natural gas. Currently, natural gas is delivered to both our nitrogen fertilizer plant and the refinery pursuant to a contract between CVR Energy and Atmos Energy Corp., or Atmos. Under the feedstock and shared services agreement, we will reimburse CVR Energy for natural gas transportation and natural gas supplies purchased on our behalf. At our request or at the request of CVR Energy, in order to supply us with natural gas directly, both parties will be required to use their commercially reasonable efforts to (i) add us as a party to the current contract with Atmos or reach some other mutually acceptable accommodation with Atmos whereby both we and CVR Energy would each be able to receive, on an individual basis, natural gas transportation service from Atmos on similar terms and conditions as set forth in the current contract, and (ii) purchase natural gas supplies on their own account.

The agreement also addresses the allocation of various other feedstocks, services and related costs between the parties. Sour water, water for use in fire emergencies, finished product tank capacity, costs associated with security services, and costs associated with the removal of excess sulfur are all allocated between the two parties by the terms of the agreement. The agreement also requires us to reimburse CVR Energy for utility costs related to a sulfur processing agreement between Tessenderlo Kerley, Inc., or Tessenderlo Kerley, and CVR Energy. We have a similar agreement with Tessenderlo Kerley. Otherwise, costs relating to both our and CVR Energy's existing agreements with Tessenderlo Kerley are allocated equally between the two parties except in certain circumstances.

The parties may temporarily suspend the provision of feedstocks or services pursuant to the terms of the agreement if repairs or maintenance are necessary on applicable facilities. Additionally, the agreement imposes minimum insurance requirements on the parties and their affiliates.

The agreement has an initial term of 20 years, which will be automatically extended for successive five-year renewal periods. Either party may terminate the agreement, effective upon the last day of a term, by giving notice no later than three years prior to a renewal date. The agreement will also be terminable by mutual consent of the parties or if one party breaches the agreement and does not cure within applicable cure periods and the breach materially and adversely affects the ability of the terminating party to operate its facility. Additionally, the agreement may be terminated in some circumstances if substantially all of the operations at the nitrogen fertilizer plant or the refinery are permanently terminated, or if either party is subject to a bankruptcy proceeding, or otherwise becomes insolvent.

Either party is entitled to assign its rights and obligations under the agreement to an affiliate of the assigning party, to a party's lenders for collateral security purposes, or to an entity that acquires all or substantially all of the equity or assets of the assigning party related to the refinery or fertilizer plant, as applicable, in each case subject to applicable consent requirements. The agreement contains an obligation to indemnify the other party and its

affiliates against liability arising from breach of the agreement, negligence, or willful misconduct by the indemnifying party or its affiliates. The indemnification obligation will be reduced, as applicable, by amounts actually recovered by the indemnified party from third parties or insurance coverage. The agreement also contains a provision that prohibits recovery of lost profits or revenue, or special, incidental, exemplary, punitive or consequential damages from either party or certain affiliates.

Raw Water and Facilities Sharing Agreement

We entered into a raw water and facilities sharing agreement with CVR Energy in October 2007 which (i) provides for the allocation of raw water resources between the refinery and our nitrogen fertilizer plant and (ii) provides for the management of the water intake system (consisting primarily of a water intake structure, water pumps, meters, and a short run of piping between the intake structure and the origin of the separate pipes that transport the water to each facility) which draws raw water from the Verdigris River for both our facility and CVR Energy's refinery. This agreement provides that a water management team consisting of one representative from each party to the agreement will manage the Verdigris River water intake system. The water intake system is owned and operated by CVR Energy. The agreement provides that both companies have an undivided one-half interest in the water rights which will allow the water to be removed from the Verdigris River for use at our nitrogen fertilizer plant and CVR Energy's refinery. We intend to enter into an amended and restated cross-easement agreement in connection with this offering in order to make several minor and technical adjustment to the agreement.

The agreement provides that both our nitrogen fertilizer plant and the refinery are entitled to receive sufficient amounts of water from the Verdigris River each day to enable them to conduct their businesses at their appropriate operational levels. However, if the amount of water available from the Verdigris River is insufficient to satisfy the operational requirements of both facilities, then such water shall be allocated between the two facilities on a prorated basis. This prorated basis will be determined by calculating the percentage of water used by each facility over the two calendar years prior to the shortage, making appropriate adjustments for any operational outages involving either of the two facilities.

Costs associated with operation of the water intake system and administration of water rights will be allocated on a prorated basis, calculated by CVR Energy based on the percentage of water used by each facility during the calendar year in which such costs are incurred. However, in certain circumstances, such as where one party bears direct responsibility for the modification or repair of the water pumps, one party will bear all costs associated with such activity. Additionally, we must reimburse CVR Energy for electricity required to operate the water pumps on a prorated basis that is calculated monthly.

Either we or CVR Energy are entitled to terminate the agreement by giving at least three years' prior written notice. Between the time that notice is given and the termination date, CVR Energy must cooperate with us to allow us to build our own water intake system on the Verdigris River to be used for supplying water to our nitrogen fertilizer plant. CVR Energy is required to grant easements and access over its property so that we can construct and utilize such new water intake system, provided that no such easements or access over CVR Energy's property shall have a material adverse affect on its business or operations at the refinery. We will bear all costs and expenses for such construction if we are the party that terminated the original water sharing agreement. If CVR Energy terminates the original water sharing agreement, we may either install a new water intake system at our own expense, or require CVR Energy to sell the existing water intake system to us for a price equal to the depreciated book value of the water intake system as of the date of transfer.

Either party may assign its rights and obligations under the agreement to an affiliate of the assigning party, to a party's lenders for collateral security purposes, or to an entity that acquires all or substantially all of the equity or assets of the assigning party related to the refinery or fertilizer plant, as applicable, in each case subject to applicable consent requirements. The parties may obtain injunctive relief to enforce their rights under the agreement. The agreement contains an obligation to indemnify the other party and its affiliates against liability arising from breach of the agreement, negligence, or willful misconduct by the indemnifying party or its affiliates. The indemnification obligation will be reduced, as applicable, by amounts actually recovered by the indemnified party from third parties or insurance coverage. The agreement also contains a provision that prohibits recovery of lost profits or revenue, or special, incidental, exemplary, punitive or consequential damages from either party or certain affiliates.

The term of the agreement is perpetual unless (1) the agreement is terminated by either party upon three years' prior written notice in the manner described above or (2) the agreement is otherwise terminated by the mutual written consent of the parties.

Real Estate Transactions

Land Transfer. In January 2008, CVR Energy transferred five parcels of land consisting of approximately 30 acres located on the Coffeyville, Kansas site to us. No consideration was exchanged. The land was transferred for purposes of (i) creating clean distinctions between the refinery and the fertilizer plant property, (ii) providing us with additional space for completing the UAN expansion through which we would increase our UAN production capacity by 400,000 tons per year and (iii) providing us with additional storage area for pet coke.

Cross-Easement Agreement. We entered into a cross-easement agreement with CVR Energy in October 2007 so that both we and CVR Energy can access and utilize each other's land in certain circumstances in order to operate our respective businesses. The agreement grants easements for the benefit of both parties and establishes easements for operational facilities, pipelines, equipment, access, and water rights, among other easements. The intent of the agreement is to structure easements which provides flexibility for both parties to develop their respective properties, without depriving either party of the benefits associated with the continuous reasonable use of the other party's property.

The agreement provides that facilities located on each party's property will generally be owned and maintained by the property-owning party; provided, however, that in certain specified cases where a facility that benefits one party is located on the other party's property, the benefited party will have the right to use, and will be responsible for operating and maintaining, the overlapping facility.

The easements granted under the agreement are non-exclusive to the extent that future grants of easements do not interfere with easements granted under the agreement. The duration of the easements granted under the agreement will vary, and some will be perpetual. Easements pertaining to certain facilities that are required to carry out the terms of our other agreements with CVR Energy will terminate upon the termination of such related agreements. We have obtained a water rights easement from CVR Energy which is perpetual in duration. See "— Raw Water and Facilities Sharing Agreement."

The agreement contains an obligation to indemnify, defend and hold harmless the other party against liability arising from negligence or willful misconduct by the indemnifying party. The agreement also requires the parties to carry minimum amounts of employer's liability insurance, commercial general liability insurance, and other types of insurance. If either party transfers its fee simple ownership interest in the real property governed by the agreement, the new owner of the real property will be deemed to have assumed all of the obligations of the transferring party under the agreement, except that the transferring party will retain liability for all obligations under the agreement which arose prior to the date of transfer.

Lease Agreement. We have entered into a lease agreement with CVR Energy under which we lease certain office and laboratory space. The lease will be extended in connection with the consummation of this offering. The initial term of this lease agreement will expire in October 2017, but will permit us to terminate the lease at any time during the initial term by providing 180 days' prior written notice. In addition, we have the option to renew the lease agreement for up to five additional one-year periods by providing CVR Energy with notice of renewal at least 60 days prior to the expiration of the then-existing term.

Environmental Agreement

We entered into an environmental agreement with CVR Energy in October 2007 which provides for certain indemnification and access rights in connection with environmental matters affecting the refinery and the nitrogen fertilizer plant. We entered into two supplements to the environmental agreement in February and July 2008 to confirm that CVR Energy remains responsible for existing environmental conditions on land transferred by CVR Energy to us, and to incorporate a known contamination map, a comprehensive pet coke management plan and a new third-party coke handling agreement.

To the extent that one party's property experiences environmental contamination due to the activities of the other party and the contamination is known at the time the agreement was entered into, the contaminating party is required to implement all government-mandated environmental activities relating to the contamination, or else indemnify the property-owning party for expenses incurred in connection with implementing such measures.

To the extent that liability arises from environmental contamination that is caused by CVR Energy but is also commingled with environmental contamination caused by us, CVR Energy may elect in its sole discretion and at its own cost and expense to perform government mandated environmental activities relating to such liability, subject to certain conditions and provided that CVR Energy will not waive any rights to indemnification or compensation otherwise provided for in the agreement.

The agreement also addresses situations in which a party's responsibility to implement such government-mandated environmental activities as described above may be hindered by the property-owning party's creation of capital improvements on the property. If a contaminating party bears such responsibility but the property-owning party desires to implement a planned and approved capital improvement project on its property, the parties must meet and attempt to develop a soil management plan together. If the parties are unable to agree on a soil management plan 30 days after receiving notice, the property-owning party may proceed with its own commercially reasonable soil management plan. The contaminating party is responsible for the costs of disposing of hazardous materials pursuant to such plan.

If the property-owning party needs to do work that is not a planned and approved capital improvement project but is necessary to protect the environment, health, or the integrity of the property, other procedures will be implemented. If the contaminating party still bears responsibility to implement government-mandated environmental activities relating to the property and the property-owning party discovers contamination caused by the other party during work on the capital improvement project, the property-owning party will give the contaminating party prompt notice after discovery of the contamination, and will allow the contaminating party property. If the contaminating party accepts responsibility for the contamination, it may proceed with government-mandated environmental activities relating to the contamination. If the contaminating party does not accept responsibility for such contamination or fails to diligently proceed with government-mandated environmental activities related to the contamination, then the contaminating party must indemnify and reimburse the property-owning party upon the property-owning party's demand for costs and expenses incurred by the property-owning party in proceeding with such government-mandated environmental activities.

The agreement also provides for indemnification in the case of contamination or releases of hazardous materials that are present but unknown at the time the agreement is entered into to the extent such contamination or releases are identified in reasonable detail during the period ending five years after the date of the agreement. The agreement further provides for indemnification in the case of contamination or releases which occur subsequent to the date the agreement is entered into. If one party causes such contamination or release on the other party's property, the latter party must notify the contaminating party, and the contaminating party must take steps to implement all government-mandated environmental activities relating to the contamination, or else indemnify the property-owning party for the costs associated with doing such work.

The agreement also grants each party reasonable access to the other party's property for the purpose of carrying out obligations under the agreement. However, both parties must keep certain information relating to the environmental conditions on the properties confidential. Furthermore, both parties are prohibited from investigating soil or groundwater conditions except as required for government-mandated environmental activities, in responding to an accidental or sudden contamination of certain hazardous materials, or in connection with implementation of a comprehensive pet coke management plan as discussed below.

In accordance with the agreement, the parties developed a comprehensive pet coke management plan after the execution of the environmental agreement. The plan established procedures for the management of pet coke and the identification of significant pet coke-related contamination. Also, the parties agreed to indemnify and defend one another and each other's affiliates against liabilities arising under the pet coke management plan or relating to a failure to comply with or implement the pet coke management plan.

Either party will be entitled to assign its rights and obligations under the agreement to an affiliate of the assigning party, to a party's lenders for collateral security purposes, or to an entity that acquires all or substantially all of the equity or assets of the assigning party related to the refinery or fertilizer plant, as applicable, in each case subject to applicable consent requirements. The term of the agreement is for at least 20 years, or for so long as the feedstock and shared services agreement is in force, whichever is longer. The agreement also contains a provision that prohibits recovery of lost profits or revenue, or special, incidental, exemplary, punitive or consequential damages from either party or certain of its affiliates.

Omnibus Agreement

We entered into an omnibus agreement with our general partner and CVR Energy in October 2007. We will amend and restate this agreement in connection with the consummation of this offering. The following discussion describes the material terms of the amended and restated omnibus agreement.

Under the omnibus agreement we have agreed not to, and will cause our controlled affiliates not to, engage in, whether by acquisition or otherwise, (i) the ownership or operation within the United States of any refinery with processing capacity greater than 20,000 bpd whose primary business is producing transportation fuels or (ii) the ownership or operation outside the United States of any refinery, regardless of its processing capacity or primary business, or a refinery restricted business, in either case, for so long as CVR Energy and certain of its affiliates continue to own at least 50% of our outstanding units. The restrictions will not apply to:

- any refinery restricted business acquired as part of a business or package of assets if a majority of the value of the total assets or business acquired is not attributable to a refinery restricted business, as determined in good faith by our general partner's board of directors; however, if at any time we complete such an acquisition, we must, within 365 days of the closing of the transaction, offer to sell the refinery-related assets to CVR Energy for their fair market value plus any additional tax or other similar costs that would be required to transfer the refinery-related assets to CVR Energy separately from the acquired business or package of assets;
- engaging in any refinery restricted business subject to the offer to CVR Energy described in the immediately preceding bullet point pending CVR Energy's determination whether to accept such offer and pending the closing of any offers CVR Energy accepts;
- · engaging in any refinery restricted business if CVR Energy has previously advised us that it has elected not to cause it to acquire or seek to acquire such business; or
- · acquiring up to 9.9% of any class of securities of any publicly traded company that engages in any refinery restricted business.

Under the omnibus agreement, CVR Energy has agreed not to, and will cause its controlled affiliates other than us not to, engage in, whether by acquisition or otherwise, the production, transportation or distribution, on a wholesale basis, of fertilizer in the contiguous United States, or a fertilizer restricted business, for so long as CVR Energy and certain of its affiliates continue to own at least 50% of our outstanding units. The restrictions do not apply to:

- any fertilizer restricted business acquired as part of a business or package of assets if a majority of the value of the total assets or business acquired is not attributable to a fertilizer restricted business, as determined in good faith by CVR Energy's board of directors, as applicable; however, if at any time CVR Energy completes such an acquisition, it must, within 365 days of the closing of the transaction, offer to sell the fertilizer-related assets to us for their fair market value plus any additional tax or other similar costs that would be required to transfer the fertilizer-related assets to us separately from the acquired business or package of assets;
- engaging in any fertilizer restricted business subject to the offer to us described in the immediately preceding bullet point pending our determination whether to accept such offer and pending the closing of any offers the we accept;

- · engaging in any fertilizer restricted business if we have previously advised CVR Energy that we have elected not to acquire such business; or
- · acquiring up to 9.9% of any class of securities of any publicly traded company that engages in any fertilizer restricted business.

Under the omnibus agreement, we have also agreed that CVR Energy will have a preferential right to acquire any assets or group of assets that do not constitute assets used in a fertilizer restricted business. In determining whether to exercise any preferential right under the omnibus agreement, CVR Energy will be permitted to act in its sole discretion, without any fiduciary obligation to us or the unitholders whatsoever. These obligations will continue so long as CVR Energy owns our general partner directly or indirectly.

Services Agreement

We entered into a services agreement with our general partner and CVR Energy in October 2007, pursuant to which we and our general partner obtain certain management and other services from CVR Energy. The agreement will be amended and restated in connection with the consummation of this offering. The amended and restated agreement is described below. Under this agreement, our general partner has engaged CVR Energy to conduct our day-to-day business operations. CVR Energy provides us with the following services under the agreement, among others:

- services from CVR Energy's employees in capacities equivalent to the capacities of corporate executive officers, except that those who serve in such capacities under the agreement shall serve us on a shared, part-time basis only, unless we and CVR Energy agree otherwise;
- · administrative and professional services, including legal, accounting services, human resources, insurance, tax, credit, finance, government affairs and regulatory affairs;
- · management of our property and the property of our operating subsidiary in the ordinary course of business;
- recommendations on capital raising activities to the board of directors of our general partner, including the issuance of debt or equity interests, the entry into credit facilities and other capital market transactions;
- managing or overseeing litigation and administrative or regulatory proceedings, and establishing appropriate insurance policies for us, and providing safety and environmental advice:
- · recommending the payment of distributions; and
- · managing or providing advice for other projects, including acquisitions, as may be agreed by CVR Energy and our general partner from time to time.

As payment for services provided under the agreement, we, our general partner, or CRNF, our operating subsidiary, must pay CVR Energy (i) all costs incurred by CVR Energy or its affiliates in connection with the employment of its employees, other than administrative personnel, who provide us services under the agreement on a full-time basis, but excluding share-based compensation; (ii) a prorated share of costs incurred by CVR Energy or its affiliates in connection with the employment of its employees, including administrative personnel, who provide us services under the agreement on a part-time basis, but excluding share-based compensation, and such prorated share shall be determined by CVR Energy on a commercially reasonable basis, based on the percent of total working time that such shared personnel are engaged in performing services for us; (iii) a prorated share of certain administrative costs, including office costs, services by outside vendors, other sales, general and administrative costs and depreciation and amortization; and (iv) various other administrative costs in accordance with the terms of the agreement, including travel, insurance, legal and audit services, government and public relations and bank charges. We must pay CVR Energy within 15 days for invoices it submits under the agreement.

We and our general partner are not required to pay any compensation, salaries, bonuses or benefits to any of CVR Energy's employees who provide services to us or our general partner on a full-time or part-time basis; CVR Energy will continue to pay their compensation. However, personnel performing the actual day-to-day business and operations at the nitrogen fertilizer plant level will be employeed directly by us and our subsidiaries, and we will bear all personnel costs for these employees.

Either CVR Energy or our general partner may temporarily or permanently exclude any particular service from the scope of the agreement upon 180 days' notice. CVR Energy also has the right to delegate the performance of some or all of the services to be provided pursuant to the agreement to one of its affiliates or any other person or entity, though such delegation does not relieve CVR Energy from its obligations under the agreement. Beginning one year after the completion of this offering, either CVR Energy or our general partner may terminate the agreement upon at least 180 days' notice, but not more than one year's notice. Furthermore, our general partner may terminate the agreement immediately if CVR Energy becomes bankrupt, or dissolves and commences liquidation or winding-up.

In order to facilitate the carrying out of services under the agreement, we, on the one hand, and CVR Energy and its affiliates, on the other, have granted one another certain royalty-free, non-exclusive and non-transferable rights to use one another's intellectual property under certain circumstances.

The agreement also contains an indemnity provision whereby we, our general partner, and CRNF, as indemnifying parties, agree to indemnify CVR Energy and its affiliates (other than the indemnifying parties themselves) against losses and liabilities incurred in connection with the performance of services under the agreement or any breach of the agreement, unless such losses or liabilities arise from a breach of the agreement by CVR Energy or other misconduct on its part, as provided in the agreement. The agreement also contains a provision stating that CVR Energy is an independent contractor under the agreement and nothing in the agreement may be construed to impose an implied or express fiduciary duty owed by CVR Energy, on the one hand, to the recipients of services under the agreement, on the other hand. The agreement prohibits recovery of lost profits or revenue, or special, incidental, exemplary, punitive or consequential damages from CVR Energy or certain affiliates, except in cases of gross negligence, willful misconduct, bad faith, reckless disregard in performance of services under the agreement, or fraudulent or dishonest acts on our part.

For the year ended December 31, 2010, the total amount paid or payable to CVR Energy pursuant to the services agreement was \$10.6 million and we paid no other amounts to our general partner and its affiliates (other than CVR Energy).

Trademark License Agreement

In connection with this offering, we will enter into a trademark license agreement pursuant to which CVR Energy will grant us a non-exclusive, non-transferrable license to use the CVR Partners and Coffeyville Resources logos in connection with our business. We have agreed to use the marks only in the form and manner and with appropriate legends as prescribed from time to time by CVR Energy, and have agreed that the nature and quality of the business that uses the marks will conform to standards set by CVR Energy. Either party can terminate the license with 60 days' prior notice.

Registration Rights Agreement

In connection with this offering, we will enter into an amended and restated registration rights agreement with Coffeyville Resources, pursuant to which we may be required to register the sale of the common units it holds. Under the amended and restated registration rights agreement, Coffeyville Resources will have the right to request that we register the sale of common units held by it on its behalf on six occasions, including requiring us to make available shelf registration statements permitting sales of common units into the market from time to time over an extended period. In addition, Coffeyville Resources and its permitted transferees will have the ability to exercise certain piggyback registration rights with respect to their securities if we elect to register any of our equity interests. The registration rights agreement also includes provisions dealing with holdback agreements, indemnification and contribution, and allocation of expenses. All of our common units held by Coffeyville Resources and any permitted transferee will be entitled to these registration rights, except that the demand registration rights may only be transferred in whole and not in part.

Distributions of the Proceeds of the Sale of the General Partner and Incentive Distribution Rights by Coffeyville Acquisition III

Coffeyville Acquisition III, the owner of our general partner (and the associated incentive distribution rights) immediately prior to this offering, is owned by the Goldman Sachs Funds, the Kelso Funds, a former board member, our managing general partner's executive officers, and other members of CVR Energy's management. Coffeyville Acquisition III is expected to distribute the proceeds of its sale of our general partner and the IDRs to its members pursuant to its limited liability company agreement. Each of the entities and individuals named below is expected to receive the following approximate amounts in respect of their common units and override units in Coffeyville Acquisition III:

Entity/Individual	Amount to be Distributed by Coffeyville Acquisition III
	(in millions)
The Goldman Sachs Funds	\$11.7
The Kelso Funds	\$11.5
John J. Lipinski	\$ 1.1
Stanley A. Riemann	\$ 0.4
Edmund S. Gross	\$ 0.1
Kevan A. Vick	\$ 0.2
All management members, as a group	\$ 2.4
Total distributions	\$26.0

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST AND FIDUCIARY DUTIES

Conflicts of Interest

Conflicts of interest exist and may arise in the future as a result of the relationships between our general partner and its affiliates (including Coffeyville Resources and CVR Energy), on the one hand, and us and our public unitholders, on the other hand. Conflicts may arise as a result of (1) the overlap of directors and officers between our general partner and CVR Energy, which may result in conflicting obligations by these officers and directors, and (2) duties of our general partner to act for the benefit of CVR Energy and its stockholders, which may conflict with our interests and the interests of our public unitholders. The directors and officers of our general partner have fiduciary duties to manage our general partner in a manner beneficial to Coffeyville Resources, its owner, and the stockholders of CVR Energy, its indirect parent. At the same time, our general partner has a contractual duty under our partnership agreement to manage us in a manner that is in our best interests.

Whenever a conflict arises between our general partner, on the one hand, and us or any other public unitholder, on the other, our general partner will resolve that conflict. Our partnership agreement contains provisions that replace default fiduciary duties with contractual corporate governance standards as set forth therein. Our partnership agreement also restricts the remedies available to unitholders for actions taken that, without such replacement, might constitute breaches of fiduciary duty.

Our general partner will not be in breach of its obligations under our partnership agreement or its duties to us or our unitholders if the resolution of a conflict is:

- · approved by the conflicts committee of the board of directors of our general partner, although our general partner is not obligated to seek such approval;
- approved by the vote of a majority of the outstanding common units, excluding any units owned by the general partner or any of its affiliates, although our general partner is not
 obligated to seek such approval;
- on terms no less favorable to us than those generally being provided to or available from unrelated third parties; or
- fair and reasonable to us, taking into account the totality of the relationships between the parties involved, including other transactions that may be particularly favorable or advantageous to us.

Our general partner may, but is not required to, seek the approval of such resolution from the conflicts committee of its board of directors or from the common unitholders. If our general partner does not seek approval from the conflicts committee and its board of directors determines that the resolution or course of action taken with respect to the conflict of interest satisfies either of the standards set forth in the third and fourth bullet points above, then it will be presumed that, in making its decision, the board of directors acted in good faith, and in any proceeding brought by or on behalf of any limited partner or the partnership, the person bringing or prosecuting such proceeding will have the burden of overcoming such presumption. Unless the resolution of a conflict is specifically provided for in our partnership agreement, our general partner or the conflicts committee may consider any factors it determines in good faith to consider when resolving a conflict. When our partnership agreement requires someone to act in good faith, it requires that person to reasonably believe that he is acting in the best interests of the partnership, unless the context otherwise requires.

Conflicts of interest could arise in the situations described below, among others.

We rely primarily on the executive officers of our general partner, who also serve as the senior management team of CVR Energy and its affiliates, to manage most aspects of our business and affairs.

We rely primarily on the executive officers of our general partner, who also serve as the senior management team of CVR Energy and its affiliates to manage most aspects of our business and affairs.

Although we have entered into a services agreement with CVR Energy under which we compensate CVR Energy for the services of its management, CVR Energy's management is not required to devote any specific amount of time to our business and may devote a substantial majority of their time to the business of CVR Energy

rather than to our business. Moreover, following the one year anniversary of this offering, CVR Energy can terminate the services agreement at any time, subject to a 180-day notice period. In addition, the executive officers of CVR Energy, including its chief executive officer, chief operating officer, chief financial officer and general counsel, will face conflicts of interest if decisions arise in which we and CVR Energy have conflicting points of view or interests.

Our general partner's affiliates may compete with us.

Our partnership agreement provides that our general partner will be restricted from engaging in any business activities other than acting as our general partner, guaranteeing debt of its affiliates and those activities incidental to its ownership of interests in us. However, except as provided in our partnership agreement and the omnibus agreement, affiliates of our general partner (which includes CVR Energy) are not prohibited from engaging in other businesses or activities, including those that might be in direct competition with us. See "Certain Relationship and Related Party Transactions — Agreements with CVR Energy — Omnibus Agreement."

The owners of our general partner are not required to share business opportunities with us.

Our partnership agreement provides that the owners of our general partner are permitted to engage in separate businesses which directly compete with us and are not required to share or communicate or offer any potential business opportunities to us even if the opportunity is one that we might reasonably have pursued. The partnership agreement provides that the owners of our general partner will not be liable to us or any unitholder for breach of any duty or obligation by reason of the fact that such person pursued or acquired for itself any business opportunity.

Neither our partnership agreement nor any other agreement requires CVR Energy or its affiliates to pursue a business strategy that favors us or utilizes our assets or dictates what markets to pursue or grow. CVR Energy's directors and officers have a fiduciary duty to make these decisions in the best interests of the stockholders of CVR Energy, which may be contrary to our interests.

The officers and certain directors of our general partner who are also officers or directors of CVR Energy have fiduciary duties to CVR Energy that may cause them to pursue business strategies that disproportionately benefit CVR Energy or which otherwise are not in our best interests.

Our general partner is allowed to take into account the interests of parties other than us (such as CVR Energy) in exercising certain rights under our partnership agreement.

Our partnership agreement contains provisions that reduce the standards to which our general partner would otherwise be held by state fiduciary duty law. For example, our partnership agreement permits our general partner to make a number of decisions in its individual capacity, as opposed to in its capacity as our general partner. This entitles our general partner to consider only the interests and factors that it desires, and it has no duty or obligation to give any consideration to any interest of, or factors affecting, us, our affiliates or any limited partner. Examples include the exercise of its call right, its voting rights with respect to the units it owns, its registration rights and the determination of whether to consent to any merger or consolidation of the partnership or amendment of the partnership agreement.

Our general partner has limited its liability in the partnership agreement and replaced default fiduciary duties with contractual corporate governance standards set forth therein, thereby restricting the remedies available to our unitholders for actions that, without such replacement, might constitute breaches of fiduciary duty.

In addition to the provisions described above, our partnership agreement contains provisions that restrict the remedies available to our unitholders for actions that might otherwise constitute breaches of fiduciary duty. For example, our partnership agreement:

permits our general partner to make a number of decisions in its individual capacity, as opposed to its capacity as general partner, thereby entitling our general partner to consider only the interests and factors

that it desires, and imposes no duty or obligation on our general partner to give any consideration to any interest of, or factors affecting, us, our affiliates or any limited partner:

- provides that our general partner shall not have any liability to us or our unitholders for decisions made in its capacity as general partner so long as it acted in good faith, meaning it believed that the decision was in the best interests of our partnership;
- generally provides that affiliated transactions and resolutions of conflicts of interest not approved by the conflicts committee of the board of directors of our general partner and not involving a vote of unitholders must be on terms no less favorable to us than those generally being provided to or available from unrelated third parties or be "fair and reasonable" to us, as determined by our general partner in good faith, and that, in determining whether a transaction or resolution is "fair and reasonable," our general partner may consider the totality of the relationships between the parties involved, including other transactions that may be particularly advantageous or beneficial to us;
- provides that our general partner and its officers and directors will not be liable for monetary damages to us or our limited partners for any acts or omissions unless there has been a final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that the general partner or its officers or directors acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud or willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the conduct was criminal; and
- provides that in resolving conflicts of interest, it will be presumed that in making its decision, the general partner or its conflicts committee acted in good faith, and in any proceeding brought by or on behalf of any limited partner or the partnership, the person bringing or prosecuting such proceeding will have the burden of overcoming such presumption.

By purchasing a common unit, a common unitholder will agree to become bound by the provisions in our partnership agreement, including the provisions discussed above. See "— Fiduciary Duties."

Actions taken by our general partner may affect the amount of cash distributions to unitholders.

The amount of cash that is available for distribution to unitholders is affected by decisions of the board of directors of our general partner regarding such matters as:

- · the expenses associated with being a public company and other general and administrative expenses;
- · interest expense and other financing costs related to current and future indebtedness;
- · amount and timing of asset purchases and sales;
- · cash expenditures;
- · borrowings; and
- · issuance of additional units.

Our partnership agreement permits us to borrow funds to make a distribution on all outstanding units, and further provides that we and our subsidiaries may borrow funds from our general partner and its affiliates.

Our general partner and its affiliates are not required to own any of our common units. If our general partner's affiliates were to sell all or substantially all of their common units, this would heighten the risk that our general partner would act in ways that are more beneficial to itself than our common unitholders.

Upon the closing of this offering, affiliates of our general partner will own the majority of our outstanding units, but there is no requirement that they continue to do so. The general partner and its affiliates are permitted to sell all of their common units, subject to certain limitations contained in our partnership agreement. In addition, the current owners of our general partner may sell the general partner interest to an unrelated third party. If neither the general partner nor its affiliates owned any of our common units, this would heighten the risk that our general partner would act in ways that are more beneficial to itself than our common unitholders.

We will reimburse our general partner and its affiliates, including CVR Energy, for expenses.

We will reimburse our general partner and its affiliates, including CVR Energy, for costs incurred in managing and operating us, including overhead costs incurred by CVR Energy in rendering corporate staff and support services to us. Our partnership agreement provides that the board of directors of our general partner will determine in good faith the expenses that are allocable to us and that reimbursement of overhead to CVR Energy as described above is fair and reasonable to us. The services agreement does not contain any cap on the amount we may be required to pay pursuant to this agreement. See "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions — Agreements with CVR Energy — Services Agreement."

Common units are subject to our general partner's call right.

If at any time our general partner and its affiliates own more than % of the common units, our general partner will have the right, which it may assign to any of its affiliates or to us, but not the obligation, to acquire all, but not less than all, of the common units held by public unitholders at a price not less than their then-current market price, as calculated pursuant to the terms of our partnership agreement. As a result, you may be required to sell your common units at an undesirable time or price and may not receive any return on your investment. You may also incur a tax liability upon a sale of your common units. Our general partner is not obligated to obtain a fairness opinion regarding the value of the common units to be repurchased by it upon exercise of the call right. There is no restriction in our partnership agreement that prevents our manager from issuing additional common units and exercising its call right. Our general partner may use its own discretion, free of fiduciary duty restrictions, in determining whether to exercise this right. See "The Partnership Agreement — Call Right."

Contracts between us, on the one hand, and our general partner and its affiliates, on the other, will not be the result of arm's-length negotiations.

Our partnership agreement allows our general partner to determine, in good faith, any amounts to pay itself or its affiliates for any services rendered to us. Our general partner may also enter into additional contractual arrangements with any of its affiliates on our behalf. Neither our partnership agreement nor any of the other agreements, contracts and arrangements between us and our general partner and its affiliates is or will be the result of arm's-length negotiations.

Our partnership agreement generally provides that if any affiliated transaction, such as an agreement, contract or arrangement between us and our general partner and its affiliates, is:

- · approved by a majority of the members of our conflicts committee;
- · approved by a majority of outstanding common units (excluding those owned by our general partner and its affiliates);
- · on terms no less favorable to us than those generally being provided to or available from unrelated third parties; or
- "fair and reasonable" to us, taking into account the totality of the relationships between the parties involved (including other transactions that may be particularly favorable or advantageous to us)

it will be deemed approved by all of our partners, and deemed to not constitute a breach of our partnership agreement or any duty thereunder or existing at law.

The prosecution of any disputes or disagreements that could arise in the future under a contract or other agreement between us and our general partner would give rise to an automatic conflict of interest, as a common group of executive officers is likely to be on both sides of the transaction.

Our general partner will determine, in good faith, the terms of any of these related party transactions entered into after the completion of this offering.

Our general partner and its affiliates will have no obligation to permit us to use any of its facilities or assets, except as may be provided in contracts entered into specifically dealing with that use. There is no obligation of our general partner and its affiliates to enter into any contracts of this kind.

Our general partner intends to limit its liability regarding our obligations.

Our general partner intends to limit its liability under contractual arrangements (including our new credit facility) so that the other party has recourse only to our assets and not against our general partner or its assets. Our partnership agreement provides that any action taken by our general partner to limit its liability or our liability is not a breach of our general partner's fiduciary duties, even if we could have obtained terms that are more favorable without the limitation on liability.

Common unitholders will have no right to enforce obligations of our general partner and its affiliates under agreements with us.

Any agreements between us, on the one hand, and our general partner and its affiliates, on the other, will not grant to the unitholders, separate and apart from us, the right to enforce the obligations of our general partner and its affiliates in our favor.

We may choose not to retain separate counsel for ourselves or for the holders of common units.

The attorneys, independent accountants and others who perform services for us in this offering have been retained by our general partner or its affiliates. Attorneys, independent accountants and others who perform services for us in the future will be selected by our general partner and may perform services for our general partner and its affiliates. Our counsel in this offering also represented CVR Energy in its initial public offering and continues to represent CVR Energy from time to time. We may retain separate counsel for ourselves or the holders of common units in the event of a conflict of interest between our general partner and its affiliates, on the one hand, and us or the holders of common units, on the other, depending on the nature of the conflict. We do not intend to do so in most cases.

Except in limited circumstances, our general partner has the power and authority to conduct our business without limited partner approval.

Under our partnership agreement, our general partner has full power and authority to do all things, other than those items that require unitholder approval or on such terms as it determines to be necessary or appropriate to conduct our business including, but not limited to, the following:

- the making of any expenditures, the lending or borrowing of money, the assumption or guarantee of, or other contracting for, indebtedness and other liabilities, the issuance of evidences of indebtedness, including indebtedness that is convertible into securities of the partnership, and the incurring of any other obligations;
- the making of tax, regulatory and other filings, or rendering of periodic or other reports to governmental or other agencies having jurisdiction over our business or assets;
- the acquisition, disposition, mortgage, pledge, encumbrance, hypothecation or exchange of any or all of our assets or the merger or other combination of us with or into another person;
- · the negotiation, execution and performance of any contracts, conveyances or other instruments;
- · the distribution of partnership cash;
- the selection and dismissal of employees and agents, outside attorneys, accountants, consultants and contractors and the determination of their compensation and other terms of employment or hiring;
- · the maintenance of insurance for our benefit and the benefit of our partners;
- the formation of, or acquisition of an interest in, and the contribution of property and the making of loans to, any further limited or general partnerships, joint ventures, corporations, limited liability companies or other entities;
- the control of any matters affecting our rights and obligations, including the bringing and defending of actions at law or in equity and otherwise engaging in the conduct of litigation, arbitration or mediation and the incurring of legal expense and the settlement of claims and litigation;

- · the indemnification of any person against liabilities and contingencies to the extent permitted by law;
- the purchase, sale or other acquisition or disposition of our securities, or the issuance of additional options, rights, warrants and appreciation rights relating to our securities; and
- the entering into of agreements with any of its affiliates to render services to us or to itself in the discharge of its duties as our general partner.

See "The Partnership Agreement" for information regarding the voting rights of common unitholders.

Fiduciary Duties

The Delaware Act provides that Delaware limited partnerships may, in their partnership agreements, restrict, expand or eliminate the fiduciary duties owed by general partners to other partners and the partnership. Our partnership agreement has eliminated these default fiduciary standards; instead, our general partner is accountable to us and our unitholders pursuant to the detailed contractual standards set forth in our partnership agreement. The duties owed to unitholders by our general partner are thus prescribed by our partnership agreement and not by default fiduciary duties.

We have adopted these standards to allow our general partner or its affiliates to engage in transactions with us that would otherwise be prohibited by state law fiduciary standards and to take into account the interests of other parties in addition to our interests when resolving conflicts of interest. Without such deviation from the default standards, such transactions could result in violations of our general partner's state law fiduciary duties. We believe this is appropriate and necessary because the board of directors of our general partner has duties to manage our general partner in a manner beneficial to Coffeyville Resources, its owner, and the stockholders of CVR Energy, its indirect parent, and duties to manage us in a manner that is in our best interests. Without these modifications, our general partner's ability to make decisions involving conflicts of interest would be restricted. These modifications also enable our general partner to take into consideration all parties involved in the proposed action, so long as the resolution is in our best interests. Further, these modifications enable our general partner to attract and retain experienced and capable directors. However, these modifications disadvantage the common unitholders because they restrict the rights and remedies that would otherwise be available to unitholders for actions that, without such modifications, might constitute breaches of fiduciary duty, as described below, and permit our general partner to take into account the interests of third parties in addition to our interests when resolving conflicts of interest. The following is a summary of:

- · the default fiduciary duties under by the Delaware Act;
- the standards contained in our partnership agreement that replace the default fiduciary duties; and
- · certain rights and remedies of limited partners contained in the Delaware Act.

State law fiduciary duty standards

Fiduciary duties are generally considered to include an obligation to act in good faith and with due care and loyalty. The duty of care, in the absence of a provision in a partnership agreement providing otherwise, would generally require a general partner to act for the partnership in the same manner as a prudent person would act on his own behalf. The duty of loyalty, in the absence of a provision in a partnership agreement providing otherwise, would generally require that any action taken or transaction engaged in be entirely fair to the Partnership.

Partnership agreement modified standards

Our partnership agreement contains provisions that waive or consent to conduct by our general partner and its affiliates that might otherwise raise issues as to compliance with fiduciary duties or applicable law. For example, our partnership agreement provides that when our general partner is acting in its capacity as our general partner, as opposed to in its individual capacity, it must act in "good faith" and will not be subject to any other standard under applicable law. In addition, when our general partner is acting in its individual capacity,

as opposed to in its capacity as our general partner, it may act without any fiduciary obligation to us or the unitholders whatsoever. These contractual standards reduce the obligations to which our general partner would otherwise be held.

Our partnership agreement generally provides that affiliated transactions and resolutions of conflicts of interest not involving a vote of unitholders and that are not approved by the conflicts committee of the board of directors of our general partner must be:

- on terms no less favorable to us than those generally being provided to or available from unrelated third parties; or
- "fair and reasonable" to us, taking into account the totality of the relationships between the parties involved (including other transactions that may be particularly favorable or advantageous to us).

All conflicts of interest disclosed in this prospectus (including our agreements and other arrangements with CVR Energy) have been approved by all of our partners under the terms of our partnership agreement.

If our general partner does not seek approval from the conflicts committee of its board of directors or the common unitholders, and its board of directors determines that the resolution or course of action taken with respect to the conflict of interest satisfies either of the standards set forth in the bullet points above, then it will be presumed that, in making its decision, the board of directors, which may include board members affected by the conflict of interest, acted in good faith, and in any proceeding brought by or on behalf of any limited partner or the partnership, the person bringing or prosecuting such proceeding will have the burden of overcoming such presumption. These standards reduce the obligations to which our general partner would otherwise be held.

In addition to the other more specific provisions limiting the obligations of our general partner, our partnership agreement further provides that our general partner and its officers and directors will not be liable for monetary damages to us or our limited partners for errors of judgment or for any acts or omissions unless there has been a final and non-appealable judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that the general partner or its officers and directors acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud or willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that such person's conduct was unlawful.

The Delaware Act generally provides that a limited partner may institute legal action on behalf of the partnership to recover damages from a third party where a general partner has refused to institute the action or where an effort to cause a general partner to do so is not likely to succeed. These actions include actions against a general partner for breach of its fiduciary duties or of our partnership agreement. In addition, the statutory or case law of some jurisdictions may permit a limited partner to institute legal action on behalf of it and all other similarly situated limited partners to recover damages from a general partner for violations of its fiduciary duties to the limited partners.

Rights and remedies of limited partners

In order to become one of our limited partners, a common unitholder is required to agree to be bound by the provisions in our partnership agreement, including the provisions discussed above. See "Description of Our Common Units — Transfer of Common Units." This is in accordance with the policy of the Delaware Act favoring the principle of freedom of contract and the enforceability of partnership agreements. The failure of a limited partner or assignee to sign a partnership agreement does not render our partnership agreement unenforceable against that person.

Under our partnership agreement, we must indemnify our general partner and its officers, directors and managers, to the fullest extent permitted by law, against liabilities, costs and expenses incurred by our general partner or these other persons. We must provide this indemnification unless there has been a final and non-appealable judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that these persons acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud or willful misconduct. We also must provide this indemnification for criminal proceedings unless our general partner or these other persons acted with knowledge that their conduct was unlawful. Thus, our general partner could be indemnified for its negligent or grossly negligent acts if it meets the requirements set forth above. To the extent that these provisions purport to include indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act, in the opinion of the SEC such indemnification is contrary to public policy and therefore unenforceable.

Related Party Transactions

We have adopted policies for the review, approval and ratification of transactions with related persons. At the discretion of our general partner's board of directors, a proposed related party transaction may generally be approved by the board in its entirety, or by a "conflicts committee" meeting the definitional requirements for such a committee under the Partnership Agreement.

DESCRIPTION OF OUR COMMON UNITS

Our Common Units

The common units offered hereby represent limited partner interests in us. The holders of common units are entitled to participate in partnership distributions and exercise the rights and privileges provided to limited partners under our partnership agreement. For a description of the rights and privileges of holders of our common units to partnership distributions, see "How We Make Cash Distributions" and "Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions." For a description of the rights and privileges of limited partners under our partnership agreement, including voting rights, see "The Partnership Agreement."

Transfer Agent and Registrar

Duties. American Stock Transfer & Trust Company will serve as registrar and transfer agent for the common units. We pay all fees charged by the transfer agent for transfers of common units, except the following, which must be paid by unitholders:

- · surety bond premiums to replace lost or stolen certificates, taxes and other governmental charges;
- · special charges for services requested by a holder of a common unit; and
- · other similar fees or charges.

There is no charge to unitholders for disbursements of our quarterly cash distributions. We will indemnify the transfer agent, its agents and each of their stockholders, directors, officers and employees against all claims and losses that may arise out of acts performed or omitted for its activities in that capacity, except for any liability due to any gross negligence or intentional misconduct of the indemnified person or entity.

Resignation or Removal. The transfer agent may resign, by notice to us, or be removed by us. The resignation or removal of the transfer agent will become effective upon our appointment of a successor transfer agent and registrar and its acceptance of the appointment. If a successor has not been appointed or has not accepted its appointment within 30 days after notice of the resignation or removal, our general partner may act as the transfer agent and registrar until a successor is appointed.

Transfer of Common Units

By transfer of common units in accordance with our partnership agreement, each transferee of common units shall be admitted as a limited partner with respect to the common units transferred when such transfer and admission is reflected in our books and records. Each transferee:

- represents that the transferee has the capacity, power and authority to become bound by our partnership agreement;
- automatically agrees to be bound by the terms and conditions of, and is deemed to have executed, our partnership agreement; and
- gives the consents and approvals contained in our partnership agreement, such as the approval of all transactions and agreements entered into in connection with our formation and this offering.

A transferee will become a substituted limited partner of our partnership for the transferred common units automatically upon the recording of the transfer on our books and records. Our general partner will cause any transfers to be recorded on our books and records from time to time as necessary to accurately reflect the transfers.

We may, at our discretion, treat the nominee holder of a common unit as the absolute owner. In that case, the beneficial holder's rights are limited solely to those that it has against the nominee holder as a result of any agreement between the beneficial owner and the nominee holder.

Common units are securities and are transferable according to the laws governing transfer of securities. In addition to other rights acquired upon transfer, the transferor gives the transferee the right to become a limited partner in our partnership for the transferred common units.

Until a common unit has been transferred on our books, we and the transfer agent may treat the record holder of the common unit as the absolute owner for all purposes, except as otherwise required by law or stock exchange regulations.

Listing

We have applied to list our common units on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "UAN."

THE PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT

The following is a summary of the material provisions of our partnership agreement. The form of our partnership agreement is included in this prospectus as Appendix A. We will provide prospective investors with a copy of our partnership agreement upon request at no charge.

We summarize the following provisions of our partnership agreement elsewhere in this prospectus:

- · with regard to distributions of cash, see "How We Make Cash Distributions";
- · with regard to the fiduciary duties of our general partner, see "Conflicts of Interest and Fiduciary Duties";
- · with regard to the authority of our general partner to manage our business and activities, see "Management Management of CVR Partners, LP";
- · with regard to the transfer of common units, see "Description of Our Common Units Transfer of Common Units"; and
- · with regard to allocations of taxable income and taxable loss, see "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences."

Organization and Duration

We were organized on June 12, 2007 and will have a perpetual existence unless terminated pursuant to the terms of our partnership agreement.

Purpose

Our purpose under our partnership agreement is limited to engaging in any business activity that is approved by our general partner and that lawfully may be conducted by a limited partnership organized under Delaware law.

Although our general partner has the ability to cause us and our subsidiary to engage in activities other than those related to the nitrogen fertilizer business and activities now or hereafter customarily conducted in conjunction with this business, our general partner may decline to do so free of any fiduciary duty or obligation whatsoever to us or the limited partners, including any duty to act in good faith or in the best interests of us or our limited partners. In general, our general partner is authorized to perform all acts it determines to be necessary or appropriate to carry out our purposes and to conduct our business.

Capital Contributions

Common unitholders are not obligated to make additional capital contributions, except as described below under "— Limited Liability." For a discussion of our general partner's right to contribute capital to maintain its and its affiliates' percentage interest if we issue partnership interests, see "— Issuance of Additional Partnership Interests."

Voting Rights

The following is a summary of the unitholder vote required for the matters specified below. Matters requiring the approval of a "unit majority" require the approval of a majority of the common units.

At the closing of this offering, CVR Energy will have the ability to ensure passage of, as well as the ability to ensure the defeat of, any amendment which requires a unit majority by virtue of its % indirect ownership of our common units.

In voting their common units, our general partner and its affiliates will have no fiduciary duty or obligation whatsoever to us or the limited partners, including any duty to act in good faith or in the best interests of us or the limited partners. The holders of a majority of the common units (including common units deemed owned by our general partner) represented in person or by proxy shall constitute a quorum at a meeting of such common unitholders, unless any such action requires approval by holders of a greater percentage of such units in which case the quorum shall be such greater percentage.

The following is a summary of the vote requirements specified for certain matters under our partnership agreement:

Issuance of additional partnership interests No approval right. See "- Issuance of Additional Partnership Interests."

Amendment of our partnership agreement Certain amendments may be made by our general partner without the approval of the common unitholders. Other

amendments generally require the approval of a unit majority. See "— Amendment of Our Partnership Agreement."

Merger of our partnership or the sale of all or substantially all of our

Unit majority in certain circumstances. See "- Merger, Sale or Other Disposition of Assets."

Dissolution of our partnership Unit majority. See "- Termination and Dissolution." Continuation of our partnership upon dissolution Unit majority. See "- Termination and Dissolution."

Withdrawal of our general partner Under most circumstances, the approval of a majority of the common units, excluding common units held by our general partner and its affiliates, is required for the withdrawal of our general partner prior to March 31, 2021. See

Withdrawal or Removal of Our General Partner."

Not less than $66^2/3\%$ of the outstanding common units, including common units held by our general partner and its Removal of our general partner

Withdrawal or Removal of Our General Partner

Our general partner may transfer all, but not less than all, of its general partner interest in us without a vote of our Transfer of the general partner interest

unitholders to an affiliate or another person in connection with its merger or consolidation with or into, or sale of all or substantially all of its assets to, such person. The approval of a majority of the common units, excluding common units held by our general partner and its affiliates, is required in other circumstances for a transfer of the general partner interest to a third party prior to March 31, 2021. See "— Transfer of General Partner Interests."

Transfer of ownership interests in our general partner No approval required at any time. See "— Transfer of Ownership Interests in Our General Partner."

If any person or group other than our general partner and its affiliates acquires beneficial ownership of 20% or more of any class of units then outstanding, that person or group will lose voting rights on all of such units. This loss of voting rights does not apply to any person or group that acquires the units from our general partner or its affiliates and any transferees of that person or group approved by our general partner or to any person or group who acquires the units with the specific approval of our general partner.

Applicable Law; Forum, Venue and Jurisdiction

Our partnership agreement is governed by Delaware law. Our partnership agreement requires that any claims, suits, actions or proceedings:

arising out of or relating in any way to the partnership agreement (including any claims, suits or actions to interpret, apply or enforce the provisions of the partnership agreement or the duties, obligations or liabilities

among limited partners or of limited partners to us, or the rights or powers of, or restrictions on, the limited partners or us);

- · brought in a derivative manner on our behalf;
- asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any director, officer or other employee of us or our general partner, or owed by our general partner, to us or the limited partners;
- · asserting a claim arising pursuant to any provision of the Delaware Act; or
- · asserting a claim governed by the internal affairs doctrine

shall be exclusively brought in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware, regardless of whether such claims, suits, actions or proceedings sound in contract, tort, fraud or otherwise, are based on common law, statutory, equitable, legal or other grounds, or are derivative or direct claims. By purchasing a common unit, a limited partner is irrevocably consenting to these limitations and provisions regarding claims, suits, actions or proceedings and submitting to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware in connection with any such claims, suits, actions or proceedings.

Limited Liability

Assuming that a limited partner does not participate in the control of our business within the meaning of the Delaware Act and that it otherwise acts in conformity with the provisions of our partnership agreement, its liability under the Delaware Act will be limited, subject to possible exceptions, to the amount of capital it is obligated to contribute to us for its common units plus its share of any undistributed profits and assets. If it were determined, however, that the right, or exercise of the right, by the limited partners as a group:

- · to remove or replace our general partner;
- · to approve some amendments to our partnership agreement; or
- to take other action under our partnership agreement

constituted "participation in the control" of our business for the purposes of the Delaware Act, then the limited partners could be held personally liable for our obligations under the laws of Delaware to the same extent as our general partner. This liability would extend to persons who transact business with us who reasonably believe that the limited partner is a general partner. Neither our partnership agreement nor the Delaware Act specifically provides for legal recourse against our general partner if a limited partner were to lose limited liability through any fault of our general partner. While this does not mean that a limited partner could not seek legal recourse, we know of no precedent for such a claim in Delaware case law.

Under the Delaware Act, a limited partnership may not make a distribution to a partner if, after the distribution, all liabilities of the limited partnership, other than liabilities to partners on account of their partnership interests and liabilities for which the recourse of creditors is limited to specific property of the partnership, would exceed the fair value of the assets of the limited partnership. For the purpose of determining the fair value of the assets of a limited partnership, the Delaware Act provides that the fair value of property subject to liability for which recourse of creditors is limited shall be included in the assets of the limited partnership only to the extent that the fair value of that property exceeds the nonrecourse liability. The Delaware Act provides that a limited partner who receives a distribution and knew at the time of the distribution that the distribution was in violation of the Delaware Act shall be liable to the limited partnership for the amount of the distribution for three years. Under the Delaware Act, a substituted limited partner of a limited partnership is liable for the obligations of his assignor to make contributions to the partnership, except that such person is not obligated for liabilities unknown to him at the time he became a limited partner and that could not be ascertained from the partnership agreement.

Our subsidiary conducts business in three states: Kansas, Nebraska and Texas. We and our current subsidiary or any future subsidiaries may conduct business in other states in the future. Maintenance of our limited liability as a member of our operating company may require compliance with legal requirements in the jurisdictions in which our operating company conducts business, including qualifying our subsidiaries to do business there. We have

attempted to limit our liability for the obligations of our operating subsidiary by structuring it as a limited liability company.

If, by virtue of our membership interest in our operating subsidiary or otherwise, it were determined that we were conducting business in any state without compliance with the applicable limited partnership or liability company statute, or that the right, or exercise of the right by the limited partners as a group, to remove or replace our general partner, to approve some amendments to our partnership agreement, or to take other action under our partnership agreement constituted "participation in the control" of our business for purposes of the statutes of any relevant jurisdiction, then the limited partners could be held personally liable for our obligations under the law of that jurisdiction to the same extent as our general partner under the circumstances. We will operate in a manner that our general partner considers reasonable and necessary or appropriate to preserve the limited liability of the limited partners.

Issuance of Additional Partnership Interests

Our partnership agreement authorizes us to issue an unlimited number of additional partnership interests for the consideration and on the terms and conditions determined by our general partner without the approval of the unitholders.

It is possible that we will fund acquisitions through the issuance of additional common units or other partnership interests. Holders of any additional common units we issue will be entitled to share equally with the then-existing holders of common units in our quarterly cash distributions. In addition, the issuance of additional common units or other partnership interests may dilute the value of the interests of the then-existing holders of common units in our net assets.

In accordance with Delaware law and the provisions of our partnership agreement, we may also issue additional partnership interests that, as determined by our general partner, have special voting rights to which the common units are not entitled or are senior in right of distribution to the common units. In addition, our partnership agreement does not prohibit the issuance by our subsidiary of equity interests, which may effectively rank senior to the common units.

Our general partner will have the right, which it may from time to time assign in whole or in part to any of its affiliates, to purchase common units, whenever, and on the same terms that, we issue those interests to persons other than our general partner and its affiliates, to the extent necessary to maintain its and its affiliates' percentage interest, including such interest represented by common units, that existed immediately prior to each issuance. The holders of common units will not have preemptive rights under our partnership agreement to acquire additional common units or other partnership interests.

Amendment of Our Partnership Agreement

General

Amendments to our partnership agreement may be proposed only by our general partner. However, our general partner will have no duty or obligation to propose any amendment and may decline to do so free of any fiduciary duty or obligation whatsoever to us or any partner, including any duty to act in good faith or in the best interests of us or the limited partners. In order to adopt a proposed amendment, other than the amendments discussed below under "— No Unitholder Approval," our general partner is required to seek written approval of the holders of the number of common units required to approve the amendment or call a meeting of the limited partners to consider and vote upon the proposed amendment. Except as described below, an amendment must be approved by a unit majority.

Prohibited Amendments

No amendment may be made that would:

(1) enlarge the obligations of any limited partner or general partner without its consent, unless approved by at least a majority of the type or class of partner interests so affected;

(2) enlarge the obligations of, restrict in any way any action by or rights of, or reduce in any way the amounts distributable, reimbursable or otherwise payable by us to our general partner or any of its affiliates without the consent of our general partner, which consent may be given or withheld in its sole discretion;

- (3) change certain of the terms under which we can be dissolved; or
- (4) change the term of the Partnership.

The provision of our partnership agreement preventing the amendments having the effects described in any of the clauses above can be amended upon the approval of the holders of at least 90% of the outstanding common units, voting together as a single class (including common units owned by our general partner and its affiliates). Upon completion of this offering, our general partner and its affiliates will own approximately % of the outstanding common units (approximately % if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full).

No Unitholder Approval

Our general partner may generally make amendments to our partnership agreement without the approval of any other partner to reflect:

- a change in our name, the location of our principal place of business, our registered agent or our registered office;
- the admission, substitution, withdrawal or removal of partners in accordance with our partnership agreement;
- a change that our general partner determines to be necessary or appropriate for us to qualify or to continue our qualification as a limited partnership or a partnership in which the
 limited partners have limited liability under the laws of any state or to ensure that neither we nor our subsidiary will be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or
 otherwise taxed as an entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes (to the extent not already so treated or taxed);
- an amendment that is necessary, in the opinion of our counsel, to prevent us or our general partner or its directors, officers, agents, or trustees from in any manner being subjected to the provisions of the Investment Company Act of 1940, the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, or "plan asset" regulations adopted under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, or ERISA, whether or not substantially similar to plan asset regulations currently applied or proposed;
- an amendment that our general partner determines to be necessary or appropriate for the creation, authorization, or issuance of additional partnership interests or rights to acquire partnership interests, as otherwise permitted by our partnership agreement;
- · any amendment expressly permitted in our partnership agreement to be made by our general partner acting alone;
- · an amendment effected, necessitated or contemplated by a merger agreement that has been approved under the terms of our partnership agreement;
- any amendment that our general partner determines to be necessary or appropriate for the formation by us of, or our investment in, any corporation, partnership or other entity, as otherwise permitted by our partnership agreement;
- · a change in our fiscal year or taxable year and related changes;
- mergers with or conveyances to another limited liability entity that is newly formed and has no assets, liabilities or operations at the time of the merger or conveyance other than those it receives by way of the merger or conveyance; or
- any other amendments substantially similar to any of the matters described above.

In addition, our general partner may make amendments to our partnership agreement without the approval of any partner if our general partner determines that those amendments:

- · do not adversely affect in any material respect the partners considered as a whole or any particular class of partners;
- are necessary or appropriate to satisfy any requirements, conditions, or guidelines contained in any opinion, directive, order, ruling, or regulation of any federal or state agency or judicial authority or contained in any federal or state statute;
- are necessary or appropriate to facilitate the trading of limited partner interests or to comply with any rule, regulation, guideline, or requirement of any securities exchange on which the limited partner interests are or will be listed for trading;
- · are necessary or appropriate for any action taken by our general partner relating to splits or combinations of common units under the provisions of our partnership agreement; or
- are required to effect the intent expressed in this prospectus or the intent of the provisions of our partnership agreement or are otherwise contemplated by our partnership agreement.

Opinion of Counsel and Unitholder Approval

For amendments of the type not requiring unitholder approval, our general partner will not be required to obtain an opinion of counsel that an amendment will not result in a loss of limited liability to the limited partners or result in our being treated as an entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes in connection with any of the amendments. No other amendments to our partnership agreement will become effective without the approval of holders of at least 90% of the outstanding common units voting as a single class unless we first obtain an opinion of counsel to the effect that the amendment will not affect the limited liability under Delaware law of any of our limited partners.

Any amendment that would have a material adverse effect on the rights or preferences of any type or class of outstanding common units in relation to other classes of units will require the approval of at least a majority of the type or class of common units so affected. Any amendment that would reduce the percentage of units required to take any action, other than to remove the general partner or call a meeting of unitholders must be approved by the affirmative vote of partners whose aggregate outstanding units constitute not less than the percentage sought to be reduced.

Merger, Sale or Other Disposition of Assets

A merger or consolidation or conversion of us requires the prior consent of our general partner. However, our general partner will have no duty or obligation to consent to any merger or consolidation and may decline to do so free of any fiduciary duty or obligation whatsoever to us or other partners, including any duty to act in good faith or in the best interest of us or the other partners.

In addition, our partnership agreement generally prohibits our general partner, without the prior approval of the holders of a unit majority, from causing us to sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of our assets in a single transaction or a series of related transactions, including by way of merger, consolidation or other combination. Our general partner may, however, mortgage, pledge, hypothecate or grant a security interest in all or substantially all of our assets without that approval. Our general partner may also sell all or substantially all of our assets under a foreclosure or other realization upon those encumbrances without that approval.

Finally, our general partner may consummate any merger without the prior approval of our unitholders if we are the surviving entity in the transaction, our general partner has received an opinion of counsel regarding limited liability and tax matters, the transaction would not result in a material amendment to the partnership agreement (other than an amendment that the general partner could adopt without the consent of other partners), each of our common units will be an identical unit of our partnership following the transaction and the partnership securities to be issued do not exceed 20% of our outstanding partnership interests immediately prior to the transaction.

If the conditions specified in our partnership agreement are satisfied, our general partner may convert us or our subsidiary into a new limited liability entity or merge us or our subsidiary into, or convey all of our assets to, a newly formed entity, if the sole purpose of that conversion, merger or conveyance is to effect a mere change in our legal form into another limited liability entity, we have received an opinion of counsel regarding limited liability and tax matters and the governing instruments of the new entity provide the limited partners and our general partner with the same rights and obligations as contained in our partnership agreement. Our unitholders are not entitled to dissenters' rights of appraisal under our partnership agreement or applicable Delaware law in the event of a conversion, merger or consolidation, a sale of substantially all of our assets or any other similar transaction or event.

Termination and Dissolution

We will continue as a limited partnership until terminated under our partnership agreement. We will dissolve upon:

- (1) the election of our general partner to dissolve us, if approved by the holders of common units representing a unit majority;
- (2) there being no limited partners, unless we are continued without dissolution in accordance with applicable Delaware law;
- (3) the entry of a decree of judicial dissolution of our partnership; or
- (4) the withdrawal or removal of our general partner or any other event that results in its ceasing to be our general partner other than by reason of a transfer of its general partner interest in accordance with our partnership agreement or withdrawal or removal following approval and admission of a successor.

Upon a dissolution under clause (4), the holders of a unit majority may also elect, within specific time limitations, to continue our business on the same terms and conditions described in our partnership agreement by appointing as a successor general partner an entity approved by the holders of common units representing a unit majority, subject to our receipt of an opinion of counsel to the effect that:

- · the action would not result in the loss of limited liability under Delaware law of any limited partner; and
- neither our partnership nor our subsidiary would be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise be taxable as an entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes
 upon the exercise of that right to continue (to the extent not already so treated or taxed).

Liquidation and Distribution of Proceeds

Upon our dissolution, unless our business is continued, the liquidator authorized to wind up our affairs will, acting with all of the powers of our general partner that are necessary or appropriate, liquidate our assets and apply the proceeds of the liquidation as set forth in our partnership agreement. The liquidator may defer liquidation or distribution of our assets for a reasonable period of time or distribute assets to partners in kind if it determines that a sale would be impractical or would cause undue loss to our partners.

Withdrawal or Removal of Our General Partner

Except as described below, our general partner has agreed not to withdraw voluntarily as our general partner prior to March 31, 2021 without obtaining the approval of the holders of at least a majority of the outstanding common units excluding common units held by our general partner and its affiliates (including CVR Energy), and by giving 90 days' written notice and furnishing an opinion of counsel regarding limited liability and tax matters. On or after March 31 2021, our general partner may withdraw as general partner without first obtaining approval of any unitholder by giving 90 days' written notice, and that withdrawal will not constitute a violation of our partnership agreement. Notwithstanding the information above, our general partner may withdraw without unitholder approval upon 90 days' notice to the unitholders if at least 50% of the outstanding common units are held or controlled by one person and its affiliates other than our general partner and its affiliates. In addition, our partnership agreement permits our general partner in some instances to sell or otherwise transfer all of its general partner interest without the approval of the unitholders. See "— Transfer of General Partner Interest."

Upon withdrawal of our general partner under any circumstances, other than as a result of a transfer by our general partner of all or a part of its general partner interest in us, the holders of a majority of the outstanding classes of common units voting as a single class may select a successor to that withdrawing general partner. If a successor is not elected, or is elected but an opinion of counsel regarding limited liability and tax matters cannot be obtained, we will be dissolved, wound up and liquidated, unless within a specified period of time after that withdrawal, the holders of a unit majority agree in writing to continue our business and to appoint a successor general partner. See "— Termination and Dissolution."

Our general partner may not be removed unless that removal is approved by the vote of the holders of not less than % of the outstanding common units, voting together as a single class, including common units held by our general partner and its affiliates, and we receive an opinion of counsel regarding limited liability and tax matters. Any removal of our general partner is also subject to the approval of a successor general partner by the vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding common units. The ownership of more than 33½% of the outstanding common units by our general partner and its affiliates (including Coffeyville Resources) gives them the ability to prevent our general partner's removal. At the closing of this offering, affiliates of our general partner will own approximately % of the outstanding common units (approximately % if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full).

In the event of removal of our general partner under circumstances where cause exists or withdrawal of our general partner where that withdrawal violates our partnership agreement, a successor general partner will have the option to purchase the general partner interest of the departing general partner for a cash payment equal to the fair market value of the general partner interest. Under all other circumstances where our general partner withdraws or is removed, the departing general partner will have the option to require the successor general partner to purchase the general partner interest of the departing general partner for its fair market value. In each case, this fair market value will be determined by agreement between the departing general partner and the successor general partner. If no agreement is reached, an independent investment banking firm or other independent expert selected by the departing general partner and the successor general partner will determine the fair market value. Or, if the departing general partner and the successor general partner cannot agree upon an expert, then an expert chosen by agreement of the experts selected by each of them will determine the fair market value.

If the option described above is not exercised by either the departing general partner or the successor general partner, the departing general partner's general partner interest will automatically convert into common units equal to the fair market value of those interests as determined by an investment banking firm or other independent expert selected in the manner described in the preceding paragraph.

In addition, we will be required to reimburse the departing general partner for all amounts due to the general partner, including, without limitation, all employee-related liabilities, including severance liabilities, incurred for the termination of any employees employed by the departing general partner or its affiliates for our benefit.

Transfer of General Partner Interest

Except for the transfer by our general partner of all, but not less than all, of its general partner interest in our partnership to:

- · an affiliate of our general partner (other than an individual), or
- another entity as part of the merger or consolidation of our general partner with or into another entity or the transfer by our general partner of all or substantially all of its assets to another entity,

our general partner may not transfer all or any part of its general partner interest to another person prior to March 31, 2021 without the approval of both the holders of at least a majority of the outstanding common units, excluding common units held by our general partner and its affiliates. On or after March 31, 2021, the general partner interest will be freely transferable. As a condition of any transfer, the transferee must, among other things, assume the rights and duties of our general partner, agree to be bound by the provisions of our partnership agreement and furnish an opinion of counsel regarding limited liability and tax matters.

Our general partner and its affiliates may at any time transfer common units to one or more persons, without unitholder approval.

Transfer of Ownership Interests in Our General Partner

At any time, the owners of our general partner may sell or transfer all or part of their ownership interests in our general partner to an affiliate or a third party without the approval of our unitholders.

Change of Management Provisions

Our partnership agreement contains specific provisions that are intended to discourage a person or group from attempting to remove CVR GP, LLC as our general partner or otherwise change management. See "— Withdrawal or Removal of Our General Partner" for a discussion of certain consequences of the removal of our general partner. If any person or group other than our general partner and its affiliates acquires beneficial ownership of 20% or more of any class of common units, that person or group loses voting rights on all of its common units. This loss of voting rights does not apply in certain circumstances. See "— Voting Rights."

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If at any time our general partner and its affiliates own more than % of the then-issued and outstanding limited partner interests of any class, our general partner will have the right, which it may assign in whole or in part to any of its affiliates or to us, to acquire all, but not less than all, of the limited partner interests of the class held by public unitholders, as of a record date to be selected by our general partner, on at least 10 but not more than 60 days' notice. Immediately following this offering the only class of limited partner interest outstanding will be the common units, and affiliates of our general partner will own % of the total outstanding common units.

The purchase price in the event of such an acquisition will be the greater of:

- (1) the highest price paid by our general partner or any of its affiliates for any limited partner interests of the class purchased within the 90 days preceding the date on which our general partner first mails notice of its election to purchase those limited partner interests; and
- (2) the average of the daily closing prices of the limited partner interests over the 20 trading days preceding the date three days before notice of exercise of the call right is first mailed.

As a result of our general partner's right to purchase outstanding common units, a holder of common units may have its common units purchased at an undesirable time or at a price that may be lower than market prices at various times prior to such purchase or lower than a unitholder may anticipate the market price to be in the future. The U.S. federal income tax consequences to a unitholder of the exercise of this call right are the same as a sale by that unitholder of his common units in the market. See "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences — Disposition of Common Units."

Non-Citizen Assignees; Redemption

If our general partner, with the advice of counsel, determines we are subject to U.S. federal, state or local laws or regulations that create a substantial risk of cancellation or forfeiture of any property that we have an interest in because of the nationality, citizenship or other related status of any limited partner, then our general partner may adopt such amendments to our partnership agreement as it determines necessary or advisable to:

- · obtain proof of the nationality, citizenship or other related status of our limited partner (and their owners, to the extent relevant); and
- permit us to redeem the common units held by any person whose nationality, citizenship or other related status creates substantial risk of cancellation or forfeiture of any property or who fails to comply with the procedures instituted by the board to obtain proof of the nationality, citizenship or other related status. The redemption price in the case of such redemption will be the average of the daily closing prices per unit for the 20 consecutive trading days immediately prior to the date set for redemption.

Non-Taxpaying Assignees; Redemption

To avoid any adverse effect on the maximum applicable rates chargeable to customers by our subsidiary, or in order to reverse an adverse determination that has occurred regarding such maximum rate, our partnership agreement provides our general partner the power to amend the agreement. If our general partner, with the advice of counsel, determines that our not being treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise taxable as an entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes, coupled with the tax status (or lack of proof thereof) of one or more of our partners, has, or is reasonably likely to have, a material adverse effect on the maximum applicable rates chargeable to customers by our current or future subsidiaries, then our general partner may adopt such amendments to our partnership agreement as it determines necessary or advisable to:

- · obtain proof of the U.S. federal income tax status of our partner (and their owners, to the extent relevant); and
- permit us to redeem the common units held by any person whose tax status has or is reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the maximum applicable rates or who fails to comply with the procedures instituted by the general partner to obtain proof of the U.S. federal income tax status. The redemption price in the case of such redemption will be the average of the daily closing prices per unit for the 20 consecutive trading days immediately prior to the date set for redemption.

Meetings; Voting

Except as described below regarding a person or group owning 20% or more of any class of units then outstanding, unitholders who are record holders of common units on the record date will be entitled to notice of, and to vote at, meetings of our unitholders and to act upon matters for which approvals may be solicited. Our general partner does not anticipate that any meeting of unitholders will be called in the foreseeable future. Any action that is required or permitted to be taken by the unitholders may be taken either at a meeting of the unitholders or without a meeting if consents in writing describing the action so taken are signed by holders of the number of units necessary to authorize or take that action at a meeting. Meetings of the unitholders may be called by our general partner or by unitholders owning at least 20% of the outstanding units of the class for which a meeting is proposed. Unitholders may vote either in person or by proxy at meetings. The holders of a majority of the outstanding units of the class for which a meeting has been called, represented in person or by proxy, will constitute a quorum unless any action by the unitholders requires approval by holders of a greater percentage of the units, in which case the quorum will be the greater percentage.

Each record holder of a unit has a vote according to his percentage interest in us, although additional limited partner interests having special voting rights could be issued. See "— Issuance of Additional Partnership Interests." However, if at any time any person or group, other than our general partner and its affiliates, a direct or subsequently approved transferee of our general partner or their affiliates, or, upon the approval by the general partner, any other unitholder, acquires, in the aggregate, beneficial ownership of 20% or more of any class of units then outstanding, that person or group will lose voting rights on all of its units and the units may not be voted on any matter and will not be considered to be outstanding when sending notices of a meeting of unitholders, calculating required votes, determining the presence of a quorum, or for other similar purposes. Common units held in nominee or street name account will be voted by the broker or other nominee in accordance with the instruction of the beneficial owner unless the arrangement between the beneficial owner and his nominee provides otherwise

Any notice, demand, request, report, or proxy material required or permitted to be given or made to record holders of common units under our partnership agreement will be delivered to the record holder by us or by the transfer agent.

Status as Limited Partner or Assignee

Except as described above under "— Limited Liability," the common units will be fully paid, and unitholders will not be required to make additional contributions. By transfer of common units in accordance with our partnership agreement, each transfere of common units will be admitted as a limited partner with respect to the common units transferred when such transfer and admission is reflected in our books and records.

Indemnification

Under our partnership agreement we will indemnify the following persons in most circumstances, to the fullest extent permitted by law, from and against all losses, claims, damages, liabilities, joint or several, expenses (including legal fees and expenses), judgments, fines, penalties, interest, settlements or other amounts arising from any and all threatened, pending or completed claims, demands, actions, suits or proceedings:

- (1) our general partner;
- (2) any departing general partner;
- (3) any person who is or was a director, officer, fiduciary, trustee, manager or managing member of us or our subsidiary, our general partner or any departing general partner;
- (4) any person who is or was serving as a director, officer, fiduciary, trustee, manager or managing member of another person owing a fiduciary duty to us or our subsidiary at the request of a general partner or any departing general partner;
 - (5) any person who controls our general partner; or
 - (6) any person designated by our general partner.

Any indemnification under these provisions will only be out of our assets. Unless they otherwise agree, our general partner will not be personally liable for, or have any obligation to contribute or loan funds or assets to us to enable us to effectuate, indemnification. We may purchase insurance against liabilities asserted against and expenses incurred by persons for our activities, regardless of whether we would have the power to indemnify the person against liabilities under our partnership agreement.

Reimbursement of Expenses

Our partnership agreement requires us to reimburse our general partner for (1) all direct and indirect expenses it incurs or payments it makes on our behalf (including salary, bonus, incentive compensation and other amounts paid to any person, including affiliates of our general partner, to perform services for us or for the general partner in the discharge of its duties to us) and (2) all other expenses reasonably allocable to us or otherwise incurred by our general partner in connection with operating our business (including expenses allocated to our general partner by its affiliates). Our general partner is entitled to determine the expenses that are allocable to us.

Books and Reports

Our general partner is required to keep appropriate books of our business at our principal offices. The books will be maintained for both tax and financial reporting purposes on an accrual basis. For tax and fiscal reporting purposes, our fiscal year is the calendar year.

We will furnish or make available to record holders of our common units, within 105 days after the close of each fiscal year, an annual report containing audited financial statements and a report on those financial statements by our independent public accountants. Except for our fourth quarter, we will also furnish or make available a report containing our unaudited financial statements within 50 days after the close of each quarter. We will be deemed to have made any such report available if we file such report with the SEC on EDGAR or make the report available on a publicly available website which we maintain.

We will furnish each record holder of a unit with tax information reasonably required for federal and state income tax reporting purposes within 90 days after the close of each calendar year. This information is expected to be furnished in summary form so that some complex calculations normally required of partners can be avoided. Our ability to furnish this summary information to unitholders will depend on the cooperation of unitholders in supplying us with specific information. Every unitholder will receive information to assist him in determining his federal and state tax liability and filing his federal and state income tax returns, regardless of whether he supplies us with information.

In addition, CVR Energy will have full and complete access to any records relating to our business, and our general partner will cause its officers and independent accountants to be available to discuss our business and affairs with CVR Energy's officers, agents and employees.

Right to Inspect Our Books and Record

Our partnership agreement provides that a limited partner can, for a purpose reasonably related to his/her interest as a limited partner, upon reasonable demand and at his own expense, have furnished to him:

- (1) a current list of the name and last known address of each record holder;
- (2) all information reasonably required to facilitate the preparation and filing of a limited partner's federal, state and local income tax returns for each year;
- (3) information as to the amount of cash, and a description and statement of the agreed value of any other capital contribution, contributed or to be contributed by each partner and the date on which each became a partner;
 - (4) copies of our partnership agreement, our certificate of limited partnership, related amendments and powers of attorney under which they have been executed;
- (5) information regarding the status of our business and financial condition (provided that obligation shall be satisfied to the extent the limited partner is furnished our most recent annual report and any subsequent quarterly or periodic reports required to be filed (or which would be required to be filed) with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 of the Exchange Act); and
 - (6) any other information regarding our affairs that our general partner determines is just and reasonable

Our general partner may, and intends to, keep confidential from the limited partners' trade secrets or other information the disclosure of which our general partner believes in good faith is not in our best interests or that we are required by law or by agreements with third parties to keep confidential.

Registration Rights

Under our partnership agreement, we have agreed to register for resale under the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws any units sold by our general partner or any of its affiliates if an exemption from the registration requirements is not otherwise available. We will not be required to effect more than two registrations pursuant to this provision in any twelvemonth period, and our general partner can defer filing a registration statement for up to six months if it determines that this would be in our best interests due to a pending transaction, investigation or other event. We have also agreed that, if we at any time propose to file a registration statement for an offering of partnership interests for cash, we will use all commercially reasonable efforts to include such number of partnership interests in such registration statement as any of our general partner or any of its affiliates shall request. We are obligated to pay all expenses incidental to these registrations, other than underwriting discounts and commissions. The registration rights in our partnership agreement are applicable with respect to our general partner and its affiliates after it ceases to be a general partner for up to two years following the effective date of such cessation. In addition, in connection with this offering, we will enter into an amended and restated registration rights agreement with Coffeyville Resources, pursuant to which we may be required to register the sale of the common units it holds. See "Common Units Eligible for Future Sale."

COMMON UNITS ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE

Upon the completion of this offering, there will be common units outstanding, of which will be owned by Coffeyville Resources, assuming the underwriters do not exercise their option to purchase additional common units; if they exercise such option in full, Coffeyville Resources will own common units. The sale of these common units could have an adverse impact on the price of our common units or on any trading market that may develop.

The common units sold in this offering (or common units if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full) will generally be freely transferable without restriction or further registration under the Securities Act. However, any common units held by an "affiliate" of ours may not be resold publicly except in compliance with the registration requirements of the Securities Act or under an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to Rule 144 or otherwise. Rule 144 permits securities acquired by an affiliate of ours to be sold into the market in an amount that does not exceed, during any three-month period, the greater of:

- 1% of the total number of the class of securities outstanding; or
- · the average weekly reported trading volume of the common units for the four calendar weeks prior to the sale.

Sales under Rule 144 by our affiliates are also subject to specific manner of sale provisions, holding period requirements, notice requirements and the availability of current public information about us. A person who is not deemed to have been an affiliate of ours at any time during the three months preceding a sale, and who has beneficially owned common units for at least six months, would be entitled to sell those common units under Rule 144 without regard to the volume, manner of sale and notice requirements of Rule 144 so long as we comply with the current public information requirement for the next six months after the six-month holding period expires.

Our partnership agreement provides that we may issue an unlimited number of limited partner interests of any type without a vote of the unitholders. Any issuance of additional common units or other equity interests would result in a corresponding decrease in the proportionate ownership interest in us represented by, and could adversely affect the cash distributions to and market price of, common units then outstanding. See "The Partnership Agreement — Issuance of Additional Partnership Interests."

Under our partnership agreement, our general partner and its affiliates have the right to cause us to register under the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws the offer and sale of any units that they hold. Subject to the terms and conditions of the partnership agreement, these registration rights allow our general partner and its affiliates or their assignees holding any units to require registration of any of these units and to include any of these units in a registration by us of other units, including units offered by us or by any unitholder. Our general partner will continue to have these registration rights for two years after it ceases to be a general partner. In connection with any registration of this kind, we will indemnify each unitholder participating in the registration and its officers, directors and controlling persons from and against any liabilities under the Securities Act or any applicable state securities laws arising from the registration statement or prospectus. We will bear all costs and expenses incidental to any registration, excluding any underwriting discounts and commissions. Our general partner and its affiliates also may sell their units in private transactions at any time, subject to compliance with applicable laws.

In connection with this offering, we will enter into an amended and restated registration rights agreement with Coffeyville Resources. Under this agreement, Coffeyville Resources will have the right to cause us to register under the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws the offer and sale of any units that it holds, subject to certain limitations. See "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions — Agreements with CVR Energy — Registration Rights Agreement."

We, Coffeyville Resources, our general partner, and the directors and executive officers of our general partner have agreed not to sell any common units until 180 days after the date of this prospectus, subject to certain exceptions. See "Underwriters" for a description of these lock-up provisions.

In addition, we intend to file a registration statement on Form S-8 under the Securities Act to register common units issuable under our long-term incentive plan. This registration statement is expected to be filed following the effective date of the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part and will be effective upon filing. Units issued under our long-term incentive plan will be eligible for resale in the public market without restriction after the effective date of the Form S-8 registration statement, subject to Rule 144 limitations applicable to affiliates.

MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

This section is a summary of the material U.S. federal income tax consequences that may be relevant to prospective unitholders. To the extent this section discusses U.S. federal income taxes, that discussion is based upon current provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, existing and proposed Treasury Regulations, and current administrative rulings and court decisions, all of which are subject to change. Changes in these authorities may cause the U.S. federal income tax consequences to a prospective unitholder to vary substantially from the consequences described below. Unless the context otherwise requires, references in this section to "us" or "we" are references to CVR Partners, LP and CRNF, our operating subsidiary.

This section does not address all U.S. federal income tax matters that affect us or our unitholders. Moreover, this section focuses on unitholders who are individual citizens or residents of the United States (as determined for U.S. federal income tax purposes), whose functional currency is the U.S. dollar and who hold common units as capital assets (generally, property that is held as an investment). This section has only limited applicability to unitholders that are corporations, partnerships (and entities treated as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes), estates, trusts, nonresident aliens or other unitholders subject to specialized tax treatment, such as tax-exempt institutions, non-U.S. persons, individual retirement accounts, employee benefit plans, real estate investment trusts, or REITs, or mutual funds. Accordingly, we encourage each prospective unitholder to consult, and depend on, his own tax advisor in analyzing the U.S. federal, state, local and non-U.S. tax consequences particular to him resulting from the ownership or disposition of common units.

We are relying on opinions and advice of Vinson & Elkins L.L.P. with respect to the matters described in this section. An opinion of counsel represents only that counsel's best legal judgment and does not bind the IRS or the courts. Accordingly, the opinions and statements made herein may not be sustained by a court if contested by the IRS. Any contest with the IRS of the matters described herein may materially and adversely impact the market for our common units and the prices at which our common units trade. In addition, the costs of any contest with the IRS, including legal, accounting and related fees, will result in a reduction in cash available for distribution to our unitholders and thus will be borne indirectly by our unitholders. Furthermore, our tax treatment or the tax treatment of an investment in us, may be significantly modified by future legislative or administrative changes or court decisions. Any modifications may or may not be retroactively applied.

All statements of law and legal conclusions, but not statements of fact, contained in this section, except as described below or otherwise noted, are the opinion of Vinson & Elkins L.L.P. and are based on the accuracy of the representations made by us to them for this purpose.

For the reasons described below, Vinson & Elkins L.L.P. has not rendered an opinion with respect to the following specific U.S. federal income tax issues: (1) the treatment of a unitholder whose common units are loaned to a short seller to cover a short sale of our common units (please read "— Tax Consequences of Common Unit Ownership — Treatment of Short Sales"); (2) whether our monthly convention for allocating taxable income and losses is permitted by existing Treasury Regulations (please read "— Disposition of Common Units — Allocations Between Transferors and Transferees"); and (3) whether our method for taking into account Section 743 adjustments is sustainable in certain cases (please read "— Tax Consequences of Common Unit Ownership — Section 754 Election" and "— Uniformity of Common Units").

Partnership Status

We expect to be treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes and therefore, generally will not be liable for U.S. federal income taxes. Instead, as described in detail below, each of our unitholders is required to take into account his respective share of our items of income, gain, loss and deduction in computing his U.S. federal income tax liability as if the unitholder had earned the income directly, even if no cash distributions are made to the unitholder. Distributions by us to a unitholder generally do not give rise to income or gain taxable to him unless the amount of cash distributed to him is in excess of his adjusted basis in his common units.

Section 7704 of the Internal Revenue Code provides that a publicly traded partnership will, as a general rule, be treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes. However, under an exception, referred to as the "Qualifying Income Exception," if 90% or more of the partnership's gross income for every taxable year consists of

"qualifying income," the partnership will continue to be treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Qualifying income includes income and gains derived from the production, marketing and transportation of fertilizer, and the production, transportation, storage and processing of crude oil, natural gas and products thereof. Other types of qualifying income include interest (other than from a financial business), dividends, gains from the sale of real property and gains from the sale or other disposition of capital assets held for the production of income that constitutes qualifying income. We estimate that less than 1% of our current gross income is not qualifying income; however, the portion of our income that is qualifying income could change from time to time. No ruling has been sought from the IRS, and the IRS has made no determination as to our status for U.S. federal income tax purposes or whether our gross income is "qualifying income" under Section 7704 of the Internal Revenue Code. Instead, we will rely on the opinion of Vinson & Elkins, L.L.P. on such matters. Based upon and subject to this estimate, the factual representations made by us and our general partner regarding the composition of our gross income and the other representations set forth below, Vinson & Elkins L.L.P. is of the opinion that we will be classified as a partnership and our operating subsidiary will be disregarded as an entity separate from us for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

In rendering its opinion, Vinson & Elkins L.L.P. has relied on factual representations made by us and our general partner. The representations made by us and our general partner upon which Vinson & Elkins L.L.P. has relied include, without limitation:

- (a) Neither we nor our operating subsidiary has elected or will elect to be treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes; and
- (b) For each taxable year, more than 90% of our gross income has been or will be income that Vinson & Elkins L.L.P. has opined or will opine is "qualifying income" within the meaning of Section 7704(d) of the Internal Revenue Code.

We believe that these representations are true and expect that these representations will continue to be true in the future.

If we fail to meet the Qualifying Income Exception, other than a failure that is determined by the IRS to be inadvertent and that is cured within a reasonable time after discovery (in which case the IRS may also require us to make adjustments with respect to our unitholders or pay other amounts), we will be treated as if we had transferred all of our assets, subject to liabilities, to a newly formed corporation, on the first day of the year in which we fail to meet the Qualifying Income Exception, in return for stock in that corporation, and then distributed that stock to our unitholders in liquidation of their interests in us. This deemed contribution and liquidation generally should not result in the recognition of taxable income by our unitholders or us so long as we, at that time, do not have liabilities in excess of the tax basis of our assets. Thereafter, we would be treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

If we were treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes in any taxable year, either as a result of a failure to meet the Qualifying Income Exception or otherwise, our items of income, gain, loss and deduction would be taken into account by us in determining the amount of our U.S. federal income tax liability, rather than being passed through to our unitholders. In addition, any distribution made to a unitholder would be treated as taxable dividend income to the extent of our current or accumulated earnings and profits, or, in the absence of earnings and profits, a nontaxable return of capital, to the extent of the unitholder's tax basis in his common units, or taxable capital gain, after the unitholder's tax basis in his common units is reduced to zero. Accordingly, our taxation as a corporation would result in a material reduction in the anticipated cash flow and after tax return to our unitholders, likely causing a substantial reduction of the value of our units.

The remainder of this section assumes that we will be classified as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Limited Partner Status

Unitholders who are admitted as limited partners of CVR Partners, as well as unitholders whose common units are held in street name or by a nominee and who have the right to direct the nominee in the exercise of all substantive rights attendant to the ownership of their common units, will be treated as partners of CVR Partners for U.S. federal

income tax purposes. For a discussion related to the risks of losing partner status as a result of short sales, please read "— Tax Consequences of Common Unit Ownership — Treatment of Short Sales." Unitholders who are not treated as partners in us are urged to consult their own tax advisors with respect to the tax consequences applicable to them under the circumstances.

The references to "unitholders" in the remainder of this section are to persons who are treated as partners in CVR Partners for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Tax Consequences of Common Unit Ownership

Flow-Through of Taxable Income. Subject to the discussion below under "— Entity-Level Collections of Unitholder Taxes" with respect to payments we may be required to make on behalf of our unitholders, we will not pay any U.S. federal income tax on our taxable income. Instead, each unitholder will be required to report on his U.S. federal income tax return his share of our income, gains, losses and deductions for our taxable year or years ending with or within his taxable year without regard to whether we make cash distributions to him. Consequently, we may allocate income to a unitholder even if that unitholder has not received a cash distribution. Our taxable year ends on December 31.

Treatment of Distributions. Distributions made by us to a unitholder generally will not be taxable to the unitholder for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Cash distributions made by us to a unitholder in an amount that exceeds the unitholder's tax basis in his common units immediately before the distribution, however, generally will result in the unitholder recognizing gain taxable in the manner described under "— Disposition of Common Units" below. Any reduction in a unitholder's share of our liabilities for which no partner, including our general partner, bears the economic risk of loss, known as "nonrecourse liabilities," will be treated as a distribution by us of cash to that unitholder. To the extent our distributions cause a unitholder's "at-risk" amount to be less than zero at the end of any taxable year, he must recapture any losses deducted in previous years. Please read "— Limitations on Deductibility of Losses."

A decrease in a unitholder's percentage interest in us because of our issuance of additional common units will decrease his share of our nonrecourse liabilities, and thus will result in a corresponding deemed distribution of cash to the unitholder. For this purpose, a unitholder's share of our nonrecourse liabilities generally will be based upon that unitholder's share of the unrealized appreciation (or depreciation) in our assets, to the extent thereof, with any additional amount allocated based on the unitholder's share of our profits. A non-pro rata distribution of money or property, including a non-pro rata distribution deemed to result from a decrease in a unitholder's share of our nonrecourse liabilities, may result in ordinary income to a unitholder, regardless of his tax basis in his common units, if the distribution reduces the unitholder's share of our "unrealized receivables," including depreciation recapture and substantially appreciated "inventory items," both as defined in Section 751 of the Internal Revenue Code, and collectively, "Section 751 Assets." To that extent, a unitholder will be treated as having received his proportionate share of the Section 751 Assets and having exchanged those assets with us in return for the non-pro rata portion of the actual distribution made to him. This latter deemed exchange generally will result in the unitholder's realization of ordinary income, which will equal the excess of (1) the non-pro rata portion of that distribution over (2) the unitholder's tax basis (generally zero) for the share of Section 751 Assets deemed relinquished in the exchange.

Ratio of Taxable Income to Distributions. We estimate that a purchaser of our common units in this offering who owns those common units from the date of closing of this offering through the record date for distributions for the twelve months ending December 31, 2012 will be allocated, on a cumulative basis, an amount of U.S. federal taxable income for that period that will be approximately % or less of the cash distributed to him with respect to that period. Thereafter, the ratio of allocable taxable income to cash distributions to our unitholders could substantially increase. These estimates are based upon the assumption that gross income from operations will approximate the forecasted annual distribution on all common units and other assumptions with respect to capital expenditures, cash flow, net working capital and anticipated cash distributions. Our estimates and assumptions are subject to, among other things, numerous business, economic, regulatory, legislative, competitive and political uncertainties beyond our control. Further, the estimates are based on current tax law and tax reporting positions that we will adopt and with which the IRS could disagree. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that these estimates will

prove to be correct. The actual percentage of distributions as a ratio to taxable income could be higher or lower than expected, and any differences could be material and could materially affect the value of our common units. For example, the ratio of allocable taxable income to cash distributions to a purchaser of common units in this offering will be greater, and perhaps substantially greater, than our estimate with respect to the period described above if:

- gross income from operations exceeds the amount required to make anticipated quarterly distributions on all common units, yet we only distribute the anticipated quarterly distributions on all common units; or
- we make a future offering of common units and use the net proceeds of this offering in a manner that does not produce substantial additional deductions during the period described above, such as to repay indebtedness outstanding at the time of this offering or to acquire property that is not eligible for depreciation or amortization for U.S. federal income tax purposes or that is depreciable or amortizable at a rate significantly slower than the rate applicable to our assets at the time of this offering.

Basis of Common Units. A unitholder's U.S. federal income tax basis in his common units initially will be the amount he paid for the common units plus his share of our nonrecourse liabilities at the time of purchase. That basis generally will be increased by his share of our income and by any increases in his share of our nonrecourse liabilities, and will be decreased, but not below zero, by distributions to the unitholder from us, by the unitholder's share of our losses, by any decreases in the unitholder's share of our nonrecourse liabilities and by the unitholder's share of our expenditures that are not deductible in computing taxable income and are not required to be capitalized.

Limitations on Deductibility of Losses. The deduction by a unitholder of his share of our losses will be limited to the tax basis in his common units and, in the case of an individual, estate, trust, or corporation (if more than 50% of the corporation's stock is owned directly or indirectly by or for five or fewer individuals or a specific type of tax-exempt organization) to the amount for which the unitholder is considered to be "at risk" with respect to our activities, if that is less than his tax basis. A unitholder subject to these limitations must recapture losses deducted in previous years to the extent that distributions cause his at-risk amount to be less than zero at the end of any taxable year. Losses disallowed to a unitholder or recaptured as a result of these limitations will carry forward and will be allowable as a deduction in a later year to the extent of the unitholder's basis or at-risk amount, whichever is the limiting factor. Upon the taxable disposition of a unit, any gain recognized by a unitholder can be offset by losses that were previously suspended by the at-risk limitation but may not be offset by losses suspended by the basis limitation. Any loss previously suspended by the at-risk or basis limitation, to the extent not used to offset such gain, would no longer be usable.

In general, a unitholder will be at risk to the extent of his U.S. federal income tax basis of his common units, excluding any portion of that basis attributable to his share of our nonrecourse liabilities, reduced by (i) any portion of that basis representing amounts otherwise protected against loss because of a guarantee, stop loss agreement or other similar arrangement and (ii) any amount of money the unitholder borrows to acquire or hold his common units, if the lender of those borrowed funds owns an interest in us, is related to another unitholder or can look only to the common units for repayment. A unitholder's at-risk amount will increase or decrease as the tax basis of the unitholder's common units increases or decreases, other than as a result of increases or decreases in the unitholder's share of our nonrecourse liabilities.

In addition to the basis and at-risk limitations on the deductibility of losses, passive activity loss limitations generally apply to limit the deductibility of losses incurred by individuals, estates, trusts and some closely-held corporations and personal service corporations from "passive activities," which are generally trade or business activities in which the taxpayer does not materially participate. The passive activity loss limitations are applied separately with respect to each publicly traded partnership. Consequently, any passive activity losses we generate will only be available to offset our passive activity income generated in the future and will not be available to offset income from other passive activities or investments, including a unitholder's investments in other publicly traded partnerships, or salary or active business income. Passive activity losses that are not deductible because they exceed a unitholder's share of passive activity income we generate may be deducted in full when he disposes of his entire investment in us in a fully taxable transaction with an unrelated party. The passive activity loss limitations are applied after other applicable limitations on deductions, including the at-risk rules and the basis limitation.

Limitations on Interest Deductions. The deductibility of a non-corporate taxpayer's "investment interest expense" is generally limited to the amount of that taxpayer's "net investment income." Investment interest expense includes:

- · interest on indebtedness properly allocable to property held for investment;
- · our interest expense attributed to portfolio income; and
- · the portion of interest expense incurred to purchase or carry an interest in a passive activity to the extent attributable to portfolio income

The computation of a unitholder's investment interest expense will take into account interest on any margin account borrowing or other loan incurred to purchase or carry a common unit. Net investment income includes gross income from property held for investment and amounts treated as portfolio income under the passive loss rules, less deductible expenses, other than interest, directly connected with the production of investment income, but generally does not include gains attributable to the disposition of property held for investment or qualified dividend income. The IRS has indicated that net passive income earned by a publicly traded partnership will be treated as investment income to its partners for purposes of the investment interest expense limitation. In addition, the unitholder's share of our portfolio income will be treated as investment income.

Entity-Level Collections of Unitholder Taxes. If we are required or elect under applicable law to pay any U.S. federal, state, local or non-U.S. income tax on behalf of any unitholder or any former unitholder, we are authorized to pay those taxes from our funds and treat payment as a distribution of cash to the unitholder on whose behalf the payment was made. If the payment is made on behalf of a unitholder whose identity cannot be determined, we are authorized to treat the payment as a distribution to all current unitholders. We are authorized to amend our partnership agreement in the manner necessary to maintain uniformity of intrinsic tax characteristics of units and to adjust later distributions, so that after giving effect to these distributions, the priority and characterization of distributions otherwise applicable under our partnership agreement is maintained as nearly as is practicable. Payments by us as described above could give rise to an overpayment of tax on behalf of an individual unitholder in which event the unitholder would be entitled to claim a refund of the overpayment amount. Unitholders are urged to consult their tax advisors to determine the consequences to them of any tax payment we make on their behalf.

Allocation of Income, Gain, Loss and Deduction. In general, our items of income, gain, loss and deduction will be allocated among our unitholders for capital account and U.S. federal income tax purposes in accordance with their percentage interests in us. Although we do not expect that our operations will result in the creation of negative capital accounts, if negative capital accounts nevertheless result, items of our income and gain will be allocated in an amount and manner sufficient to eliminate the negative balance as quickly as possible.

Specified items of our income, gain, loss and deduction will be allocated under Section 704(c) of the Internal Revenue Code to account for (i) any difference between the U.S. federal income tax basis and fair market value of property contributed to us by CVR Energy that exists at the time of such contribution or (ii) any difference between the tax basis and fair market value of our assets at the time of an offering, together referred to in this discussion as the "Book-Tax Disparity." In addition, items of recapture income will be specially allocated to the extent possible to the unitholder who was allocated the deduction giving rise to the treatment of that gain as recapture income in order to minimize the recognition of ordinary income by other unitholders.

An allocation of items of our income, gain, loss or deduction, other than an allocation required by Section 704(c) of the Internal Revenue Code to eliminate a Book-Tax Disparity, will generally be given effect for U.S. federal income tax purposes in determining a partner's share of an item of income, gain, loss or deduction only if the allocation has "substantial economic effect" as determined under Treasury Regulations. In any other case, a unitholder's share of an item will be determined on the basis of his interest in us, which will be determined by taking into account all the facts and circumstances, including:

- · his relative contributions to us;
- · the interests of all the partners in profits and losses;

- the interest of all the partners in cash flow; and
- · the rights of all the partners to distributions of capital upon liquidation.

Vinson & Elkins L.L.P. is of the opinion that, with the exception of the issues described in "— Section 754 Election" and "— Disposition of Common Units — Allocations Between Transferors and Transferees," allocations under our amended and restated partnership agreement will be given effect for U.S. federal income tax purposes in determining a unitholder's share of an item of our income, gain, loss or deduction.

Treatment of Short Sales. A unitholder whose common units are loaned to a "short seller" to cover a short sale of units may be considered as having disposed of those common units. If so, he would no longer be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a partner with respect to those common units during the period of the loan and may recognize gain or loss from the disposition. As a result, during this period:

- · any of our income, gain, loss or deduction with respect to those common units would not be reportable by the unitholder;
- · any cash distributions received by the unitholder as to those common units would be fully taxable; and
- · all of these distributions may be subject to tax as ordinary income.

Vinson & Elkins L.L.P. has not rendered an opinion regarding the tax treatment of a unitholder whose common units are loaned to a short seller to cover a short sale of common units due to a lack of controlling authority. Unitholders desiring to assure their status as partners in us for U.S. federal income tax purposes and avoid the risk of gain recognition from a loan to a short seller are urged to consult a tax advisor to discuss whether it is advisable to modify any applicable brokerage account agreements to prohibit their brokers from borrowing and lending their common units. The IRS has announced that it is studying issues relating to the tax treatment of short sales of partnership interests. Please read "— Disposition of Common Units — Recognition of Gain or Loss."

Alternative Minimum Tax. Each unitholder will be required to take into account his distributive share of any items of our income, gain, loss or deduction for purposes of the alternative minimum tax. The current minimum tax rate for noncorporate taxpayers is 26% on the first \$175,000 of alternative minimum taxable income in excess of the exemption amount and 28% on any additional alternative minimum taxable income. Prospective unitholders are urged to consult with their tax advisors as to the impact of an investment in units on their liability for the alternative minimum tax.

Tax Rates. Under current law, the highest marginal U.S. federal income tax rate applicable to ordinary income of individuals is 35%, and the highest marginal U.S. federal income tax rate applicable to long-term capital gains (generally, gains from the sale or exchange of certain investment assets held for more than one year) is 15%. However, absent new legislation extending the current rates, beginning January 1, 2013, the highest marginal U.S. federal income tax rate applicable to ordinary income and long-term capital gains of individuals will increase to 39.6% and 20%, respectively. Moreover, these rates are subject to change by new legislation at any time.

The recently enacted Health Care and Education Affordability Reconciliation Act of 2010 and the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010, is scheduled to impose a 3.8% Medicare tax on net investment income earned by certain individuals, estates and trusts for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012. For these purposes, investment income generally includes a unitholder's allocable share of our income and gain realized by a unitholder from a sale of our common units. In the case of an individual, the tax will be imposed on the lesser of (i) the unitholder's net investment income from all investments, or (ii) the amount by which the unitholder's modified adjusted gross income exceeds \$250,000 (if the unitholder is married and filing separately) or \$200,000 (in any other case). In the case of an estate or trust, the tax will be imposed on the lesser of (i) undistributed net investment income or (ii) the excess adjusted gross income over the dollar amount at which the highest income tax bracket applicable to an estate or trust begins.

Section 754 Election. We will make the election permitted by Section 754 of the Internal Revenue Code. That election is irrevocable without the consent of the IRS. That election will generally permit us to adjust a purchasing unitholder's tax basis in our assets ("inside basis") under Section 743(b) of the Internal Revenue Code to

reflect his purchase price for the common units. The Section 743(b) adjustment separately applies to any unitholder who purchases outstanding common units from another unitholder based upon the values and bases of our assets at the time of the transfer to the purchaser, and belongs only to the purchaser and not to other unitholders. The Section 743(b) adjustment also does not apply to a person who purchases common units directly from us. Please read, however, "— Allocation of Income, Gain, Loss and Deduction." For purposes of this discussion, a unitholder's inside basis in our assets will be considered to have two components: (1) the unitholder's share of our tax basis in our assets ("common basis") and (2) the unitholder's Section 743(b) adjustment to that basis.

The timing and calculation of deductions attributable to Section 743(b) adjustments to our common basis will depend upon a number of factors, including the nature of the assets to which the adjustment is allocable, the extent to which the adjustment offsets any Internal Revenue Code Section 704(c) type gain or loss with respect to an asset and certain elections we make as to the manner in which we apply Internal Revenue Code Section 704(c) principles with respect to an asset to which the adjustment is applicable. Please read "— Allocation of Income, Gain, Loss and Deduction." The timing of these deductions may affect the uniformity of our common units. Under our partnership agreement, our general partner is authorized to take a position to preserve the uniformity of our common units even if that position is not consistent with these and any other applicable Treasury Regulations or if the position would result in lower annual depreciation or amortization deductions than would otherwise be allowable to some unitholders. Please read "— Uniformity of Common Units."

These positions are consistent with the methods employed by other publicly traded partnerships but are inconsistent with the existing Treasury Regulations and Vinson & Elkins L.L.P. has not opined on the validity of this approach. The IRS may challenge our position with respect to depreciating or amortizing the Section 743(b) adjustment we take to preserve the uniformity of our common units. Because a unitholder's tax basis for his common units is reduced by his share of our items of deduction or loss, any position we take that understates deductions will overstate the unitholder's basis in his common units, and may cause the unitholder to understate gain or overstate loss on any sale of such common units. Please read "— Disposition of Common Units — Recognition of Gain or Loss." If such a challenge to such treatment were sustained, the gain from the sale of common units may be increased without the benefit of additional deductions.

A Section 754 election is advantageous if the transferee's tax basis in his common units is higher than the common units' share of the aggregate tax basis of our assets immediately prior to the transfer. In that case, as a result of the election, the transferee would have, among other items, a greater amount of depreciation deductions and his share of any gain or loss on a sale of our assets would be less. Conversely, a Section 754 election is disadvantageous if the transferee's tax basis in his common units is lower than those common units' share of the aggregate tax basis of our assets immediately prior to the transfer. Thus, the fair market value of our common units may be affected either favorably or unfavorably by the election. A tax basis adjustment is required regardless of whether a Section 754 election is made in the case of a transfer of an interest in us if we have a substantial built-in loss immediately after the transfer, or if we distribute property and have a substantial basis reduction. Generally, a built-in loss or a basis reduction is substantial if it exceeds \$250,000.

The calculations involved in the Section 754 election are complex and will be made on the basis of assumptions as to the value of our assets and other matters. The IRS could seek to reallocate some or all of any Section 743(b) adjustment we allocated to our assets subject to depreciation to goodwill or nondepreciable assets. Goodwill, as an intangible asset, is generally non-amortizable or amortizable over a longer period of time or under a less accelerated method than our tangible assets. We cannot assure any unitholder that the determinations we make will not be successfully challenged by the IRS or that the resulting deductions will not be reduced or disallowed altogether. Should the IRS require a different basis adjustment to be made, and should, in our opinion, the expense of compliance exceed the benefit of the election, we may seek permission from the IRS to revoke our Section 754 election. If permission is granted, a subsequent purchaser of units may be allocated more income than he would have been allocated had the election not been revoked.

Tax Treatment of Operations

Accounting Method and Taxable Year. We use the year ending December 31 as our taxable year and the accrual method of accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Each unitholder will be required to include in

income his share of our income, gain, loss and deduction for our taxable year ending within or with his taxable year. In addition, a unitholder who has a taxable year ending on a date other than December 31 and who disposes of all of his common units following the close of our taxable year but before the close of his taxable year must include his share of our income, gain, loss and deduction in his taxable income for his taxable year, with the result that he will be required to include in income for his taxable year his share of more than one year of our income, gain, loss and deduction. Please read "— Disposition of Common Units — Allocations Between Transferors and Transferees."

Deduction for U.S. Production Activities. Subject to the limitations on the deductibility of losses discussed above and the limitation discussed below, our unitholders will be entitled to a deduction, herein referred to as the Section 199 deduction, equal to 9% of such unitholders' qualified production activities income, but not to exceed 50% of the Form W-2 wages actually or deemed paid by the unitholder during the taxable year and allocable to domestic production gross receipts.

Qualified production activities income is generally equal to gross receipts from domestic production activities reduced by cost of goods sold allocable to those receipts, other expenses directly associated with those receipts, and a share of other deductions, expenses and losses that are not directly allocable to those receipts or another class of income. The products produced must be manufactured, produced, grown or extracted in whole or in significant part by the taxpayer in the United States.

For a partnership, the Section 199 deduction is determined at the partner level. To determine his Section 199 deduction, each unitholder will aggregate his share of the qualified production activities income allocated to him from us with the unitholder's qualified production activities income from other sources. Each unitholder must take into account his distributive share of the expenses allocated to him from our qualified production activities regardless of whether we otherwise have taxable income. However, our expenses that otherwise would be taken into account for purposes of computing the Section 199 deduction are taken into account only if and to the extent the unitholder's share of losses and deductions from all of our activities is not disallowed by the tax basis rules, the at-risk rules or the passive activity loss rules. Please read "— Tax Consequences of Common Unit Ownership — Limitations on Deductivities of Losses"

The amount of a unitholder's Section 199 deduction for each year is limited to 50% of the IRS Form W-2 wages actually or deemed paid by the unitholder during the calendar year that are deducted in arriving at qualified production activities income. Each unitholder is treated as having been allocated IRS Form W-2 wages from us equal to the unitholder's allocable share of our wages that are deducted in arriving at qualified production activities income for that taxable year.

This discussion of the Section 199 deduction does not purport to be a complete analysis of the complex legislation and Treasury authority relating to the calculation of domestic production gross receipts, qualified production activities income, or IRS Form W-2 wages, or how such items are allocated by us to unitholders. Further, because the Section 199 deduction is required to be computed separately by each unitholder, no assurance can be given, and Vinson & Elkins, L.L.P. is unable to express any opinion, as to the availability or extent of the Section 199 deduction to our unitholders. Each prospective unitholder is encouraged to consult his tax advisor to determine whether the Section 199 deduction would be available to him.

Tax Basis, Depreciation and Amortization. The tax basis of our assets will be used for purposes of computing depreciation and cost recovery deductions and, ultimately, gain or loss on the disposition of these assets. The U.S. federal income tax burden associated with the difference between the fair market value of our assets and their tax basis immediately prior to (i) this offering will be borne by our partners holding interests in us prior to this offering, and (ii) any other offering will be borne by our unitholders as of that time. Please read "— Tax Consequences of Common Unit Ownership — Allocation of Income, Gain, Loss and Deduction." We may not be entitled to any amortization deductions with respect to certain goodwill or other intangible properties conveyed to us or held by us at the time of any future offering. Please read "— Uniformity of Common Units."

If we dispose of depreciable property by sale, foreclosure or otherwise, all or a portion of any gain, determined by reference to the amount of depreciation previously deducted and the nature of the property, may be subject to the recapture rules and taxed as ordinary income rather than capital gain. Similarly, a unitholder who has taken cost recovery or depreciation deductions with respect to property we own will likely be required to recapture some or all

of those deductions as ordinary income upon a sale of his interest in us. Please read "— Tax Consequences of Common Unit Ownership — Allocation of Income, Gain, Loss and Deduction" and "— Disposition of Common Units — Recognition of Gain or Loss."

The costs we incur in offering and selling our common units (called "syndication expenses") must be capitalized and cannot be deducted currently, ratably or upon our termination. There are uncertainties regarding the classification of costs as organization expenses, which may be amortized by us, and as syndication expenses, which may not be amortized by us. The underwriting discounts and commissions we incur will be treated as syndication expenses.

Valuation and Tax Basis of Our Properties. The U.S. federal income tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of our common units will depend in part on our estimates of the relative fair market values, and the initial tax bases, of our assets. Although we may from time to time consult with professional appraisers regarding valuation matters, we will make many of the relative fair market value estimates ourselves. These estimates and determinations of basis are subject to challenge and will not be binding on the IRS or the courts. If the estimates of fair market value or basis are later found to be incorrect, the character and amount of items of income, gain, loss or deduction previously reported by unitholders could change, and unitholders could be required to adjust their tax liability for prior years and incur interest and penalties with respect to those adjustments.

Disposition of Common Units

Recognition of Gain or Loss. A unitholder will be required to recognize gain or loss on a sale of common units equal to the difference between the unitholder's amount realized and tax basis for the units sold. A unitholder's amount realized will equal the sum of the cash and the fair market value of other property received by him plus his share of our nonrecourse liabilities attributable to the common units sold. Because the amount realized includes a unitholder's share of our nonrecourse liabilities, the gain recognized on the sale of common units could result in a tax liability in excess of any cash received from the sale. For example, distributions from us in excess of cumulative net taxable income allocated to a unitholder results in a decrease in the unitholder's U.S. federal income tax basis in that common unit, even if the price received is less than has original cost.

Except as noted below, gain or loss recognized by a unitholder on the sale or exchange of a common unit will generally be taxable as capital gain or loss. Capital gain recognized by an individual on the sale of common units held for more than one year will generally be taxed at a maximum U.S. federal income tax rate of 15% through December 31, 2012 and 20% thereafter (absent new legislation extending or adjusting the current rate). Gain or loss recognized on the disposition of common units will be separately computed and taxed as ordinary income or loss under Section 751 of the Internal Revenue Code to the extent attributable to assets giving rise to depreciation recapture or other "unrealized receivables" or "inventory items" we own. The term "unrealized receivables" includes potential recapture items, including depreciation recapture. Ordinary income attributable to unrealized receivables, inventory items and depreciation recapture may exceed net taxable gain realized upon the sale of a common unit and may be recognized even if there is a net taxable loss realized on the sale of a common unit. Thus, a unitholder may recognize both ordinary income and a capital loss upon a sale of common units. Net capital loss may offset capital gains and no more than \$3,000 of ordinary income each year, in the case of individuals, and may only be used to offset capital gain in the case of corporations.

The IRS has ruled that a partner who acquires interests in a partnership in separate transactions must combine those interests and maintain a single adjusted tax basis for all those interests. Upon a sale or other disposition of less than all of those interests, a portion of that tax basis must be allocated to the interests sold using an "equitable apportionment" method, which generally means that the tax basis allocated to the interest sold equals an amount that bears the same relation to the partner's tax basis in his entire interest in the partnership as the value of the interest sold bears to the value of the partner's entire interest in the partnership. Treasury Regulations under Section 1223 of the Internal Revenue Code allow a selling unitholder who can identify common units transferred with an ascertainable holding period to elect to use the actual holding period of the common units transferred. Thus, according to the ruling discussed above, a unitholder will be unable to select high or low basis common units to sell as would be the case with corporate stock, but, according to the Treasury Regulations, may designate specific

common units sold for purposes of determining the holding period of common units transferred. A unitholder electing to use the actual holding period of common units transferred must consistently use that identification method for all subsequent sales or exchanges of common units. A unitholder considering the purchase of additional common units or a sale of common units purchased in separate transactions is urged to consult his tax advisor as to the possible consequences of this ruling and application of the Treasury Regulations.

Specific provisions of the Internal Revenue Code affect the taxation of some financial products and securities, including partnership interests, by treating a taxpayer as having sold an "appreciated" partnership interest, one in which gain would be recognized if it were sold, assigned or terminated at its fair market value, if the taxpayer or related persons enter(s) into:

- a short sale
- · an offsetting notional principal contract; or
- · a futures or forward contract with respect to the partnership interest or substantially identical property.

Moreover, if a taxpayer has previously entered into a short sale, an offsetting notional principal contract or a futures or forward contract with respect to the partnership interest, the taxpayer will be treated as having sold that position if the taxpayer or a related person then acquires the partnership interest or substantially identical property. The Secretary of the Treasury is also authorized to issue regulations that treat a taxpayer that enters into transactions or positions that have substantially the same effect as the preceding transactions as having constructively sold the financial position.

Allocations Between Transferors and Transferees. In general, our taxable income or loss will be determined annually, will be prorated on a monthly basis and will be subsequently apportioned among our unitholders in proportion to the number of common units owned by each of them as of the opening of the applicable exchange on the first business day of the month, which we refer to as the "Allocation Date." However, gain or loss realized on a sale or other disposition of our assets other than in the ordinary course of business will be allocated among the unitholders on the Allocation Date in the month in which that gain or loss is recognized. As a result, a unitholder transferring common units may be allocated income, gain, loss and deduction realized after the date of transfer.

Although simplifying conventions are contemplated by the Internal Revenue Code and most publicly traded partnerships use similar simplifying conventions, the use of this method may not be permitted under existing Treasury Regulations. Recently, however, the Department of the Treasury and the IRS issued proposed Treasury Regulations that provide a safe harbor pursuant to which a publicly traded partnership may use a similar monthly simplifying convention to allocate tax items among transferor and transferee unitholders, although such tax items must be prorated on a daily basis. Nonetheless, the proposed Treasury Regulations do not specifically authorize the use of the proration method we have adopted. Existing publicly traded partnerships are entitled to rely on these proposed Treasury Regulations; however, they are not binding on the IRS and are subject to change until final Treasury Regulations are issued. Accordingly, Vinson & Elkins L.L.P. is unable to opine on the validity of this method of allocating income and losses between transferor and transferee unitholders. If this method is not allowed under the Treasury Regulations, or only applies to transfers of less than all of the unitholder's interest, our taxable income or losses might be reallocated among the unitholders. We are authorized to revise our method of allocation between transferor and transferee unitholders, as well as unitholders whose interests vary during a taxable year, to conform to a method permitted under future Treasury Regulations.

A unitholder who disposes of common units prior to the record date set for a cash distribution for a quarter will be allocated items of our income, gain, loss and deductions attributable to that quarter but will not be entitled to receive that cash distribution.

Notification Requirements. A unitholder who sells any of his common units is generally required to notify us in writing of that sale within 30 days after the sale (or, if earlier, January 15 of the year following the sale). A purchaser of common units who purchases common units from another unitholder also generally is required to notify us in writing of that purchase within 30 days after the purchase. Upon receiving such notifications, we are required to notify the IRS of that transaction and to furnish specified information to the transferor and transferee. Failure to notify us of a transfer of common units may, in some cases, lead to the imposition of penalties. However,

these reporting requirements do not apply to a sale by an individual who is a citizen of the United States and who effects the sale or exchange through a broker who will satisfy such requirements.

Constructive Termination. We will be considered to have terminated our partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes if there are sales or exchanges that, in the aggregate, constitute 50% or more of the total interests in our capital and profits within a twelve-month period. For purposes of measuring whether the 50% threshold is reached, multiple sales of the same interest within a twelve-month period are counted only once. A constructive termination results in the closing of our taxable year for all unitholders. In the case of a unitholder reporting on a taxable year other than a fiscal year ending December 31, the closing of our taxable year may result in more than one year of our taxable income or loss being includable in his taxable income for the year of termination. A constructive termination occurring on a date other than December 31 will result in us filing two tax returns (and could result in unitholders receiving two Schedules K-1) for one fiscal year and the cost of the preparation of these returns will be borne by all unitholders. However, pursuant to an IRS relief procedure for publicly traded partnerships that have technically terminated, the IRS may allow, among other things, that we provide only a single Schedule K-1 to unitholders for the tax year in which the termination occurs. We would be required to make new tax elections after a termination, including a new election under Section 754 of the Internal Revenue Code, and a termination would result in a deferral of our deductions for depreciation. A termination could also result in penalties if we were unable to determine that the termination had occurred. Moreover, a termination might either accelerate the application of, or subject us to, any tax legislation enacted before the termination.

Uniformity of Common Units

Because we cannot match transferors and transferees of common units and because of other reasons, we must maintain uniformity of the economic and tax characteristics of the common units to a purchaser of these common units. In the absence of uniformity, we may be unable to completely comply with a number of U.S. federal income tax requirements, both statutory and regulatory. A lack of uniformity could result from a literal application of Treasury Regulation Section 1.167(c)-1(a)(6), which is not anticipated to apply to a material portion of our assets, and Treasury Regulation Section 1.197-2(g)(3). Any non-uniformity could have a negative impact on the value of the common units. Please read "— Tax Consequences of Common Unit Ownership — Section 754 Election."

Our partnership agreement permits our general partner to take positions in filing our tax returns that preserve the uniformity of our units even under circumstances like those described above. These positions may include reducing for some unitholders the depreciation, amortization or loss deductions to which they would otherwise be entitled or reporting a slower amortization of Section 743(b) adjustments for some unitholders than that to which they would otherwise be entitled. Vinson & Elkins L.L.P. is unable to opine as to validity of such filing positions. A unitholder's basis in common units is reduced by his share of our deductions (whether or not such deductions were claimed on an individual income tax return) so that any position that we take that understates deductions will overstate the unitholder's basis in his common units, and may cause the unitholder to understate gain or overstate loss on any sale of such common units. Please read "— Disposition of Common Units — Recognition of Gain or Loss" above and "— Tax Consequences of Unit Ownership — Section 754 Election" above. The IRS may challenge one or more of any positions we take to preserve the uniformity of common units. If such a challenge were sustained, the uniformity of common units might be affected, and, under some circumstances, the gain from the sale of common units might be increased without the benefit of additional deductions.

Tax-Exempt Organizations and Other Investors

Ownership of common units by employee benefit plans, other tax-exempt organizations, non-resident aliens, non-U.S. corporations and other non-U.S. persons raises issues unique to those investors and, as described below, may have substantially adverse tax consequences to them. Prospective unitholders who are tax-exempt entities or non-U.S. persons should consult their tax advisors before investing in our common units.

Employee benefit plans and most other organizations exempt from U.S. federal income tax, including individual retirement accounts and other retirement plans, are subject to U.S. federal income tax on unrelated

business taxable income. Virtually all of our income allocated to a unitholder that is a tax-exempt organization will be unrelated business taxable income and will be taxable to them.

Non-resident aliens and non-U.S. corporations, trusts or estates that own our common units will be considered to be engaged in business in the United States because of the ownership of common units. As a consequence, they will be required to file U.S. federal tax returns to report their share of our income, gain, loss or deduction and pay U.S. federal income tax at regular rates on their share of our net income or gain. Moreover, under rules applicable to publicly traded partnerships, distributions to non-U.S. unitholders are subject to withholding at the highest applicable effective tax rate. Each non-U.S. unitholder must obtain a taxpayer identification number from the IRS and submit that number to our transfer agent on a Form W-8BEN or applicable substitute form in order to obtain credit for these withholding taxes. A change in applicable law may require us to change these procedures.

In addition, because a foreign corporation that owns common units will be treated as engaged in a U.S. trade or business, that corporation may be subject to the U.S. branch profits tax at a rate of 30%, in addition to regular U.S. federal income tax, on its share of our income and gain, as adjusted for changes in the non-U.S. corporation's "U.S. net equity," which is effectively connected with the conduct of a United States trade or business. That tax may be reduced or eliminated by an income tax treaty between the United States and the country in which the non-U.S. corporate unitholder is a "qualified resident." In addition, this type of unitholder is subject to special information reporting requirements under Section 6038C of the Internal Revenue Code.

A non-U.S. unitholder who sells or otherwise disposes of a unit will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on gain realized from the sale or disposition of that common unit to the extent the gain is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business of the non-U.S. unitholder. Under a ruling published by the IRS, interpreting the scope of "effectively connected income," a non-U.S. unitholder would be considered to be engaged in a trade or business in the U.S. by virtue of the U.S. activities of the partnership, and part or all of that unitholder's gain would be effectively connected with that unitholder's indirect U.S. trade or business. Moreover, under the Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act, a non-U.S. unitholder generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax upon the sale or disposition of a common unit if (i) he owned (directly or constructively applying certain attribution rules) more than 5% of our units at any time during the five-year period ending on the date of such disposition and (ii) 50% or more of the fair market value of all of our assets consisted of U.S. real property interests at any time during the shorter of the period during which such unitholder held the units or the 5-year period ending on the date of disposition. Currently, more than 50% of our assets consist of U.S. real property interests and we do not expect that percentage to change in the foreseeable future. Therefore, non-U.S. unitholders may be subject to U.S. federal income tax on gain from the sale or disposition of their common units.

Administrative Matters

Information Returns and Audit Procedures. We intend to furnish to each unitholder, within 90 days after the close of each calendar year, specific tax information, including a Schedule K-1, which describes his share of our income, gain, loss and deduction for our preceding taxable year. In preparing this information, which will not be reviewed by counsel, we will take various accounting and reporting positions, some of which have been mentioned earlier, to determine each unitholder's share of our income, gain, loss and deduction. We cannot assure our unitholders that those positions will yield a result that conforms to the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code, Treasury Regulations or administrative interpretations of the IRS. Neither we nor Vinson & Elkins L.L.P. can assure prospective unitholders that the IRS will not successfully contend in court that those positions are impermissible. Any challenge by the IRS could negatively affect the value of our common units.

The IRS may audit our U.S. federal income tax information returns. Adjustments resulting from an IRS audit may require each unitholder to adjust a prior year's tax liability, and possibly may result in an audit of his return. Any audit of a unitholder's return could result in adjustments not related to our returns as well as those related to our returns.

Partnerships generally are treated as separate entities for purposes of U.S. federal tax audits, judicial review of administrative adjustments by the IRS and tax settlement proceedings. The tax treatment of partnership items of income, gain, loss and deduction are determined in a partnership proceeding rather than in separate proceedings

with the partners. The Internal Revenue Code requires that one partner be designated as the "Tax Matters Partner" for these purposes. Our partnership agreement names Coffeyville Resources, LLC as our Tax Matters Partner.

The Tax Matters Partner will make some elections on our behalf and on behalf of our unitholders. In addition, the Tax Matters Partner can extend the statute of limitations for assessment of tax deficiencies against our unitholders for items in our returns. The Tax Matters Partner may bind a unitholder with less than a 1% profits interest in us to a settlement with the IRS unless that unitholder elects, by filing a statement with the IRS, not to give that authority to the Tax Matters Partner. The Tax Matters Partner may seek judicial review, by which all unitholders are bound, of a final partnership administrative adjustment and, if the Tax Matters Partner fails to seek judicial review, judicial review may be sought by any unitholder having at least a 1% interest in profits or by any group of our unitholders having in the aggregate at least a 5% interest in profits. However, only one action for judicial review will go forward, and each unitholder with an interest in the outcome may participate in that action.

A unitholder must file a statement with the IRS identifying the treatment of any item on his U.S. federal income tax return that is not consistent with the treatment of the item on our return. Intentional or negligent disregard of this consistency requirement may subject a unitholder to substantial penalties.

Nominee Reporting. Persons who hold an interest in us as a nominee for another person are required to furnish to us:

- (a) the name, address and taxpayer identification number of the beneficial owner and the nominee;
 - a statement regarding whether the beneficial owner is:
 - 1. a person that is not a U.S. person;
 - 2. a foreign government, an international organization or any wholly-owned agency or instrumentality of either of the foregoing; or
 - a tax-exempt entity;
- (c) the amount and description of common units held, acquired or transferred for the beneficial owner; and
- (d) specific information including the dates of acquisitions and transfers, means of acquisitions and transfers, and acquisition cost for purchases, as well as the amount of net proceeds from sales.

Brokers and financial institutions are required to furnish additional information, including whether they are U.S. persons and specific information on common units they acquire, hold or transfer for their own account. A penalty of \$50 per failure, up to a maximum of \$100,000 per calendar year, is imposed by the Internal Revenue Code for failure to report that information to us. The nominee is required to supply the beneficial owner of the common units with the information furnished to us.

Accuracy-Related Penalties. An additional tax equal to 20% of the amount of any portion of an underpayment of tax that is attributable to one or more specified causes, including negligence or disregard of rules or regulations, substantial understatements of income tax and substantial valuation misstatements, is imposed by the Internal Revenue Code. No penalty will be imposed, however, for any portion of an underpayment if it is shown that there was a reasonable cause for the underpayment of that portion and that the taxpayer acted in good faith regarding the underpayment of that portion.

For individuals, a substantial understatement of income tax in any taxable year exists if the amount of the understatement exceeds the greater of 10% of the tax required to be shown on the return for the taxable year or \$5,000. The amount of any understatement subject to penalty is generally reduced if any portion is attributable to a position adopted on the return:

- (1) for which there is, or was, "substantial authority"; or
- (2) as to which there is a reasonable basis and the pertinent facts of that position are disclosed on the return.

If any item of income, gain, loss or deduction included in the distributive shares of our unitholders might result in that kind of an "understatement" of income for which no "substantial authority" exists, we must disclose the pertinent facts on our return. In addition, we will make a reasonable effort to furnish sufficient information for our unitholders to make adequate disclosure on their returns and to take other actions as may be appropriate to permit our unitholders to avoid liability for this penalty. More stringent rules apply to "tax shelters," which we do not believe includes us, or any of our investments, plans or arrangements.

A substantial valuation misstatement exists if (i) the value of any property, or the tax basis of any property, claimed on a tax return is 150% or more of the amount determined to be the correct amount of the valuation or tax basis, (ii) the price for any property or services (or for the use of property) claimed on any such return with respect to any transaction between persons described in Internal Revenue Code Section 482 is 200% or more (or 50% or less) of the amount determined under Section 482 to be the correct amount of such price, or (iii) the net Internal Revenue Code Section 482 transfer price adjustment for the taxable year exceeds the lesser of \$5 million or 10% of the taxpayer's gross receipts. No penalty is imposed unless the portion of the underpayment attributable to a substantial valuation misstatement exceeds \$5,000 (\$10,000 for most corporations). If the valuation claimed on a return is 200% or re than the correct valuation, the penalty is increased to 40%. We do not anticipate making any valuation misstatements.

Reportable Transactions. If we were to engage in a "reportable transaction," we (and possibly our unitholders and others) would be required to make a detailed disclosure of the transaction to the IRS. A transaction may be a reportable transaction based upon any of several factors, including the fact that it is a type of tax avoidance transaction publicly identified by the IRS as a "listed transaction" or that it produces certain kinds of losses for partnerships, individuals, S corporations, and trusts in excess of \$2 million in any single year, or \$4 million in any combination of six successive tax years. Our participation in a reportable transaction could increase the likelihood that our U.S. federal income tax information return (and possibly our unitholders' tax returns) would be audited by the IRS. Please read "— Information Returns and Audit Procedures."

Moreover, if we were to participate in a reportable transaction with a significant purpose to avoid or evade tax, or in any listed transaction, our unitholders may be subject to the following provisions of the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004:

- accuracy-related penalties with a broader scope, significantly narrower exceptions, and potentially greater amounts than described above at "— Accuracy-Related Penalties;"
- · for those persons otherwise entitled to deduct interest on federal tax deficiencies, nondeductibility of interest on any resulting tax liability; and
- in the case of a listed transaction, an extended statute of limitations.

We do not expect to engage in any "reportable transactions."

State, Local, Foreign and Other Tax Considerations

In addition to U.S. federal income taxes, our unitholders likely will be subject to other taxes, such as state, local and foreign income taxes, unincorporated business taxes, and estate, inheritance or intangible taxes that may be imposed by the various jurisdictions in which we conduct business or own or control property or in which the unitholder is a resident. Although an analysis of those various taxes is not presented here, each prospective unitholder should consider their potential impact on his investment in us. We currently own assets and conduct business in Kansas, Nebraska and Texas. Kansas and Nebraska currently impose a personal income tax on individuals. Kansas and Nebraska also impose an income tax on corporations and other entities. Texas currently imposes a franchise tax on corporations and other entities. We may also own property or do business in other jurisdictions in the future. Although a unitholder may not be required to file a return and pay taxes in some states because his income from that state falls below the filing and payment requirement, unitholders will be required to file income tax returns and to pay income taxes in any state in which we conduct business or own or control property and may be subject to penalties for failure to comply with those requirements. In some states, tax losses may not produce a tax benefit in the year incurred and may not be available to offset income in subsequent taxable years. Some of the states may require us, or we may elect, to withhold a percentage of income from amounts to be

distributed to a unitholder who is not a resident of the state. Withholding, the amount of which may be greater or less than a particular unitholder's income tax liability to the state, generally does not relieve a nonresident unitholder from the obligation to file an income tax return. Amounts withheld will be treated as if distributed to our unitholders for purposes of determining the amounts distributed by us. Please read "— Tax Consequences of Common Unit Ownership — Entity-Level Collections of Unitholder Taxes." Based on current law and our estimate of our future operations, our general partner anticipates that any amounts required to be withheld will not be material.

It is the responsibility of each unitholder to investigate the legal and tax consequences, under the laws of pertinent states and localities, of his investment in us. Vinson & Elkins L.L.P. has not rendered an opinion on the state, local or foreign tax consequences of an investment in us. We strongly recommend that each prospective unitholder consult, and depend on, his own tax counsel or other advisor with regard to those matters. It is the responsibility of each unitholder to file all tax returns that may be required of him.

INVESTMENT IN CVR PARTNERS, LP BY EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

An investment in us by an employee benefit plan is subject to additional considerations because the investments of these plans are subject to the fiduciary responsibility and prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA and restrictions imposed by Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code. For these purposes the term "employee benefit plan" includes, but is not limited to, qualified pension, profit-sharing and stock bonus plans, Keogh plans, simplified employee pension plans and tax deferred annuities or IRAs established or maintained by an employer or employee organization. Among other things, consideration should be given to:

- whether the investment is prudent under Section 404(a)(1)(B) of ERISA;
- · whether in making the investment, that plan will satisfy the diversification requirements of Section 404(a)(1)(C) of ERISA; and
- · whether the investment will result in recognition of unrelated business taxable income by the plan and, if so, the potential after-tax investment return.

The person with investment discretion with respect to the assets of an employee benefit plan, often called a fiduciary, should determine whether an investment in us is authorized by the appropriate governing instrument and is a proper investment for the plan.

Section 406 of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code prohibit employee benefit plans, and also IRAs that are not considered part of an employee benefit plan, from engaging in specified transactions involving "plan assets" with parties that are "parties in interest" under ERISA or "disqualified persons" under the Internal Revenue Code with respect to the plan.

In addition to considering whether the purchase of common units is a prohibited transaction, a fiduciary of an employee benefit plan should consider whether the plan will, by investing in us, be deemed to own an undivided interest in our assets, with the result that our operations would be subject to the regulatory restrictions of ERISA, including its prohibited transaction rules, as well as the prohibited transaction rules of the Internal Revenue Code.

The Department of Labor regulations provide guidance with respect to whether the assets of an entity in which employee benefit plans acquire equity interests would be deemed "plan assets" under some circumstances. Under these regulations, an entity's assets would not be considered to be "plan assets" if, among other things:

- (a) the equity interests acquired by employee benefit plans are publicly offered securities i.e., the equity interests are widely held by 100 or more investors independent of the issuer and each other, freely transferable and registered under some provisions of the federal securities laws;
- (b) the entity is an "operating company," meaning it is primarily engaged in the production or sale of a product or service other than the investment of capital either directly or through a majority-owned subsidiary or subsidiaries; or
- (c) there is no significant investment by benefit plan investors, which is defined to mean that less than 25% of the value of each class of equity interest is held by the employee benefit plans referred to above and IRAs.

Our assets should not be considered "plan assets" under these regulations because it is expected that the investment will satisfy the requirements in (a) and (b) above.

Plan fiduciaries contemplating a purchase of common units are encouraged to consult with their own counsel regarding the consequences under ERISA and the Internal Revenue Code in light of the serious penalties imposed on persons who engage in prohibited transactions or other violations.

UNDERWRITERS

Under the terms and subject to the conditions in an underwriting agreement dated the date of this prospectus, the underwriters named below, for whom Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, Barclays Capital Inc. and Goldman, Sachs & Co. are acting as representatives, have severally agreed to purchase, and we have agreed to sell to them, severally, the number of common units indicated below.

Name
Number of Common Units

Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated

Barclays Capital Inc.
Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Total

The underwriters and the representatives are collectively referred to as the "underwriters" and the "representatives," respectively. The underwriters are obligated to take and pay for all of the common units offered by this prospectus, if any are taken, other than the common units covered by the option described below unless and until this option is exercised. The underwriting agreement provides that the obligations of the several underwriters to pay for and accept delivery of the common units are subject to a number of conditions, including, among others, the accuracy of the representations and warranties in the underwriting agreement, listing of the common units on the New York Stock Exchange, receipt of specified letters from counsel and our independent registered public accounting firm, and receipt of specified officers' certificates.

Common units sold by the underwriters to the public will initially be offered at the initial public offering price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus. Any common units sold by the underwriters to securities dealers may be sold at a price that represents a concession not in excess of \$ per common unit under the initial public offering price. If all of the common units are not sold at the initial public offering price, the offering price and other selling terms may from time to time be varied by the representatives. The offering of the common units by the underwriters is subject to receipt and acceptance and subject to the underwriters' right to reject any order in whole or in part.

We have granted the underwriters an option to buy up to additional common units from us at the public offering price listed on the cover page of this prospectus, less underwriting discounts and commissions. They may exercise that option for 30 days from the date of this prospectus. To the extent the option is exercised, each underwriter will become obligated, subject to certain conditions, to purchase the same percentage of the additional common units as the number listed next to the underwriter's name in the preceding table bears to the total number of common units listed next to the names of all underwriters in the preceding table.

If the underwriters do not exercise their option to purchase additional common units, we will issue common units to Coffeyville Resources upon the option's expiration. If and to the extent the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units, the number of common units purchased by the underwriters pursuant to such exercise will be issued to the public and the remainder, if any, will be issued to Coffeyville Resources. Accordingly, the exercise of the underwriters' option will not affect the total number of common units outstanding.

The following table shows the per common unit and total underwriting discounts and commissions to be paid to the underwriters by us. These amounts are shown assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional common units.

		Iotal		
	Per Unit	No Exercise	Full Exercise	
Public Offering Price	\$	\$	\$	
Underwriting discounts and commissions to be paid by us	\$	\$	\$	
Proceeds, before expenses, to us	\$	\$	\$	

We estimate that our share of the total expenses of this offering, excluding underwriting discounts and commissions, will be approximately \$ million.

The underwriters have informed us that they do not intend sales to discretionary accounts to exceed 5% of the total number of common units offered by them.

We have applied to list our common units on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "UAN."

We, Coffeyville Resources, our general partner, and the executive officers and directors of our general partner have agreed with the underwriters, subject to specified exceptions, not to dispose of or hedge any of the common units or securities convertible into or exchangeable for common units during the period from the date of the preliminary prospectus continuing through the date 180 days after the date of this prospectus, except with the prior written consent of the representatives. This agreement does not apply to issuances by CVR Partners pursuant to any employee benefit or equity plans existing as of the closing of this offering.

The 180-day restricted period described in the preceding paragraph will be automatically extended if: (1) during the last 17 days of the 180-day restricted period we issue an earnings release or announce material news or a material event; or (2) prior to the expiration of the 180-day restricted period, we announce that we will release earnings results during the 15-day period following the last day of the 180-day period, in which case the restrictions described in the preceding paragraph will continue to apply until the expiration of the 18-day period beginning on the issuance of the earnings release or the announcement of the material news or material event.

The underwriters have informed us that they do not presently intend to release common units or other securities subject to the lock-up agreements. Any determination to release any common units or other securities subject to the lock-up agreements would be based on a number of factors at the time of any such determination; such factors may include the market price of the common units, the liquidity of the trading market for the common units, general market conditions, the number of common units or other securities subject to the lock-up agreements proposed to be sold, and the timing, purpose and terms of the proposed sale.

In order to facilitate the offering of the common units, the underwriters may engage in transactions that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the price of the common units. Specifically, the underwriters may sell more units than they are obligated to purchase under the underwriting agreement, creating a short position. A short sale is covered if the short position is no greater than the number of units available for purchase by the underwriters under the over-allotment option. The underwriters can close out a covered short sale by exercising the over-allotment option or purchasing units in the open market. In determining the source of units to close out a covered short sale, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the open market price of units compared to the price available under the over-allotment option. The underwriters may also sell units in excess of the over-allotment option, creating a naked short position. The underwriters must close out any naked short position by purchasing units in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of the common units in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in this offering. As an additional means of facilitating this offering, the underwriters may bid for, and purchase, common units in the open market to stabilize the price of the common units. These activities may required to engage in these activities and may end any of these activities at any time.

We and the underwriters have agreed to indemnify each other against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act.

Because the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, or FINRA, views the common units offered under this prospectus as interests in a direct participation program, this offering is being made in compliance with Rule 2310 of the FINRA conduct rules. Investor suitability with respect to the common units should be judged similarly to the suitability with respect to other securities that are listed for quotation on a national securities exchange.

The underwriters and their respective affiliates are full service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include securities trading, commercial and investment banking, financial advisory, investment management, investment research, principal investment, hedging, financing and brokerage activities. Certain of the underwriters and their respective affiliates have, from time to time, performed, and may in the future perform, various financial advisory, investment banking, commercial banking and other services for us, our general partner and CVR Energy, for which they received or will receive customary fees and expenses. An affiliate of Goldman, Sachs & Co. is the administrative agent and collateral agent and a lender under our new credit facility. Affiliates of Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated and

Barclays Capital Inc. are lenders under our new credit facility. Coffeyville Acquisition III, the owner of our general partner (and the associated IDRs) prior to this offering, is owned by, among others, the Goldman Sachs Funds. Coffeyville Acquisition III is expected to distribute the proceeds of its sale of our general partner and the IDRs to its members pursuant to the terms of its limited liability company agreement, including approximately \$11.7 million to the Goldman Sachs Funds. See "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions — Distributions of the Proceeds of the Sale of the General Partner and Incentive Distribution Rights by Coffeyville Acquisition III."

Furthermore, certain of the underwriters and their respective affiliates may, from time to time, enter into arms-length transactions with us in the ordinary course of their business. In the ordinary course of their various business activities, the underwriters and their respective affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers, and such investment and securities activities may involve securities or instruments of CVR Partners or CVR Energy. The underwriters and their respective affiliates may also make investment recommendations or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or instruments and may at any time hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long or short positions in such securities and instruments

A prospectus in electronic format may be made available on websites maintained by one or more underwriters, or selling group members, if any, participating in this offering. The representatives may agree to allocate a number of common units to underwriters for sale to their online brokerage account holders. Internet distributions will be allocated by the representatives to the underwriters that may make Internet distributions on the same basis as other allocations.

Pricing of the Offering

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for our common units. The initial public offering price was determined by negotiations between us and the representative. Among the factors considered in determining the initial public offering price were our future prospects and those of our industry in general, our sales, earnings and certain other financial and operating information in recent periods, and the market prices of securities, and certain financial and operating information, of companies engaged in activities similar to ours.

The estimated initial public offering price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus is subject to change as a result of market conditions and other factors. We cannot assure you that the prices at which the common units will sell in the public market after this offering will not be lower than the initial public offering price or that an active trading market in our common units will develop and continue after this offering.

Directed Unit Program

At our request, the underwriters have reserved for sale, at the initial public offering price, up to 6.5% of the common units offered hereby for the directors, officers and employees of CVR Partners and our general partner, and other persons who have relationships with us. If purchased by these persons, these common units will be subject to a 90-day lock-up restriction. The number of common units available for sale to the general public will be reduced to the extent such persons purchase such reserved common units. Any reserved common units which are not so purchased will be offered by the underwriters to the general public on the same terms as the other common units offered hereby. John J. Lipinski, the chairman, chief executive officer and president of our general partner, has indicated an interest in purchasing approximately \$3 million of the common units being offered in this offering through this program.

European Economic Area

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive, each underwriter has represented and agreed that with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that Member State it has not made and will not make an offer of common units which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this prospectus to the public in that Member State other than:

- (a) to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Directive;
- (b) to fewer than 100 or, if such Member State has implemented the relevant provision of the 2010 PD Amending Directive, 150, natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus

Directive), as permitted under the Prospectus Directive, subject to obtaining the prior consent of the representatives for any such offer; or

(c) in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive,

provided that no such offer of notes shall require CVR Partners to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive

For the purposes of the above, the expression an "offer of common units to the public" in relation to any common units in any Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the common units to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the common units, as the same may be varied in that Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Member State, the expression "Prospectus Directive" means Directive 2003/71/EC (and amendments thereto, including the 2010 PD Amending Directive, to the extent implemented in that Member State) and includes any relevant implementing measure in that Member State and the expression "2010 PD Amending Directive" means Directive 2010/73/EU.

United Kingdom

This prospectus and any other material in relation to the common units described herein is only being distributed to, and is only directed at, persons in the United Kingdom that are qualified investors within the meaning of Article 2(1)(e) of the Prospective Oirective ("qualified investors") that also (i) have professional experience in matters relating to investments falling within Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005, as amended, or the Order, (ii) who fall within Article 49(2)(a) to (d) of the Order or (iii) to whom it may otherwise lawfully be communicated (all such persons together being referred to as "relevant persons"). The common units are only available to, and any invitation, offer or agreement to purchase or otherwise acquire such common units will be engaged in only with, relevant persons. This prospectus and its contents are confidential and should not be distributed, published or reproduced (in whole or in part) or disclosed by recipients to any other person in the United Kingdom. Any person in the United Kingdom that is not a relevant person should not act or rely on this prospectus or any of its contents.

Hong Kong

The common units may not be offered or sold by means of any document other than (i) in circumstances which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of the Companies Ordinance (Cap.32, Laws of Hong Kong), or (ii) to "professional investors" within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap.571, Laws of Hong Kong) and any rules made thereunder, or (iii) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a "prospectus" within the meaning of the Companies Ordinance (Cap.32, Laws of Hong Kong), and no advertisement, invitation or document relating to the common units may be issued or may be in the possession of any person for the purpose of issue (in each case whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere), which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public in Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to common units which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to "professional investors" within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571, Laws of Hong Kong) and any rules made thereunder.

Singapore

This prospectus has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this prospectus and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of the common units may not be circulated or distributed, nor may the common units be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore (the "SFA"), (ii) to a relevant person, or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A), and in accordance with the conditions, specified in Section 275 of the SFA or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA.

Where the common units are subscribed or purchased under Section 275 by a relevant person which is: (a) a corporation (which is not an accredited investor) the sole business of which is to hold investments and the entire common unit capital of which is owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor; or (b) a trust (where the trustee is not an accredited investor) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary is an accredited investor, common units, debentures and units of common units and debentures of that corporation or the beneficiaries' rights and interest in that trust shall not be transferable for 6 months after that corporation or that trust has acquired the common units under Section 275 except: (1) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the SFA or to a relevant person, or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A), and in accordance with the conditions, specified in Section 275 of the SFA; (2) where no consideration is given for the transfer; or (3) by operation of law.

Japan

The common units have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law of Japan (the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law) and each underwriter has agreed that it will not offer or sell any common units, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident of Japan (which term as used herein means any person resident in Japan, including any corporation or other entity organized under the laws of Japan), or to others for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to a resident of Japan, except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of, and otherwise in compliance with, the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law and any other applicable laws, regulations and ministerial guidelines of Japan.

LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the common units and certain other legal matters will be passed upon for us by Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson LLP, New York, New York. Certain tax and other legal matters will be passed upon for us by Vinson & Elkins L.L.P., New York, New York. Debevoise & Plimpton LLP, New York, New York is a acting as counsel to the underwriters. Andrews Kurth LLP, Houston, Texas is acting as counsel to the underwriters with respect to certain tax and other legal matters. Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson LLP provided legal services to CVR Energy, Inc. from time to time. Vinson & Elkins L.L.P, provided legal services to Coffeyville Acquisition LLC in connection with our formation. Debevoise & Plimpton LLP has in the past provided, and continues to provide, legal services to Kelso & Company, L.P., including relating to Coffeyville Acquisition LLC.

EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements of CVR Partners, LP and subsidiary as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2010 have been included herein (and in the registration statement) in reliance upon the report of KPMG LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, appearing elsewhere herein, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-1 under the Securities Act with respect to the common units being offered hereunder. This prospectus does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement and the exhibits and schedules to the registration statement. For further information with respect to us and our common units, we refer you to the registration statement and the exhibits filed as a part of the registration statement. Statements contained in this prospectus concerning the contents of any contract or any other document are not necessarily complete. If a contract or document has been filed as an exhibit to the registration statement, we refer you to the copy of the contract or document that has been filed as an exhibit and reference thereto is qualified in all respects by the terms of the filed exhibit. The registration statement, including exhibits, may be inspected without charge at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549, and copies of all or any part of it may be obtained from that office after payment of fees prescribed by the SEC. Information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains a web site that contains reports, proxy and information regarding registrants that file electronically with the SEC at http://www.sec.gov.

CVR Partners, LP

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UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Introduction

The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements of CVR Partners, LP have been derived from the audited historical and unaudited historical financial statements of CVR Partners, LP included elsewhere in this prospectus.

The pro forma condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2010 and the pro forma condensed consolidated statements of operations for the year ended December 31, 2010 have been adjusted to give effect to the transactions described in note 1 to the unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements.

The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements are not necessarily indicative of the results that we would have achieved had the transactions described herein actually taken place at the dates indicated, and do not purport to be indicative of future financial position or operating results. The unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited and unaudited financial statements of CVR Partners, LP, the related notes and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included elsewhere in this prospectus.

The pro forma adjustments are based on available information and certain assumptions that we believe are reasonable. The pro forma adjustments and certain assumptions are described in the accompanying notes.

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2010

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Page							
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Total current liabilities					_		
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Comminments and contingencies Partners' capital: Special general partner's interest, 30,303,000 units issued and outstanding 397,951 (24,061)(a) (2,316)(b) (27,1574)(k) (27,1574)(
Partners' capital: Special general partner's interest, 30,303,000 units issued and outstanding 2,316 (i) (2,316 (i) (371,574)(k)			3,880		125,000		128,880
Special general partner's interest, 30,303,000 units issued and outstanding 397,951 (24,061)(a) (23,15(f)) (23,1							
Cause Caus			205.054		(0.4.004)()		
Climited partner's interest, 30,333 units issued and outstanding 398 (24)(a) (2)(f)	Special general partner's interest, 30,303,000 units issued and outstanding		397,951		(24,061)(a)		_
Limited partner's interest, 30,333 units issued and outstanding 398 (24)a - (20)b (20)							
C2(1) C3(2) C3(2	** * 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		200		(3/1,5/4)(K)		
Managing general partner's interest	Limited partner's interest, 30,333 units issued and outstanding		398		(24)(a)		_
Managing general partner's interest 3.854 (3.854)() — Total partner's capital 402,203 (402,203) — PRO FORMA PARTNERS' CAPITAL Unitholders' equity: Equity held by parent: Common units issued and outstanding — 250,000(b) 228,500 Equity held by parent: Common units issued and outstanding — 371,946(c) 149,626 Common units: common units issued and outstanding — (100,000)(g) (18,400)(d) (18,400)(d) (100,000)(g)							
Total partners' capital 402,203	Managina annual annual transcription		2.054				
PROFORMA PARTNERS' CAPITAL							
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Unitholers' equity: Equity held by public Common units: common units sued and outstanding C15,000(c) 228,500 (21,500)(c) (21,500)(c) (21,500)(c) (21,500)(c) (21,500)(c) (21,500)(c) (21,500)(c) (21,500)(c) (21,500)(c) (18,400)(d) (1	DDO EODMA DADTNEDE! CADITAI						
Equity held by public Common units: — 250,000(b) 228,500 Common units: common units issued and outstanding — 371,946(b) 149,626 Common units: common units issued and outstanding — (128,400)(d) (100,000)(g) (100,000)(g							
Common units: common units issued and outstanding — 250,000(b) 228,500 Equity held by parent: (21,500)(c) — 371,946(k) 149,626 Common units: (100,000)(g) (18,400)(d) — (100,000)(g) (81,774(h) — — — General partner interest — <	Ommoners equity. Equity held by public						
Captive held by parent: Common units: common units issued and outstanding 371,946(k) 149,626 (104,400)(d) (100,000)(g) (100,000)(g) (107,74)(f) (107,74)					250 000(6)		228 500
Equity held by parent: Common units: common units issued and outstanding Common units: common units issued and outstanding (13,400)(d) (100,000)(g) (81,774)(h) (22,146)(t) General partner interest Common units issued and outstanding (81,774)(h) (22,146)(t) (72,146)(t) (77,74)(h)	Common units. Common units issued and outstanding		-				220,300
Common units: common units issued and outstanding	Equity held by parent				(21,500)(C)		
(18,40)(d) (100,000)(g) (101,774)(h) (101,774)(h) (102,146)(t) (103,774)(h) (104,774)(h) (105,774)(h) (105,77					271 046(1-)		140 626
(10,000)(g) (10,74)(h) (1	Common units. Common units issued and outstanding		_				149,020
(81,774)(b) (22,146)(i) (22,146)(i) (22,146)(i) (23,146)(i) (24,146)(i)							
(22,146)(i) General partner interest - (1) -					(100,000)(g)		
General partner interest — — — — — — — — — — — 378,126 378,126 378,126							
Total pro forma partners' capital — 378,126 378,126	Canaval paytnay interest						
Total liabilities and partners' capital \$ 452,165 \$ 99,508 \$ 551,673							
	Total liabilities and partners' capital	\$	452,165	\$	99,508	\$	551,673

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements.

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

		Actual Year Ended December 31, 2010		ro Forma justments thousands)		Pro Forma Year Ended December 31, 2010
Net sales	\$	180,468	\$	_	\$	180,468
Operating costs and expenses:						
Cost of product sold (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) — Affiliates		5,764		_		5,764
Cost of product sold (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) — Third Parties		28,564				28,564
		34,328				34,328
Direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) — Affiliates		2,308				2,308
Direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) — Third Parties		84,371				84,371
	·	86,679		_		86,679
Selling, general & administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) — Affiliates		16,748				16,748
Selling, general & administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) — Third Parties		3,894				3,894
		20,642				20,642
Depreciation and amortization		18,463				18,463
Total operating costs and expenses		160,112				160,112
Operating income		20,356				20,356
Other income (expense):						
Interest expense and other financing costs		_		(5,000)(a)		(5,735)
				(610)(b)		
		10.101		(125)(c)		655
Interest income		13,124		(13,117)(d)		657
Other income (expense)		(148)		650(e)		(148)
Total other income (expense)		12,976	-	(18,202)	_	(5,226)
Income before income taxes		33,332	-	(18,202)	_	15,130
Income tax expense		26		(10,202)		26
Net income	\$	33,306	S	(18,202)	S	15.104
Common unitholders' interest in net income	<u> </u>	55,500	9	(10,202)	-	15,10
Income per common unit (basic and diluted)						
Weighted average number of common units outstanding						
respired average number of common auto outstanding						

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements.

CVR PARTNERS, LP NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) Organization and Basis of Presentation

The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared based upon the audited and unaudited historical consolidated financial statements of CVR Partners, LP (the "Partnership").

The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements are not necessarily indicative of the results that the Partnership would have achieved had the transactions described herein actually taken place at the dates indicated, and do not purport to be indicative of future financial position or operating results. The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the historical consolidated financial statements of the Partnership, the related notes and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included elsewhere in this prospectus.

The pro forma adjustments have been prepared as if the transactions described below had taken place on December 31, 2010, in the case of the pro forma balance sheet, or as of January 1, 2010, in the case of the pro forma statement of operations.

The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements reflect the following transactions:

- The Partnership will distribute to Coffeyville Resources, LLC ("CRLLC") all cash on its balance sheet before the closing date of this offering of common units described in the sixth bullet below (other than cash in respect of prepaid sales);
- Each of CRLLC's and CVR Special GP, LLC's, or Special GP, interests in the Partnership will be converted into and common units, respectively;
- · Special GP, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CRLLC, will be merged with and into CRLLC, with CRLLC continuing as the surviving entity;
- The Partnership will offer and sell common units to the public in this offering and pay related commissions and expenses;
- The Partnership will be released from its obligations as a guarantor under CRLLC's existing ABL credit facility, its 9.0% First Lien Senior Secured Notes due 2015 and its 10.875% Second Lien Senior Secured Notes due 2017:
- The Partnership's general partner will sell to the Partnership its incentive distribution rights, or IDRs, for \$26.0 million in cash (representing fair market value), which will be paid
 as a distribution to its current owners, which include affiliates of funds associated with Goldman, Sachs & Co. and Kelso & Company, L.P., and the Partnership will extinguish
 such IDRs:
- The general partner of the Partnership and CRLLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of CVR Energy, Inc. ("CVR Energy"), will enter into a second amended and restated agreement of limited partnership;
- The Partnership will distribute \$18.4 million of the offering proceeds to CRLLC in satisfaction of the Partnership's obligation to reimburse it for certain capital expenditures it made with respect to the nitrogen fertilizer business prior to October 24, 2007;
- The Partnership will make a special distribution of \$\frac{1}{2}\$ million of the proceeds of this offering to CRLLC in order to, among other things, fund the offer to purchase CRLLC's senior secured notes required upon consummation of this offering;
- The Partnership will enter into a new credit facility, which will include a \$125.0 million term loan and a \$25.0 million revolving credit facility both due in 2016, will draw the \$125.0 million term loan in full, pay associated financing costs, and use \$100.0 million of the proceeds therefrom to fund a special distribution to CRLLC in order to, among other things, fund the offer to purchase CRLLC's senior secured notes required upon consummation of this offering; and

CVR PARTNERS, LP NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

• Coffeyville Acquisition III LLC ("CALLC III"), the current owner of CVR GP, LLC, the Partnership's general partner, will sell the Partnership's general partner which holds a non-economic general partner interest to CRLLC for nominal consideration.

In addition, the pro forma statement of operations assumes that the Partnership has distributed the due from affiliate balance of \$160.0 million (as of December 31, 2010) owed to the Partnership by CRLLC on January 1, 2010.

Upon completion of the Partnership's initial public offering, the Partnership anticipates incurring incremental general and administrative expenses as a result of being a publicly traded limited partnership, such as costs associated with SEC reporting requirements, including annual and quarterly reports to unitholders, tax return and Schedule K-1 preparation and distribution, independent auditor fees, investor relations activities and registrar and transfer agent fees. We estimate that these incremental general and administrative expenses will approximate \$3.5 million per year. The Partnership's unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements do not reflect this \$3.5 million in incremental expenses.

(2) Partnership Interest

In connection with the Partnership's initial public offering, CRLLC's existing limited partner interests will be converted into common units, the Partnership's special general partner interests will be converted into common units, and the Partnership's special general partner will be merged with and into CRLLC, with CRLLC continuing as the surviving entity. In addition, CVR GP, LLC will sell its incentive distribution rights in the Partnership to the Partnership, and these interests will be extinguished. Additionally, CALLC III will sell CVR GP, LLC to CRLLC for a nominal amount. Following the initial public offering, the Partnership will have two types of partnership interest outstanding:

- common units representing limited partner interests, a portion of which the Partnership will sell in the initial public offering (approximately % of all of the Partnership's outstanding units); and
- a general partner interest, which is not entitled to any distributions, will be held by the Partnership's general partner.

(3) Pro Forma Balance Sheet Adjustments and Assumptions

- (a) Reflects the distribution by the Partnership of all cash on hand immediately prior to the completion of the initial public offering to the Partnership's Special GP and Special LP unit holders (other than cash in respect of prepaid sales). For purposes of the pro forma balance sheet at December 31, 2010, this amount is limited to the cash on hand excluding prepaid sales at December 31, 2010 of \$24.1 million. The Partnership estimates that the actual amount to be distributed upon the closing of the initial public offering will be approximately \$36.4 million.
- (b) Reflects the issuance by CVR Partners of common units to the public at an initial offering price of \$ per common unit resulting in aggregate gross proceeds of \$250.0 million.
- (c) Reflects the payment of underwriting commissions of \$17.5 million and other estimated offering expenses of \$4.0 million for a total of \$21.5 million which will be allocated to the newly issued public common units. As of December 31, 2010 of the \$4.0 million of estimated offering expenses \$0.7 million had been prepaid and \$1.4 million had been accrued
- (d) Reflects the distribution of approximately \$18.4 million to reimburse CRLLC for certain capital expenditures it made with respect to the nitrogen fertilizer business prior to October 24, 2007.
- (e) Reflects the term debt incurred of \$125.0 million.
- (f) Reflects the estimated deferred financing costs of \$3.0 million associated with the new credit facility.
- (g) Reflects the distribution of term debt proceeds of \$100.0 million.
- $(h) \quad Reflects \ the \ distribution \ to \ CRLLC \ of \ \$ \qquad million \ of \ cash \ resulting \ from \ the \ initial \ public \ offering.$

CVR PARTNERS, LP NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

- (i) Reflects the purchase of the IDRs of the managing general partner interest for \$26.0 million, which represents the fair market value.
- (j) Reflects the elimination of the interest receivable associated with the "Due from Affiliate" balance that was distributed on December 31, 2010 in connection with the Partnership's initial public offering.
- (k) Reflects the conversion of the Special GP and Special LP interest holders' units to common units.
- (l) Reflects the non-economic general partner interest with nominal value.

(4) Pro Forma Statement of Operations Adjustments and Assumptions

- (a) Reflects the inclusion of interest expense relating to the new credit facility at an assumed rate of 4.0% with no balance outstanding under the revolver. A 1/8 percent change in interest rate would result in a change in interest expense of \$0.2 million.
- (b) Reflects the amortization of related debt issuance costs of the new credit facility over a five year term.
- (c) Reflects the commitment fee of 0.50% on the estimated unused portion of the \$25.0 million revolving credit facility.
- (d) The due from affiliate balance was distributed to CRLLC on December 31, 2010 in connection with the Partnership's initial public offering. Accordingly, such amounts will no longer be owed to the Partnership. Reflects the elimination of historical interest income generated from the outstanding due from affiliate balance.
- (e) Reflects the inclusion of interest income earned on the average cash balance.

(5) Pro Forma Net Income Per Unit

Pro forma net income per unit is determined by dividing the pro forma net income that would have been allocated, in accordance with the provisions of the Partnership's partnership agreement, to the common unitholders, by the number of common units expected to be outstanding at the closing of this offering. For purposes of this calculation, the Partnership assumed that pro forma distributions were equal to pro forma net income and that the number of units outstanding was

January 1, 2010.

Basic and diluted pro forma net income per unit are equivalent as there are no dilutive units at the date of closing of this offering.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors of CVR GP, LLC

The Managing General Partner of CVR Partners, LP:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of CVR Partners, LP and subsidiary (the Company) as of December 31, 2010 and 2009 and the related consolidated statements of operations, partners' capital, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2010. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of CVR Partners, LP and subsidiary as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2010, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Houston, Texas March 16, 2011

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	December 31,			
		2010		2009
)		
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	42,745	\$	5,440
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$43 and \$83, respectively		5,036		2,779
Inventories		19,830		21,936
Due from affiliate		_		131,002
Prepaid expenses and other current assets, including \$2,587 and \$1,333 from affiliates at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively		5,557		1,969
Total current assets		73,168		163,126
Property, plant, and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation		337,938		347,258
Intangible assets, net		46		56
Goodwill		40,969		40,969
Other long-term assets	_	44		90
Total assets	\$	452,165	\$	551,499
LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS' CAPITAL				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable, including \$3,323 and \$1,304 due to affiliates at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively	\$	17,758	\$	7,476
Personnel accruals		1,848		1,614
Deferred revenue		18,660		10,265
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		7,810		8,279
Total current liabilities		46,076		27,634
Long-term liabilities:				
Other long-term liabilities		3,886		3,981
Total long-term liabilities		3,886		3,981
Commitments and contingencies				
Partners' capital:				
Special general partner's interest, 30,303,000 units issued and outstanding		397,951		515,514
Limited partner's interest, 30,333 units issued and outstanding		398		516
Managing general partner's interest		3,854		3,854
Total partners' capital		402,203	_	519,884
Total liabilities and partners' capital	\$	452,165	\$	551,499

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Year Ended December 31,			
	2010	2009	2008	
		(in thousands)	<u> </u>	
Net sales	\$ 180,468	\$ 208,371	\$ 262,950	
Operating costs and expenses:				
Cost of product sold (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) — Affiliates	5,764	9,506	11,084	
Cost of product sold (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) — Third Parties	28,564	32,652	21,476	
	34,328	42,158	32,560	
Direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) — Affiliates	2,308	2,136	388	
Direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) — Third Parties	84,371	82,317	85,745	
	86,679	84,453	86,133	
Selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) — Affiliates	16,748	12,310	1,056	
Selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) — Third Parties	3,894	1,902	8,407	
	20,642	14,212	9,463	
Depreciation and amortization	18,463	18,685	17,987	
Total operating costs and expenses	160,112	159,508	146,143	
Operating income	20,356	48,863	116,807	
Other income (expense):				
Interest income	13,124	8,999	2,045	
Other income (expense)	(148)	31	107	
Total other income (expense)	12,976	9,030	2,152	
Income before income taxes	33,332	57,893	118,959	
Income tax expense	26	15	25	
Net income	\$ 33,306	\$ 57,878	\$ 118,934	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CVR PARTNERS, LP CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PARTNERS' CAPITAL

	P	Special General artner's Interest	Par	nited tner's erest (in tho	P	Ianaging General Partner's Interest	_	Total Partners' Capital
Balance at December 31, 2007	\$	396,242	\$	397	\$	3,854	\$	400,493
Net income		118,815		119		_		118,934
Share-based compensation expense - Affiliates		(10,608)		(11)		_		(10,619)
Cash distribution		(49,950)		(50)				(50,000)
Balance at December 31, 2008		454,499		455		3,854		458,808
Net income		57,820		58		_		57,878
Share-based compensation expense - Affiliates		3,195		3		_		3,198
Balance at December 31, 2009		515,514		516		3,854		519,884
Net income		33,273		33		_		33,306
Share-based compensation expense - Affiliates		9,004		9		_		9,013
Property distribution		(159,840)		(160)				(160,000)
Balance at December 31, 2010	\$	397,951	\$	398	\$	3,854	\$	402,203

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CVR PARTNERS, LP CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

		Year Ended December 31,				
	2	2010		09		2008
			(in tho	ısands)		
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Net income	\$	33,306	\$	57,878	\$	118,934
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		18,463		18,685		17,987
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(39)		20		47
Loss on disposition of fixed assets		1,897		16		3,815
Share-based compensation - Affiliates		9,013		3,198		(10,619)
Write-off of CVR Partners, LP initial public offering costs		_		_		2,539
Accounts receivable		(2,218)		3,191		(3,220)
Inventories		2,106		5,695		(11,477)
Insurance receivable		(4,500)		_		_
Insurance proceeds		3,161		_		_
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(2,689)		1,549		(2,566)
Other long-term assets		1		(128)		(8)
Accounts payable		9,394		(9,224)		10,131
Deferred revenue		8,395		4,517		(7,413)
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		(306)		110		5,315
Other accrued long-term liabilities		(39)		27		_
Net cash provided by operating activities		75,945		85,534		123,465
Cash flows from investing activities:	<u></u>			<u>_</u>		
Capital expenditures		(10,082)		(13,388)		(23,518)
Insurance proceeds		1,114		_ ` ` ` `		
Proceeds from sale of assets		_		18		_
Net cash used in investing activities		(8,968)		(13,370)		(23,518)
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Deferred costs of initial public offering		(674)		_		(2,283)
Due from affiliate		(28,998)		(75,799)		(53,061)
Partners' cash distribution				_ ` ´ ´		(50,000)
Net cash used in financing activities		(29,672)		(75,799)		(105,344)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		37,305		(3,635)		(5,397)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		5,440		9,075		14,472
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	42,475	\$	5,440	\$	9,075
Supplemental disclosures						
Non-cash investing and financing activities:						
Accrual of construction in progress additions	\$	888	\$	(4,872)	\$	3,661
Partners' property distribution	\$ (:	160,000)	\$.	_ ` ′	\$	
• •		. ,			-	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) Formation of the Partnership, Organization and Nature of Business

CVR Partners, LP (referred to as "CVR Partners", the "Partnership" or the "Company") is a Delaware limited partnership, formed in June 2007 by CVR Energy, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, but excluding the Partnership and its subsidiary, "CVR Energy") to own Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC ("CRNF"), previously a wholly-owned subsidiary of CVR Energy. CRNF is an independent producer and marketer of upgraded nitrogen fertilizer products sold in North America. CRNF operates a dual-train coke gasifier plant that produces high-purity hydrogen, most of which is subsequently converted to ammonia and upgraded to urea ammonium nitrate ("UAN").

CRNF produces and distributes nitrogen fertilizer products, which are used primarily by farmers to improve the yield and quality of their crops. CRNF's principal products are ammonia and UAN. These products are manufactured at CRNF's facility in Coffeyville, Kansas. CRNF's product sales are heavily weighted toward UAN, and all of its products are sold on a wholesale basis

In October 2007, CVR Energy, Inc., through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Coffeyville Resources, LLC ("CRLLC"), transferred CRNF, CRLLC's nitrogen fertilizer business, to the Partnership. This transfer was not considered a business combination as it was a transfer of assets among entities under common control and, accordingly, balances were transferred at their historical cost. The Partnership became the sole member of CRNF. In consideration for CRLLC transferring its nitrogen fertilizer business to the Partnership, (1) CRLLC directly acquired 30,333 special LP units, representing a 0.1% limited partner interest in the Partnership, (2) the Partnership's special general partner, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CRLLC, acquired 30,303,000 special GP units, representing a 99.9% general partner interest in the Partnership, and (3) the managing general partner, then owned by CRLLC, acquired a managing general partner interest and incentive distribution rights ("IDRs") of the Partnership. Immediately prior to CVR Energy's initial public offering, CVR Energy sold the managing general partner interest (together with the IDRs) to Coffeyville Acquisition III LLC ("CALLC III"), an entity owned by funds affiliated with Goldman, Sachs & Co. (the "Goldman Sachs Funds") and Kelso & Company, L.P. (the "Kelso Funds") and members of CVR Energy's management team, for its fair market value on the date of sale. As a result of CVR Energy's indirect ownership of the Partnership's special general partner, it initially owned all of the interests in the Partnership (other than the managing general partner interest and the IDRs) and initially was entitled to all cash distributed by the Partnership.

The Partnership is operated by CVR Energy's senior management team pursuant to a services agreement among CVR Energy, the managing general partner, and the Partnership. The Partnership is managed by the managing general partner and to the extent described below, CVR Energy, through its 100% ownership of the Partnership's special general partner. As the owner of the special general partner of the Partnership, CVR Energy has joint management rights regarding the appointment, termination, and compensation of the chief executive officer and chief financial officer of the managing general partner, has the right to designate two members of the board of directors of the managing general partner, and has joint management rights regarding specified major business decisions relating to the Partnership.

In accordance with the Contribution, Conveyance, and Assumption Agreement by and between the Partnership and the partners, dated as of October 24, 2007, since an initial private or public offering of the Partnership was not consummated by October 24, 2009, the managing general partner of the Partnership can require CRLLC to purchase the managing GP interest. This put right expires on the earlier of (1) October 24, 2012 or (2) the closing of the Partnership's initial private or public offering. If the Partnership's initial private or public offering is not consummated by October 24, 2012, CRLLC has the right to require the managing general partner to sell the managing GP interest to CRLLC. This call right expires on the closing of the Partnership's initial private or public offering. In the event of an exercise of a put right or a call right, the purchase price will be the fair market value of the managing GP interest at the time of the purchase determined by an independent investment banking firm selected by CRLLC and the managing general partner.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

On February 28, 2008, the Partnership filed a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") to effect an initial public offering of its common units. On June 13, 2008, the managing general partner of the Partnership decided to postpone, indefinitely, the Partnership's initial public offering due to then-existing market conditions for master limited partnerships. The Partnership subsequently withdrew the registration statement, at which time costs previously incurred and deferred in connection with the offering were written off.

On December 20, 2010, the Partnership filed a registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-171270) to effect an initial public offering of its common units representing limited partner interests (the "Offering"). The number of common units to be sold in the Offering has not yet been determined. The Offering is subject to numerous conditions including, without limitation, market conditions, pricing, regulatory approvals (including clearance from the SEC), compliance with contractual obligations and reaching agreements with underwriters and lenders

In connection with the Offering, it is expected that the Partnership's special LP units will be converted into common units, the Partnership's special GP units will be converted into common units, and the Partnership's special general partner will be merged with and into CRLLC, with CRLLC continuing as the surviving entity. In addition, the managing general partner will sell its IDRs to the Partnership, the IDR's will be extinguished, and CALLC III will sell the managing general partner to CRLLC for a nominal amount.

In October 2007, the managing general partner, the special general partner, and CRLLC, as the limited partner, entered into an amended and restated limited partnership agreement setting forth the various rights and responsibilities of the partners of CVR Partners. The Partnership also entered into a number of agreements with CVR Energy and the managing general partner to regulate certain business relations between the Partnership and the other parties thereto. See Note 14 ("Related Party Transactions") for further discussion. In connection with the Offering, certain agreements, including the amended and restated limited partnership agreement, entered into in 2007 will be amended and/or restated. Additionally, in connection with the Offering, the Partnership is expected to be released from its obligation as a guarantor under CRLLC's asset-backed revolving credit facility ("ABL credit facility") and the indentures which govern CRLLC's escribed further in Note 13 ("Commitments and Contingencies").

On December 17, 2010, the board of directors of the managing general partner of the Partnership and the manager of CRLLC approved the purchase of the IDRs by the Partnership for a purchase price of \$26 million, subject to consummation of the Offering. The purchase price will be paid out of proceeds from the Offering. Once acquired, the Partnership will extinguish the IDRs.

As of December 31, 2010, the Partnership had distributed out of the Partners' capital account \$210,000,000 to CRLLC and the special general partner in accordance with their respective percentage interests. Of this amount, \$50,000,000 was distributed in May 2008 and the remaining \$160,000,000 resulted from the distribution of the due from affiliate balance in December 2010.

(2) Basis of Presentation

CVR Partners is comprised of operations of the CRNF fertilizer business. The accompanying consolidated financial statements of CVR Partners, LP include the operations of CRNF. The accompanying consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC as described in further detail below. Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Article 3 of Regulation S-X, "General instructions as to consolidated financial statements". The consolidated financial statements include certain costs of CVR Energy that were incurred on behalf of the Partnership. These amounts represent certain selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) and direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization). These transactions represent related party transactions and are governed by a services agreement entered into in October 2007. See below and Note 14

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

("Related Party Transactions") for additional discussion of the services agreement and billing and allocation of certain costs. The billings, allocations, related estimates and assumptions are described more fully in Note 3 ("Summary of Significant Accounting Policies"). The amounts charged or allocated to the Partnership are not necessarily indicative of the cost that the Partnership would have incurred had it operated as an independent entity for all years presented.

In the opinion of the Company's management, the accompanying audited consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments that are necessary to fairly present the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2010 and 2009 and the results of operations and cash flows of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008.

In addition, the Company has evaluated subsequent events that would require an adjustment to the Company's consolidated financial statements or disclosure in the notes to the consolidated financial statements through March 16, 2011, the date of issuance of the consolidated financial statements.

(3) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying Partnership consolidated financial statements include the accounts of CVR Partners and CRNF, its wholly-owned subsidiary. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Partnership considers all highly liquid money market account and debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable, net

CVR Partners grants credit to its customers. Credit is extended based on an evaluation of a customer's financial condition; generally, collateral is not required. Accounts receivable are due on negotiated terms and are stated at amounts due from customers, net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Accounts outstanding longer than their contractual payment terms are considered past due. CVR Partners determines its allowance for doubtful accounts by considering a number of factors, including the length of time trade accounts are past due, the customer's ability to pay its obligations to CVR Partners, and the condition of the general economy and the industry as a whole. CVR Partners writes off accounts receivable when they become uncollectible, and payments subsequently received on such receivables are credited to the allowance for doubtful accounts. Amounts collected on accounts receivable are included in net cash provided by operating activities in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. At December 31, 2010, one customer represented approximately 21% of the total accounts receivable with affiliates). At December 31, 2009, two customers individually represented greater than 10% and collectively represented approximately 31% of the total accounts receivable balance (excluding accounts receivable with affiliates). The largest concentration of credit for any one customer at December 31, 2010 and 2009, was approximately 21% and 18%, respectively, of the accounts receivable balance (excluding accounts receivable with affiliates).

Inventories

Inventories consist of fertilizer products which are valued at the lower of first-in, first-out ("FIFO") cost, or market. Inventories also include raw materials, catalysts, parts and supplies, which are valued at the lower of moving-average cost, which approximates FIFO, or market. The cost of inventories includes inbound freight costs.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Due From Affiliate

CVR Partners historically maintained a lending relationship with its affiliate CRLLC in order to supplement CRLLC's working capital needs. As of December 31, 2010, the Partnership's due from affiliate balance was \$0 as the result of the balance of \$160,000,000 being distributed to CRLLC and the special general partner in accordance with their respective percentage interests. Amounts loaned to CRLLC are included on the Consolidated Balance Sheets as a due from affiliate. CVR Partners had the right to receive amounts owed from CRLLC upon request. CVR Partners charged interest on these borrowings at an interest rate equal to the applicable rate of under CRLLC's first priority revolving credit facility. See Note 14 ("Related Party Transactions") for further discussion of the due from affiliate.

Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

Prepaid expenses and other current assets consist of prepayments, non-trade accounts receivables, affiliates' receivables and other general current assets. Prepaid expenses and other current assets were as follows:

	Decem	ber 31,
	2010	2009
	(in thou	sands)
Accrued interest receivables(1)	\$ 2,318	\$ 961
Deferred initial public offering costs	2,089	_
Other(1)	1,150	1,008
	\$ 5,557	\$ 1,969

⁽¹⁾ The accrued interest receivable represents amounts due from CRLLC, a related party, in connection with the due from affiliate balance. Additionally, included in the table above are amounts owed to the Partnership related to activities associated with the feedstock and shared services agreement. See Note 14 ("Related Party Transactions") for additional discussion of amounts owed to the Partnership related to the due from affiliate balance and detail of amounts owed to the Partnership related to the feedstock and shared services agreement.

Property, Plant, and Equipment

Additions to property, plant and equipment, including certain costs allocable to construction and property purchases, are recorded at cost. Depreciation is computed using principally the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable assets. The lives used in computing depreciation for such assets are as follows:

	Range of Useful
<u>A</u> sset	Lives, in Years
Improvements to land	15 to 20
Buildings	20 to 30
Machinery and equipment	5 to 30
Automotive equipment	5
Furniture and fixtures	3 to 7

The Company's leasehold improvements are depreciated on the straight-line method over the shorter of the contractual lease term or the estimated useful life. Expenditures for routine maintenance and repair costs are expensed when incurred. Such expenses are reported in direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquired entity over the fair value of the assets acquired less liabilities assumed. Intangible assets are assets that lack physical substance (excluding financial assets). Goodwill acquired in a business combination and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortized, and intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortized. Goodwill and intangible assets not subject to amortization are tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate the asset might be impaired. CVR Partners uses November 1 of each year as its annual valuation date for the impairment test. The annual review of impairment is performed by comparing the carrying value of its assets to its estimated fair value, using a combination of the discounted cash flow analysis and market approach. The Company performed its annual impairment review of goodwill and concluded there was no impairment in 2010 and 2009. See Note 7 ("Goodwill and Intangible Assets") for further information.

Planned Major Maintenance Costs

The direct-expense method of accounting is used for planned major maintenance activities. Maintenance costs are recognized as expense when maintenance services are performed. During the years ended December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2008, the nitrogen fertilizer facility completed major scheduled turnarounds. Costs of approximately \$3,540,000 and \$3,343,000, associated with the 2010 and 2008 turnarounds, are included in direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) for the years ended December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2008, respectively. In connection with the 2010 and 2008 nitrogen fertilizer plant's turnarounds, the Company wrote off fixed assets with a net book value of approximately \$1,369,000 and \$2,330,000, respectively. During 2009, there were no planned major maintenance activities.

Planned major maintenance activities generally occur every two years.

Cost Classifications

Cost of product sold (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) includes cost of pet coke expense and freight and distribution expenses.

Direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) includes direct costs of labor, maintenance and services, energy and utility costs, property taxes, environmental compliance costs as well as chemical and catalyst and other direct operating expenses. Direct operating expenses also include allocated non-cash share-based compensation expenses from CVR Energy and CALLC III as discussed in Note 12 ("Share-Based Compensation"). Direct operating expenses exclude depreciation and amortization of approximately \$18,453,000, \$18,674,000 and \$17,973,000 for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) consist primarily of direct and allocated legal expenses, treasury, accounting, marketing, human resources and maintaining the corporate offices in Texas and Kansas. Selling, general and administrative expenses also include allocated non-cash share-based compensation expense from CVR Energy and CALLC III as discussed in Note 12 ("Share-Based Compensation"). Selling, general and administrative expenses exclude depreciation and amortization of approximately \$10,000, \$11,000 and \$14,000 for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Income Taxes

CVR Partners is a recognized partnership required to file a federal income tax return with each partner separately taxed on its share of CVR Partner's taxable income. The Partnership is not subject to income taxes except for a franchise tax in the state of Texas. The income tax liability of the individual partners is not reflected in the consolidated financial statements of the Partnership.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Segment Reporting

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") ASC Topic 280 — Segment Reporting, established standards for entities to report information about the operating segments and geographic areas in which they operate. CVR Partners only operates one segment and all of its operations are located in the United States.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Partnership accounts for long-lived assets in accordance with an accounting standard issued by the FASB regarding the treatment of the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. As required by this standard, the Partnership reviews long-lived assets (excluding goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives) for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to estimated undiscounted future net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated undiscounted future net cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds their fair value. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of their carrying value or fair value less cost to sell. No impairment charges were recognized for any of the periods presented.

Revenue Recognition

Revenues for products sold are recorded upon delivery of the products to customers, which is the point at which title is transferred, the customer has the assumed risk of loss, and when payment has been received or collection is reasonably assumed, indicating that all significant obligations of CRNF have been satisfied. Deferred revenue represents customer prepayments under contracts to guarantee a price and supply of nitrogen fertilizer in quantities expected to be delivered in the next 12 months in the normal course of business. Taxes collected from customers and remitted to governmental authorities are not included in reported revenues.

Shipping Costs

Pass-through finished goods delivery costs reimbursed by customers are reported in net sales, while an offsetting expense is included in cost of product sold (exclusive of depreciation and amortization).

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Financial instruments consisting of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and accounts payable are carried at cost, which approximates fair value, as a result of the short-term nature of the instruments.

Share-Based Compensation

CVR Partners has been allocated non-cash share-based compensation expense from CVR Energy and from CALLC III. CVR Energy and CALLC III account for share-based compensation in accordance with ASC Topic 718 Compensation — Stock Compensation ("ASC 718") as well as guidance regarding the accounting for share-based compensation granted to employees of an equity method investee. In accordance with ASC 718, CVR Energy and CALLC III apply a fair-value based measurement method in accounting for share-based compensation. The Company recognizes the costs of the share-based compensation incurred by CVR Energy and CALLC III on its behalf, primarily in selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization), and a corresponding increase or decrease to Partners' Capital, as the costs are incurred on its behalf, following the guidance issued by the FASB regarding the accounting for equity instruments that are issued to other than employees for acquiring, or in conjunction with selling goods or services, which require remeasurement at each reporting period through the performance commitment period, or in the Company's case, through the vesting period. Costs are allocated by CVR Energy and CALLC III based upon the percentage of time a CVR Energy

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

employee provides services to CVR Partners. In the event an individual's roles and responsibilities change with respect to services provided to CVR Partners, a reassessment is performed to determine if the allocation percentages should be adjusted. In accordance with the services agreement, CVR Partners will not be responsible for the payment of cash related to any share-based compensation allocated to it by CVR Energy.

Environmental Matters

Liabilities related to future remediation costs of past environmental contamination of properties are recognized when the related costs are considered probable and can be reasonably estimated. Estimates of these costs are based upon currently available facts, internal and third-party assessments of contamination, available remediation technology, site-specific costs, and currently enacted laws and regulations. In reporting environmental liabilities, no offset is made for potential recoveries. Loss contingency accruals, including those for environmental remediation, are subject to revision as further information develops or circumstances change and such accruals can take into account the legal liability of other parties. Environmental expenditures are capitalized at the time of the expenditure when such costs provide future economic benefits.

Use of Estimates

Preparing consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

Estimates made in preparing these consolidated financial statements include, among other things, estimates of depreciation and amortization expense, the estimated future cash flows and fair value of properties used in determining the need for any impairment write-down, estimated allocations of selling, general and administrative costs, including share-based awards, the economic useful life of assets, the fair value of assets, liabilities, provisions for uncollectible accounts receivable, the results of litigation, and various other recorded or disclosed amounts. Future changes in the assumptions used could have a significant impact on reported results in future periods.

Related-Party Transactions

CVR Energy, a related party, provides a variety of services to the Partnership, including cash management and financing services, employee benefits provided through CVR Energy's benefit plans, administrative services provided by CVR Energy's employees and management, insurance and office space leased in CVR Energy's headquarters building and other locations. As such, the accompanying consolidated financial statements include costs that have been incurred by CVR Energy on behalf of the Partnership. These amounts incurred by CVR Energy are then billed or allocated to the Partnership and are properly classified on the Consolidated Statements of Operations as either direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) or as selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization). The billing and allocation of such costs are governed by the Services Agreement (the "Agreement") entered into by CVR Energy, Inc. and CVR Partners, LP and affiliated companies in October 2007. The Agreement provides guidance for the treatment of certain general and administrative expenses and certain direct operating expenses incurred on the Partnership's behalf. Such expenses include, but are not limited to, salaries, benefits, share-based compensation expense, insurance, accounting, tax, legal and technology services. Where costs are specifically incurred on behalf of the Partnership, the costs are billed directly to the Partnership. See Note 14 ("Related Party Transactions") for a detailed discussion of the billing procedures and the basis for calculating the charges for specific products and services.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The table below reflects amounts billed in accordance with the Agreement by CVR Energy to the Partnership for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Additionally, see Note 12 ("Share-Based Compensation") for amounts incurred by CVR Energy and allocated to the Partnership with respect to share-based compensation arrangements.

		Year Ended December 31,										
		2010 2009		2009		2009		2009		2009		2008
	' <u></u>	(in thousands)										
Direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)	\$	2,145	\$	2,811	\$	3,007						
Selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)		8,485		9,310		10,048						
	\$	10,630	\$	12,121	\$	13,055						

Net Income Per Limited Partnership Unit

The Partnership has omitted net income per unit through the date of the Offering because the Partnership has operated under a different capital structure prior to the Offering compared to the capital structure that will exist after the Offering, and, therefore, the information is not meaningful.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2010-06, "Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements" an amendment to ASC Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures." This amendment requires an entity to: (i) disclose separately the amounts of significant transfers in and out of Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements and describe the reasons for the transfers, (ii) present separate information for Level 3 activity pertaining to gross purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements and (iii) enhance disclosures of assets and liabilities subject to fair value measurements. The provisions of ASU No. 2010-06 are effective for the Company for interim and annual reporting beginning after December 15, 2009, with one new disclosure effective after December 15, 2010. The Company adopted this ASU as of January 1, 2010. The adoption of this standard did not impact the Company's financial position or results of operations.

(4) Partners' Capital

At December 31, 2010, the Partnership had 30,333 special LP units outstanding, representing 0.1% of the total Partnership units outstanding, and 30,303,000 special GP interests outstanding, representing 99.9% of the total Partnership units outstanding. In addition, the managing general partner owned the managing general partner interest and the IDRs. CVR Energy indirectly owns all of the interests in the Partnership (other than the managing general partner interest and the IDRs) and is entitled to all cash distributed by the Partnership. The managing general partner contributed 1% of CRNF's interest to the Partnership in exchange for its managing general partner interest and the IDRs. See Note 1 ("Formation of the Partnership, Organization and Nature of Business") for additional discussion related to the unitholders.

In connection with the Offering, it is expected that the Partnership's limited partner interests will be converted into common units, the Partnership's special GP units will be converted into common units, and the Partnership's special general partner will be merged with and into CRLLC, with CRLLC continuing as the surviving entity. In addition, the managing general partner will sell its IDRs to the Partnership, the IDRs will be extinguished, and

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

CALLC III will sell the managing general partner to CRLLC for a nominal amount. Following the Offering, the Partnership will have two types of partnership interest outstanding:

- common units representing limited partner interests, a portion of which the Partnership will sell in the Offering; and
- · a general partner interest, which is not entitled to any distributions, and which will be held by the Partnership's general partner.

Following the Offering, the Partnership expects to make quarterly cash distributions to unitholders. The partnership agreement will not require that the Partnership make cash distributions on a quarterly or other basis. In connection with the Offering, the board of directors of the general partner will adopt a distribution policy, which it may change at any time.

The partnership agreement will authorize the Partnership to issue an unlimited number of additional units and rights to buy units for the consideration and on the terms and conditions determined by the board of directors of the general partner without the approval of the unitholders.

The general partner will manage and operate the Partnership. Common unitholders will only have limited voting rights on matters affecting the Partnership. In addition, common unitholders will have no right to elect the general partner's directors on an annual or other continuing basis.

(5) Inventories

Inventories consisted of the following:

	December	31,	
	 2010		09
	(in thousan		
Finished goods	\$ 3,645	\$ €	6,624
Raw materials and precious metals	4,077	2	4,089
Parts and supplies	12,108	11	1,223
	\$ 19,830		1,936

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(6) Property, Plant, and Equipment

A summary of costs for property, plant, and equipment is as follows:

	Decen	nber 31,
	2010	2009
	(in the	ousands)
Land and improvements	\$ 2,492	\$ 1,689
Buildings	724	650
Machinery and equipment	397,236	389,537
Automotive equipment	391	404
Furniture and fixtures	245	233
Construction in progress	32,776	33,182
	\$ 433,864	\$ 425,695
Accumulated depreciation	95,926	78,437
	\$ 337,938	\$ 347,258

(7) Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill

In connection with the 2005 acquisition by CALLC of all outstanding stock owned by Coffeyville Holdings Group, LLC, CRNF recorded goodwill of approximately \$40,969,000. Goodwill and other intangible assets accounting standards provide that goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite lives shall not be amortized but shall be tested for impairment on an annual basis. In accordance with these standards, CVR Partners completed its annual test for impairment of goodwill as of November 1, 2010 and 2009. Based on the results of the test, no impairment of goodwill was recorded as of December 31, 2010 or 2009. The annual review of impairment is performed by comparing the carrying value of the Partnership to its estimated fair value using a combination of the discounted cash flow analysis and market approach.

The valuation analysis used in the analysis utilized a 50% weighting of both income and market approaches as described below:

- *Income Approach:* To determine fair value, the Company discounted the expected future cash flows for the reporting unit utilizing observable market data to the extent available. For the 2010 and 2009 valuation, the discount rates used were 14.6% and 13.4%, respectively, representing the estimated weighted-average costs of capital, which reflects the overall level of inherent risk involved in the reporting unit and the rate of return an outside investor would expect to earn.
- Market-Based Approach: To determine the fair value of the reporting unit, the Company also utilized a market-based approach. The Company used the guideline company
 method, which focuses on comparing the Company's risk profile and growth prospects to select reasonably similar companies.

Other Intangible Assets

Contractual agreements with a fair market value of \$145,000 were acquired in 2005 in connection with the acquisition of CALLC of all outstanding stock owned by Coffeyville Holdings Group, LLC. The intangible value of these agreements is amortized over the life of the agreements through September 2019. Amortization expense of \$10,000, \$10,000 and \$15,000, was recorded in depreciation and amortization for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(8) Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities

Accrued expenses and other current liabilities were as follows:

	Decem	DCI JI,
	2010	2009
	(in thou	ısands)
Property taxes	\$ 7,025	\$ 5,807
Capital asset and dismantling obligation	250	750
Other accrued expenses	535	1,722
	\$ 7,810	\$ 8,279

December 31

(9) Nitrogen Fertilizer Incident

On September 30, 2010, the nitrogen fertilizer plant experienced an interruption in operations due to a rupture of a high-pressure UAN vessel. All operations at the nitrogen fertilizer facility were immediately shut down. No one was injured in the incident.

The nitrogen fertilizer facility had previously scheduled a major turnaround to begin on October 5, 2010. To minimize disruption and impact to the production schedule, the turnaround was accelerated. The turnaround was completed on October 29, 2010, with the gasification and ammonia units in operation. The fertilizer facility restarted production of UAN on November 16, 2010 and as of December 31, 2010, repairs to the facility as a result of the rupture were substantially complete. Total gross costs recorded due to the incident for the year ended December 31, 2010 were approximately \$10,522,000 for repairs and maintenance and other associated costs. Included in this amount is a write-off of \$390,000 of net book value of property and \$24,000 of catalyst destroyed as a result of the incident. The repairs and maintenance costs incurred are included in direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization). Of the costs incurred approximately \$4,457,000 were capitalized.

The Company has historically maintained property damage insurance under CVR Energy's insurance policies which have an associated deductible of \$2,500,000. The Company anticipates that substantially all of the repair costs in excess of the \$2,500,000 deductible should be covered by insurance. These insurance policies also provide coverage for interruption to the business, including lost profits, and reimbursement for other expenses and costs the Company has incurred relating to the damage and losses suffered for business interruption. This coverage, however, only applies to losses incurred after a business interruption of 45 days. In connection with the incident, the Company recorded an insurance receivable in 2010 of \$4,500,000, of which the Company received \$4,275,000 as of December 31, 2010 and the remaining amount of \$225,000 was received in January 2011. The recording of the insurance receivable resulted in a reduction of direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization).

(10) Income Taxes

The State of Texas enacted a franchise tax that required the Partnership to pay a tax of 1.0% on the Partnership's "margin" beginning with the 2008 taxable year, as defined in the law, based on the Partnership's prior year results. The margin to which the tax rate is applied generally is calculated as the Texas percentage of the Partnership's revenues for federal income tax purposes less the cost of the products sold as defined by Texas law.

Under ASC Topic 740, *Income Taxes* ("ASC 740"), taxes based on income like the Texas franchise tax are accounted for using the liability method under which deferred income taxes are recognized for the future tax effects of temporary differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and the tax basis of existing assets and liabilities using the enacted statutory tax rates in effect at the end of the period. A valuation allowance for deferred tax assets is recorded when it is more likely than not that the benefit from the deferred tax asset will not be realized.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Temporary differences related to the Partnership's property affect the Texas franchise tax. As a result, the Partnership reflected a deferred tax liability in the amount of approximately \$37,000 and \$33,000 at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, included in the Consolidated Balance Sheets of the Partnership. In addition, the Partnership reflected a state income taxes payable of approximately \$17,000 and \$25,000 at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets of the Partnership. For the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, the Partnership recorded income tax expense of \$26,000, \$15,000 and \$25,000, respectively.

Effective January 1, 2008, CVR Partners adopted an accounting standard issued by the FASB that clarify the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in the financial statements. If the probability of sustaining a tax position is at least more likely than not, then the tax position is warranted and recognition should be at the highest amount which is greater than 50% likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement. As of the date of adoption of this standard and at December 31, 2010, CVR Partners did not believe it had any tax positions that met the criteria for uncertain tax positions. As a result, no amounts were recognized as a liability for uncertain tax positions.

CVR Partners recognizes interest and penalties on uncertain tax positions and income tax deficiencies in income tax expense. CVR Partners did not recognize any interest or penalties for each of the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 or 2008 for uncertain tax positions or income tax deficiencies, respectively.

(11) Benefit Plans

CRLLC sponsors and administers a defined-contribution 401(k) plan (the "Plan") for the employees of CRNF. Participants in the Plan may elect to contribute up to 50% of their annual salaries, and up to 100% of their annual bonus received pursuant to CVR Energy's income sharing plan. CRNF matches up to 75% of the first 6% of the participant's contribution. Participants in the Plan are immediately vested in their individual contributions. The Plan has a three year vesting schedule for CRNF's matching funds and contains a provision to count service with any predecessor organization. For the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, CRNF's contributions under the Plan were \$390,000, \$373,000 and \$338,000, respectively.

(12) Share-Based Compensation

Certain employees of CVR Partners and employees of CVR Energy who perform services for the Partnership under the services agreement with CVR Energy participate in equity compensation plans of CVR Partners' affiliates. Accordingly, CVR Partners has recorded compensation expense for these plans in accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin, or SAB Topic 1-B "Allocations of Expenses and Related disclosures in Financial Statements of Subsidiaries, Divisions or Lesser Business Components of Another Entity" and in accordance with guidance regarding the accounting for share-based compensation granted to employees of an equity method investee. All compensation expense related to these plans for full-time employees of CVR Partners has been allocated 100% to CVR Partners. For employees covered by the services agreement with CVR Energy, the Partnership records share-based compensation relative to the percentage of time spent by each employee providing services to the Partnership as compared to the total calculated share-based compensation by CVR Energy. The Partnership is not responsible for payment of share-based compensation and all expense amounts are reflected as an increase or decrease to Partners' Capital.

In connection with CVR Energy's initial public offering, Coffeyville Acquisition LLC ("CALLC") was split into two entities: CALLC and Coffeyville Acquisition II LLC ("CALLC II"). In connection with this split, management's equity interest in CALLC, including both their common units and non-voting override units, were split so that half of management's equity interest was in CALLC and half was in CALLC II.

For the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, the estimated fair value of the override units of CALLC and CALLC II was determined from a probability-weighted expected return method. The probability-

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

weighted expected return method involves a forward-looking analysis of possible future outcomes, the estimation of ranges of future and present value under each outcome, and the application of a probability factor to each outcome in conjunction with the application of the current value of CVR Energy's common stock price with a Black-Scholes option pricing formula, as remeasured at each reporting date until the awards are vested.

For the year ended December 31, 2010, the estimated fair value of the override units was determined using a probability-weighted expected return method which utilized CALLC III's cash flow projections and also considered the proposed Offering of the Partnership including the purchase of the managing GP interest (including the IDRs). For the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, the estimated fair value of the override units of CALLC III was determined using a probability-weighted expected return method which utilized CALLC III's cash flow projections, which were representative of the nature of the interests held by CALLC III in the Partnership.

The following table provides key information for the share-based compensation plans related to the override units of CALLC, CALLC II and CALLC III.

	Ве	nchmark Value	Original Awards		Inci	ompensation Ex rease (Decrease) rs Ended Decen	for the
Award Type	(I	oer Unit)	Issued	Grant Date	2010	2009 (in thousands	2008
						`	_
Override Operating Units(a)	\$	11.31	919,630	June 2005	\$ 56	\$ 346	\$ (1,516)
Override Operating Units(b)	\$	34.72	72,492	December 2006	1	18	(107)
Override Value Units(c)	\$	11.31	1,839,265	June 2005	4,751	1,207	(2,877)
Override Value Units(d)	\$	34.72	144,966	December 2006	217	64	(123)
Override Units(e)	\$	10.00	138,281	October 2007	_	_	(1)
Override Units(f)	\$	10.00	642,219	February 2008	473	5	2
				Total	\$ 5,498	\$ 1,640	\$ (4,622)

^{*} As CVR Energy's common stock price increases or decreases, compensation expense associated with the unvested CALLC and CALLC II override units increases or is reversed in correlation with the calculation of the fair value under the probability-weighted expected return method.

Valuation Assumptions

Significant assumptions used in the valuation of the Override Operating Units (a) and (b) were as follows:

	(a)	(a) Override Operating Units				(b) Override Operating Units			
		December 31,				December 31,			
	_	2009		2008		2009		2008	
Estimated forfeiture rate		None		None		None		None	
CVR Energy's closing stock price	\$	6.86	\$	4.00	\$	6.86	\$	4.00	
Estimated fair value (per unit)	\$	11.95	\$	8.25	\$	1.40	\$	1.59	
Marketability and minority interest discounts		20.0%		15.0%		20.0%		15.0%	
Volatility		50.7%		68.8%		50.7%		68.8%	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

On the tenth anniversary of the issuance of override operating units, such units convert into an equivalent number of override value units. Override operating units are forfeited upon termination of employment for cause. As of December 31, 2010, these units were fully vested.

Significant assumptions used in the valuation of the Override Value Units (c) and (d) were as follows:

	(c) Override Value Units December 31.				(d) Override Value Units December 31,						
	 2010		2009		2008		2010		2009		2008
Estimated forfeiture rate	 None		None		None		None		None		None
Derived service period	6 years		6 years		6 years		6 years		6 years		6 years
CVR Energy's closing stock price	\$ 15.18	\$	6.86	\$	4.00	\$	15.18	\$	6.86	\$	4.00
Estimated fair value (per unit)	\$ 22.39	\$	5.63	\$	3.20	\$	6.56	\$	1.39	\$	1.59
Marketability and minority interest discounts	20.0%		20.0%		15.0%		20.0%		20.0%		15.0%
Volatility	43.0%		50.7%		68.8%		43.0%		50.7%		68.8%

Unless the override unit committee of the board of directors of CALLC, CALLC II or CALLC III, respectively, takes an action to prevent forfeiture, override value units are forfeited upon termination of employment for any reason other than cause, except that in the event of termination of employment by reason of death or disability, all override value units are initially subject to forfeiture as follows:

Minimum	Forfeiture
Period Held	Percentage
2 years	75%
3 years	50%
4 years	25%
5 years	0%

(e) Override Units — Using a binomial and a probability-weighted expected return method that utilized CALLC III's cash flow projections which includes expected future earnings and the anticipated timing of IDRs, the estimated grant date fair value of the override units was approximately \$3,000. As a non-contributing investor, CVR Energy also recognized income equal to the amount that its interest in the investee's net book value has increased (that is its percentage share of the contributed capital recognized by the investee) as a result of the disproportionate funding of the compensation cost. As of December 31, 2010 these units were fully vested.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

(f) Override Units — Using a probability-weighted expected return method that utilized CALLC III's cash flow projections which includes expected future earnings and the anticipated timing of IDRs, the estimated grant date fair value of the override units was approximately \$3,000. As a non-contributing investor, CVR Energy also recognized income equal to the amount that its interest in the investee's net book value has increased (that is its percentage share of the contributed capital recognized by the investee) as a result of the disproportionate funding of the compensation cost. Of the 642,219 units issued, 109,720 were immediately vested upon issuance and the remaining units are subject to a forfeiture schedule. Significant assumptions used in the valuation were as follows:

		December 31,	
	2010	2009	2008
Estimated forfeiture rate	None	None	None
Derived Service Period	Forfeiture schedule	Forfeiture schedule	Forfeiture schedule
Estimated fair value (per unit)	\$2.60	\$0.08	\$0.02
Marketability and minority interest discounts	10.0%	20.0%	20.0%
Volatility	47.6%	59.7%	64.3%

Assuming the allocation of costs from CVR Energy remains consistent with the allocation percentages in place at December 31, 2010 and based upon the estimated fair value at December 31, 2010, there was approximately \$588,000 of unrecognized compensation expense related to non-voting override units. This expense is expected to be recognized by CVR Partners over a remaining period of approximately one year.

Phantom Unit Plans

CVR Energy, through a wholly-owned subsidiary, has two Phantom Unit Appreciation Plans (the "Phantom Unit Plans") whereby directors, employees, and service providers may be awarded phantom points at the discretion of the board of directors or the compensation committee. Holders of service phantom points have rights to receive distributions when holders of override operating units receive distributions. Holders of performance phantom points have rights to receive distributions when CALLC II holders of override value units receive distributions. There are no other rights or guarantees and the plan expires on July 25, 2015, or at the discretion of the compensation committee of the board of directors. As of December 31, 2010, the issued Profits Interest (combined phantom points and override units) represented 15.0% of combined common unit interest and Profits Interest of CALLC and CALLC II. The Profits Interest was comprised of approximately 11.1% of override interest and approximately 3.9% of phantom interest. The expense associated with these awards is based on the current fair value of the awards which was derived from a probability-weighted expected return method. The probability-weighted expected return method involves a forward-looking analysis of possible future outcomes, the estimation of ranges of future and present value under each outcome, and the application of a probability factor to each outcome in conjunction with the application of the current value of CVR Energy's common stock price with a Black-Scholes option pricing formula, as remeasured at each reporting date until the awards are settled. Using CVR Energy's closing stock price at December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively, to determine CVR Energy's equity value, through an independent valuation process, the service phantom interest and performance phantom interest were valued as follows:

Service Phantom interest (per point)
Performance Phantom interest (per point)

	December 31,				
2010		2009		2008	
\$	14.64	\$	11.37	\$	8.25
\$	21.25	\$	5.48	\$	3.20

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Compensation expense for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, related to the Phantom Unit Plans was \$3,212,000 and \$1,495,000, respectively. Compensation expense for the year ended December 31, 2008 related to the Phantom Unit Plans was reversed by \$5,998,000.

Assuming the allocation of costs from CVR Energy remains consistent with the allocations at December 31, 2010 and based upon the estimated fair value at December 31, 2010, there was approximately \$140,000 of unrecognized compensation expense related to the Phantom Unit Plans. This expense is expected to be recognized over a period of approximately one year.

Long-Term Incentive Plan

CVR Energy has a Long-Term Incentive Plan ("LTIP") that permits the grant of options, stock appreciation rights, non-vested shares, non-vested share units, dividend equivalent rights, share awards and performance awards (including performance share units, performance units and performance based restricted stock). As of December 31, 2010, only non-vested shares of CVR Energy common stock had been granted for the benefit of CVR Energy and CRNF employees.

Non-Vested Stock

Through the LTIP, shares of non-vested stock have been granted to employees of CVR Energy and CRNF. Non-vested shares, when granted, are valued at the closing market price of CVR Energy's common stock on the date of issuance and amortized to compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the vesting period of the stock. These shares generally vest over a three-year period. Assuming the allocation of costs from CVR Energy remains consistent with the allocation percentages in place at December 31, 2010, there was approximately \$2,285,000 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested shares to be recognized over a weighted-average period of approximately two and one-half years. Inclusion of the vesting table is not considered meaningful due to changes in allocation percentages that occur from time to time. The unrecognized compensation expense has been determined by the number of unvested shares and respective allocation percentage for individuals whom, as of December 31, 2010, compensation expense has been allocated to the Partnership. As of December 31, 2010, 1,142,915 unvested shares of CVR Energy stock were utilized to calculate the unrecognized compensation expense.

Compensation expense recorded for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, related to the non-vested stock, was \$303,000, \$62,000 and \$2,000, respectively.

(13) Commitments and Contingencies

The minimum required payments for CRNF's operating leases and unconditional purchase obligations as of December 31, 2010 are as follows:

	-	rating ases	Unconditiona Purchase Obligation (in thousands)	
Year ending December 31, 2011	\$	4,464	\$	11,918
Year ending December 31, 2012		4,476		12,072
Year ending December 31, 2013		3,664		12,526
Year ending December 31, 2014		2,029		12,606
Year ending December 31, 2015		1,173		12,689
Thereafter		1,028		103,314
	\$	16,834	\$	165,125

⁽¹⁾ The Partnership's purchase obligation for pet coke from CVR Energy has been derived from a calculation of the average pet coke price paid to CVR Energy over the preceding two year period.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

CRNF leases railcars under long-term operating leases. Lease expense for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, totaled approximately \$4,052,000, \$4,031,000, and \$3,358,000, respectively. The lease agreements have various remaining terms. Some agreements are renewable, at CRNF's option, for additional periods. It is expected, in the ordinary course of business, that leases will be renewed or replaced as they expire.

CRNF has an agreement with the City of Coffeyville (the "City") pursuant to which it must make a series of future payments for the supply, generation and transmission of electricity and City margin based upon agreed upon rates. This agreement has an expiration of July 1, 2019. Effective August 2008 and through July 2010, the City began charging a higher rate for electricity than what had been agreed to in the contract. CRNF filed a lawsuit to have the contract enforced as written and to recover other damages. CRNF paid the higher rates under protest and subject to the lawsuit in order to obtain the electricity. In August 2010, the lawsuit was settled and CRNF received a return of funds totaling \$4,788,000. This return of funds was recorded in direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) in the Consolidated Statements of Operations during the third quarter of 2010. In connection with the settlement, the electrical services agreement was amended. As a result of the amendment, the annual committed contractual payments are estimated to be \$1,943,000. As of December 31, 2010, the estimated remaining obligation of CRNF totaled \$16,514,000 through July 1, 2019. These estimates are subject to change based upon the Company's actual usage.

During 2005, CRNF entered into the Amended and Restated On-Site Product Supply Agreement with Linde, Inc. Pursuant to the agreement, which expires in 2020, CRNF is required to take as available and pay approximately \$300,000 per month, which amount is subject to annual inflation adjustments, for the supply of oxygen and nitrogen to the fertilizer operation. Expenses associated with this agreement included in direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, totaled approximately \$4,659,000, \$4,106,000 and \$3,928,000, respectively.

CRNF entered into a sales agreement with Cominco Fertilizer Partnership on November 20, 2007 to purchase equipment and materials which comprise a nitric acid plant. CRNF's obligation related to the execution of the agreement in 2007 for the purchase of the assets was \$3,500,000. On May 25, 2009, CRNF and Cominco amended the contract increasing the liability to \$4,250,000. In consideration of the increased liability, the timeline for removal of the equipment and payment schedule was extended. The amendment sets forth payment milestones based upon the timing of removal of identified assets. The balance of the assets purchased are to be removed by November 20, 2013, with final payment due at that time. As of December 31, 2010, \$2,000,000 had been paid. Additionally, as of December 31, 2010, \$2,374,000 was accrued related to the obligation to dismantle the unit. As of December 31, 2010, the Company had accrued a total of \$4,098,000 with respect to the nitric acid plant and the related dismantling obligation. Of this amount, \$250,000 was included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities and the remaining \$3,848,000 was included in other long-term liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The related asset amounts are included in construction-in-progress at December 31, 2010.

CRNF entered into a lease agreement effective October 25, 2007, with Coffeyville Resources Refining & Marketing, LLC ("CRRM"), a related party, under which certain office and laboratory space is leased. The agreement requires CRNF to pay \$8,000 on the first day of each calendar month during the term of the agreement. The agreement has an initial term of five years, but will be amended in connection with the Offering to continue for an initial term of ten years, ending in October 2017. See Note 14 ("Related Party Transactions") for further discussion.

From time to time, CRNF is involved in various lawsuits arising in the normal course of business, including matters such as those described below under, "Environmental, Health, and Safety ("EHS") Matters", and those described above. Liabilities related to such litigation are recognized when the related costs are probable and can be reasonably estimated. Management believes the Company has accrued for losses for which it may ultimately be responsible. It is possible management's estimates of the outcomes will change within the next year due to uncertainties inherent in litigation and settlement negotiations. In the opinion of management, the ultimate resolution of any other litigation matters is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the accompanying consolidated financial statements. There can be no assurance that management's beliefs or opinions with respect to liability for potential litigation matters are accurate.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

CRNF received a ten year property tax abatement from Montgomery County, Kansas in connection with its construction that expired on December 31, 2007. In connection with the expiration of the abatement, the county reassessed CRNF's nitrogen fertilizer plant and classified the nitrogen fertilizer plant as almost entirely real property instead of almost entirely personal property. The reassessment has resulted in an increase to annual property tax expense for CRNF by an average of approximately \$10.7 million per year for the years ended December 31, 2008 and December 31, 2009, and approximately \$11.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2010. CRNF does not agree with the county's classification of the nitrogen fertilizer plant and is currently disputing it before the Kansas Court of Tax Appeals ("COTA"). However, CRNF has fully accrued and paid for the property taxes the county claims are owed for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, and have fully accrued such amounts for the year ended December 31, 2010. The first payment in respect of CRNF's 2010 property taxes was paid in December 2010 and the second payment will be made in May 2011. These amounts are reflected as a direct operating expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. An evidentiary hearing before COTA occurred during the first quarter of 2011 regarding the property tax claims for the year ended December 31, 2008. CRNF believes COTA is likely to issue a ruling sometime during 2011. However, the timing of a ruling in the case is uncertain, and there can be no assurance that CRNF will receive a ruling in 2011. If CRNF is successful in having the nitrogen fertilizer plant reclassified as personal property, in whole or in part, a portion of the accrued and paid expenses would be refunded to CRNF, which could have a positive material effect on the results of operations. If CRNF is not successful in having the nitrogen fertilizer plant reclassified as personal property, in whole or in part, CRNF expects that it will pay taxes at or below

CRNF entered into a coke supply agreement with CVR Energy in October 2007 pursuant to which CVR Energy supplies CRNF with pet coke. CRNF is obligated under this agreement to purchase the lesser of (i) 100 percent of the pet coke produced at its petroleum refinery or (ii) 500,000 tons of pet coke per calendar year. The agreement has an initial term of 20 years. The price which the Partnership will pay for the pet coke will be based on the lesser of a coke price derived from the price received by the Partnership for UAN (subject to a UAN based price ceiling and floor) or a coke index price but in no event will the pet coke price be less than zero. See Note 14 ("Related Party Transactions") for further information.

The Partnership and CRNF are guarantors under CRLLC's ABL credit facility, as well as CRLLC's senior secured notes and until February 22, 2011 were guarantors of the first priority credit facility. On February 22, 2011, CRLLC entered into the \$250.0 million ABL credit facility that is scheduled to mature in August 2015 and replaced the first priority credit facility which was terminated. The ABL credit facility will be used to finance ongoing working capital, capital expenditures, letters of credit issuance and general corporate needs. The ABL credit facility contains a feature that permits an increase in borrowings of up to \$500.0 million (in the aggregate), subject to additional lender commitments. As of December 31, 2010, the first priority credit facility consisted of a \$150,000,000 revolving credit facility and the senior secured notes had an aggregate principal balance of \$472,500,000. \$247,500,000 of the senior secured notes mature on April 1, 2015 and the remaining \$225,000,000 of senior secured notes mature on April 1, 2017.

Environmental, Health, and Safety ("EHS") Matters

CRNF is subject to various stringent federal, state, and local EHS rules and regulations. Liabilities related to EHS matters are recognized when the related costs are probable and can be reasonably estimated. Estimates of these costs are based upon currently available facts, existing technology, site-specific costs, and currently enacted laws and regulations. In reporting EHS liabilities, no offset is made for potential recoveries. Such liabilities include estimates of the Company's share of costs attributable to potentially responsible parties which are insolvent or otherwise unable to pay. All liabilities are monitored and adjusted regularly as new facts emerge or changes in law or technology occur.

CRNF owns and operates a facility utilized for the manufacture of nitrogen fertilizers. Therefore, CRNF has exposure to potential EHS liabilities related to past and present EHS conditions at this location.

In 2005, CRNF agreed to participate in the State of Kansas Voluntary Cleanup and Property Redevelopment Program ("VCPRP") to address a reported release of UAN at its UAN loading rack. As of December 31, 2010 and 2009,

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

environmental accruals of \$91,000 and \$141,000, respectively, were reflected in the consolidated balance sheets for probable and estimated costs for remediation of environmental contamination under the VCPRP. At December 31, 2010 the entire balance was included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities. At December 31, 2009, \$85,000 of the balance was included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities. The accruals were determined based on an estimate of payment costs through 2015, which scope of remediation was arranged with the EPA and are discounted at the appropriate risk free rates at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. As of December 31, 2010, the estimated future payments for these required obligations are expected to be incurred in the year ending December 31, 2011.

Management periodically reviews and, as appropriate, revises its environmental accruals. Based on current information and regulatory requirements, management believes that the accruals established for environmental expenditures are adequate.

Environmental expenditures are capitalized when such expenditures are expected to result in future economic benefits. Capital expenditures for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, were approximately \$246,000, \$887,000 and \$665,000, respectively, and were incurred to improve the environmental compliance and efficiency of the operations.

CRNF believes it is in substantial compliance with existing EHS rules and regulations. There can be no assurance that the EHS matters described above or other EHS matters which may develop in the future will not have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition, or results of operations.

(14) Related Party Transactions

CRLLC contributed its wholly-owned subsidiary CRNF to the Partnership on October 24, 2007. In consideration for CRLLC transferring CRNF to the Partnership, (1) CRLLC directly acquired 30,333 special LP units, representing a 0.1% limited partner interest in the Partnership at that time, (2) the Partnership's special general partner, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CRLLC, acquired 30,303,000 special GP units, representing a 99.9% general partner interest in the Partnership at that time, (3) the managing general partner, then owned by CRLLC, acquired a managing general partner interest and IDRs and (4) the Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement provides that, contingent upon CVR Partners' completion of an initial public offering, the Partnership would reimburse CRLLC for capital expenditures it incurred in connection with the operations of the nitrogen fertilizer plant, which were approximately \$18.4 million during the two year period prior to the sale of the managing general partner to CALLC III, as described below.

Related Party Agreements, effective October 25, 2007

In connection with the formation of CVR Partners and the initial public offering of CVR Energy in October 2007, CVR Partners and CRNF entered into several agreements with CVR Energy and its subsidiaries that govern the business relations among CVR Partners, CRNF, CVR Energy and its subsidiaries and its managing general partner. Amounts owed to CVR Partners and CRNF from CVR Energy and its subsidiaries with respect to these agreements are included in prepaid expenses and other currents assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Conversely, amounts owed to CVR Energy and its subsidiaries by CVR Partners and CRNF with respect to these agreements are included in accounts payable on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Feedstock and Shared Services Agreement

CRNF entered into a feedstock and shared services agreement with CRRM under which the two parties provide feedstock and other services to one another. These feedstocks and services are utilized in the respective production processes of CRRM's refinery and CRNF's nitrogen fertilizer plant.

Pursuant to the feedstock agreement, CRNF and CRRM have the right to transfer excess hydrogen to one another. Sales of hydrogen to CRRM have been reflected as net sales for CVR Partners. Receipts of hydrogen from CRRM have been reflected in cost of product sold (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) for CVR Partners. For the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, the net sales generated from the sale of hydrogen to CRRM were approximately

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

\$140,000, \$812,000 and \$8,967,000, respectively. For the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, CVR Partners also recognized \$1,776,000, \$1,635,000 and \$0 of cost of product sold (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) related to the transfer of excess hydrogen from the refinery, respectively. At December 31, 2010 and 2009, there was approximately \$0 and \$153,000, respectively, of receivables included in prepaid expenses and other current assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets associated with unpaid balances related to hydrogen sales.

The agreement provides that both parties must deliver high-pressure steam to one another under certain circumstances. Net reimbursed or (paid) direct operating expenses recorded during the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were approximately \$(85,000), \$215,000 and \$(183,000), respectively, related to high-pressure steam. Reimbursements or paid amounts for each of the years on a gross basis were nominal.

CRNF is also obligated to make available to CRRM any nitrogen produced by the Linde air separation plant that is not required for the operation of the nitrogen fertilizer plant, as determined by CRNF in a commercially reasonable manner. Reimbursed direct operating expenses associated with nitrogen for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, were approximately \$768,000, \$753,000 and \$1,030,000, respectively. There were no amounts paid by CRNF to CRRM for any of the years.

The agreement also provides that both CRNF and CRRM must deliver instrument air to one another in some circumstances. CRNF must make instrument air available for purchase by CRRM at a minimum flow rate, to the extent produced by the Linde air separation plant and available to CRNF. Reimbursed direct operating expenses recorded for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$0, \$0 and \$241,000, respectively. Reimbursements or paid amounts for each of the years on a gross basis were nominal.

At December 31, 2010 and 2009, receivables of \$269,000 and \$219,000, respectively, were included in prepaid expenses and other current assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets associated for amounts yet to be received related to components of the feedstock and shared services agreement except amounts related to hydrogen sales and pet coke purchases. At December 31, 2010 and 2009, payables of \$612,000 and \$408,000, respectively, were included in accounts payable on the Consolidated Balance Sheets associated with unpaid balances related to components of the feedstock and shared services agreement, except amounts related to hydrogen sales and pet coke purchases.

The agreement has an initial term of 20 years, which will be automatically extended for successive five year renewal periods. Either party may terminate the agreement, effective upon the last day of a term, by giving notice no later than three years prior to a renewal date. The agreement will also be terminable by mutual consent of the parties or if one party breaches the agreement and does not cure within applicable cure periods and the breach materially and adversely affects the ability of the terminating party to operate its facility. Additionally, the agreement may be terminated in some circumstances if substantially all of the operations at the nitrogen fertilizer plant or the refinery are permanently terminated, or if either party is subject to a bankruptcy proceeding, or otherwise becomes insolvent.

Coke Supply Agreement

CRNF entered into a coke supply agreement with CRRM pursuant to which CRRM supplies CRNF with pet coke. This agreement provides that CRRM must deliver to the Partnership during each calendar year an annual required amount of pet coke equal to the lesser of (i) 100 percent of the pet coke produced at CRRM's petroleum refinery or (ii) 500,000 tons of pet coke. CRNF is also obligated to purchase this annual required amount. If during a calendar month CRRM produces more than 41,667 tons of pet coke, then CRNF will have the option to purchase the excess at the purchase price provided for in the agreement. If CRNF declines to exercise this option, CRRM may sell the excess to a third party.

CRNF obtains most (over 70% on average during the last five years) of the pet coke it needs from CRRM's adjacent crude oil refinery pursuant to the pet coke supply agreement, and procures the remainder on the open market. The price CRNF pays pursuant to the pet coke supply agreement is based on the lesser of a pet coke price derived from the price received for UAN, or the UAN-based price, and a pet coke price index. The UAN-based price begins with a pet coke price of \$25 per ton based on a price per ton for UAN (exclusive of transportation cost), or

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

netback price, of \$205 per ton, and adjusts up or down \$0.50 per ton for every \$1.00 change in the netback price. The UAN-based price has a ceiling of \$40 per ton and a floor of \$5 per ton.

CRNF will also pay any taxes associated with the sale, purchase, transportation, delivery, storage or consumption of the pet coke. CRNF will be entitled to offset any amount payable for the pet coke against any amount due from CRRM under the feedstock and shared services agreement between the parties.

The agreement has an initial term of 20 years, which will be automatically extended for successive five year renewal periods. Either party may terminate the agreement by giving notice no later than three years prior to a renewal date. The agreement is also terminable by mutual consent of the parties or if a party breaches the agreement and does not cure within applicable cure periods. Additionally, the agreement may be terminated in some circumstances if substantially all of the operations at the nitrogen fertilizer plant or the refinery are permanently terminated, or if either party is subject to a bankruptcy proceeding or otherwise becomes insolvent.

Cost of pet coke associated with the transfer of pet coke from CRRM to CRNF were approximately \$3,988,000, \$7,871,000 and \$11,084,000 for the year ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Payables of \$280,000 and \$75,000 related to the coke supply agreement were included in accounts payable on the Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2010, and 2009, respectively.

Lease Agreement

CRNF has entered into a lease agreement with CRRM under which it leases certain office and laboratory space. The lease will be extended in connection with the consummation of the Offering. The initial term of the lease will expire in October 2017, but will permit CRNF to terminate the lease at any time during the initial term by providing 180 days prior written notice. In addition, CRNF has the option to renew the lease agreement for up to five additional one-year periods by providing CRRM with notice of renewal at least 60 days prior to the expiration of the then existing term. For the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, expense incurred related to the use of the office and laboratory space totaled \$96,000 for each of the years then ended, respectively. There were no unpaid amounts outstanding with respect to the lease agreement as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Environmental Agreement

CRNF entered into an environmental agreement with CRRM which provides for certain indemnification and access rights in connection with environmental matters affecting the refinery and the nitrogen fertilizer plant. Generally, both CRNF and CRRM have agreed to indemnify and defend each other and each other's affiliates against liabilities associated with certain hazardous materials and violations of environmental laws that are a result of or caused by the indemnifying party's actions or business operations. This obligation extends to indemnification for liabilities arising out of off-site disposal of certain hazardous materials. Indemnification obligations of the parties will be reduced by applicable amounts recovered by an indemnified party from third parties or from insurance coverage.

The agreement provides for indemnification in the case of contamination or releases of hazardous materials that are present but unknown at the time the agreement is entered into to the extent such contamination or releases are identified in reasonable detail during the period ending five years after the date of the agreement. The agreement further provides for indemnification in the case of contamination or releases which occur subsequent to the date the agreement is entered into.

The term of the agreement is for at least 20 years, or for so long as the feedstock and shared services agreement is in force, whichever is longer.

CRNF entered into two supplements to the environmental agreement in February and July 2008 to confirm that CRRM remains responsible for existing environmental conditions on land transferred by CRRM to CRNF, and to

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

incorporate a known contamination map, a comprehensive pet coke management plan and a new third-party coke handling agreement.

Services Agreement

CVR Partners entered into a services agreement with its managing general partner, its special general partner and CVR Energy pursuant to which it and its managing general partner obtain certain management and other services from CVR Energy. Under this agreement, the Partnership's managing general partner has engaged CVR Energy to conduct its day-to-day business operations. CVR Energy provides CVR Partners with the following services under the agreement, among others:

- services from CVR Energy's employees in capacities equivalent to the capacities of corporate executive officers, except that those who serve in such capacities under the
 agreement shall serve the Partnership on a shared, part-time basis only, unless the Partnership and CVR Energy agree otherwise;
- · administrative and professional services, including legal, accounting services, human resources, insurance, tax, credit, finance, government affairs and regulatory affairs;
- · management of the Partnership's property and the property of its operating subsidiary in the ordinary course of business;
- recommendations on capital raising activities to the board of directors of the Partnership's managing general partner, including the issuance of debt or equity interests, the entry into credit facilities and other capital market transactions;
- managing or overseeing litigation and administrative or regulatory proceedings, and establishing appropriate insurance policies for the Partnership, and providing safety and environmental advice;
- · recommending the payment of distributions; and
- managing or providing advice for other projects as may be agreed by CVR Energy and its managing general partner from time to time.

As payment for services provided under the agreement, the Partnership, its managing general partner or CRNF must pay CVR Energy (i) all costs incurred by CVR Energy in connection with the employment of its employees, other than administrative personnel, who provide the Partnership services under the agreement on a full-time basis, but excluding share-based compensation; (ii) a prorated share of costs incurred by CVR Energy in connection with the employment of its employees, other than administrative personnel, who provide the Partnership services under the agreement on a part-time basis, but excluding share-based compensation, and such prorated share shall be determined by CVR Energy on a commercially reasonable basis, based on the percent of total working time that such shared personnel are engaged in performing services for the Partnership; (iii) a prorated share of certain administrative costs, including office costs, services by outside vendors, other sales, general and administrative costs and depreciation and amortization; and (iv) various other administrative costs in accordance with the terms of the agreement, including travel, insurance, legal and audit services, government and public relations and bank charges.

Effective January 1, 2010, the services agreement was amended whereby a prorata share of administrative personnel costs are charged to the Partnership by CVR Energy. The prorated share is determined by CVR Energy on a commercially reasonable basis, based on the percent of total working time that such administrative personnel are engaged in performing services for the Partnership. Prior to the amendment, the determination of personnel costs associated with administrative personnel was determined by a prorata share of personnel costs of administrative personnel engaged in performing services based upon a percentage of payroll of CRNF in proportion to the total payroll of CRNF and the petroleum business of CVR Energy.

This agreement is expected to be amended in connection with the Offering.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

In order to facilitate the carrying out of services under the agreement, CVR Partners and CVR Energy have granted one another certain royalty-free, non-exclusive and non-transferable rights to use one another's intellectual property under certain circumstances.

Net amounts incurred under the services agreement for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, were approximately \$10,630,000, \$12,121,000 and \$13,055,000, respectively. Of these charges approximately \$8,485,000, \$9,310,000 and \$10,048,000, respectively, are included in selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization). In addition, \$2,145,000, \$2,811,000 and \$3,007,000, respectively, are included in direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization). For services performed in connection with the services agreement, the Company recognized personnel costs of \$3,374,000, \$3,702,000 and \$3,846,000, respectively, for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008. At December 31, 2010 and 2009, payables of \$2,431,000 and \$821,000, respectively, were included in accounts payable on the Consolidated Balance Sheets with respect to amounts billed in accordance with the services agreement.

Due from Affiliate

CVR Partners historically maintained a lending relationship with its affiliate, CRLLC, in order to supplement CRLLC's working capital needs. Amounts loaned to CRLLC are included on the Consolidated Balance Sheets as a due from affiliate. CVR Partners had the right to receive amounts owed from CRLLC upon request.

At December 31, 2010 and 2009, the due from affiliate balance totaled \$0 and \$131,002,000, respectively. On December 31, 2010, the due from affiliate balance was reduced to \$0 as a result of the balance of \$160,000,000 being distributed by the Partnership to CRLLC and the special general partner. For the year ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, the weighted-average interest rate charged on the due from affiliate balance was approximately 8.50% and 8.64%, respectively. The interest rate applied to the due from affiliate balance was derived from the applicable rate incurred in respect of borrowings under CRLLC's first priority revolving credit facility.

At December 31, 2010 and 2009, included in prepaid expenses and other current assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets are receivables of \$2,318,000 and \$961,000, respectively, for accrued interest with respect to amounts due from affiliate. For the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, the Partnership recognized interest income of \$13,117,000, \$8,974,000 and \$1,984,000, respectively, associated with the due from affiliate.

(15) Major Customers and Suppliers

Sales of nitrogen fertilizer to major customers were as follows:

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	December 51,	
	2010	2009	2008
Nitrogen Fertilizer			
Customer A	12%	15%	13%
Customer B	<u>10</u> %	9%	5%
	22%	24%	18%

In addition to contracts with CVR Energy and its affiliates see Note 14 ("Related Party Transactions"), the Partnership maintains long-term contracts with one supplier. Purchases from this supplier as a percentage of direct operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) were as follows:

	December 31,	
2010	2009	2008
5%	5%	5%

FORM OF SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED AGREEMENT OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP OF CVR PARTNERS, LP

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SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED AGREEMENT OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP OF CVR PARTNERS, LP

THIS SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED AGREEMENT OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP OF CVR PARTNERS, LP, dated as of , 2011 and effective as of the Effective Time, is entered into by and among CVR GP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, as the Greenal Partner, and Coffeyville Resources, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, as the Organizational Limited Partner, together with any other Persons who become Partners in the Partnership or parties hereto as provided herein. In consideration of the covenants, conditions and agreements contained herein, the parties hereto hereby agree as follows:

ARTICLE I

DEFINITIONS

Section 1.1 Definitions. The following definitions shall be for all purposes, unless otherwise clearly indicated to the contrary, applied to the terms used in this Agreement.

"Adjusted Capital Account" means the Capital Account maintained for each Partner as of the end of each taxable period of the Partnership, (a) increased by any amounts that such Partner is obligated to restore under the standards set by Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(c) (or is deemed obligated to restore under Treasury Regulation Sections 1.704-2(g)(1) and 1.704-2(j)(5)) and (b) decreased by (i) the amount of all losses and deductions that, as of the end of such taxable period, are reasonably expected to be allocated to such Partner in subsequent taxable period, are reasonably expected to be made to such Partner in subsequent taxable period, are reasonably expected to be made to such Partner in subsequent taxable period in accordance with the terms of this Agreement or otherwise to the extent they exceed offsetting increases to such Partner's Capital Account that are reasonably expected to occur during (or prior to) the taxable period in which such distributions are reasonably expected to be made (other than increases as a result of a minimum gain chargeback pursuant to Sections 6.1(b)(i) or 6.1(b)(ii). The foregoing definition of Adjusted Capital Account is intended to comply with the provisions of Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iii)(d) and shall be interpreted consistently therewith. The "Adjusted Capital Account" of a Partner in respect of any Partnership Interest shall be the amount that such Adjusted Capital Account would be if such Partnership Interest were the only interest in the Partnership held by such Partner from and after the date on which such Partnership Interest was first issued.

"Adjusted Property" means any property the Carrying Value of which has been adjusted pursuant to Sections 5.3(d)(i) or 5.3(d)(ii).

"Affiliate" means, with respect to any Person, any other Person that directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries controls, is controlled by or is under common control with, the Person in question. As used herein, the term "control" means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a Person, whether through ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise.

"Agreed Allocation" means any allocation, other than a Required Allocation, of an item of income, gain, loss or deduction pursuant to the provisions of Section 6.1, including a Curative Allocation (if appropriate to the context in which the term "Agreed Allocation" is used).

"Agreed Value" of any Contributed Property means the fair market value of such property at the time of contribution and in the case of an Adjusted Property, the fair market value of such Adjusted Property on the date of the revaluation event as described in Section 5.3(d), in both cases as determined by the General Partner.

"Agreement" means this Second Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of CVR Partners, LP, as it may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time.

"Amended Contribution Agreement" means the Amended and Restated Contribution Agreement, dated , 2011, by and among the Partnership, the General Partner, Coffeyville Resources, Coffeyville Acquisition III, and the Special General Partner, as such agreement may be amended, restated, modified or replaced from time to time.

"Associate" means, when used to indicate a relationship with any Person, (a) any corporation or organization of which such Person is a director, officer, manager, general partner or managing member or is, directly or indirectly, the owner of 20% or more of any class of voting stock or other voting interest; (b) any trust or other estate in which such Person has at least a 20% beneficial interest or as to which such Person serves as trustee or in a similar fiduciary capacity; and (c) any relative or spouse of such Person, or any relative of such spouse, who has the same principal residence as such Person.

"Board of Directors" means the board of directors of the General Partner.

"Book-Tax Disparity" means with respect to any item of Contributed Property or Adjusted Property, as of the date of any determination, the difference between the Carrying Value of such Contributed Property or Adjusted Property and the adjusted basis thereof for U.S. federal income tax purposes as of such date. A Partner's share of the Partnership's Book-Tax Disparities in all of its Contributed Property and Adjusted Property will be reflected by the difference between such Partner's Capital Account balance as maintained pursuant to Section 5.3 and the hypothetical balance of such Partner's Capital Account computed as if it had been maintained strictly in accordance with U.S. federal income tax accounting principles.

"Business Day" means Monday through Friday of each week, except that a legal holiday recognized as such by the government of the United States of America, the State of Kansas or the State of Texas shall not be regarded as a Business Day.

"Capital Account" means the capital account maintained for a Partner pursuant to Section 5.3. The "Capital Account" of a Partner in respect of a Partnership Interest shall be the amount that such Capital Account would be if such Partnership Interest were the only interest in the Partnership held by such Partner from and after the date on which such Partnership Interest was first issued.

"Capital Contribution" means any cash, cash equivalents or the Net Agreed Value of Contributed Property that a Partner contributes to the Partnership or that is contributed to the Partnership on behalf of a Partner (including, in the case of an underwritten offering of Units, the amount of any underwriting discounts or commissions).

"Carrying Value" means (a) with respect to a Contributed Property or Adjusted Property, the Agreed Value of such property reduced (but not below zero) by all depreciation, amortization and cost recovery deductions charged to the Partners' Capital Accounts in respect of such property, and (b) with respect to any other Partnership property, the adjusted basis of such property for U.S. federal income tax purposes, all as of the time of determination. The Carrying Value of any property shall be adjusted from time to time in accordance with Section 5.3(d), and to reflect changes, additions or other adjustments to the Carrying Value for dispositions and acquisitions of Partnership properties, as deemed appropriate by the General Partner.

"Cause" means a court of competent jurisdiction has entered a final, non-appealable judgment finding that the General Partner, as an entity, has materially breached a material provision of this Agreement or is liable for actual fraud or willful misconduct in its capacity as a general partner of the Partnership.

"Certificate" means a certificate in such form (including global form if permitted by applicable rules and regulations) as may be adopted by the General Partner, issued by the Partnership evidencing ownership of one or more Partnership Interests. The initial form of certificate approved by the General Partner for Common Units is attached as Exhibit A to this Agreement.

"Certificate of Limited Partnership" means the Certificate of Limited Partnership of the Partnership filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware as referenced in Section 7.2, as such Certificate of Limited Partnership may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time.

"claim" (as used in Section 7.12(c)) has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 7.12(c).

"Closing Date" means the first date on which Common Units are sold by the Partnership to the Underwriters pursuant to the provisions of the Underwriting Agreement.

"Closing Price" means, in respect of any class of Limited Partner Interests, as of the date of determination, the last sale price on such day, regular way, or in case no such sale takes place on such day, the average of the closing bid and asked prices on such day, regular way, in either case as reported in the principal consolidated transaction

reporting system with respect to securities listed or admitted to trading on the principal National Securities Exchange on which the respective Limited Partner Interests are listed or admitted to trading on, if such Limited Partner Interests are not listed or admitted to trading on any National Securities Exchange, the last quoted price on such day or, if not so quoted, the average of the high bid and low asked prices on such day in the over-the-counter market, as reported by the primary reporting system then in use in relation to such Limited Partner Interests of such class, or, if on any such day such Limited Partner Interests of such class are not quoted by any such organization, the average of the closing bid and asked prices on such day as furnished by a professional market maker making a market in such Limited Partner Interests of such class, selected by the General Partner, or if on any such day no market maker is making a market in such Limited Partner Interests on such day as determined by the General Partner.

"Code" means the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended and in effect from time to time. Any reference herein to a specific section or sections of the Code shall be deemed to include a reference to any corresponding provision of any successor law.

- "Coffeyville Acquisition III" means Coffeyville Acquisition III LLC, a Delaware limited liability company.
- "Coffeyville Resources" means Coffeyville Resources, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company.
- "Combined Interest" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 11.3(a).
- "Commission" means the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
- "Common Unit" means a Unit representing, when outstanding, a fractional part of the Partnership Interests of all Limited Partners, and having the rights and obligations specified with respect to Common Units in this Agreement.
- "Conflicts Committee" means a committee of the Board of Directors composed entirely of one or more directors who are not (a) officers or employees of the General Partner, (b) officers, directors or employees of any Affiliate of the General Partner or (c) holders of any ownership interest in the General Partner or any of its Affiliates, including any Group Member, other than Common Units and other awards that are granted to such director under the Long Term Incentive Plan and who also meet the independence standards required of directors who serve on an audit committee of a board of directors established by the Securities Exchange Act and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder and by (i) the National Securities Exchange on which any class of Partnership Interests are listed or admitted to trading or (ii) if no class of Partnership Interests is so listed or traded, by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc.
- "Contributed Property" means each property, in such form as may be permitted by the Delaware Act, but excluding cash, contributed to the Partnership. Once the Carrying Value of a Contributed Property is adjusted pursuant to Section 5.3(d), such property shall no longer constitute a Contributed Property, but shall be deemed an Adjusted Property.
- "Contribution Agreement" means that certain Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement, dated as of October 24, 2007, among the General Partner, the Special General Partner, the Organizational Limited Partner and the Partnership, together with the additional conveyance documents and instruments contemplated or referenced thereunder.
- "Credit Agreement" means the Credit Agreement, dated as of , 2011, among the Partnership, , and the other lenders party thereto, as such agreement may be amended, modified, supplemented, replaced, refinanced or otherwise restructured from time to time, including any refinancing, restructuring or replacement by one or more other credit agreements, indentures, purchase agreements or other agreements, whether or not the amount covered thereby is increased or decreased, and with the same or different counterparties.
 - "Curative Allocation" means any allocation of an item of income, gain, deduction, loss or credit pursuant to the provisions of Section 6.1(b)(xi).
- "Current Market Price" means, in respect of any class of Partnership Interests, as of the date of determination, the average of the daily Closing Prices per Partnership Interest of such class for the 20 consecutive Trading Days immediately prior to such date.

- "Delaware Act" means the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act, 6 Del C. Section 17-101, et seq., as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time, and any successor to such statute.
- "Departing General Partner" means a former General Partner from and after the effective date of any withdrawal or removal of such former General Partner pursuant to Sections 11.1 or 11.2.
 - "Economic Risk of Loss" has the meaning set forth in Treasury Regulation Section 1.752-2(a).
 - "Effective Time" means the time of completion of the redemption by the Partnership of the Incentive Distribution Rights pursuant to the Amended Contribution Agreement.
 - "Eligibility Certificate" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 4.8(b).
- "Eligibility Certification" means a properly completed certificate in such form as may be specified by the General Partner by which a Partner certifies that he (and if he is a nominee holding for the account of another Person, that to the best of his knowledge such other Person) is an Eligible Holder.
 - "Eligible Holder" means a Person that satisfies the eligibility requirements established by the General Partner for Partners pursuant to Section 4.8.
 - "Event of Withdrawal" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 11.1(a).
 - "Fertilizer Restricted Businesses" has the meaning assigned to such term in the Omnibus Agreement.
- "General Partner" means CVR GP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, and its successors and permitted assigns that are admitted to the Partnership as the general partner of the Partnership, in their capacity as the general partner of the Partnership.
- "General Partner Interest" means the non-economic management interest of the General Partner in the Partnership (in its capacity as general partner without reference to any Limited Partner Interest), which includes any and all rights, powers and benefits to which the General Partner is entitled as provided in this Agreement, together with all obligations of the General Partner to comply with the terms and provisions of this Agreement. The General Partner Interest does not have any rights to ownership or profits or any rights to receive distributions from operations or the liquidation or winding-up of the Partnership.
- "Gross Liability Value" means, with respect to any Liability of the Partnership described in Treasury Regulation Section 1.752-7(b)(3)(i), the amount of cash that a willing assignor would pay to a willing assignee to assume such Liability in an arm's-length transaction.
- "Group" means a Person that with or through any of its Affiliates or Associates has any contract, arrangement, understanding or relationship for the purpose of acquiring, holding, voting (except voting pursuant to a revocable proxy or consent given to such Person in response to a proxy or consent solicitation made to 10 or more Persons), exercising investment power or disposing of any Partnership Interests with any other Person that beneficially owns, or whose Affiliates or Associates beneficially own, directly or indirectly, Partnership Interests.
 - "Group Member" means a member of the Partnership Group.
- "Group Member Agreement" means the partnership agreement of any Group Member, other than the Partnership, that is a limited or general partnership, the limited liability company agreement of any Group Member that is a limited liability company, the certificate of incorporation and bylaws or similar organizational documents of any Group Member that is a corporation, the joint venture agreement or similar governing document of any Group Member that is a joint venture and the governing or organizational or similar documents of any other Group Member that is a Person other than a limited or general partnership, limited liability company, corporation or joint venture, as such may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time.
 - "Holder" as used in Section 7.12, has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 7.12(a).
- "Incentive Distribution Rights" means, prior to their extinguishment pursuant to Section 5.1 hereto, a non-voting Limited Partner Interest which conferred upon the holder thereof the rights and obligations specifically provided in the original Agreement of Limited Partnership of the Partnership, as heretofore amended.

"Indemnified Persons" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 7.12(c).

"Indemnitee" means (a) the General Partner, (b) any Departing General Partner, (c) any Person who is or was a director, officer, fiduciary, trustee, manager or managing member of any Group Member, the General Partner or any Departing General Partner, (d) any Person who is or was a manager, managing member, director, officer, employee, agent, fiduciary or trustee of any Group Member, a General Partner, any Departing General Partner or any of their respective Affiliates, (e) any Person who is or was serving at the request of the General Partner or any Departing General Partner as a director, officer, fiduciary, trustee, manager or managing member of another Person owing a fiduciary duty to any Group Member; provided that a Person shall not be an Indemnitee by reason of providing, on a fee-for-services basis, trustee, fiduciary or custodial services, (f) any Person who controls or has previously controlled, directly or indirectly, the General Partner and (g) any Person the General Partner designates as an "Indemnitee" for purposes of this Agreement because such Person's service, status or relationship exposes such Person to potential claims, demands, actions, suits or proceedings relating to the Partnership Group's business and affairs.

"Ineligible Holder" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 4.8(c).

"Initial Offering" means the initial offering and sale of Common Units to the public, as described in the Registration Statement, including the offering and any sale of Common Units pursuant to the Over-Allotment Option.

"Limited Partner" means, unless the context otherwise requires, the Organizational Limited Partner, each additional Person that becomes a Limited Partner pursuant to the terms of this Agreement and any Departing General Partner or Special General Partner upon the change of its status from General Partner or Special General Partner to Limited Partner pursuant to Section 11.3 or Section 5.1(c), in each case in such Person's capacity as a limited partner of the Partnership.

"Limited Partner Interest" means the ownership interest of a Limited Partner in the Partnership, which may be evidenced by Common Units or other Units or a combination thereof or interest therein, and includes any and all benefits to which such Limited Partner is entitled as provided in this Agreement, together with all obligations of such Limited Partner to comply with the terms and provisions of this Agreement.

"Liquidation Date" means (a) in the case of an event giving rise to the dissolution of the Partnership of the type described in clauses (a) and (b) of the first sentence of Section 12.2, the date on which the applicable time period during which the Partners have the right to elect to continue the business of the Partnership has expired without such an election being made, and (b) in the case of any other event giving rise to the dissolution of the Partnership, the date on which such event occurs.

"Liquidator" means one or more Persons selected by the General Partner to perform the functions described in Section 12.4 as liquidating trustee of the Partnership within the meaning of the Delaware Act.

"Long Term Incentive Plan" means the CVR Partners, LP 2011 Long-Term Incentive Plan, as it may be amended, restated or modified from time to time, or any equity compensation plan successor thereto.

"Merger Agreement" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 14.1.

"National Securities Exchange" means an exchange registered with the Commission under Section 6(a) of the Securities Exchange Act (or any successor to such Section) and any other securities exchange (whether or not registered with the Commission under Section 6(a) of the Securities Exchange Act (or successor to such Section)) that the General Partner shall designate as a National Securities Exchange for purposes of this Agreement.

"Net Agreed Value" means, (a) in the case of any Contributed Property, the Agreed Value of such property reduced by any liabilities either assumed by the Partnership upon such contribution or to which such property is subject when contributed and (b) in the case of any property distributed to a Partner by the Partnership, the Partnership's Carrying Value of such property (as adjusted pursuant to Section 5.3(d)(ii)) at the time such property is distributed, reduced by any liabilities either assumed by such Partner upon such distribution or to which such property is subject at the time of distribution.

- "Net Income" means, for any taxable period, the excess, if any, of the Partnership's items of income and gain for such taxable period over the Partnership's items of loss and deduction for such taxable period. The items included in the calculation of Net Income shall be determined in accordance with Section 5.3(b) and shall not include any items specially allocated under Section 6.1(b).
- "Net Loss" means, for any taxable period, the excess, if any, of the Partnership's items of loss and deduction for such taxable period over the Partnership's items of income and for such taxable period. The items included in the calculation of Net Loss shall be determined in accordance with Section 5.3(b) and shall not include any items specially allocated under Section 6.1(b).
- "Nonrecourse Built-in Gain" means with respect to any Contributed Properties or Adjusted Properties that are subject to a mortgage or pledge securing a Nonrecourse Liability, the amount of any taxable gain that would be allocated to the Partners pursuant to Section 6.2(b) if such properties were disposed of in a taxable transaction in full satisfaction of such liabilities and for no other consideration.
- "Nonrecourse Deductions" means any and all items of loss, deduction or expenditure (including any expenditure described in Section 705(a)(2)(B) of the Code) that, in accordance with the principles of Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(b), are attributable to a Nonrecourse Liability.
 - "Nonrecourse Liability" has the meaning set forth in Treasury Regulation Section 1.752-1(a)(2).
 - "Notice of Election to Purchase" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 15.1(b).
- "Omnibus Agreement" means that certain Amended and Restated Omnibus Agreement, dated as of April , 2011, among CVR Energy, Inc., the General Partner and the Partnership, as such may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time.
- "Opinion of Counsel" means a written opinion of counsel (who may be regular counsel to the Partnership or the General Partner or any of its Affiliates) acceptable to the General Partner.
 - "Option Closing Date" means the date or dates on which any Common Units are sold by the Partnership to the Underwriters upon exercise of the Over-Allotment Option.
 - "Organizational Limited Partner" means Coffeyville Resources, LLC in its capacity as the organizational limited partner of the Partnership pursuant to this Agreement
- "Outstanding" means, with respect to Partnership Interests, all Partnership Interests that are issued by the Partnership and reflected as outstanding on the Partnership's books and records as of the date of determination; provided, however, that if at any time any Person or Group (other than the General Partner or its Affiliates, including Coffeyville Resources, LLC and CVR Energy, Inc.) beneficially owns 20% or more of the Outstanding Limited Partner Interests of any class then Outstanding, none of the Limited Partner Interests owned by such Person or Group shall be entitled to be voted on any matter and shall not be considered to be Outstanding when sending notices of a meeting of Limited Partners to vote on any matter (unless otherwise required by law), calculating required votes, determining the presence of a quorum or for other similar purposes under this Agreement, except that Limited Partner Interests so owned shall be considered to be Outstanding for purposes of Section 11.1(b)(iv) (such Partnership Interests shall not, however, be treated as a separate class of Partnership Interests for purposes of this Agreement or the Delaware Act); provided, further, that the foregoing limitation on voting of Partnership Interests shall not apply to (i) any Person or Group who acquired 20% or more of the Outstanding Limited Partner Interests of any class then Outstanding directly from the General Partner or its Affiliates (other than the Partnership), (ii) any Person or Group who acquired 20% or more of any Limited Partner Interests of any class then Outstanding directly or indirectly from a Person or Group described in clause (i) provided that the General Partner shall have notified such Person or Group in writing that such limitation shall not apply.
 - "Over-Allotment Option" means the over-allotment option granted to the Underwriters by the Partnership pursuant to the Underwriting Agreement.
 - "Partner Nonrecourse Debt" has the meaning given to such term in Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(b)(4).

- "Partner Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain" has the meaning given to such term in Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(i)(2).
- "Partner Nonrecourse Deductions" means any and all items of loss, deduction or expenditure (including any expenditure described in Section 705(a)(2)(B) of the Code) that, in accordance with the principles of Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(i)(1), are attributable to a Partner Nonrecourse Debt.
 - "Partners" means the General Partner and the Limited Partners
 - "Partnership" means CVR Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership.
 - "Partnership Group" means the Partnership and its Subsidiaries treated as a single entity.
- "Partnership Interest" means an interest in the Partnership, which shall include any General Partner Interest and Limited Partner Interests but shall exclude any options, rights, warrants and appreciation rights relating to an equity interest in the Partnership and, for the purpose of Section 7.12, shall include any interests into which such Partnership Interests are convertible or for which such Partnership Interests are exchangeable.
- "Partnership Minimum Gain" means the amount of "partnership minimum gain" determined in accordance with the principles of Treasury Regulation Sections 1.704-2(b)(2) and 1.704-2(d).
- "Percentage Interest" means as of any date of determination (a) as to any Unitholder with respect to Units, the product obtained by multiplying (i) 100% less the percentage applicable to clause (b) below by (ii) the quotient obtained by dividing (A) the number of Units held by such Unitholder, by (B) the total number of all Outstanding Units, and (b) as to the holders of other Partnership Interests issued by the Partnership in accordance with Section 5.4, the percentage established (or determined as established) as a part of such issuance. The Percentage Interest with respect to the General Partner Interest shall at all times be zero.
- "Person" means an individual or a corporation, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, trust, unincorporated organization, association, government agency or political subdivision thereof or other entity.
- "Pro Rata" means (a) when used with respect to Units or any class thereof, apportioned equally among all designated Units in accordance with their relative Percentage Interests and (b) when used with respect to Partners or Record Holders, apportioned among all Partners or Record Holders in accordance with their relative Percentage Interests.
- "Purchase Date" means the date determined by the General Partner as the date for purchase of all Outstanding Limited Partner Interests of a certain class (other than Limited Partner Interests owned by the General Partner and its Affiliates) pursuant to Article XV.
 - "Quarter" means, unless the context requires otherwise, a fiscal quarter of the Partnership.
 - "Rate Eligibility Trigger" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 4.8(a)(i).
- "Recapture Income" means any gain recognized by the Partnership (computed without regard to any adjustment required by Section 734 or Section 743 of the Code) upon the disposition of any property or asset of the Partnership, which gain is characterized as ordinary income because it represents the recapture of deductions previously taken with respect to such property or asset.
- "Record Date" means the date established by the General Partner or otherwise in accordance with this Agreement for determining (a) the identity of the Record Holders entitled to notice of, or to vote at, any meeting of Limited Partners or entitled to vote by ballot or give approval of Partnership action in writing without a meeting or entitled to exercise rights in respect of any lawful action of Limited Partners or (b) the identity of Record Holders entitled to receive any report or distribution or to participate in any offer.
- "Record Holder" means (a) with respect to Partnership Interests of any class of Partnership Interests for which a Transfer Agent has been appointed, the Person in whose name a Partnership Interest of such class is registered on the books of the Transfer Agent as of the opening of business on a particular Business Day, or (b) with respect to other classes of Partnership Interests, the Person in whose name any such other Partnership Interest is registered on the books that the General Partner has caused to be kept as of the opening of business on such Business Day.

- "Redeemable Interests" means any Partnership Interests for which a redemption notice has been given, and has not been withdrawn, pursuant to Section 4.9.
- "Registration Statement" means the Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-171270) as it has been or as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, filed by the Partnership with the Commission under the Securities Act to register the offering and sale of the Common Units in the Initial Offering, including any related registration statement filed pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act.
- "Required Allocations" means any allocation of an item of income, gain, loss or deduction pursuant to Sections 6.1(b)(i), 6.1(b)(ii), 6.1(b)(iv), 6.1(b)(vi), 6.1(b)(vi), 6.1(b)(vii) or 6.1(b)(ix).
 - "Securities Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time and any successor to such statute.
 - "Securities Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time and any successor to such statute.
 - "Special Approval" means approval by a majority of the members of the Conflicts Committee.
- "Special General Partner" means CVR Special GP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company that was previously admitted to the Partnership as special general partner of the Partnership, and whose Special Units were exchanged for Common Units pursuant to the Amended Contribution Agreement.
- "Special General Partner Interest" means, historically, the management and ownership interest of the Special General Partner in the Partnership (in its capacity as Special General Partner).
- "Special GP Units" the 30,303,000 special GP units which represented, prior to their exchange pursuant to the Amended Contribution Agreement, the Special General Partner Interest.
- "Special LP Units" the 30,333 special LP units which represented, prior to their exchange pursuant to the Amended Contribution Agreement, all of the limited partner interests in the Partnership.
 - "Special Units" means the Special GP Units and the Special LP Units, collectively.
- "Subsidiary" means, with respect to any Person, (a) a corporation of which more than 50% of the voting power of shares entitled (without regard to the occurrence of any contingency) to vote in the election of directors or other governing body of such corporation is owned, directly or indirectly, at the date of determination, by such Person, by one or more Subsidiaries of such Person or a combination thereof, (b) a partnership (whether general or limited) in which such Person or a Subsidiary of such Person is, at the date of determination, a general partner of such partnership, but only if such Person, directly or by one or more Subsidiaries of such Person, or a combination thereof, controls such partnership, directly or indirectly, at the date of determination or (c) any other Person in which such Person, one or more Subsidiaries of such Person, or a combination thereof, directly or indirectly, at the date of determination, has (i) at least a majority ownership interest or (ii) the power to elect or direct the election of a majority of the directors or other governing body of such Person.
 - "Surviving Business Entity" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 14.2(b)(ii).
- "Trading Day" means, for the purpose of determining the Current Market Price of any class of Limited Partner Interests, a day on which the principal National Securities Exchange on which such class of Limited Partner Interests is listed or admitted to trading is open for the transaction of business or, if Limited Partner Interests of a class are not listed or admitted to trading on any National Securities Exchange, a day on which banking institutions in New York City generally are open.
 - "transfer" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 4.4(a).
- "Transfer Agent" means such bank, trust company or other Person (including the General Partner or one of its Affiliates) as may be appointed from time to time by the Partnership to act as registrar and transfer agent for any class of Partnership Interests; provided that if no Transfer Agent is specifically designated for any class of Partnership Interests, the General Partner shall act in such capacity.

- "Underwriter" means each Person named as an underwriter in the Underwriting Agreement who purchases Common Units pursuant thereto.
- "Underwriting Agreement" means that certain Underwriting Agreement dated , 2011, by and among the representatives of the Underwriters, the Partnership, and the other parties thereto, providing for the purchase of Common Units by the Underwriters, as supplemented by the Joinder Agreement, dated 2011, by the General Partner.
 - "Unit" means a Partnership Interest that is designated as a "Unit" and shall include Common Units.
 - "Unit Majority" means at least a majority of the Outstanding Common Units.
 - "Unitholders" means the holders of Units.
- "Unrealized Gain" attributable to any item of Partnership property means, as of any date of determination, the excess, if any, of (a) the fair market value of such property as of such date (as determined under Section 5.3(d)) over (b) the Carrying Value of such property as of such date (prior to any adjustment to be made pursuant to Section 5.3(d) as of such date).
- "Unrealized Loss" attributable to any item of Partnership property means, as of any date of determination, the excess, if any, of (a) the Carrying Value of such property as of such date (prior to any adjustment to be made pursuant to Section 5.3(d) as of such date) over (b) the fair market value of such property as of such date (as determined under Section 5.3(d)).
- "Unrestricted Person" means each Indemnitee, each Partner and each Person who is or was a member, partner, director, officer, employee or agent of any Group Member, the General Partner or any Departing General Partner or any Affiliate of any Group Member, the General Partner or any Departing General Partner and any Person the General Partner designates as an "Unrestricted Person" for purposes of this Agreement.
 - "U.S. GAAP" means United States generally accepted accounting principles, as in effect from time to time, consistently applied.
 - "Withdrawal Opinion of Counsel" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 11.1(b).
- Section 1.2 Construction. Unless the context requires otherwise: (a) any pronoun used in this Agreement shall include the corresponding masculine, feminine or neuter forms; (b) references to Articles and Sections refer to Articles and Sections of this Agreement; (c) the terms "include", "includes", "including" and words of like import shall be deemed to be followed by the words "without limitation"; and (d) the terms "hereof", "herein" and "hereunder" refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular provision of this Agreement. The table of contents and headings contained in this Agreement are for reference purposes only, and shall not affect in any way the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement.

ARTICLE II

ORGANIZATION

- Section 2.1 Formation. The General Partner and the Organizational Limited Partner previously formed the Partnership as a limited partnership pursuant to the provisions of the Delaware Act. The General Partner and the Organizational Limited Partner hereby amend and restate the original Agreement of Limited Partnership of the Partnership, as heretofore amended, in its entirety. This amendment and restatement shall become effective on the date of this Agreement. Except as expressly provided to the contrary in this Agreement, the rights, duties, liabilities and obligations of the Partners and the administration, dissolution and termination of the Partnership shall be governed by the Delaware Act.
- Section 2.2 *Name.* The name of the Partnership shall be "CVR Partners, LP". The Partnership's business may be conducted under any other name or names as determined by the General Partner, including the name of the General Partner. The words "Limited Partnership," the letters "LP," or "Ltd." or similar words or letters shall be included in the Partnership's name where necessary for the purpose of complying with the laws of any jurisdiction

that so requires. The General Partner may change the name of the Partnership at any time and from time to time and shall notify the Partners of such change in the next regular communication to the Partners

Section 2.3 Registered Office; Registered Agent; Principal Office; Other Offices. Unless and until changed by the General Partner, the registered office of the Partnership in the State of Delaware shall be located at 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware 19801, and the registered agent for service of process on the Partnership in the State of Delaware at such registered office shall be The Corporation Trust Company. The principal office of the Partnership shall be located at 2277 Plaza Drive, Suite 500, Sugar Land, Texas 77479 or such other place as the General Partner may from time to time designate by notice to the Partnership may maintain offices at such other place or places within or outside the State of Delaware as the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate. The address of the General Partner shall be 2277 Plaza Drive, Suite 500, Sugar Land, Texas 77479 or such other place as the General Partner may from time to time designate by notice to the Partners.

Section 2.4 Purpose and Business. The purpose and nature of the business to be conducted by the Partnership shall be to engage directly in, or enter into or form, hold and dispose of any corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company or other arrangement to engage indirectly in, any business activity that is approved by the General Partner, in its sole discretion, and that lawfully may be conducted by a limited partnership organized pursuant to the Delaware Act and, in connection therewith, to exercise all of the rights and powers conferred upon the Partnership pursuant to the agreements relating to such business activity, and do anything necessary or appropriate to the foregoing, including the making of capital contributions or loans to a Group Member; provided, however, that the General Partner shall not cause the Partnership to engage, directly or indirectly, in any business activity that the General Partner determines would be reasonably likely to cause the Partnership to be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise taxable as an entity for federal income tax purposes. To the fullest extent permitted by law, the General Partner shall have no duty or obligation to propose or approve, and may, in its sole discretion, decline to propose or approve, the conduct by the Partnership of any business.

Section 2.5 *Powers*. The Partnership shall be empowered to do any and all acts and things necessary, appropriate, proper, advisable, incidental to or convenient for the furtherance and accomplishment of the purposes and business described in Section 2.4 and for the protection and benefit of the Partnership.

Section 2.6 *Term.* The term of the Partnership commenced upon the filing of the Certificate of Limited Partnership in accordance with the Delaware Act and shall continue until the dissolution of the Partnership in accordance with the provisions of Article XII. The existence of the Partnership as a separate legal entity shall continue until the cancellation of the Certificate of Limited Partnership as provided in the Delaware Act.

Section 2.7 *Title to Partnership Assets.* Title to Partnership assets, whether real, personal or mixed and whether tangible or intangible, shall be deemed to be owned by the Partnership as an entity, and no Partner, individually or collectively, shall have any ownership interest in such Partnership assets or any portion thereof. Title to any or all of the Partnership assets may be held in the name of the Partnership, the General Partner, one or more of its Affiliates or one or more nominees, as the General Partner may determine. The General Partner hereby declares and warrants that any Partnership assets for which record title is held in the name of the General Partner or one or more of its Affiliates or one or more nominees shall be held by the General Partner or such Affiliate or nominee for the use and benefit of the Partnership in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement; provided, however, that the General Partner shall use reasonable efforts to cause record title to such assets (other than those assets in respect of which the General Partner determines that the expense and difficulty of conveyancing makes transfer of record title to the Partnership impracticable; to be vested in the Partnership as soon as reasonably practicable; provided, further, that, prior to the withdrawal or removal of the General Partner or as soon thereafter as practicable, the General Partner shall use reasonable efforts to effect the transfer of record title to the Partnership and, prior to any such transfer, will provide for the use of such assets in a manner satisfactory to the General Partner. All Partnership assets shall be recorded as the property of the Partnership in its books and records, irrespective of the name in which record title to such Partnership assets is held.

ARTICLE III

RIGHTS OF LIMITED PARTNERS

Section 3.1 Limitation of Liability. The Limited Partners shall have no liability under this Agreement except as expressly provided in this Agreement or the Delaware Act.

Section 3.2 Management of Business. No Limited Partner, in its capacity as such, shall participate in the operation, management or control (within the meaning of the Delaware Act) of the Partnership's business, transact any business in the Partnership's name or have the power to sign documents for or otherwise bind the Partnership. Any action taken by any Affiliate of the General Partner or any officer, director, employee, manager, member, general partner, agent or trustee of the General Partner or any of its Affiliates, or any officer, director, employee, manager, member, general partner, agent or trustee of a Group Member, in its capacity as such, shall not be deemed to be participation in the control of the business of the Partnership by a limited partner of the Partnership (within the meaning of Section 17-303(a) of the Delaware Act) and shall not affect, impair or eliminate the limitations on the liability of the Limited Partners under this Agreement.

Section 3.3 *Outside Activities of the Limited Partners*. Subject to the provisions of Section 7.5 and the Omnibus Agreement, which shall continue to be applicable to the Persons referred to therein, regardless of whether such Persons shall also be Limited Partners, each Limited Partner shall be entitled to and may have any business interests and engage in any business activities in addition to those relating to the Partnership, including business interests and activities in direct competition with the Partnership Group. Neither the Partnership nor any of the other Partners shall have any rights by virtue of this Agreement in any business ventures of any Limited Partner.

Section 3.4 Rights of Limited Partners.

- (a) In addition to other rights provided by this Agreement or by applicable law (other than Section 17-305(a) of the Delaware Act, the obligations of which are expressly replaced in their entirety by the provisions below), and except as limited by Section 3.4(b), each Limited Partner shall have the right, for a purpose that is reasonably related, as determined by the General Partner, to such Limited Partner's interest as a Limited Partner in the Partnership, upon reasonable written demand stating the purpose of such demand and at such Limited Partner's own expense to obtain:
 - (i) true and full information regarding the status of the business and financial condition of the Partnership (provided that the requirements of this Section 3.4(a)(i) shall be satisfied to the extent the Limited Partner is furnished the Partnership's most recent annual report and any subsequent quarterly or periodic reports required to be filed (or which would be required to be filed) with the Commission pursuant to Section 13 of the Exchange Act);
 - (ii) promptly after its becoming available, all information reasonably required to facilitate the preparation and filing of such Limited Partner's federal, state and local income tax returns for each year;
 - (iii) a current list of the name and last known business, residence or mailing address of each Record Holder;
 - (iv) a copy of this Agreement and the Certificate of Limited Partnership and all amendments thereto, together with copies of the executed copies of all powers of attorney pursuant to which this Agreement, the Certificate of Limited Partnership and all amendments thereto have been executed;
 - (v) true and full information regarding the amount of cash and a description and statement of the Net Agreed Value of any other Capital Contribution by each Partner and that each Partner has agreed to contribute in the future, and the date on which each became a Partner; and
 - (vi) such other information regarding the affairs of the Partnership as the General Partner determines is just and reasonable.
- (b) The General Partner may keep confidential from the Limited Partners, for such period of time as the General Partner deems reasonable, (i) any information that the General Partner reasonably believes to be in the nature of trade secrets or (ii) other information the disclosure of which the General Partner believes (A) is not in the

best interests of the Partnership Group, (B) could damage the Partnership Group or its business or (C) that any Group Member is required by law or by agreement with any third party to keep confidential (other than agreements with Affiliates of the Partnership the primary purpose of which is to circumvent the obligations set forth in this Section 3.4).

ARTICLE IV

CERTIFICATES; RECORD HOLDERS; TRANSFER OF PARTNERSHIP INTERESTS; REDEMPTION OF PARTNERSHIP INTERESTS

Section 4.1 Certificates. Notwithstanding anything otherwise to the contrary herein, unless the General Partner shall determine otherwise in respect of some or all of any or all classes of Partnership Interests, Partnership Interests shall not be evidenced by certificates. Certificates that may be issued shall be executed on behalf of the Partnership by the Chairman of the Board, President or any Executive Vice President or Vice President and the Secretary or any Assistant Secretary of the General Partner. No Certificate for such class of Partnership Interests shall be valid for any purpose until it has been countersigned by the Transfer Agent; provided, however, that if the General Partner elects to cause the Partnership to issue Partnership Interests of such class in global form, the Certificate shall be valid upon receipt of a certificate from the Transfer Agent certifying that the Partnership Interests have been duly registered in accordance with the directions of the Partnership.

Section 4.2 Mutilated, Destroyed, Lost or Stolen Certificates.

- (a) If any mutilated Certificate is surrendered to the Transfer Agent, the appropriate officers of the General Partner on behalf of the Partnership shall execute, and the Transfer Agent shall countersign and deliver in exchange therefor, a new Certificate evidencing the same number and type of Partnership Interests as the Certificate so surrendered.
- (b) The appropriate officers of the General Partner on behalf of the Partnership shall execute and deliver, and the Transfer Agent shall countersign, a new Certificate in place of any Certificate previously issued if the Record Holder of the Certificate:
 - (i) makes proof by affidavit, in form and substance satisfactory to the General Partner, that a previously issued Certificate has been lost, destroyed or stolen;
 - (ii) requests the issuance of a new Certificate before the General Partner has notice that the Certificate has been acquired by a purchaser for value in good faith and without notice of an adverse claim:
 - (iii) if requested by the General Partner, delivers to the General Partner a bond, in form and substance satisfactory to the General Partner, with surety or sureties and with fixed or open penalty as the General Partner may direct, to indemnify the Partnership, the Partners, the General Partner and the Transfer Agent against any claim that may be made on account of the alleged loss, destruction or theft of the Certificate; and
 - (iv) satisfies any other reasonable requirements imposed by the General Partner.
- If a Partner fails to notify the General Partner within a reasonable period of time after such Partner has notice of the loss, destruction or theft of a Certificate, and a transfer of the Partner Interests represented by the Certificate is registered before the Partnership, the General Partner or the Transfer Agent receives such notification, the Partner shall be precluded from making any claim against the Partnership, the General Partner or the Transfer Agent for such transfer or for a new Certificate.
- (c) As a condition to the issuance of any new Certificate under this Section 4.2, the General Partner may require the payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in relation thereto and any other expenses (including the fees and expenses of the Transfer Agent) reasonably connected therewith.
- Section 4.3 *Record Holders.* The Partnership shall be entitled to recognize the Record Holder as the Partner with respect to any Partnership Interest and, accordingly, shall not be bound to recognize any equitable or other claim to, or interest in, such Partnership Interest on the part of any other Person, regardless of whether the

Partnership shall have actual or other notice thereof, except as otherwise provided by law or any applicable rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of any National Securities Exchange on which such Partnership Interests are listed or admitted to trading. Without limiting the foregoing, when a Person (such as a broker, dealer, bank, trust company or clearing corporation or an agent of any of the foregoing) is acting as nominee, agent or in some other representative capacity for another Person in acquiring and/or holding Partnership Interests, as between the Partnership on the one hand, and such other Persons on the other, such representative Person shall be (a) the Record Holder of such Partnership Interest and (b) bound by this Agreement and shall have the rights and obligations of a Partner hereunder as, and to the extent, provided herein.

Section 4.4 Transfer Generally

- (a) The term "transfer," when used in this Agreement with respect to a Partnership Interest, shall mean a transaction (i) by which the General Partner assigns its General Partner Interest to another Person, and includes a sale, assignment, gift, pledge, grant of security interest, encumbrance, hypothecation, mortgage, exchange or any other disposition by law or otherwise, or (ii) by which the holder of a Limited Partner Interest assigns such Limited Partner Interest to another Person who is or becomes a Limited Partner, and includes a sale, assignment, gift, exchange or any other disposition by law or otherwise (but not the pledge, grant of security interest, encumbrance, hypothecation or mortgage), including any transfer upon foreclosure or other exercise of remedies of any pledge, security interest, encumbrance, hypothecation or mortgage.
- (b) No Partnership Interest shall be transferred, in whole or in part, except in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in this Article IV. Any transfer or purported transfer of a Partnership Interest not made in accordance with this Article IV shall be, to the fullest extent permitted by law, null and void.
- (c) Nothing contained in this Agreement shall be construed to prevent a disposition by any stockholder, member, partner or other owner of any Partner of any or all of the shares of stock, membership interests, partnership interests or other ownership interests in such Partner and the term "transfer" shall not mean any such disposition.

Section 4.5 Registration and Transfer of Limited Partner Interests.

- (a) The General Partner shall keep or cause to be kept on behalf of the Partnership a register in which, subject to such reasonable regulations as it may prescribe and subject to the provisions of Section 4.5(b), the Partnership will provide for the registration and transfer of Limited Partner Interests.
- (b) The Partnership shall not recognize any transfer of Limited Partner Interests evidenced by Certificates until the Certificates evidencing such Limited Partner Interests are surrendered for registration of transfer. No charge shall be imposed by the General Partner for such transfer; provided, that as a condition to the issuance of any new Certificate under this Section 4.5, the General Partner may require the payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed with respect thereto. Upon surrender of a Certificate for registration of transfer of any Limited Partner Interests evidenced by a Certificate, and subject to the provisions hereof, the appropriate officers of the General Partner on behalf of the Partnership shall execute and deliver, and in the case of Certificates evidencing Limited Partner Interests, the Transfer Agent shall countersign and deliver, in the name of the holder or the designated transferee or transferees, as required pursuant to the holder's instructions, one or more new Certificates evidencing the same aggregate number and type of Limited Partner Interests as was evidenced by the Certificate so surrendered.
- (c) By acceptance of the transfer of any Limited Partner Interests in accordance with this Section 4.5 and except as provided in Section 4.8, each transferee of a Limited Partner Interest (including any nominee holder or an agent or representative acquiring such Limited Partner Interests for the account of another Person) (i) shall be admitted to the Partnership as a Limited Partner with respect to the Limited Partner Interests so transferred to such Person when any such transfer or admission is reflected in the books and records of the Partnership and such Limited Partner becomes the Record Holder of the Limited Partner Interests so transferred, (ii) shall become bound by the terms of this Agreement, (iii) represents that the transferee has the capacity, power and authority to enter into this Agreement, and (iv) makes the consents and waivers contained in this Agreement, all with or without execution of this Agreement. The transfer of any Limited Partner Interests and the admission of any new Limited Partner shall not constitute an amendment to this Agreement.

(d) Subject to (i) the foregoing provisions of this Section 4.5, (ii) Section 4.3, (iii) Section 4.7, (iv) with respect to any class or series of Limited Partner Interests, the provisions of any statement of designations or amendment of this Agreement establishing such class or series, (v) any contractual provisions binding on any Limited Partner and (vi) provisions of applicable law including the Securities Act, Limited Partner Interests shall be freely transferable.

Section 4.6 Transfer of the General Partner Interest.

- (a) Subject to Section 4.6(c) below, prior to March 31, 2021, the General Partner shall not transfer all or any part of its General Partner Interest to a Person unless such transfer (i) has been approved by the prior written consent or vote of Partners (excluding the General Partner and its Affiliates) holding a majority of the Percentage Interests of all Partners (excluding the Percentage Interests of the General Partner and its Affiliates) or (ii) is of all, but not less than all, of its General Partner Interest to (A) an Affiliate of the General Partner (other than an individual) in connection with the merger or consolidation of the General Partner with or into such other Person or the transfer by the General Partner of all or substantially all of its assets to such other Person.
 - (b) Subject to Section 4.6(c) below, on or after March 31, 2021, the General Partner may transfer all or any part of its General Partner Interest without Unitholder approval.
- (c) Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, no transfer by the General Partner of all or any part of its General Partner Interest to another Person shall be permitted unless (i) the transferee agrees to assume the rights and duties of the General Partner under this Agreement and to be bound by the provisions of this Agreement, (ii) the Partnership receives an Opinion of Counsel that such transfer would not result in the loss of limited liability under Delaware law of any Limited Partner or cause the Partnership to be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise to be taxed as an entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes (to the extent not already so treated or taxed) and (iii) such transfere also agrees to purchase all (or the appropriate portion thereof, if applicable) of the partnership or membership interest of the General Partner as the general partner or managing member, if any, of each other Group Member. In the case of a transfer pursuant to and in compliance with this Section 4.6, the transferee or successor (as the case may be) shall, subject to compliance with the terms of Section 10.2, be admitted to the Partnership as the General Partner effective immediately prior to the transfer of the General Partner Interest, and the business of the Partnership shall continue without dissolution.

Section 4.7 Restrictions on Transfers.

- (a) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Article IV, no transfer of any Partnership Interests shall be made if such transfer would (i) violate the then applicable U.S. federal or state securities laws or rules and regulations of the Commission, any state securities commission or any other governmental authority with jurisdiction over such transfer, (ii) terminate the existence or qualification of the Partnership under the laws of the jurisdiction of its formation, or (iii) cause the Partnership to be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise to be taxed as an entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes (to the extent not already so treated or taxed).
- (b) The General Partner may impose restrictions on the transfer of Partnership Interests if the General Partner determines, with the advice of counsel, that such restrictions are necessary or advisable to (i) avoid a significant risk of the Partnership becoming taxable as a corporation or otherwise becoming taxable as an entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes or (ii) preserve the uniformity of Limited Partner Interests (or any class or classes thereof). The General Partner may impose such restrictions by amending this Agreement; provided, however, that any amendment that would result in the delisting or suspension of trading of any class of Limited Partner Interests on the principal National Securities Exchange on which such class of Limited Partner Interests is then listed or admitted to trading must be approved, prior to such amendment being effected, by the holders of at least a majority of the Outstanding Limited Partner Interests of such class.
- (c) Nothing contained in this Article IV, or elsewhere in this Agreement, shall preclude the settlement of any transactions involving Partnership Interests entered into through the facilities of any National Securities Exchange on which such Partnership Interests are listed or admitted to trading.

Section 4.8 Eligibility Certificates; Ineligible Holders.

- (a) If at any time the General Partner determines, with the advice of counsel, that
- (i) the Partnership's status other than as an association taxable as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes or the failure of the Partnership otherwise to be subject to an entity-level tax for U.S. federal, state or local income tax purposes, coupled with the tax status (or lack of proof of the U.S. federal income tax status) of one or more Partners, has or will reasonably likely have a material adverse effect on the maximum applicable rate that can be charged to customers by Subsidiaries of the Partnership (a "Rate Eligibility Triager"): or
- (ii) any Group Member is subject to any federal, state or local law or regulation that would create a substantial risk of cancellation or forfeiture of any property in which the Group Member has an interest based on the nationality, citizenship or other related status of a Partner (a "Citizenship Eligibility Trigger");

then, the General Partner may adopt such amendments to this Agreement as it determines to be necessary or advisable to (x) in the case of a Rate Eligibility Trigger, obtain such proof of the U.S. federal income tax status of the Partners and, to the extent relevant, their beneficial owners, as the General Partner determines to be necessary to establish those Partners whose U.S. federal income tax status does not or would not have a material adverse effect on the maximum applicable rate that can be charged to customers by Subsidiaries of the Partnership or (y) in the case of a Citizenship Eligibility Trigger, obtain such proof of the nationality, citizenship or other related status (or, if the General Partner is a nominee holding for the account of another Person, the nationality, citizenship or other related status of such Person) of the Partner as the General Partner determines to be necessary to establish and those Partners whose status as a Partner does not or would not subject any Group Member to a significant risk of cancellation or forfeiture of any of its properties or interests therein.

- (b) Such amendments may include provisions requiring all Partners to certify as to their (and their beneficial owners') status as Eligible Holders upon demand and on a regular basis, as determined by the General Partner, and may require transferees of Units to so certify prior to being admitted to the Partnership as a Partner (any such required certificate, an "Eligibility Certificate").
- (c) Such amendments may provide that any Partner who fails to furnish to the General Partner within a reasonable period requested proof of its (and its' beneficial owners') status as an Eligible Holder or if upon receipt of such Eligibility Certificate or other requested information the General Partner determines that a Partner is not an Eligible Holder (such a Partner, an "Ineligible Holder"), the Partnership Interests owned by such Limited Partner shall be subject to redemption in accordance with the provisions of Section 4.9. In addition, the General Partner shall be substituted for all Limited Partners that are Ineligible Holders as the Partner in respect of the Ineligible Holder's Partnership Interests.
- (d) The General Partner shall, in exercising voting rights in respect of Partnership Interests held by it on behalf of Ineligible Holders, distribute the votes in the same ratios as the votes of Partners (including the General Partner and its Affiliates) in respect of Partnership Interests other than those of Ineligible Holders are cast, either for, against or abstaining as to the matter.
- (e) Upon dissolution of the Partnership, an Ineligible Holder shall have no right to receive a distribution in kind pursuant to Section 12.4 but shall be entitled to the cash equivalent thereof, and the Partnership shall provide cash in exchange for an assignment of the Ineligible Holder's share of any distribution in kind. Such payment and assignment shall be treated for Partnership purposes as a purchase by the Partnership from the Ineligible Holder of his Partnership Interest (representing his right to receive his share of such distribution in kind).
- (f) At any time after he can and does certify that he has become an Eligible Holder, an Ineligible Holder may, upon application to the General Partner, request that with respect to any Partnership Interests of such Ineligible Holder not redeemed pursuant to Section 4.9, such Ineligible Holder be admitted as a Partner, and upon approval of the General Partner, such Ineligible Holder shall be admitted as a Partner and shall no longer constitute an Ineligible Holder and the General Partner shall cease to be deemed to be the Partner in respect of such Ineligible Holder's Partnership Interests.

Section 4.9 Redemption of Partnership Interests of Ineligible Holders.

- (a) If at any time a Partner fails to furnish an Eligibility Certification or other information requested within a reasonable period of time specified in amendments adopted pursuant to Section 4.8, or if upon receipt of such Eligibility Certification or other information the General Partner determines, with the advice of counsel, that a Partner is not an Eligible Holder, the Partnership may, unless the Partner establishes to the satisfaction of the General Partner that such Partner is an Eligible Holder or has transferred his Partnership Interests to a Person who is an Eligible Holder and who furnishes an Eligibility Certification to the General Partner prior to the date fixed for redemption as provided below, redeem the Partnership Interest of such
 - (i) The General Partner shall, not later than the 30th day before the date fixed for redemption, give notice of redemption to the Partner, at his last address designated on the records of the Partnership or the Transfer Agent, as applicable, by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid. The notice shall be deemed to have been given when so mailed. The notice shall specify the Redeemable Interests, the date fixed for redemption, the place of payment, that payment of the redemption price will be made upon redemption of the Redeemable Interests (or, if later in the case of Redeemable Interests evidenced by Certificates, upon surrender of the Certificate evidencing the Redeemable Interests) and that on and after the date fixed for redemption no further allocations or distributions to which the Partner would otherwise be entitled in respect of the Redeemable Interests will accrue or be made.
 - (ii) The aggregate redemption price for Redeemable Interests shall be an amount equal to the Current Market Price (the date of determination of which shall be the date fixed for redemption) of Partnership Interests of the class to be so redeemed multiplied by the number of Partnership Interests of each such class included among the Redeemable Interests. The redemption price shall be paid, as determined by the General Partner, in cash or by delivery of a promissory note of the Partnership in the principal amount of the redemption price, bearing interest at the rate of 8% annually and payable in three equal annual installments of principal together with accrued interest, commencing one year after the redemption date.
 - (iii) The Partner or his duly authorized representative shall be entitled to receive the payment for the Redeemable Interests at the place of payment specified in the notice of redemption on the redemption date (or, if later in the case of Redeemable Interests evidenced by Certificates, upon surrender by or on behalf of the Partner at the place specified in the notice of redemption, of the Certificate evidencing the Redeemable Interests, duly endorsed in blank or accompanied by an assignment duly executed in blank).
 - (iv) After the redemption date, Redeemable Interests shall no longer constitute issued and Outstanding Partnership Interests
 - (b) The provisions of this Section 4.9 shall also be applicable to Partnership Interests held by a Partner as nominee of a Person determined to be an Ineligible Holder.
- (c) Nothing in this Section 4.9 shall prevent the recipient of a notice of redemption from transferring his Partnership Interest before the redemption date if such transfer is otherwise permitted under this Agreement. Upon receipt of notice of such a transfer, the General Partner shall withdraw the notice of redemption, provided the transferee of such Partnership Interest certifies to the satisfaction of the General Partner that he is an Eligible Holder. If the transferee fails to make such certification, such redemption shall be effected from the transferee on the original redemption date.

ARTICLE V

CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND ISSUANCE OF PARTNERSHIP INTERESTS

Section 5.1 Contributions by the General Partner and its Affiliates.

(a) In connection with the formation of the Partnership under the Delaware Act, the General Partner made an initial Capital Contribution to the Partnership in the amount of \$1,000, for a General Partner Interest in the Partnership and was admitted as the Managing General Partner of the Partnership, and the Special General Partner and Coffeyville Resources each made an initial Capital Contribution to the Partnership in the amount of \$1,000 and

were admitted as the Special General Partner and Limited Partner, respectively, of the Partnership. Immediately after the close of business on October 24, 2007, the initial \$1,000 contributed by each of the Special General Partner and Coffeyville Resources was refunded as provided in the Contribution Agreement.

- (b) Immediately after the close of business on October 24, 2007 and pursuant to the Contribution Agreement, Coffeyville Resources conveyed: (i) a portion of its interest in Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizer, LLC to the Partnership on behalf of the General Partner, as a Capital Contribution in exchange for the issuance to the General Partner of the General Partner Interest; (ii) a portion of its interest in Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizer, LLC to the Partnership on behalf of the Special General Partner, as a Capital Contribution in exchange for the issuance to the Special General Partner of Special GP Units; and (iii) the remaining portion of its interest in Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizer, LLC to the Partnership as a Capital Contribution in exchange for the issuance to Coffeyville Resources of Special LP Units.
- (c) Pursuant to the Amended Contribution Agreement, (i) Coffeyville Resources contributed all of its Special LP Units to the Partnership in exchange for the issuance to Coffeyville Resources of 0.1% of the Sponsor Consideration (as that term is defined in the Amended Contribution Agreement); (ii) the Special General Partner contributed all of its Special GP Units to the Partnership in exchange for the issuance to the Special General Partner of 99.9% of the Sponsor Consideration; (iii) the Partnership repurchased the Incentive Distribution Rights from the General Partner in exchange for \$26.0 million, and the Incentive Distribution Rights are being extinguished hereby; (iv) the General Partner distributed \$ million to Coffeyville Acquisition III; and (v) the Organizational Limited Partner will purchase the General Partner from Coffeyville Acquisition III in exchange for \$1,000.
- Section 5.2 *Interest and Withdrawal*. No interest on Capital Contributions shall be paid by the Partnership. No Partner shall be entitled to the withdrawal or return of its Capital Contribution, except to the extent, if any, that distributions made pursuant to this Agreement or upon dissolution of the Partnership may be considered as the withdrawal or return of its Capital Contribution by law and then only to the extent provided for in this Agreement. Except to the extent expressly provided in this Agreement, no Partner shall have priority over any other Partner either as to the return of Capital Contributions or as to profits, losses or distributions. Any such return shall be a compromise to which all Partners agree within the meaning of Section 17-502(b) of the Delaware Act.

Section 5.3 Capital Accounts.

- (a) The Partnership shall maintain for each Partner (or a beneficial owner of Partnership Interests held by a nominee in any case in which the nominee has furnished the identity of such owner to the Partnership in accordance with Section 6031(c) of the Code or any other method acceptable to the General Partner) owning a Partnership Interest a separate Capital Account with respect to such Partnership Interest in accordance with the rules of Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv). Such Capital Account shall be increased by (i) the amount of all Capital Contributions made to the Partnership with respect to such Partnership Interest and (ii) all items of Partnership income and gain (including income and gain exempt from tax) computed in accordance with Section 5.3(b) and allocated with respect to such Partnership Interest pursuant to Section 6.1, and decreased by (x) the amount of cash or Net Agreed Value of all actual and deemed distributions of cash or property made with respect to such Partnership Interest and (y) all items of Partnership deduction and loss computed in accordance with Section 5.3(b) and allocated with respect to such Partnership Interest pursuant to Section 6.1.
- (b) For purposes of computing the amount of any item of income, gain, loss or deduction that is to be allocated pursuant to Article VI and is to be reflected in the Partners' Capital Accounts, the determination, recognition and classification of any such item shall be the same as its determination, recognition and classification for U.S. federal income tax purposes (including any method of depreciation, cost recovery or amortization used for that purpose), provided, that:
 - (i) Solely for purposes of this Section 5.3, the Partnership shall be treated as owning directly its proportionate share (as determined by the General Partner based upon the provisions of the applicable Group Member Agreement) of all property owned by (x) any other Group Member that is classified as a partnership or is disregarded for U.S. federal income tax purposes and (y) any other entity that is classified as a partnership or is disregarded for U.S. federal income tax purposes of which an entity described in clause (x) of this Section 5.3(b)(i) is, directly or indirectly, a partner, member or other equity holder.

- (ii) All fees and other expenses incurred by the Partnership to promote the sale of (or to sell) a Partnership Interest that can neither be deducted nor amortized under Section 709 of the Code, if any, shall, for purposes of Capital Account maintenance, be treated as an item of deduction at the time such fees and other expenses are incurred and shall be allocated among the Partners pursuant to Section 6.1.
- (iii) Except as otherwise provided in Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(m), the computation of all items of income, gain, loss and deduction shall be made without regard to any election under Section 754 of the Code that may be made by the Partnership and, as to those items described in Section 755(a)(2)(B) of the Code, without regard to the fact that such items are not includable in gross income or are neither currently deductible nor capitalized for U.S. federal income tax purposes. To the extent an adjustment to the adjusted tax basis of any Partnership asset pursuant to Section 734(b) or 743(b) of the Code is required, pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv) (m), to be taken into account in determining Capital Accounts, the amount of such adjustment in the Capital Accounts shall be treated as an item of gain or loss.
- (iv) Any income, gain or loss attributable to the taxable disposition of any Partnership property shall be determined as if the adjusted basis of such property as of such date of disposition were equal in amount to the Partnership's Carrying Value with respect to such property as of such date.
- (v) In accordance with the requirements of Section 704(b) of the Code, any deductions for depreciation, cost recovery or amortization attributable to any Contributed Property shall be determined as if the adjusted basis of such property on the date it was acquired by the Partnership were equal to the Agreed Value of such property. Upon an adjustment pursuant to Section 5.3(d) to the Carrying Value of any Partnership property subject to depreciation, cost recovery or amortization, any further deductions for such depreciation, cost recovery or amortization attributable to such property shall be determined (A) under the rules prescribed by Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-3(d)(2) as if the adjusted basis of such property were equal to the Carrying Value of such property immediately following such adjustment.
- (vi) If the Partnership's adjusted basis in a depreciable or cost recovery property is reduced for U.S. federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 50(c)(1) or 50(c)(3) of the Code, the amount of such reduction shall, solely for purposes hereof, be deemed to be an additional depreciation or cost recovery deduction in the taxable period such property is placed in service and shall be allocated among the Partners pursuant to Section 6.1. Any restoration of such basis pursuant to Section 50(c)(2) of the Code shall, to the extent possible, be allocated in the same manner to the Partners to whom such deemed deduction was allocated.
- (vii) The Gross Liability Value of each Liability of the Partnership described in Treasury Regulation Section 1.752-7(b)(3)(i) shall be adjusted at such times as provided in this Agreement for an adjustment to Carrying Values. The amount of any such adjustment shall be treated for purposes hereof as an item of loss (if the adjustment increases the Carrying Value of such Liability of the Partnership) or an item of gain (if the adjustment decreases the Carrying Value of such Liability of the Partnership).
- (c) A transferee of a Partnership Interest shall succeed to a pro rata portion of the Capital Account of the transferor relating to the Partnership Interest so transferred.
- (d) (i) In accordance with Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(f), upon an issuance of additional Partnership Interests for cash or Contributed Property, the issuance of Partnership Interests as consideration for the provision of services or the conversion of the General Partner's (and its Affiliates') Combined Interest to Common Units pursuant to Section 11.3(b), the Carrying Value of each Partnership property immediately prior to such issuance shall be adjusted upward or downward to reflect any Unrealized Gain or Unrealized Loss attributable to such Partnership property, and any such Unrealized Gain or Unrealized Loss shall be treated, for purposes of maintaining Capital Accounts, as if it had been recognized on an actual sale of each such property for an amount equal to its fair market value immediately prior to such issuance and had been allocated among the Partners at such time pursuant to Section 6.1 in the same manner as any item of gain or loss actually recognized during such period would have been allocated; provided, however, that in the event of an issuance of Partnership Interests for a de minimis amount of cash or Contributed Property, or in the event of an issuance of a de minimis amount of Partnership Interests as consideration for the provision of services, the General Partner may determine that such

adjustments are unnecessary for the proper administration of the Partnership. In determining such Unrealized Gain or Unrealized Loss, the fair market value of all Partnership assets (including cash or cash equivalents) immediately prior to the issuance of additional Partnership Interests shall be determined by the General Partner using such method of valuation as it may adopt. In making its determination of the fair market values of individual properties, the General Partner may determine that it is appropriate to first determine an aggregate value for the Partnership, based on the current trading price of the Common Units, taking fully into account the fair market value of the Partnership Interests of all Partners at such time, and then allocate such aggregate value among the individual properties of the Partnership (in such manner as it determines is appropriate).

(ii) In accordance with Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(f), immediately prior to any actual or deemed distribution to a Partner of any Partnership property (other than a distribution of cash that is not in redemption or retirement of a Partnership Interest), the Carrying Value of all Partnership property shall be adjusted upward or downward to reflect any Unrealized Gain or Unrealized Loss shall be treated, for the purposes of maintaining Capital Accounts, as if it had been recognized on an actual sale of each such property immediately prior to such distribution for an amount equal to its fair market value, and had been allocated to the Partners, at such time, pursuant to Section 6.1 in the same manner as any item of gain or loss actually recognized during such period would have been allocated. In determining such Unrealized Gain or Unrealized Loss the fair market value of all Partnership assets (including cash or cash equivalents) immediately prior to a distribution shall (A) in the case of an actual distribution that is not made pursuant to Section 12.4 or in the case of a deemed distribution, be determined in the same manner as that provided in Section 5.3(d)(i) or (B) in the case of a liquidating distribution pursuant to Section 12.4, be determined by the Liquidator using such method of valuation as it may adopt.

Section 5.4 Issuances of Additional Partnership Interests

- (a) The Partnership may issue additional Partnership Interests and options, rights, warrants and appreciation rights relating to the Partnership Interests for any Partnership purpose at any time and from time to time to such Persons for such consideration and on such terms and conditions as the General Partner shall determine, all without the approval of any Partners.
- (b) Each additional Partnership Interest authorized to be issued by the Partnership pursuant to Section 5.4(a) may be issued in one or more classes, or one or more series of any such classes, with such designations, preferences, rights, powers and duties (which may be senior or junior to existing classes and series of Partnership Interests), as shall be fixed by the General Partner, including (i) the right to share in Partnership profits and losses or items thereof; (ii) the right to share in Partnership interest, (iii) the rights upon dissolution and liquidation of the Partnership; (iv) whether, and the terms and conditions upon which, the Partnership may, or shall be required to, redeem the Partnership Interest (including sinking fund provisions); (v) whether such Partnership Interest is issued with the privilege of conversion or exchange and, if so, the terms and conditions of such conversion or exchange; (vi) the terms and conditions upon which each Partnership Interest will be issued, evidenced by certificates and assigned or transferred; (vii) the method for determining the Percentage Interest as to such Partnership Interest; and (viii) the right, if any, of each such Partnership Interest, including matters relating to the relative rights, preferences and privileges of such Partnership Interest.
- (c) The General Partner shall take all actions that it determines to be necessary or appropriate in connection with (i) each issuance of Partnership Interests and options, rights, warrants and appreciation rights relating to Partnership Interests pursuant to this Section 5.4, (ii) the conversion of the General Partner's (and its Affiliates') Combined Interest to Common Units pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, (iii) reflecting the admission of such additional Partners in the books and records of the Partnership as the Record Holder of such Partnership Interests, and (iv) all additional issuances of Partnership Interests. The General Partner shall determine the relative rights, powers and duties of the holders of the Units or other Partnership Interests being so issued. The General Partner shall do all things necessary to comply with the Delaware Act and is authorized and directed to do all things that it determines to be necessary or appropriate in connection with any future issuance of Partnership Interest or in connection with the conversion of the General Partner's (and its Affiliates') Combined Interest into Common Units pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, including compliance with any statute, rule, regulation or guideline of any

federal, state or other governmental agency or any National Securities Exchange on which the Units or other Partnership Interests are listed or admitted to trading.

(d) No fractional Units shall be issued by the Partnership.

Section 5.5 *Preemptive Right.* Except as provided in this Section 5.5 or as otherwise provided in a separate agreement by the Partnership, no Person shall have any preemptive, preferential or other similar right with respect to the issuance of any Partnership Interest, whether unissued, held in the treasury or hereafter created. The General Partner shall have the right, which it may from time to time assign in whole or in part to any of its Affiliates, to purchase Partnership Interests from the Partnership whenever, and on the same terms that, the Partnership issues Partnership Interests to Persons other than the General Partner and its Affiliates, to the extent necessary to maintain the Percentage Interests of the General Partner and its Affiliates equal to that which existed immediately prior to the issuance of such Partnership Interests.

Section 5.6 Splits and Combinations.

- (a) Subject to Section 5.6(d), the Partnership may make a Pro Rata distribution of Partnership Interests to all Record Holders or may effect a subdivision or combination of Partnership Interests so long as, after any such event, each Partner shall have the same Percentage Interest in the Partnership as before such event, and any amounts calculated on a per Unit basis or stated as a number of Units are proportionately adjusted retroactively to the beginning of the Partnership.
- (b) Whenever such a distribution, subdivision or combination of Partnership Interests is declared, the General Partner shall select a Record Date as of which the distribution, subdivision or combination shall be effective and shall send notice thereof at least 20 days prior to such Record Date to each Record Holder as of a date not less than 10 days prior to the date of such notice. The General Partner also may cause a firm of independent public accountants selected by it to calculate the number of Partnership Interests to be held by each Record Holder after giving effect to such distribution, subdivision, combination or reorganization. The General Partner shall be entitled to rely on any certificate provided by such firm as conclusive evidence of the accuracy of such calculation.
- (c) Promptly following any such distribution, subdivision, combination or reorganization, the Partnership may issue Certificates to the Record Holders of Partnership Interests as of the applicable Record Date representing the new number of Partnership Interests held by such Record Holders, or the General Partner may adopt such other procedures that it determines to be necessary or appropriate to reflect such changes. If any such combination results in a smaller total number of Partnership Interests Outstanding, the Partnership shall require, as a condition to the delivery to a Record Holder of any such new Certificate, the surrender of any Certificate held by such Record Holder immediately prior to such Record Date.
- (d) The Partnership shall not issue fractional Units upon any distribution, subdivision, combination or reorganization of Partnership Interests. If a distribution, subdivision, combination or reorganization of Partnership Interests would result in the issuance of fractional Units but for the provisions of Section 5.4(d) and this Section 5.6(d), each fractional Unit shall be rounded to the nearest whole Unit (and a 0.5 Unit shall be rounded to the next higher Unit).

Section 5.7 Fully Paid and Non-Assessable Nature of Limited Partner Interests. All Limited Partner Interests issued pursuant to, and in accordance with the requirements of, this Article V shall be fully paid and non-assessable Limited Partner Interests in the Partnership, except as such non-assessability may be affected by Sections 17-607 or 17-804 of the Delaware Act

Section 5.8 Extinguishment of the IDRs.

As of the Effective Time, all outstanding IDRs shall be cancelled by the Partnership and shall cease to exist pursuant to this Section 5.8.

ARTICLE VI

ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

Section 6.1 Allocations for Capital Account Purposes. For purposes of maintaining the Capital Accounts and in determining the rights of the Partners among themselves, the Partnership's items of income, gain, loss and deduction (computed in accordance with Section 5.3(b)) for each taxable period shall be allocated among the Partners as provided herein below.

- (a) Net Income and Net Loss. After giving effect to the special allocations set forth in Section 6.1(b), Net Income and Net Loss for each taxable period and all items of income, gain, loss and deduction taken into account in computing Net Income and Net Loss for such taxable period shall be allocated 100% to all Unitholders, Pro Rata.
 - (b) Special Allocations. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section 6.1, the following special allocations shall be made for such taxable period:
 - (i) Partnership Minimum Gain Chargeback. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section 6.1, if there is a net decrease in Partnership Minimum Gain during any Partnership taxable period, each Partner shall be allocated items of Partnership income and gain for such period (and, if necessary, subsequent periods) in the manner and amounts provided in Treasury Regulation Sections 1.704-2(f)(6), 1.704-2(g)(2) and 1.704-2(j)(2)(i), or any successor provision. For purposes of this Section 6.1(b), each Partner's Adjusted Capital Account balance shall be determined, and the allocation of income or gain required hereunder shall be effected, prior to the application of any other allocations pursuant to this Section 6.1(b) with respect to such taxable period (other than an allocation pursuant to Sections 6.1(b)(vi) and 6.1(b)(vii)). This Section 6.1(b)(i) is intended to comply with the Partnership Minimum Gain chargeback requirement in Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(f) and shall be interpreted consistently therewith.
 - (ii) Chargeback of Partner Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Section 6.1 (other than Section 6.1(b)(i)), except as provided in Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(i)(4), if there is a net decrease in Partner Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain during any Partnership taxable period, any Partner with a share of Partner Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain at the beginning of such taxable period shall be allocated items of Partnership income and gain for such period (and, if necessary, subsequent periods) in the manner and amounts provided in Treasury Regulation Sections 1.704-2(i)(4) and 1.704-2(j)(2)(ii), or any successor provisions. For purposes of this Section 6.1(b), each Partner's Adjusted Capital Account balance shall be determined, and the allocation of income or gain required hereunder shall be effected, prior to the application of any other allocations pursuant to this Section 6.1(b), other than Section 6.1(b)(i) and other than an allocation pursuant to Sections 6.1(b)(vii), with respect to such taxable period. This Section 6.1(b)(ii) is intended to comply with the chargeback of items of income and gain requirement in Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(i)(4) and shall be interpreted consistently therewith.
 - (iii) Priority Allocations.
 - (A) If the amount of cash or the Net Agreed Value of any property distributed (except cash or property distributed pursuant to Section 12.4) with respect to a Unit exceeds the amount of cash or the Net Agreed Value of property distributed with respect to another Unit, each Unitholder receiving such greater cash or property distribution shall be allocated gross income in an amount equal to the product of (aa) the amount by which the distribution (on a per Unit basis) to such Unitholder exceeds the distribution with respect to the Unit receiving the smallest distribution and (bb) the number of Units owned by the Unitholder receiving the greater distribution.
 - (iv) Qualified Income Offset. In the event any Partner unexpectedly receives any adjustments, allocations or distributions described in Treasury Regulation Sections 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d)(5), or 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d)(6), items of Partnership gross income and gain shall be specially allocated to such Partner in an amount and manner sufficient to eliminate, to the extent required by the Treasury Regulations promulgated under Section 704(b) of the Code, the deficit balance, if any, in its Adjusted Capital Account created by such adjustments, allocations or distributions as quickly as possible; provided, that an allocation pursuant to this Section 6.1(b)(iv) shall be made only if and to the extent that such Partner would have a deficit balance in its

Adjusted Capital Account as adjusted after all other allocations provided for in this Section 6.1 have been tentatively made as if this Section 6.1(b)(iv) were not in this Agreement.

- (v) Gross Income Allocations. In the event any Partner has a deficit balance in its Capital Account at the end of any taxable period in excess of the sum of (A) the amount such Partner is required to restore pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement and (B) the amount such Partner is deemed obligated to restore pursuant to Treasury Regulation Sections 1.704-2(g) and 1.704-2(j), such Partner shall be specially allocated items of Partnership gross income and gain in the amount of such excess as quickly as possible; provided, that an allocation pursuant to this Section 6.1(b)(v) shall be made only if and to the extent that such Partner would have a deficit balance in its Capital Account as so adjusted after all other allocations provided for in this Section 6.1 have been tentatively made as if Section 6.1(b)(v) this Section 6.1(b)(v) were not in this Agreement.
- (vi) Nonrecourse Deductions. Nonrecourse Deductions for any taxable period shall be allocated to the Partners, Pro Rata. If the General Partner determines that the Partnership's Nonrecourse Deductions should be allocated in a different ratio to satisfy the safe harbor requirements of the Treasury Regulations promulgated under Section 704(b) of the Code, the General Partner is authorized, upon notice to the other Partners, to revise the prescribed ratio to the numerically closest ratio that does satisfy such requirements.
- (vii) Partner Nonrecourse Deductions. Partner Nonrecourse Deductions for any taxable period shall be allocated 100% to the Partner that bears the Economic Risk of Loss with respect to the Partner Nonrecourse Debt to which such Partner Nonrecourse Deductions are attributable in accordance with Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(i). If more than one Partner Bears the Economic Risk of Loss with respect to a Partner Nonrecourse Debt, such Partner Nonrecourse Deductions attributable thereto shall be allocated between or among such Partners in accordance with the ratios in which they share such Economic Risk of Loss. This Section 6.1(b)(vii) is intended to comply with Treasury Regulations Section 1.704-2(i)(1) and shall be interpreted consistently therewith.
- (viii) Nonrecourse Liabilities. For purposes of Treasury Regulation Section 1.752-3(a)(3), the Partners agree that Nonrecourse Liabilities of the Partnership in excess of the sum of (A) the amount of Partnership Minimum Gain and (B) the total amount of Nonrecourse Built-in Gain shall be allocated among the Partners, Pro Rata.
- (ix) Code Section 754 Adjustments. To the extent an adjustment to the adjusted tax basis of any Partnership asset pursuant to Section 734(b) or 743(b) of the Code is required, pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(m), to be taken into account in determining Capital Accounts, the amount of such adjustment to the Capital Accounts shall be treated as an item of gain (if the adjustment increases the basis of the asset) or loss (if the adjustment decreases such basis), and such item of gain or loss shall be specially allocated to the Partners in a manner consistent with the manner in which their Capital Accounts are required to be adjusted pursuant to such Section of the Treasury Regulations.
- (x) Economic Uniformity; Changes in Law. For the proper administration of the Partnership and for the preservation of uniformity of the Limited Partner Interests (or any class or classes thereof), the General Partner shall (i) adopt such conventions as it deems appropriate in determining the amount of depreciation, amortization and cost recovery deductions; (ii) make special allocations of income, gain, loss or deduction of Unrealized Gain or Unrealized Loss; and (iii) amend the provisions of this Agreement as appropriate (x) to reflect the proposal or promulgation of Treasury Regulations under Section 704(b) or Section 704(c) of the Code or (y) otherwise to preserve or achieve uniformity of the Limited Partner Interests (or any class or classes thereof). The General Partner may adopt such conventions, make such allocations and make such amendments to this Agreement as provided in this Section 6.1(b)(x) only if such conventions, allocations or amendments would not have a material adverse effect on the Partners, the holders of any class or classes of Limited Partner Interests issued and Outstanding of the Partnership, and if such allocations are consistent with the principles of Section 704 of the Code.
 - (xi) Curative Allocation
- (A) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section 6.1, other than the Required Allocations, the Required Allocations shall be taken into account in making the Agreed Allocations so that, to the extent

possible, the net amount of items of gross income, gain, loss and deduction allocated to each Partner pursuant to the Required Allocations and the Agreed Allocations, together, shall be equal to the net amount of such items that would have been allocated to each such Partner under the Agreed Allocations had the Required Allocations and the related Curative Allocation not otherwise been provided in this Section 6.1. In exercising its discretion under this Section 6.1(b)(xi)(A), the General Partner may take into account future Required Allocations that, although not yet made, are likely to offset other Required Allocations previously made. Allocations pursuant to this Section 6.1(b)(xi)(A) shall only be made with respect to Required Allocations to the extent the General Partner determines that such allocations will otherwise be inconsistent with the economic agreement among the Partners.

(B) The General Partner shall, with respect to each taxable period, (1) apply the provisions of Section 6.1(b)(xi)(A) in whatever order is most likely to minimize the economic distortions that might otherwise result from the Required Allocations, and (2) divide all allocations pursuant to Section 6.1(b)(xi)(A) among the Partners in a manner that is likely to minimize such economic distortions.

Section 6.2 Allocations for Tax Purposes.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided herein, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, each item of income, gain, loss and deduction shall be allocated among the Partners in the same manner as its correlative item of "book" income, gain, loss or deduction is allocated pursuant to Section 6.1.
- (b) In an attempt to eliminate Book-Tax Disparities attributable to a Contributed Property or Adjusted Property, items of income, gain, loss, depreciation, amortization and cost recovery deductions shall be allocated for U.S. federal income tax purposes among the Partners in the manner provided under Section 704(c) of the Code, and the Treasury Regulations promulgated under Section 704(b) and 704(c) of the Code, as determined appropriate by the General Partner (taking into account the General Partner's discretion under Section 6.1(b)(x)); provided that the General Partner shall apply the principles of Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-3(d) in all events.
- (c) The General Partner may determine to depreciate or amortize the portion of an adjustment under Section 743(b) of the Code attributable to unrealized appreciation in any Adjusted Property (to the extent of the unamortized Book-Tax Disparity) using a predetermined rate derived from the depreciation or amortization method and useful life applied to the unamortized Book-Tax Disparity of such property, despite any inconsistency of such approach with Treasury Regulation Section 1.167(c)-l(a)(6) or any successor regulations thereto. If the General Partner determines that such reporting position cannot reasonably be taken, the General Partner may adopt depreciation and amortization conventions under which all purchasers acquiring Limited Partner Interests in the same month would receive depreciation and amortization deductions, based upon the same applicable rate as if they had purchased a direct interest in the Partnership's property. If the General Partner chooses not to utilize such aggregate method, the General Partner may use any other depreciation and amortization conventions to preserve the uniformity of the intrinsic tax characteristics of any Units, so long as such conventions would not have a material adverse effect on the Limited Partners or Record Holders of any class or classes of Limited Partners Interests.
- (d) In accordance with Treasury Regulation Sections 1.1245-1(e) and 1.1250-1(f), any gain allocated to the Partners upon the sale or other taxable disposition of any Partnership asset shall, to the extent possible, after taking into account other required allocations of gain pursuant to this Section 6.2, be characterized as Recapture Income in the same proportions and to the same extent as such Partners (or their predecessors in interest) have been allocated any deductions directly or indirectly giving rise to the treatment of such gains as Recapture Income.
- (e) All items of income, gain, loss, deduction and credit recognized by the Partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes and allocated to the Partners in accordance with the provisions hereof shall be determined without regard to any election under Section 754 of the Code that may be made by the Partnership; provided, however, that such allocations, once made, shall be adjusted (in the manner determined by the General Partner) to take into account those adjustments permitted or required by Sections 734 and 743 of the Code.
- (f) Each item of Partnership income, gain, loss and deduction shall, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, be determined for each taxable period and prorated on a monthly basis and shall be allocated to the Partners as of the opening of the National Securities Exchange on which the Partnership's Units are listed or admitted to trading on the first Business Day of each month; provided, however, such items for the period beginning on the Closing Date and

ending on the last day of the month in which the Over-Allotment Option is exercised in full or the expiration of the Over-Allotment Option occurs shall be allocated to the Partners as of the opening of the National Securities Exchange on which the Partnership's Units are listed or admitted to trading on the first Business Day of the next succeeding month; and provided, further, that gain or loss on a sale or other disposition of any assets of the Partnership or any other extraordinary item of income, gain, loss or deduction, as determined by the General Partner, shall be allocated to the Partners as of the opening of the National Securities Exchange on which the Partnership's Units are listed or admitted to trading on the first Business Day of the month in which such item is recognized for U.S. federal income tax purposes. The General Partner may revise, alter or otherwise modify such methods of allocation to the extent permitted or required by Section 706 of the Code and the regulations or rulings promulgated thereunder.

(g) Allocations that would otherwise be made to a Partner under the provisions of this Article VI shall instead be made to the beneficial owner of Partnership Interests held by a nominee in any case in which the nominee has furnished the identity of such owner to the Partnership in accordance with Section 6031(c) of the Code or any other method determined by the General Partner.

Section 6.3 Distributions to Record Holders.

- (a) The Board of Directors may adopt a cash distribution policy, which it may change from time to time without amendment to this Agreement.
- (b) The Partnership will make distributions, if any, to Unitholders Pro Rata
- (c) All distributions required to be made under this Agreement shall be made subject to Sections 17-607 and 17-804 of the Delaware Act.
- (d) Notwithstanding Section 6.3(b), in the event of the dissolution and liquidation of the Partnership, cash shall be applied and distributed solely in accordance with, and subject to the terms and conditions of, Section 12.4.
- (e) Each distribution in respect of a Partnership Interest shall be paid by the Partnership, directly or through any Transfer Agent or through any other Person or agent, only to the Record Holder of such Partnership Interest as of the Record Date set for such distribution. Such payment shall constitute full payment and satisfaction of the Partnership's liability in respect of such payment, regardless of any claim of any Person who may have an interest in such payment by reason of an assignment or otherwise.

ARTICLE VII

MANAGEMENT AND OPERATION OF BUSINESS

Section 7.1 Management.

- (a) The General Partner shall conduct, direct and manage all activities of the Partnership. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, all management powers over the business and affairs of the Partnership shall be exclusively vested in the General Partner and no other Partner shall have any management power over the business and affairs of the Partnership. In addition to the powers now or hereafter granted to a general partner of a limited partnership under applicable law or that are granted to the General Partner under any other provision of this Agreement, the General Partner, subject to Section 7.3, shall have full power and authority to do all things and on such terms as it determines to be necessary or appropriate to conduct the business of the Partnership, to exercise all powers set forth in Section 2.5 and to effectuate the purposes set forth in Section 2.4, including the following:
 - (i) the making of any expenditures, the lending or borrowing of money, the assumption or guarantee of, or other contracting for, indebtedness and other liabilities, the issuance of evidences of indebtedness, including indebtedness that is convertible or exchangeable into Partnership Interests, and the incurring of any other obligations;
 - (ii) the making of tax, regulatory and other filings, or rendering of periodic or other reports to governmental or other agencies having jurisdiction over the business or assets of the Partnership;

- (iii) the acquisition, disposition, mortgage, pledge, encumbrance, hypothecation or exchange of any or all of the assets of the Partnership or the merger or other combination of the Partnership with or into another Person (the matters described in this clause (iii) being subject however to any prior approval that may be required by Section 7.3);
- (iv) the use of the assets of the Partnership (including cash on hand) for any purpose consistent with the terms of this Agreement, including the financing of the conduct of the operations of the Partnership Group; subject to Section 7.6(a) the lending of funds to other Persons (including other Group Members); the repayment or guarantee of obligations of any Group Member; and the making of capital contributions to any Group Member:
- (v) the negotiation, execution and performance of any contracts, conveyances or other instruments (including instruments that limit the liability of the Partnership under contractual arrangements to all or particular assets of the Partnership, with the other party to the contract to have no recourse against the General Partner or its assets other than its interest in the Partnership, even if same results in the terms of the transaction being less favorable to the Partnership than would otherwise be the case);
 - (vi) the distribution of Partnership cash;
- (vii) the selection and dismissal of employees (including employees having titles such as "chief executive officer," "fresident," "chief financial officer," "chief operating officer," "general counsel," "vice president," "secretary" and "treasurer") and agents, outside attorneys, accountants, consultants and contractors and the determination of their compensation and other terms of employment or hiring;
 - (viii) the maintenance of insurance for the benefit of the Partnership Group, the Partners and Indemnitees;
- (ix) the formation of, or acquisition of an interest in, and the contribution of property and the making of loans to, any further limited or general partnerships, joint ventures, corporations, limited liability companies or other Persons (including the acquisition of interests in, and the contributions of property to, any Group Member from time to time) subject to the restrictions set forth in Section 2.4;
- (x) the control of any matters affecting the rights and obligations of the Partnership, including the bringing and defending of actions at law or in equity and otherwise engaging in the conduct of litigation, arbitration or mediation and the incurring of legal expense and the settlement of claims and litigation;
 - (xi) the indemnification of any Person against liabilities and contingencies to the extent permitted by law;
- (xii) the entering into of listing agreements with any National Securities Exchange and the delisting of some or all of the Partnership Interests from, or requesting that trading be suspended on, any such exchange (subject to any prior approval required under Section 4.7);
- (xiii) the purchase, sale or other acquisition or disposition of Partnership Interests, or the issuance of options, rights, warrants and appreciation rights relating to Partnership Interests:
 - (xiv) the undertaking of any action in connection with the Partnership's participation in the management of any Group Member; and
- (xv) the entering into of agreements with any of its Affiliates to render services to a Group Member or to itself in the discharge of its duties as General Partner of the Partnership.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement, the Delaware Act or any applicable law, rule or regulation, each of the Limited Partners and each other Person who may acquire an interest in Partnership Interests or is otherwise bound by this Agreement hereby (i) approves, ratifies and confirms the execution, delivery and performance by the parties thereto of this Agreement, the Underwriting Agreement, the Omnibus Agreement, the Credit Agreement and the other agreements described in or filed as exhibits to the Registration Statement that are related to the transactions contemplated by the Registration Statement (in each case other than this Agreement, without giving effect to any amendments, supplements or restatements after the date

hereof); (ii) agrees that the General Partner (on its own or on behalf of the Partnership) is authorized to execute, deliver and perform the agreements referred to in clause (i) of this sentence and the other agreements, acts, transactions and matters described in or contemplated by the Registration Statement on behalf of the Partnership without any further act, approval or vote of the Partners or the other Persons who may acquire an interest in Partnership Interests or is otherwise bound by this Agreement; and (iii) agrees that the execution, delivery or performance by the General Partner, any Group Member or any Affiliate of any of them of this Agreement or any agreement authorized or permitted under this Agreement (including the exercise by the General Partner or any Affiliate of the General Partner of the rights accorded pursuant to Article XV) shall not constitute a breach by the General Partner of any duty that the General Partner may owe the Partnership or the Partners or any other Persons under this Agreement (or any other agreements) or of any duty existing at law, in equity or otherwise.

Section 7.2 Certificate of Limited Partnership. The General Partner has caused the Certificate of Limited Partnership to be filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware as required by the Delaware Act. The General Partner shall use all reasonable efforts to cause to be filed such other certificates or documents that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate for the formation, continuation, qualification and operation of a limited partnership (or a partnership in which the limited partners have limited liability) in the State of Delaware or any other state in which the Partnership may elect to do business or own property. To the extent the General Partner determines such action to be necessary or appropriate, the General Partner shall file amendments to and restatements of the Certificate of Limited Partnership and do all things to maintain the Partnership as a limited partnership (or a partnership or other entity in which the limited partners have limited liability) under the laws of the State of Delaware or of any other state in which the Partnership may elect to do business or own property. Subject to the terms of Section 3.4(a), the General Partner shall not be required, before or after filing, to deliver or mail a copy of the Certificate of Limited Partnership, any qualification document or any amendment thereto to any Partner.

SECTION 7.3 Restrictions on the General Partner's Authority. Except as provided in Articles XII and XIV, the General Partner may not sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of the assets of the Partnership Group, taken as a whole, in a single transaction or a series of related transactions without the approval of a Unit Majority; provided, however, that this provision shall not preclude or limit the General Partner's ability to mortgage, pledge, hypothecate or grant a security interest in all or substantially all of the assets of the Partnership Group pursuant to the foreclosure of, or other realization upon, any such encumbrance.

Section 7.4 Reimbursement of the General Partner.

- (a) Except as provided in this Section 7.4 and elsewhere in this Agreement, the General Partner shall not be compensated for its services as a general partner or managing member of any Group Member.
- (b) The General Partner shall be reimbursed on a monthly basis, or such other basis as the General Partner may determine, for (i) all direct and indirect expenses it incurs or payments it makes on behalf of the Partnership Group (including salary, bonus, incentive compensation and other amounts paid to any Person including Affiliates of the General Partner to perform services for the Partnership Group or for the General Partner in the discharge of its duties to the Partnership Group), and (ii) all other expenses reasonably allocable to the Partnership Group or otherwise incurred by the General Partner in connection with operating the Partnership Group's business (including expenses allocated to the General Partner by its Affiliates). The General Partner shall determine the expenses that are allocable to the Partnership Group. Reimbursements pursuant to this Section 7.4 shall be in addition to any reimbursement to the General Partner as a result of indemnification pursuant to Section 7.7.
- (c) The General Partner and its Affiliates may charge any member of the Partnership Group a management fee to the extent necessary to allow the Partnership Group to reduce the amount of any state franchise or income tax or any tax based upon the revenues or gross margin of any member of the Partnership Group if the tax benefit produced by the payment of such management fee or fees exceeds the amount of such fee or fees.
- (d) The General Partner, without the approval of the other Partners (who shall have no right to vote in respect thereof), may propose and adopt on behalf of the Partnership benefit plans, programs and practices (including plans, programs and practices involving the issuance of Partnership Interests or options to purchase or rights, warrants or appreciation rights or phantom or tracking interests relating to Partnership Interests), or cause the Partnership to

issue Partnership Interests in connection with, or pursuant to, any benefit plan, program or practice maintained or sponsored by the General Partner or any of its Affiliates, in each case for the benefit of employees and directors of the General Partner or its Affiliates, any Group Member or their Affiliates, or any of them, in respect of services performed, directly or indirectly, for the benefit of the Partnership Group. The Partnership agrees to issue and sell to the General Partner or any of its Affiliates any Partnership Interests that the General Partner or such Affiliates are obligated to provide to any employees or directors pursuant to any such benefit plans, programs or practices. Expenses incurred by the General Partner in connection with any such plans, programs and practices (including the net cost to the General Partner or such Affiliates of Partnership Interests purchased by the General Partner or such Affiliates, from the Partnership or otherwise, to fulfill options or awards under such plans, programs and practices) shall be reimbursed in accordance with Section 7.4(b). Any and all obligations of the General Partner under any benefit plans, programs or practices adopted by the General Partner as permitted by this Section 7.4(c) shall constitute obligations of the General Partner hereunder and shall be assumed by any successor General Partner approved pursuant to Section 11.1 or 11.2 or the transferee of or successor to all of the General Partner Interest pursuant to Section 4.5(d).

Section 7.5 Outside Activities.

- (a) The General Partner, for so long as it is the General Partner of the Partnership (i) agrees that its sole business will be to act as a general partner or managing member, as the case may be, of the Partnership and any other partnership or limited liability company of which the Partnership is, directly or indirectly, a partner or member and to undertake activities that are ancillary or related thereto (including being a limited partner in the Partnership) and (ii) shall not engage in any business or activity or incur any debts or liabilities except in connection with or incidental to (A) its performance as general partner or managing member, if any, of one or more Group Members or as described in or contemplated by the Registration Statement, (B) the acquiring, owning or disposing of debt securities or equity interests in any Group Member, or (C) the guarantee of, and mortgage, pledge or encumbrance of any or all of its assets in connection with, any indebtedness of any Affiliate of the General Partner.
- (b) The Omnibus Agreement sets forth certain restrictions on the ability of CVR Energy, Inc. and its controlled Affiliates (other than the Partnership Group) to engage in Fertilizer Restricted Businesses
- (c) Except as specifically restricted by the Omnibus Agreement, each Unrestricted Person (other than the General Partner) shall have the right to engage in businesses of every type and description and other activities for profit and to engage in and possess an interest in other business ventures of any and every type or description, whether in businesses engaged in or anticipated to be engaged in by any Group Member, independently or with others, including business interests and activities in direct competition with the business and activities of any Group Member, and none of the same shall constitute a breach of this Agreement or any duty otherwise existing at law, in equity or otherwise, to any Group Member or any Partner.
- (d) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the doctrine of corporate opportunity, or any analogous doctrine, shall not apply to any Unrestricted Person (including the General Partner). Except as specifically provided in the Omnibus Agreement, no Unrestricted Person (including the General Partner) who acquires knowledge of a potential transaction, agreement, arrangement or other matter that may be an opportunity for the Partnership shall have any duty to communicate or offer such opportunity to the Partnership, and such Unrestricted Person (including the General Partner) shall not be liable to the Partnership, any Partner or any other Person for breach of any fiduciary or other duty by reason of the fact that such Unrestricted Person (including the General Partner) pursues or acquires such opportunity for itself, directs such opportunity to another Person or does not communicate such opportunity or information to the Partnership.
- (e) Subject to the terms of Section 7.5(a), Section 7.5(b), Section 7.5(c) and the Omnibus Agreement, but otherwise notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, (i) the engaging in competitive activities by any Unrestricted Person (other than the General Partner) in accordance with the provisions of this Section 7.5 is hereby approved by the Partnership and all Partners, and (ii) it shall be deemed not to be a breach of any fiduciary duty or any other duty or obligation of any type whatsoever of the General Partner or of any other Unrestricted Person (other than the General Partner) to engage in such business interests and activities in preference to or to the exclusion of the Partnership and the other Group Members; provided such

Unrestricted Person does not engage in such business or activity as a result of or using confidential or proprietary information provided by or on behalf of the Partnership to such Unrestricted Person.

- (f) The General Partner and each of its Affiliates may acquire Units or other Partnership Interests in addition to those acquired on the Closing Date and, except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, shall be entitled to exercise, at their option, all rights relating to all Units or other Partnership Interests acquired by them. The term "Affiliates" when used in this Section 7.5(f) with respect to the General Partner shall not include any Group Member.
- (g) Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, nothing herein shall be deemed to restrict Goldman, Sachs & Co., Kelso & Company, L.P. or their respective Affiliates (other than the General Partner), or their respective successors and assigns as owners of interests in the General Partner, from engaging in any banking, brokerage, trading, market making, hedging, arbitrage, investment advisory, financial advisory, merger advisory, financing, lending, underwriting, asset management, principal investing, mergers & acquisitions or other activities conducted in the ordinary course of their or their Affiliates' business in compliance with applicable law, including without limitation buying and selling debt securities or equity interests of any other Partner or Group Member, serving as a lender, underwriter or market maker or issuing research with respect to debt securities or equity interests of any Partner or Group Member or acquiring, selling, making investments in or entering into other transactions or undertaking any opportunities with companies or businesses in the same or similar lines of business as any Partner or Group Member or any other businesses.

Section 7.6 Loans from the General Partner; Loans or Contributions from the Partnership or Group Members.

- (a) The General Partner or any of its Affiliates may, but shall be under no obligation to, lend to any Group Member, and any Group Member may borrow from the General Partner or any of its Affiliates, funds needed or desired by the Group Member for such periods of time and in such amounts as the General Partner may determine; provided, however, that in any such case the lending party may not charge the borrowing party interest at a rate greater than the rate that would be charged the borrowing party or impose terms less favorable to the borrowing party than would be charged or imposed on the borrowing party by unrelated lenders on comparable loans made on an arm's length basis (without reference to the lending party's financial abilities or guarantees), all as determined by the General Partner. The borrowing party shall reimburse the lending party for any costs (other than any additional interest costs) incurred by the lending party in connection with the borrowing of such funds. For purposes of this Section 7.6(a) and Section 7.6(b), the term "Group Member" shall include any Affiliate of a Group Member.
- (b) The Partnership may lend or contribute to any Group Member, and any Group Member may borrow from the Partnership, funds on terms and conditions determined by the
- (c) No borrowing by any Group Member or the approval thereof by the General Partner shall be deemed to constitute a breach of any duty, expressed or implied, of the General Partner or its Affiliates to the Partnership or the Partners by reason of the fact that the purpose or effect of such borrowing is directly or indirectly to enable distributions to the General Partner or its Affiliates (including in their capacities, if applicable, as Limited Partners).

Section 7.7 Indemnification

(a) To the fullest extent permitted by law but subject to the limitations expressly provided in this Agreement, all Indemnitees shall be indemnified and held harmless by the Partnership from and against any and all losses, claims, damages, liabilities, joint or several, expenses (including legal fees and expenses), judgments, fines, penalties, interest, settlements or other amounts arising from any and all threatened, pending or completed claims, demands, actions, suits or proceedings, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, and whether formal or informal and including appeals, in which any Indemnitee may be involved, or is threatened to be involved, as a party or otherwise, by reason of its status as an Indemnitee and acting (or refraining to act) in such capacity on behalf of or for the benefit of the Partnership; provided, that the Indemnitee shall not be indemnified and held harmless if there has been a final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that, in respect of the matter for which the Indemnitee is seeking indemnification pursuant to this Section 7.7. the

Indemnitee acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud, willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the Indemnitee's conduct was unlawful. Any indemnification pursuant to this Section 7.7 shall be made only out of the assets of the Partnership, it being agreed that the General Partner shall not be personally liable for such indemnification and shall have no obligation to contribute or loan any monies or property to the Partnership to enable it to effectuate such indemnification.

- (b) To the fullest extent permitted by law, expenses (including legal fees and expenses) incurred by an Indemnitee who is indemnified pursuant to Section 7.7(a) in appearing at, participating in or defending any claim, demand, action, suit or proceeding shall, from time to time, be advanced by the Partnership prior to a final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that, in respect of the matter for which the Indemnitee is seeking indemnification pursuant to this Section 7.7, that the Indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified upon receipt by the Partnership of any undertaking by or on behalf of the Indemnitee to repay such amount if it shall be ultimately determined that the Indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified as authorized by this Section 7.7.
- (c) The indemnification provided by this Section 7.7 shall be in addition to any other rights to which an Indemnitee may be entitled under any agreement, pursuant to any vote of the holders of Outstanding Limited Partner Interests, as a matter of law, in equity or otherwise, both as to actions in the Indemnitee's capacity as an Indemnitee and as to actions in any other capacity (including any capacity under the Underwriting Agreement), and shall continue as to an Indemnitee who has ceased to serve in such capacity and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, successors, assigns and administrators of the Indemnitee.
- (d) The Partnership may purchase and maintain (or reimburse the General Partner or its Affiliates for the cost of) insurance, on behalf of the General Partner, its Affiliates, the Indemnitees and such other Persons as the General Partner shall determine, against any liability that may be asserted against, or expense that may be incurred by, such Person in connection with the Partnership's activities or such Person's activities on behalf of the Partnership, regardless of whether the Partnership would have the power to indemnify such Person against such liability under the provisions of this Agreement. In addition, the Partnership may enter into additional indemnification agreements with any Indemnitee.
- (e) For purposes of this Section 7.7, the Partnership shall be deemed to have requested an Indemnitee to serve as fiduciary of an employee benefit plan whenever the performance by it of its duties to the Partnership also imposes duties on, or otherwise involves services by, it to the plan or participants or beneficiaries of the plan; excise taxes assessed on an Indemnitee with respect to an employee benefit plan pursuant to applicable law shall constitute "fines" within the meaning of Section 7.7(a); and action taken or omitted by an Indemnitee with respect to any employee benefit plan in the performance of its duties for a purpose reasonably believed by it to be in the best interest of the participants and beneficiaries of the plan shall be deemed to be for a purpose that is in the best interests of the Partnership.
 - (f) In no event may an Indemnitee subject the Limited Partners to personal liability by reason of the indemnification provisions set forth in this Agreement.
- (g) An Indemnitee shall not be denied indemnification in whole or in part under this Section 7.7 because the Indemnitee had an interest in the transaction with respect to which the indemnification applies if the transaction was otherwise permitted by the terms of this Agreement.
- (h) The provisions of this Section 7.7 are for the benefit of the Indemnitees and their heirs, successors, assigns, executors and administrators and shall not be deemed to create any rights for the benefit of any other Persons.
- (i) No amendment, modification or repeal of this Section 7.7 or any provision hereof shall in any manner terminate, reduce or impair the right of any past, present or future Indemnitee to be indemnified by the Partnership, nor the obligations of the Partnership to indemnify any such Indemnitee under and in accordance with the provisions of this Section 7.7 as in effect immediately prior to such amendment, modification or repeal with respect to claims arising from or relating to matters occurring, in whole or in part, prior to such amendment, modification or repeal, regardless of when such claims may arise or be asserted.

Section 7.8 Liability of Indemnitees.

- (a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in this Agreement, no Indemnitee shall be liable for monetary damages to the Partnership, the Partners or any other Persons who have acquired interests in the Partnership Interests, for losses sustained or liabilities incurred as a result of any act or omission of an Indemnitee unless there has been a final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that, in respect of the matter in question, the Indemnitee acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud, willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the Indemnitee's conduct was criminal.
- (b) Subject to its obligations and duties as General Partner set forth in Section 7.1(a), the General Partner may exercise any of the powers granted to it by this Agreement and perform any of the duties imposed upon it hereunder either directly or by or through its agents, and the General Partner shall not be responsible for any misconduct or negligence on the part of any such agent appointed by the General Partner in good faith.
- (c) To the extent that, at law or in equity, an Indemnitee has duties (including fiduciary duties) and liabilities relating thereto to the Partnership or to the Partners, the General Partner and any other Indemnitee acting in connection with the Partnership's business or affairs shall not be liable to the Partnership or to any Partner for its good faith reliance on the provisions of this Agreement.
- (d) Any amendment, modification or repeal of this Section 7.8 or any provision hereof shall be prospective only and shall not in any way affect the limitations on the liability of the Indemnitees under this Section 7.8 as in effect immediately prior to such amendment, modification or repeal with respect to claims arising from or relating to matters occurring, in whole or in part, prior to such amendment, modification or repeal, regardless of when such claims may arise or be asserted.

Section 7.9 Resolution of Conflicts of Interest; Standards of Conduct and Modification of Duties.

- (a) Unless otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement or any Group Member Agreement, whenever a potential conflict of interest exists or arises between the General Partner or any of its Affiliates, on the one hand, and the Partnership, any Group Member or any other Partner, on the other, any resolution or course of action by the General Partner or any of its Affiliates in respect of such conflict of interest shall be permitted and deemed approved by all Partners, and shall not constitute a breach of this Agreement, of any Group Member Agreement, of any agreement contemplated herein or therein, or of any duty hereunder or existing at law, in equity or otherwise, if the resolution or course of action in respect of such conflict of interest is (i) approved by Special Approval, (ii) approved by the vote of a majority of the Common Units (excluding Common Units owned by the General Partner and its Affiliates), (iii) on terms no less favorable to the Partnership than those generally being provided to or available from unrelated third parties or (iv) fair and reasonable to the Partnership, taking into account the totality of the relationships between the parties involved (including other transactions that may be particularly favorable or advantageous to the Partnership). The General Partner shall be authorized but not required in connection with its resolution of such conflict of interest to seek Special Approval or Common Unitholder approval of such resolution, and the General Partner may also adopt a resolution or course of action that has not received Special Approval or Common Unitholder approval. If Special Approval is sought, then it shall be presumed that, in making its decision, the Conflicts Committee acted in good faith, and if Special Approval or Common Unitholder approval is not sought and the Board of Directors determines that the resolution or course of action taken with respect to a conflict of interest satisfies either of the standards set forth in clauses (iii) or (iv) above, then it shall be pres
- (b) Whenever the General Partner, or any committee of the Board of Directors (including the Conflicts Committee), makes a determination or takes or declines to take any other action, or any of its Affiliates causes the General Partner to do so, in its capacity as the general partner of the Partnership as opposed to in its individual capacity, whether under this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement or any other agreement contemplated

hereby or otherwise, then, unless another express standard is provided for in this Agreement, the General Partner, such committee or such Affiliates causing the General Partner to do so, shall make such determination or take or decline to take such other action in good faith and shall not be subject to any other or different standards (including fiduciary standards) imposed by this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement, any other agreement contemplated hereby or under the Delaware Act or any other law, rule or regulation or at equity. In order for a determination or other action to be in "good faith" for purposes of this Agreement, the Person or Persons making such determination or taking or declining to take such other action must believe that the determination or other action is in the best interests of the Partnership.

- (c) Whenever the General Partner makes a determination or takes or declines to take any other action, or any of its Affiliates causes it to do so, in its individual capacity as opposed to in its capacity as the general partner of the Partnership, whether under this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement or any other agreement contemplated hereby or otherwise, then the General Partner, or such Affiliates causing it to do so, are entitled, to the fullest extent permitted by law, to make such determination or to take or decline to take such other action free of any duty (including any fiduciary duty) or obligation whatsoever to the Partnership, any other Partner or any other Person bound by this Agreement, and the General Partner, or such Affiliates causing it to do so, shall not, to the fullest extent permitted by law, be required to act in good faith or pursuant to any other standard imposed by this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement, any other agreement contemplated hereby or under the Delaware Act or any other law, rule or regulation or at equity. By way of illustration and not of limitation, whenever the phrases, "at the option of the General Partner," "in its sole discretion" or some variation of those phrases, are used in this Agreement, it indicates that the General Partner is acting in its individual capacity. For the avoidance of doubt, whenever the General Partner votes or transfers its Partnership Interests, or refrains from voting or transferring its Partnership Interests, it shall be acting in its individual capacity.
- (d) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the General Partner and its Affiliates shall have no duty or obligation, express or implied, to (i) sell or otherwise dispose of any asset of the Partnership Group other than in the ordinary course of business or (ii) permit any Group Member to use any facilities or assets of the General Partner and its Affiliates, except as may be provided in contracts entered into from time to time specifically dealing with such use. Any determination by the General Partner or any of its Affiliates to enter into such contracts shall be in its sole discretion.
- (e) Except as expressly set forth in this Agreement, neither the General Partner nor any other Indemnitee shall have any duties or liabilities, including fiduciary duties, to the Partnership or any Partner and the provisions of this Agreement, to the extent that they restrict, eliminate or otherwise modify the duties and liabilities, including fiduciary duties, of the General Partner or any other Indemnitee otherwise existing at law or in equity, are agreed by the Partners to replace such other duties and liabilities of the General Partner or such other Indemnitee.
- (f) The Partners hereby authorize the General Partner, on behalf of the Partnership as a partner or member of a Group Member, to approve of actions by the general partner or managing member of such Group Member similar to those actions permitted to be taken by the General Partner pursuant to this Section 7.9.

Section 7.10 Other Matters Concerning the General Partner

- (a) The General Partner may rely and shall be protected in acting or refraining from acting upon any resolution, certificate, statement, instrument, opinion, report, notice, request, consent, order, bond, debenture or other paper or document believed by it to be genuine and to have been signed or presented by the proper party or parties.
- (b) The General Partner may consult with legal counsel, accountants, appraisers, management consultants, investment bankers and other consultants and advisers selected by it, and any act taken or omitted to be taken in reliance upon the advice or opinion (including an Opinion of Counsel) of such Persons as to matters that the General Partner reasonably believes to be within such Person's professional or expert competence shall be conclusively presumed to have been done or omitted in good faith and in accordance with such advice or opinion.
- (c) The General Partner shall have the right, in respect of any of its powers or obligations hereunder, to act through any of its or the Partnership's duly authorized officers, a duly appointed attorney or attorneys-in-fact.

- Section 7.11 Purchase or Sale of Partnership Interests. The General Partner may cause the Partnership to purchase or otherwise acquire Partnership Interests.
- Section 7.12 Registration Rights of the General Partner and its Affiliates.
- (a) If (i) the General Partner or any of its Affiliates (including for purposes of this Section 7.12, any Person that is an Affiliate of the General Partner at the date hereof notwithstanding that it may later cease to be an Affiliate of the General Partner) holds Partnership Interests that it desires to sell and (ii) Rule 144 of the Securities Act (or any successor rule or regulation to Rule 144) or another exemption from registration is not available to enable such holder of Partnership Interests (the "Holder") to dispose of the number of Partnership Interests it desires to sell at the time it desires to do so without registration under the Securities Act, then at the option and upon the request of the Holder, the Partnership shall file with the Commission as promptly as practicable after receiving such request, and use all commercially reasonable efforts to cause to become effective and remain effective for a period of not less than six months following its effective date or such shorter period as shall terminate when all Partnership Interests covered by such registration statement have been sold, a registration statement under the Securities Act registering the offering and sale of the number of Partnership Interests specified by the Holder; provided, however, that the aggregate offering price of any such offering and sale of Partnership Interests covered by such registration statement as provided for in this Section 7.12(a) shall not be less than \$5.0 million; provided further, that the Partnership shall not be required to effect more than two registrations pursuant to this Section 7.12(a) in any twelve-month period; and provided further, however that if the General Partner determines that a postponement of the requested registration would be in the best interests of the Partnership and its Partners due to a pending transaction, investigation or other event, the filing of such registration statement or the effectiveness thereof may be deferred for up to six months, but not thereafter. In connection with any registration pursuant to the immediately preceding sentence, the Partnership shall (i) promptly prepare and file (A) such documents as may be necessary to register or qualify the securities subject to such registration under the securities laws of such states as the Holder shall reasonably request; provided, however, that no such qualification shall be required in any jurisdiction where, as a result thereof, the Partnership would become subject to general service of process or to taxation or qualification to do business as a foreign corporation or partnership doing business in such jurisdiction solely as a result of such registration, and (B) such documents as may be necessary to apply for listing or to list the Partnership Interests subject to such registration on such National Securities Exchange as the Holder shall reasonably request, and (ii) do any and all other acts and things that may be necessary or appropriate to enable the Holder to consummate a public sale of such Partnership Interests in such states. Except as set forth in Section 7.12(c), all costs and expenses of any such registration and offering (other than the underwriting discounts and commissions) shall be paid by the Partnership, without reimbursement by the Holder.
- (b) If the Partnership shall at any time propose to file a registration statement under the Securities Act for an offering of Partnership Interests for cash (other than an offering relating solely to a benefit plan), the Partnership shall use all commercially reasonable efforts to include such number or amount of Partnership Interests held by any Holder in such registration statement as the Holder shall request; provided, that the Partnership is not required to make any effort or take any action to so include the Partnership Interests of the Holder once the registration statement becomes or is declared effective by the Commission, including any registration statement providing for the offering from time to time of Partnership Interests pursuant to Rule 415 of the Securities Act. If the proposed offering pursuant to this Section 7.12(b) shall be an underwritten offering, then, in the event that the managing underwriter or managing underwriters of such offering advise the Partnership and the Holder that in their opinion the inclusion of all or some of the Holder's Partnership Interests would adversely and materially affect the timing or success of the offering, the Partnership shall include in such offering only that number or amount, if any, of Partnership Interests held by the Holder that, in the opinion of the managing underwriter or managing underwriters, will not so adversely and materially affect the offering. Except as set forth in Section 7.12(c), all costs and expenses of any such registration and offering (other than the underwriting discounts and commissions) shall be paid by the Partnership, without reimbursement by the Holder.
- (c) If underwriters are engaged in connection with any registration referred to in this Section 7.12, the Partnership shall provide indemnification, representations, covenants, opinions and other assurance to the underwriters in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to such underwriters. Further, in addition to and not in limitation of the Partnership's obligation under Section 7.7, the Partnership shall, to the fullest extent permitted by

law, indemnify and hold harmless the Holder, its officers, directors and each Person who controls the Holder (within the meaning of the Securities Act) and any agent thereof (collectively, "Indemnified Persons") against any losses, claims, demands, actions, causes of action, assessments, damages, liabilities (joint or several), costs and expenses (including interest, penalties and reasonable attorneys' fees and disbursements), resulting to, imposed upon, or incurred by the Indemnified Persons, directly or indirectly, under the Securities Act or otherwise (hereinafter referred to in this Section 7.12(c) as a "claim" and in the plural as "claims") based upon, arising out of or resulting from any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of any material fact contained in any registration statement under which any Partnership Interests were registered under the Securities Act or any state securities or Blue Sky laws, in any preliminary prospectus or issuer free writing prospectus as defined in Rule 433 of the Securities Act (if used prior to the effective date of such registration statement), or in any summary or final prospectus or in any amendment or supplement thereto (if used during the period the Partnership is required to keep the registration statement current), or arising out of, based upon or resulting from the omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements made therein not misleading; provided, however, that the Partnership shall not be liable to any Indemnified Person to the extent that any such claim arises out of, is based upon or results from an untrue statement or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission made in such registration statement, such preliminary, summary or final prospectus or free writing prospectus or such amendment or supplement, in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Partnership by or on behalf of such Indemnified Person specifically for use in the

- (d) The provisions of Sections 7.12(a) and 7.12(b) shall continue to be applicable with respect to the General Partner (and any of the General Partner's Affiliates) after it ceases to be the General Partner, during a period of two years subsequent to the effective date of such cessation and for so long thereafter as is required for the Holder to sell all of the Partnership Interests with respect to which it has requested during such two-year period inclusion in a registration statement otherwise filed or that a registration statement be filed; provided, however, that the Partnership shall not be required to file successive registration statements covering the same Partnership Interests for which registration was demanded during such two-year period. The provisions of Section 7.12(c) shall continue in effect thereafter.
- (e) The rights to cause the Partnership to register Partnership Interests pursuant to this Section 7.12 may be assigned (but only with all related obligations) by a Holder to a transferee or assignee of such Partnership Interests, provided (i) the Partnership is, within a reasonable time after such transfer, furnished with written notice of the name and address of such transferee or assignee and the Partnership Interests with respect to which such registration rights are being assigned; and (ii) such transferee or assignee agrees in writing to be bound by and subject to the terms set forth in this Section 7.12.
- (f) Any request to register Partnership Interests pursuant to this Section 7.12 shall (i) specify the Partnership Interests intended to be offered and sold by the Person making the request, (ii) express such Person's present intent to offer such Partnership Interests for distribution, (iii) describe the nature or method of the proposed offer and sale of Partnership Interests, and (iv) contain the undertaking of such Person to provide all such information and materials and take all action as may be required in order to permit the Partnership to comply with all applicable requirements in connection with the registration of such Partnership Interests.
 - (g) The Partnership may enter into separate registration rights agreements with the General Partner or any of its Affiliates.

Section 7.13 *Reliance by Third Parties*. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, any Person dealing with the Partnership shall be entitled to assume that the General Partner and any officer of the General Partner authorized by the General Partner to act on behalf of and in the name of the Partnership has full power and authority to encumber, sell or otherwise use in any manner any and all assets of the Partnership and to enter into any authorized contracts on behalf of the Partnership, and such Person shall be entitled to deal with the General Partner or any such officer as if it were the Partnership's sole party in interest, both legally and beneficially. Each Partner hereby waives, to the fullest extent permitted by law, any and all defenses or other remedies that may be available to such Partner to contest, negate or disaffirm any action of the General Partner or any such officer in connection with any such dealing. In no event shall any Person dealing with the General Partner or any such officer

or its representatives be obligated to ascertain that the terms of this Agreement have been complied with or to inquire into the necessity or expedience of any act or action of the General Partner or any such officer or its representatives. Each and every certificate, document or other instrument executed on behalf of the Partnership by the General Partner or its representatives shall be conclusive evidence in favor of any and every Person relying thereon or claiming thereunder that (a) at the time of the execution and delivery of such certificate, document or instrument, this Agreement was in full force and effect, (b) the Person executing and delivering such certificate, document or instrument was duly authorized and empowered to do so for and on behalf of the Partnership and (c) such certificate, document or instrument was duly executed and delivered in accordance with the terms and provisions of this Agreement and is binding upon the Partnership.

ARTICLE VIII

BOOKS, RECORDS, ACCOUNTING AND REPORTS

Section 8.1 Records and Accounting. The General Partner shall keep or cause to be kept at the principal office of the Partnership appropriate books and records with respect to the Partnership's business, including all books and records necessary to provide to the Partners any information required to be provided pursuant to Section 3.4(a). Any books and records maintained by or on behalf of the Partnership in the regular course of its business, including the record of the Record Holders of Units or other Partnership Interests, books of account and records of Partnership proceedings, may be kept on, or be in the form of, computer disks, hard drives, magnetic tape, photographs, micrographics or any other information storage device; provided, that the books and records so maintained are convertible into clearly legible written form within a reasonable period of time. The books of the Partnership shall be maintained, for financial reporting purposes, on an accrual basis in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Section 8.2 Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the Partnership shall be a fiscal year ending December 31.

Section 8.3 Reports.

- (a) As soon as practicable, but in no event later than 105 days after the close of each fiscal year of the Partnership, the General Partner shall cause to be mailed or made available, by any reasonable means, to each Record Holder of a Unit or other Partnership Interest as of a date selected by the General Partner, an annual report containing financial statements of the Partnership for such fiscal year of the Partnership, presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP, including a balance sheet and statements of operations, Partnership equity and cash flows, such statements to be audited by a firm of independent public accountants selected by the General Partner.
- (b) As soon as practicable, but in no event later than 50 days after the close of each Quarter except the last Quarter of each fiscal year, the General Partner shall cause to be mailed or made available, by any reasonable means, to each Record Holder of a Unit or other Partnership Interest, as of a date selected by the General Partner, a report containing unaudited financial statements of the Partnership and such other information as may be required by applicable law, regulation or rule of any National Securities Exchange on which the Units are listed or admitted to trading, or as the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate.
- (c) The General Partner shall be deemed to have made a report available to each Record Holder as required by this Section 8.3 if it has either (i) filed such report with the Commission via its Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis and Retrieval system and such report is publicly available on such system or (ii) made such report available on any publicly available website maintained by the Partnership.

ARTICLE IX

TAX MATTERS

Section 9.1 *Tax Returns and Information*. The Partnership shall timely file all returns of the Partnership that are required for federal, state and local income tax purposes on the basis of the accrual method and the taxable period or years that it is required by law to adopt, from time to time, as determined by the General Partner. In the event the Partnership is required to use a taxable period other than a year ending on December 31, the General

Partner shall use reasonable efforts to change the taxable period of the Partnership to a year ending on December 31. The tax information reasonably required by Record Holders for federal and state income tax reporting purposes with respect to a taxable period shall be furnished to them within 90 days of the close of the calendar year in which the Partnership's taxable period ends. The classification, realization and recognition of income, gain, losses and deductions and other items shall be on the accrual method of accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Section 9.2 Tax Elections.

- (a) The Partnership shall make the election under Section 754 of the Code in accordance with applicable regulations thereunder, subject to the reservation of the right to seek to revoke any such election upon the General Partner's determination that such revocation is in the best interests of the Partners. Notwithstanding any other provision herein contained, for the purposes of computing the adjustments under Section 743(b) of the Code, the General Partner shall be authorized (but not required) to adopt a convention whereby the price paid by a transferee of a Partnership Interest will be deemed to be the lowest quoted closing price of the Partnership Interests on any National Securities Exchange on which such Partnership Interests are listed or admitted to trading during the calendar month in which such transfere is deemed to occur pursuant to Section 6.2(f) without regard to the actual price paid by such transferee.
 - (b) Except as otherwise provided herein, the General Partner shall determine whether the Partnership should make any other elections permitted by the Code.

Section 9.3 *Tax Controversies*. Subject to the provisions hereof, the General Partner shall designate the Organizational Limited Partner, or such other Partner as the General Partner shall designate, as the Tax Matters Partner (as defined in the Code) and is authorized and required to represent the Partnership (at the Partnership's expense) in connection with all examinations of the Partnership's affairs by tax authorities, including resulting administrative and judicial proceedings, and to expend Partnership funds for professional services and costs associated therewith. Each Partner agrees to cooperate with the Tax Matters Partner and to do or refrain from doing any or all things reasonably required by the Tax Matters Partner to conduct such proceedings.

Section 9.4 Withholding. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the General Partner is authorized to take any action that may be required to cause the Partnership and other Group Members to comply with any withholding requirements established under the Code or any other federal, state or local law including pursuant to Sections 1441, 1442, 1445 and 1446 of the Code. To the extent that the Partnership is required or elects to withhold and pay over to any taxing authority any amount resulting from the allocation or distribution of income to any Partner (including by reason of Section 1446 of the Code), the General Partner may treat the amount withheld as a distribution of cash pursuant to Section 6.3 in the amount of such withholding from such Partner.

ARTICLE X

ADMISSION OF PARTNERS

Section 10.1 Admission of Limited Partners.

(a) By acceptance of the transfer of any Limited Partner Interests in accordance with this Section 10.1 or the issuance of any Limited Partner Interests in accordance herewith, and except as provided in Section 4.8, each transferee or other recipient of a Limited Partner Interest (including any nominee holder or an agent or representative acquiring such Limited Partner Interests for the account of another Person) (i) shall be admitted to the Partnership as a Limited Partner with respect to the Limited Partner Interests so transferred or issuad to such Person when any such transfer or issuance is reflected in the books and records of the Partnership, (ii) shall become bound by the terms of, and shall be deemed to have agreed to be bound by, this Agreement, (iii) shall become the Record Holder of the Limited Partner Interests so transferred or issued, (iv) represents that the transferee or other recipient has the capacity, power and authority to enter into this Agreement, all with or without execution of this Agreement. The transfer of any Limited Partner Interests and/or the admission of any new Limited Partner shall not constitute an amendment to this Agreement. A Person may become a Record Holder without the consent or approval of any of the Partners. A Person

may not become a Limited Partner without acquiring a Limited Partner Interest. The rights and obligations of a Person who is an Ineligible Holder shall be determined in accordance with

- (b) The name and mailing address of each Limited Partner shall be listed on the books and records of the Partnership maintained for such purpose by the General Partner or the Transfer Agent. The General Partner shall update its books and records from time to time as necessary to reflect accurately the information therein (or shall cause the Transfer Agent to do so, as applicable). A Limited Partner Interest may be represented by a Certificate, as provided in Section 4.1.
- (c) Any transfer of a Limited Partner Interest shall not entitle the transferee to share in the profits and losses, to receive distributions, to receive allocations of income, gain, loss, deduction or credit or any similar item or to any other rights to which the transferor was entitled until the transferee becomes a Limited Partner pursuant to Section 10.1(a).

Section 10.2 Admission of Successor General Partner. A successor General Partner approved pursuant to Section 11.1 or 11.2 or the transferee of or successor to all of the General Partner Interest pursuant to Section 4.5(d) who is proposed to be admitted as a successor General Partner shall be admitted to the Partnership as the General Partner, effective immediately prior to the withdrawal or removal of the predecessor or transferring General Partner, pursuant to Section 11.1 or 11.2 or the transfer of the General Partner Interest pursuant to Section 4.5(d), provided, however, that no such successor shall be admitted to the Partnership until compliance with the terms of Section 4.5(d) has occurred and such successor has executed and delivered such other documents or instruments as may be required to effect such admission. Any such successor shall, subject to the terms hereof, carry on the business of the members of the Partnership Group without dissolution.

Section 10.3 Amendment of Agreement and Certificate of Limited Partnership. To effect the admission to the Partnership of any Partner, the General Partner shall take all steps necessary under the Delaware Act to amend the records of the Partnership to reflect such admission and, if necessary, to prepare as soon as practicable an amendment to this Agreement and, if required by law, the General Partner shall prepare and file an amendment to the Certificate of Limited Partnership.

ARTICLE XI

WITHDRAWAL OR REMOVAL OF PARTNERS

Section 11.1 Withdrawal of the General Partner.

- (a) The General Partner shall be deemed to have withdrawn from the Partnership upon the occurrence of any one of the following events (each such event herein referred to as an "Event of Withdrawal"):
 - (i) The General Partner voluntarily withdraws from the Partnership by giving written notice to the other Partners;
 - (ii) The General Partner transfers all of its rights as General Partner pursuant to Section 4.5(d);
 - (iii) The General Partner is removed pursuant to Section 11.2;
 - (iv) The General Partner (A) makes a general assignment for the benefit of creditors; (B) files a voluntary bankruptcy petition for relief under Chapter 7 of the United States Bankruptcy Code; (C) files a petition or answer seeking for itself a liquidation, dissolution or similar relief (but not a reorganization) under any law; (D) files an answer or other pleading admitting or failing to contest the material allegations of a petition filed against the General Partner in a proceeding of the type described in clauses (A) through (C) of this Section 11.1(a)(iv); or (E) seeks, consents to or acquiesces in the appointment of a trustee (but not a debtor-in-possession), receiver or liquidator of the General Partner or of all or any substantial part of its properties;
 - (v) A final and non-appealable order of relief under Chapter 7 of the United States Bankruptcy Code is entered by a court with appropriate jurisdiction pursuant to a voluntary or involuntary petition by or against the General Partner; or

(vi) (A) in the event the General Partner is a corporation, a certificate of dissolution or its equivalent is filed for the General Partner, or 90 days expire after the date of notice to the General Partner of revocation of its charter without a reinstatement of its charter, under the laws of its state of incorporation; (B) in the event the General Partner is a limited liability company or a partnership, the dissolution and commencement of winding up of the General Partner; (C) in the event the General Partner is acting in such capacity by virtue of being a trustee of a trust, the termination of the trust; (D) in the event the General Partner is a natural person, his death or adjudication of incompetency; and (E) otherwise in the event of the termination of the General Partner.

If an Event of Withdrawal specified in Sections 11.1(a)(iv), 11.1(a)(v), 11.1(a)(vi)(A), 11.1(a)(vi)(B), 11.1(a)(vi)(C) or 11.1(a)(vi)(E) occurs, the withdrawing General Partner shall give notice to the Partners within 30 days after such occurrence. The Partners hereby agree that only the Events of Withdrawal described in this Section 11.1 shall result in the withdrawal of the General Partner from the Partnership.

(b) Withdrawal of the General Partner from the Partnership upon the occurrence of an Event of Withdrawal shall not constitute a breach of this Agreement under the following circumstances: (i) at any time during the period beginning on the Closing Date and ending at 11:59 pm, prevailing Central Time, on March 31, 2021, the General Partner voluntarily withdraws by giving at least 90 days' advance notice of its intention to withdraw to the Partners; provided, that prior to the effective date of such withdrawal, the withdrawal is approved by Unitholders holding at least a majority of the Outstanding Common Units (excluding Common Units held by the General Partner and its Affiliates) and the General Partner delivers to the Partnership an Opinion of Counsel ("Withdrawal Opinion of Counsel") that such withdrawal (following the selection of the successor General Partner) would not result in the loss of the limited liability of any Limited Partner under the Delaware Act or cause any Group Member to be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise to be taxed as an entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes (to the extent not previously so treated or taxed); (ii) at any time after 11:59 pm, prevailing Central Time, on March 31, 2021, the General Partner voluntarily withdraws by giving at least 90 days' advance notice to the Partners, such withdrawal to take effect on the date specified in such notice; (iii) at any time that the General Partner ceases to be the General Partner pursuant to Section 11.1(a)(ii) or is removed pursuant to Section 11.2; or (iv) notwithstanding clause (i) of this sentence, at any time that the General Partner voluntarily withdraws by giving at least 90 days' advance notice of its intention to withdraw to the other Partners, such withdrawal to take effect on the date specified in the notice, if at the time such notice is given one Person and its Affiliates (other than the General Partner and its Affiliates) own beneficially or of record or control at least 50% of the Outstanding Units. The withdrawal of the General Partner from the Partnership upon the occurrence of an Event of Withdrawal shall also constitute the withdrawal of the General Partner as general partner or managing member, if any, to the extent applicable, of the other Group Members. If the General Partner gives notice of withdrawal pursuant to Section 11.1(a)(ii), the holders of a Unit Majority, may, prior to the effective date of such withdrawal, elect a successor General Partner. The Person so elected as successor General Partner shall automatically become the successor general partner or managing member, to the extent applicable, of the other Group Members of which the General Partner is a general partner or a managing member. If, prior to the effective date of the General Partner's withdrawal, a successor is not selected by the Partners as provided herein or the Partnership does not receive a Withdrawal Opinion of Counsel, the Partnership shall be dissolved in accordance with Section 12.1, unless the business of the Partnership is continued pursuant to Section 12.2. Any successor General Partner elected in accordance with the terms of this Section 11.1 shall be subject to the provisions of Section 10.2.

Section 11.2 Removal of the General Partner. The General Partner may be removed if such removal is approved by the Partners holding at least 662/3% of the Outstanding Units (including Units held by the General Partner and its Affiliates) voting as a single class. Any such action by such holders for removal of the General Partner must also provide for the election of a successor General Partner by the Partners holding a majority of the outstanding Common Units (including Common Units held by the General Partner and its Affiliates). Such removal shall be effective immediately following the admission of a successor General Partner pursuant to Section 10.2. The removal of the General Partner shall also automatically constitute the removal of the General Partner as general partner or managing member, to the extent applicable, of the other Group Members of which the General Partner is a general partner or a managing member. If a Person is elected as a successor General Partner in accordance with the terms of this Section 11.2, such Person shall, upon admission pursuant to Section 10.2, automatically become a successor general partner or managing member, to the extent applicable, of the other Group Members of which the General Partner is a general partner or a managing member. The right of the Partners to remove the General Partner

shall not exist or be exercised unless the Partnership has received an opinion opining as to the matters covered by a Withdrawal Opinion of Counsel. Any successor General Partner elected in accordance with the terms of this Section 11.2 shall be subject to the provisions of Section 10.2.

Section 11.3 Interest of Departing General Partner and Successor General Partner

(a) In the event of (i) withdrawal of the General Partner under circumstances where such withdrawal does not violate this Agreement or (ii) removal of the General Partner by the Partners under circumstances where Cause does not exist, if the successor General Partner is elected in accordance with the terms of Section 11.1 or 11.2, the Departing General Partner shall have the option, exercisable prior to the effective date of the withdrawal or removal of such Departing General Partner, to require its successor to purchase its General Partner Interest and its or its Affiliates' general partner interest (or equivalent interest), if any, in the other Group Members (collectively, the "Combined Interest") in exchange for an amount in cash equal to the fair market value of such Combined Interest, such amount to be determined and payable as of the effective date of its withdrawal or removal. If the General Partner is removed by the Partners under circumstances where Cause exists or if the General Partner withdraws under circumstances where such withdrawal violates this Agreement, and if a successor General Partner is elected in accordance with the terms of Section 11.1 or 11.2 (or if the business of the Partnership is continued pursuant to Section 12.2 and the successor General Partner is not the former General Partner, such successor shall have the option, exercisable prior to the effective date of the departure of such Departing General Partner (or, in the event the business of the Partnership is continued), to purchase the Combined Interest for such fair market value of such Combined Interest. In either event, the Departing General Partner shall be entitled to receive all reimbursements due such Departing General Partner or its Affiliates (other than any Group Member) for the benefit of the Partnership or the other Group Members.

For purposes of this Section 11.3(a), the fair market value of the Combined Interest shall be determined by agreement between the Departing General Partner and its successor or, failing agreement within 30 days after the effective date of such Departing General Partner's withdrawal or removal, by an independent investment banking firm or other independent expert selected by the Departing General Partner and its successor, which, in turn, may rely on other experts, and the determination of which shall be conclusive as to such matter. If such parties cannot agree upon one independent investment banking firm or other independent expert within 45 days after the effective date of such withdrawal or removal, then the Departing General Partner shall designate an independent investment banking firm or other independent expert, and such firms or experts shall mutually select a third independent investment banking firm or independent expert, and such firms or experts shall mutually select a third independent investment banking firm or independent expert, which third independent investment banking firm or other independent expert shall determine the fair market value of the Combined Interest. In making its determination, such third independent investment banking firm or other independent expert may consider the then current trading price of Units on any National Securities Exchange on which Units are then listed or admitted to trading, the value of the Partnership's assets, the rights and obligations of the Departing General Partner and other factors it may deem relevant.

(b) If the Combined Interest is not purchased in the manner set forth in Section 11.3(a), the Departing General Partner (or its transferee) shall become a Limited Partner and the Combined Interest shall be converted into Common Units pursuant to a valuation made by an investment banking firm or other independent expert selected pursuant to Section 11.3(a), without reduction in such partnership Interest (but subject to proportionate dilution by reason of the admission of its successor). Any successor General Partner shall indemnify the Departing General Partner (or its transferee) as to all debts and liabilities of the Partnership arising on or after the date on which the Departing General Partner (or its transferee) becomes a Limited Partner. For purposes of this Agreement, conversion of the Combined Interest to Common Units will be characterized as if the Departing General Partner (or its Affiliates) contributed the Combined Interest to the Partnership in exchange for the newly issued Units.

Section 11.4 Withdrawal of Limited Partners. No Limited Partner shall have any right to withdraw from the Partnership; provided, however, that when a transferee of a Limited Partner's Partnership Interest becomes a

Record Holder of the Partnership Interest so transferred, such transferring Limited Partner shall cease to be a Limited Partner with respect to the Partnership Interest so transferred.

ARTICLE XII

DISSOLUTION AND LIQUIDATION

Section 12.1 *Dissolution.* The Partnership shall not be dissolved by the admission of additional Partners or by the admission of a successor General Partner in accordance with the terms of this Agreement. Upon the removal or withdrawal of the General Partner, if a successor General Partner is elected pursuant to Section 11.1 or 11.2, the Partnership shall not be dissolved and such successor General Partner shall continue the business of the Partnership. The Partnership shall dissolve, and (subject to Section 12.2) its affairs shall be wound up, upon:

- (a) an Event of Withdrawal of the General Partner as provided in Section 11.1(a) (other than Section 11.1(a)(ii)), unless a successor is elected and such successor is admitted to the Partnership pursuant to Section 10.2;
 - (b) an election to dissolve the Partnership by the General Partner that is approved by the holders of a Unit Majority;
 - (c) the entry of a decree of judicial dissolution of the Partnership pursuant to the provisions of the Delaware Act; or
 - (d) at any time there are no Limited Partners, unless the Partnership is continued without dissolution in accordance with the Delaware Act.

Section 12.2 Continuation of the Business of the Partnership After Dissolution. Upon (a) an Event of Withdrawal caused by the withdrawal or removal of the General Partner as provided in Sections 11.1(a)(i) or 11.1(a)(ii) and the failure of the Partners to select a successor to such Departing General Partner pursuant to Sections 11.1 or 11.2, then within 90 days thereafter, or (b) an event constituting an Event of Withdrawal as defined in Sections 11.1(a)(iv), 11.1(a)(vi), then, to the maximum extent permitted by law, within 180 days thereafter, a Unit Majority may elect to continue the business of the Partnership on the same terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement by appointing as the successor General Partner a Person approved by a Unit Majority. Unless such an election is made within the applicable time period as set forth above, the Partnership shall conduct only activities necessary to wind up its affairs. If such an election is so made, then:

- (i) the Partnership shall continue without dissolution unless earlier dissolved in accordance with this Article XII;
- (ii) if the successor General Partner is not the former General Partner, then the interest of the former General Partner shall be treated in the manner provided in Section 11.3; and
- (iii) the successor General Partner shall be admitted to the Partnership as General Partner, effective as of the Event of Withdrawal, by agreeing in writing to be bound by this Agreement;

provided, that the right of a Unit Majority to approve a successor General Partner and to continue the business of the Partnership shall not exist and may not be exercised unless the Partnership has received an Opinion of Counsel that (x) the exercise of the right would not result in the loss of the limited liability of any Limited Partner under the Delaware Act and (y) neither the Partnership nor any successor limited partnership would be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise be taxable as an entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes upon the exercise of such right to continue (to the extent not already so treated or taxed).

Section 12.3 *Liquidator*. Upon dissolution of the Partnership, unless the business of the Partnership is continued pursuant to Section 12.2, the General Partner shall select one or more Persons to act as Liquidator. The Liquidator (if other than the General Partner) shall be entitled to receive such compensation for its services as may be approved by holders of at least a majority of the Outstanding Common Units voting as a single class. The Liquidator (if other than the General Partner) shall agree not to resign at any time without 15 days' prior notice and may be removed at any time, with or without cause, by notice of removal approved by holders of at least a majority

of the Outstanding Common Units. Upon dissolution, removal or resignation of the Liquidator, a successor and substitute Liquidator (who shall have and succeed to all rights, powers and duties of the original Liquidator) shall within 30 days thereafter be approved by holders of at least a majority of the Outstanding Common Units. The right to approve a successor or substitute Liquidator in the manner provided herein shall be deemed to refer also to any such successor or substitute Liquidator approved in the manner herein provided. Except as expressly provided in this Article XII, the Liquidator approved in the manner provided herein shall have and may exercise, without further authorization or consent of any of the parties hereto, all of the powers conferred upon the General Partner under the terms of this Agreement (but subject to all of the applicable limitations, contractual and otherwise, upon the exercise of such powers, other than the limitation on sale set forth in Section 7.3) necessary or appropriate to carry out the duties and functions of the Liquidator hereunder for and during the period of time required to complete the winding up and liquidation of the Partnership as provided for herein.

- Section 12.4 *Liquidation*. The Liquidator shall proceed to dispose of the assets of the Partnership, discharge its liabilities, and otherwise wind up its affairs in such manner and over such period as determined by the Liquidator, subject to Section 17-804 of the Delaware Act and the following:
 - (a) The assets may be disposed of by public or private sale or by distribution in kind to one or more Partners on such terms as the Liquidator and such Partner or Partners may agree. If any property is distributed in kind, the Partner receiving the property shall be deemed for purposes of Section 12.4(c) to have received cash equal to its fair market value; and contemporaneously therewith, appropriate cash distributions must be made to the other Partners. The Liquidator may defer liquidation or distribution of the Partnership's assets for a reasonable time if it determines that an immediate sale or distribution of all or some of the Partnership's assets would be impractical or would cause undue loss to the Partners. The Liquidator may distribute the Partnership's assets, in whole or in part, in kind if it determines that a sale would be impractical or would cause undue loss to the Partners.
 - (b) Liabilities of the Partnership include amounts owed to the Liquidator as compensation for serving in such capacity (subject to the terms of Section 12.3) and amounts to Partners otherwise than in respect of their distribution rights under Article VI. With respect to any liability that is contingent, conditional or unmatured or is otherwise not yet due and payable, the Liquidator shall either settle such claim for such amount as it thinks appropriate or establish a reserve of cash or other assets to provide for its payment. When paid, any unused portion of the reserve shall be distributed as additional liquidation proceeds.
 - (c) All property and all cash in excess of that required to discharge liabilities as provided in Section 12.4(b) shall be distributed to the Partners in accordance with, and to the extent of, the positive balances in their respective Capital Accounts, as determined after taking into account all Capital Account adjustments (other than those made by reason of distributions pursuant to this Section 12.4(c)) for the taxable period of the Partnership during which the liquidation of the Partnership occurs (with such date of occurrence being determined pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(g)), and such distribution shall be made by the end of such taxable period (or, if later, within 90 days after said date of such occurrence).
- Section 12.5 Cancellation of Certificate of Limited Partnership. Upon the completion of the distribution of Partnership cash and property as provided in Section 12.4 in connection with the liquidation of the Partnership, the Certificate of Limited Partnership and all qualifications of the Partnership as a foreign limited partnership in jurisdictions other than the State of Delaware shall be canceled and such other actions as may be necessary to terminate the Partnership shall be taken.
- Section 12.6 *Return of Contributions*. The General Partner shall not be personally liable for, and shall have no obligation to contribute or loan any monies or property to the Partnership to enable it to effectuate, the return of the Capital Contributions of the Partners or Unitholders, or any portion thereof, it being expressly understood that any such return shall be made solely from Partnership assets.
 - Section 12.7 Waiver of Partition. To the maximum extent permitted by law, each Partner hereby waives any right to partition of the Partnership property.
 - Section 12.8 Capital Account Restoration. No Limited Partner shall have any obligation to restore any negative balance in its Capital Account upon liquidation of the Partnership.

ARTICLE XIII

AMENDMENT OF PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT; MEETINGS; RECORD DATE

- Section 13.1 *Amendments to be Adopted Solely by the General Partner.* Each Partner agrees that the General Partner, without the approval of any other Partner, may amend any provision of this Agreement and execute, swear to, acknowledge, deliver, file and record whatever documents may be required in connection therewith, to reflect:
 - (a) a change in the name of the Partnership, the location of the principal place of business of the Partnership, the registered agent of the Partnership or the registered office of the Partnership;
 - (b) admission, substitution, withdrawal or removal of Partners in accordance with this Agreement;
 - (c) a change that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate to qualify or continue the qualification of the Partnership as a limited partnership or a partnership in which the Limited Partners have limited liability under the laws of any state or to ensure that the Group Members will not be treated as associations taxable as corporations or otherwise taxed as entities for U.S. federal income tax purposes;
 - (d) a change that the General Partner determines (i) does not adversely affect the Partners (including any particular class of Partnership Interests as compared to other classes of Partnership Interests) in any material respect, (ii) to be necessary or appropriate to (A) satisfy any requirements, conditions or guidelines contained in any opinion, directive, order, ruling or regulation of any federal or state agency or judicial authority or contained in any federal or state statute (including the Delaware Act) or (B) facilitate the trading of the Units (including the division of any class or classes of Outstanding Units into different classes to facilitate uniformity of tax consequences within such classes of Units) or comply with any rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of any National Securities Exchange on which any class of Partnership Interests are or will be listed or admitted to trading, (iii) to be necessary or appropriate in connection with action taken by the General Partner pursuant to Section 5.6 or (iv) is required to effect the intent expressed in the Registration Statement or the intent of the provisions of this Agreement or is otherwise contemplated by this Agreement;
 - (e) a change in the fiscal year or taxable period of the Partnership and any other changes that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate as a result of a change in the fiscal year or taxable period of the Partnership including, if the General Partner shall so determine, a change in the definition of "Quarter" and the dates on which distributions are to be made by the Partnership;
 - (f) an amendment that is necessary, in the Opinion of Counsel, to prevent the Partnership, or the General Partner or CVR Energy, Inc. or their directors, officers, trustees or agents from in any manner being subjected to the provisions of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended, or "plan asset" regulations adopted under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, regardless of whether such are substantially similar to plan asset regulations currently applied or proposed by the United States Department of Labor;
 - (g) an amendment that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate in connection with the creation, authorization or issuance of any class or series of Partnership Interests or any options, rights, warrants and appreciation rights relating to an equity interest in the Partnership pursuant to Section 5.4;
 - (h) any amendment expressly permitted in this Agreement to be made by the General Partner acting alone;
 - (i) an amendment effected, necessitated or contemplated by a Merger Agreement approved in accordance with Section 14.3;
 - (j) an amendment that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate to reflect and account for the formation by the Partnership of, or investment by the Partnership in, any corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company or other entity, in connection with the conduct by the Partnership of activities permitted by the terms of Section 2.4;
 - (k) a merger or conveyance pursuant to Section 14.3(d); or

(1) any other amendments substantially similar to the foregoing.

Section 13.2 Amendment Procedures. Amendments to this Agreement may be proposed only by the General Partner. To the fullest extent permitted by law, the General Partner shall have no duty or obligation to propose or approve any amendment to this Agreement and may decline to do so in its sole discretion and, in declining to propose or approve an amendment, to the fullest extent permitted by law shall not be required to act in good faith or pursuant to any other standard imposed by this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement, any other agreement contemplated hereby or under the Delaware Act or any other law, rule or regulation or at equity. An amendment shall be effective upon its approval by the General Partner and a Unit Majority, unless a greater or different percentage is required under this Agreement or by Delaware law. Each proposed amendment that requires the approval of Partners holding a specified Percentage Interest shall be set forth in a writing that contains the text of the proposed amendment. If such an amendment is proposed, the General Partner shall seek the written approval of Partners holding the specified Percentage Interest or call a meeting of the Partners to consider and vote on such proposed amendment. The General Partner shall notify all Record Holders upon final adoption of any such proposed amendments. The General Partner shall be deemed to have notified all Record Holders as required by this Section 13.2 if it has either (i) filed such amendment with the Commission via its Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis and Retrieval system and such amendment is publicly available on such system or (ii) made such amendment available on any publicly available website maintained by the Partnership.

Section 13.3 Amendment Requirements.

- (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 13.1 and 13.2, no provision of this Agreement that establishes a vote or approval of Partners holding a specified Percentage Interest of the Partners (or a subset of the Partners) required to take any action shall be amended, altered, changed, repealed or rescinded in any respect that would have the effect of, in the case of any provision of this Agreement other than Section 11.2 or Section 13.4, reducing such percentage unless such amendment is approved by the written consent or the affirmative vote of Partners whose aggregate Percentage Interest constitute not less than the voting requirement sought to be reduced.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 13.1 and 13.2, no amendment to this Agreement may (i) enlarge the obligations of any Partner without its consent, unless such shall be deemed to have occurred as a result of an amendment approved pursuant to Section 13.3(c), or (ii) enlarge the obligations of, restrict, change or modify in any way any action by or rights of, or reduce in any way the amounts distributable, reimbursable or otherwise payable to, the General Partner or any of its Affiliates without its consent, which consent may be given or withheld in its sole discretion.
- (c) Except as provided in Section 14.3 or Section 13.1, any amendment that would have a material adverse effect on the rights or preferences of any class of Partnership Interests in relation to other classes of Partnership Interests must be approved by the holders of not less than a majority of the Outstanding Partnership Interests of the class affected. If the General Partner determines an amendment does not satisfy the requirements of Section 13.1(d)(i) because it adversely affects one or more classes of Partnership Interests, as compared to other classes of Partnership Interests, in any material respect, such amendment shall only be required to be approved by the adversely affected class or classes.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, except for amendments pursuant to Section 13.1 and except as otherwise provided by Section 14.3(b), no amendments shall become effective without the approval of the holders of at least 90% of the Percentage Interests of all Partners voting as a single class unless the Partnership obtains an Opinion of Counsel to the effect that such amendment will not affect the limited liability of any Limited Partner under applicable partnership law of the state under whose laws the Partnership is organized.
- (e) Except as provided in Section 13.1, this Section 13.3 shall only be amended with the approval of Partners (including the General Partner and its Affiliates) holding at least 90% of the Percentage Interests of all Partners.

Section 13.4 Special Meetings. All acts of Partners to be taken pursuant to this Agreement shall be taken in the manner provided in this Article XIII. Special meetings of the Partners may be called by the General Partner or by Limited Partners owning 20% or more of the Outstanding Units of the class or classes for which a meeting is proposed. Limited Partners shall call a special meeting by delivering to the General Partner one or more requests in writing stating that the signing Partners wish to call a special meeting and indicating the general or specific purposes

for which the special meeting is to be called. Within 60 days after receipt of such a call from Partners or within such greater time as may be reasonably necessary for the Partnership to comply with any statutes, rules, regulations, listing agreements or similar requirements governing the holding of a meeting or the solicitation of proxies for use at such a meeting, the General Partner shall send a notice of the meeting to the Partners either directly or indirectly through the Transfer Agent. A meeting shall be held at a time and place determined by the General Partner on a date not less than 10 days nor more than 60 days after the mailing of notice of the meeting. Limited Partners shall not vote on matters that would cause the Limited Partners to be deemed to be taking part in the management and control of the business and affairs of the Partnership so as to jeopardize the Limited Partners' limited liability under the Delaware Act or the law of any other state in which the Partnership is qualified to do business.

Section 13.5 *Notice of a Meeting*. Notice of a meeting called pursuant to Section 13.4 shall be given to the Record Holders of the class or classes of Partnership Interests for which a meeting is proposed in writing by mail or other means of written communication in accordance with Section 16.1. The notice shall be deemed to have been given at the time when deposited in the mail or sent by other means of written communication.

Section 13.6 Record Date. For purposes of determining the Partners entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of the Partners or to give approvals without a meeting as provided in Section 13.11 the General Partner may set a Record Date, which shall not be less than 10 nor more than 60 days before (a) the date of the meeting (unless such requirement conflicts with any rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of any National Securities Exchange on which the Partnership Interests are listed or admitted to trading or U.S. federal securities laws, in which case the rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of such National Securities Exchange or U.S. federal securities laws shall govern) or (b) in the event that approvals are sought without a meeting, the date by which Partners are requested in writing by the General Partner to give such approvals. If the General Partner does not set a Record Date, then (a) the Record Date for determining the Partners entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of the Partners shall be the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which notice is given, and (b) the Record Date for determining the Partners entitled to give approvals without a meeting shall be the date the first written approval is deposited with the Partnership in care of the General Partner in accordance with Section 13.11.

Section 13.7 Adjournment. When a meeting is adjourned to another time or place, notice need not be given of the adjourned meeting and a new Record Date need not be fixed, if the time and place thereof are announced at the meeting at which the adjournment is taken, unless such adjournment shall be for more than 45 days. At the adjourned meeting, the Partnership may transact any business which might have been transacted at the original meeting. If the adjournment is for more than 45 days or if a new Record Date is fixed for the adjourned meeting, a notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given in accordance with this Article XIII.

Section 13.8 Waiver of Notice; Approval of Meeting; Approval of Minutes. The transactions of any meeting of Partners, however called and noticed, and whenever held, shall be as valid as if it had occurred at a meeting duly held after regular call and notice, if a quorum is present either in person or by proxy. Attendance of a Partner at a meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of the meeting, except (i) when the Partner attends the meeting for the express purpose of objecting, at the beginning of the meeting, to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened and (ii) that attendance at a meeting is not a waiver of any right to disapprove the consideration of matters required to be included in the notice of the meeting, but not so included, if the disapproval is expressly made at the meeting.

Section 13.9 *Quorum and Voting.* The holders of a majority, by Percentage Interest, of the Partnership Interests of the class or classes for which a meeting has been called (including Partnership Interests deemed owned by the General Partner) represented in person or by proxy shall constitute a quorum at a meeting of Partners of such class or classes unless any such action by the Partners requires approval by holders of a greater Percentage Interest, in which case the quorum shall be such greater Percentage Interest. At any meeting of the Partners duly called and held in accordance with this Agreement at which a quorum is present, the act of Partners holding Partnership Interests that in the aggregate represent a majority of the Percentage Interest of those present in person or by proxy at such meeting shall be deemed to constitute the act of all Partners, unless a greater or different percentage is required with respect to such action under the provisions of this Agreement, in which case the act of the Partners holding Partnership Interests that in the aggregate represent at least such greater or different percentage shall be required; provided, however, that if, as a matter of law or amendment to this Agreement, approval by

plurality vote of Partners (or any class thereof) is required to approve any action, no minimum quorum shall be required. The Partners present at a duly called or held meeting at which a quorum is present may continue to transact business until adjournment, notwithstanding the withdrawal of enough Partners to leave less than a quorum, if any action taken (other than adjournment) is approved by Partners holding the required Percentage Interest specified in this Agreement. In the absence of a quorum any meeting of Partners may be adjourned from time to time by the affirmative vote of Partners with at least a majority, by Percentage Interest, of the Partnership Interests entitled to vote at such meeting (including Partnership Interests deemed owned by the General Partner) represented either in person or by proxy, but no other business may be transacted, except as provided in Section 13.7.

Section 13.10 Conduct of a Meeting. The General Partner shall have full power and authority concerning the manner of conducting any meeting of the Partners or solicitation of approvals in writing, including the determination of Persons entitled to vote, the existence of a quorum, the satisfaction of the requirements of Section 13.4, the conduct of voting, the validity and effect of any proxies and the determination of any controversies, votes or challenges arising in connection with or during the meeting or voting. The General Partner shall designate a Person to serve as chairman of any meeting and shall further designate a Person to take the minutes of any meeting. All minutes shall be kept with the records of the Partnership maintained by the General Partner. The General Partner may make such other regulations consistent with applicable law and this Agreement as it may deem advisable concerning the conduct of any meeting of the Partners or solicitation of approvals in writing, including regulations in regard to the appointment of proxies, the appointment and duties of inspectors of votes and approvals, the submission and examination of proxies and other evidence of the right to vote, and the revocation of approvals in writing.

Section 13.11 Action Without a Meeting. If authorized by the General Partner, any action that may be taken at a meeting of the Partners may be taken without a meeting, without a vote and without prior notice, if an approval in writing setting forth the action so taken is signed by Partners owning Partnership Interests representing not less than the minimum Percentage Interest that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at a meeting at which all the Partners were present and voted (unless such provision conflicts with any rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of any National Securities Exchange on which Partnership Interests are listed or admitted to trading, in which case the rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of such National Securities Exchange shall govern). Prompt notice of the taking of action without a meeting shall be given to the Partners who have not approved in writing. The General Partner may specify that any written ballot submitted to Partners for the purpose of taking any action without a meeting shall be returned to the Partnership within the time period, which shall be not less than 20 days, specified by the General Partner. If a ballot returned to the Partnership does not vote all of the Partnership Interests held by the Partnership shall be deemed to have failed to receive a ballot for the Partnership Interests that were not voted. If approval of the taking of any action by the Partners is solicited by any Person other than by or on behalf of the General Partner, the written approvals shall have no force and effect unless and until (a) they are deposited with the Partnership in care of the General Partner and (b) an Opinion of Counsel is delivered to the General Partner to the effect that the exercise of such right and the action proposed to be taken with respect to any particular matter (i) will not cause the Limited Partners to be deemed to be taking part in the management and control of the business and affairs of the Partnership so as to jeopardize the Limited Par

Section 13.12 Right to Vote and Related Matters

- (a) Only those Record Holders of Partnership Interests on the Record Date set pursuant to Section 13.6 (and also subject to the limitations contained in the definition of "Outstanding") shall be entitled to notice of, and to vote at, a meeting of Partners or to act with respect to matters as to which the Partners have the right to vote or to act. All references in this Agreement to votes of, or other acts that may be taken by, the Partners shall be deemed to be references to the votes or acts of the Record Holders of Partnership Interests.
- (b) With respect to Partnership Interests that are held for a Person's account by another Person (such as a broker, dealer, bank, trust company or clearing corporation, or an agent of any of the foregoing), in whose name

such Partnership Interests are registered, such other Person shall, in exercising the voting rights in respect of such Partnership Interests on any matter, and unless the arrangement between such Persons provides otherwise, vote such Partnership Interests in favor of, and at the direction of, the Person who is the beneficial owner, and the Partnership shall be entitled to assume it is so acting without further inquiry. The provisions of this Section 13.12(b) (as well as all other provisions of this Agreement) are subject to the provisions of Section 4.3.

ARTICLE XIV

MERGER

Section 14.1 *Authority*. The Partnership may merge or consolidate with or into one or more corporations, limited liability companies, business trusts or associations, real estate investment trusts, common law trusts or unincorporated businesses, including a general partnership or limited partnership, formed under the laws of the State of Delaware or any other state of the United States of America, pursuant to a written agreement of merger or consolidation ("Merger Agreement") in accordance with this Article XIV.

Section 14.2 Procedure for Merger or Consolidation.

- (a) Merger or consolidation of the Partnership pursuant to this Article XIV requires the prior consent of the General Partner, provided, however, that, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the General Partner shall have no duty or obligation to consent to any merger or consolidation of the Partnership and may decline to do so free of any fiduciary duty or obligation whatsoever to the Partnership or any Partner and, in declining to consent to a merger or consolidation, shall not be required to act in good faith or pursuant to any other standard imposed by this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement, any other agreement contemplated hereby or under the Delaware Act or any other law, rule or regulation or at equity.
 - (b) If the General Partner shall determine to consent to the merger or consolidation, the General Partner shall approve the Merger Agreement, which shall set forth:
 - (i) the names and jurisdictions of formation or organization of each of the business entities proposing to merge or consolidate:
 - (ii) the name and jurisdiction of formation or organization of the business entity that is to survive the proposed merger or consolidation (the "Surviving Business Entity");
 - (iii) the terms and conditions of the proposed merger or consolidation;
 - (iv) the manner and basis of exchanging or converting the equity interests of each constituent business entity for, or into, cash, property or general or limited partner interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity; and (i) if any general or limited partner interests, securities or rights of any constituent business entity are not to be exchanged or converted solely for, or into, cash, property or general or limited partner interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity, the cash, property or general or limited partner interests, rights, securities or obligations of any limited partnership, corporation, trust or other entity (other than the Surviving Business Entity) which the holders of such general or limited partner interests, securities or rights are to receive in exchange for, or upon conversion of their general or limited partner interests, securities or rights, and (ii) in the case of equity interests represented by certificates, upon the surrender of such certificates, which cash, property or general or limited partner interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity, or evidences thereof, are to be delivered;
 - (v) a statement of any changes in the constituent documents or the adoption of new constituent documents (the articles or certificate of incorporation, articles of trust, declaration of trust, certificate or agreement of limited partnership or other similar charter or governing document) of the Surviving Business Entity to be effected by such merger or consolidation;
 - (vi) the effective time of the merger, which may be the date of the filing of the certificate of merger pursuant to Section 14.4 or a later date specified in or determinable in accordance with the Merger Agreement (provided, that if the effective time of the merger is to be later than the date of the filing of the certificate of

merger, the effective time shall be fixed no later than the time of the filing of the certificate of merger and stated therein); and

(vii) such other provisions with respect to the proposed merger or consolidation that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate.

Section 14.3 Approval by Partners of Merger or Consolidation.

- (a) Except as provided in Sections 14.3(d) or 14.3(e), the General Partner, upon its approval of the Merger Agreement, shall direct that the Merger Agreement be submitted to a vote of Partners, whether at a special meeting or by written consent, in either case in accordance with the requirements of Article XIII. A copy or a summary of the Merger Agreement shall be included in or enclosed with the notice of a special meeting or the written consent.
- (b) Except as provided in Sections 14.3(d) or 14.3(e), the Merger Agreement shall be approved upon receiving the affirmative vote or consent of a Unit Majority unless the Merger Agreement contains any provision that, if contained in an amendment to this Agreement, the provisions of this Agreement or the Delaware Act would require for its approval the vote or consent of Partners holding a greater Percentage Interest or the vote or consent of a specified percentage of any class of Partners, in which case such greater Percentage Interest or percentage vote or consent shall be required for approval of the Merger Agreement.
- (c) Except as provided in Sections 14.3(d) and 14.3(e), after such approval by vote or consent of the Partners, and at any time prior to the filing of the certificate of merger pursuant to Section 14.4, the merger or consolidation may be abandoned pursuant to provisions therefor, if any, set forth in the Merger Agreement.
- (d) Notwithstanding anything else contained in this Article XIV or in this Agreement, the General Partner is permitted, without Partner approval, to convert the Partnership or any Group Member into a new limited liability entity, to merge the Partnership or any Group Member into, or convey all of the Partnership's assets to, another limited liability entity that shall be newly formed and shall have no assets, liabilities or operations at the time of such conversion, merger or conveyance other than those it receives from the Partnership or other Group Member if (i) the General Partner has received an Opinion of Counsel that the conversion, merger or conveyance, as the case may be, would not result in the loss of the limited liability of any Limited Partner or any Group Member under the Delaware Act or cause the Partnership or any Group Member to be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise to be taxed as an entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes (to the extent not already treated as such), (ii) the sole purpose of such conversion, merger or conveyance is to effect a mere change in the legal form of the Partnership into another limited liability entity and (iii) the governing instruments of the new entity provide the Partners with the same rights and obligations as are herein contained.
- (e) Additionally, notwithstanding anything else contained in this Article XIV or in this Agreement, the General Partner is permitted, without Partner approval, to merge or consolidate the Partnership with or into another entity if (A) the General Partner has received an Opinion of Counsel that the merger or consolidation, as the case may be, would not result in the loss of the limited liability under the Delaware Act of any Limited Partner or cause the Partnership to be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise to be taxed as an entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes (to the extent not already treated as such), (B) the merger or consolidation would not result in an amendment to this Agreement, other than any amendments that could be adopted pursuant to Section 13.1, (C) the Partnership is the Surviving Business Entity in such merger or consolidation, (D) each Partnership Interest outstanding immediately prior to the effective date of the merger or consolidation, and (E) the number of Partnership Interests to be issued by the Partnership in such merger or consolidation does not exceed 20% of the Partnership Interests Outstanding immediately prior to the effective date of the merger or consolidation is to be an identical Partnership Interest of the Partnership Interests Outstanding immediately prior to the effective date of the merger or consolidation.

Section 14.4 *Certificate of Merger.* Upon the required approval by the General Partner and the Partners of a Merger Agreement, a certificate of merger shall be executed and filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware in conformity with the requirements of the Delaware Act.

Section 14.5 Amendment of Partnership Agreement. Pursuant to Section 17-211(g) of the Delaware Act, an agreement of merger or consolidation approved in accordance with this Article XIV may (a) effect any amendment to this Agreement or (b) effect the adoption of a new partnership agreement for the Partnership if it is

the Surviving Business Entity. Any such amendment or adoption made pursuant to this Section 14.5 shall be effective at the effective time or date of the merger or consolidation.

Section 14.6 Effect of Merger.

- (a) At the effective time of the certificate of merger:
- (i) all of the rights, privileges and powers of each of the business entities that has merged or consolidated, and all property, real, personal and mixed, and all debts due to any of those business entities and all other things and causes of action belonging to each of those business entities, shall be vested in the Surviving Business Entity and after the merger or consolidation shall be the property of the Surviving Business Entity to the extent they were of each constituent business entity;
- (ii) the title to any real property vested by deed or otherwise in any of those constituent business entities shall not revert and is not in any way impaired because of the merger or consolidation;
 - (iii) all rights of creditors and all liens on or security interests in property of any of those constituent business entities shall be preserved unimpaired; and
- (iv) all debts, liabilities and duties of those constituent business entities shall attach to the Surviving Business Entity and may be enforced against it to the same extent as if the debts, liabilities and duties had been incurred or contracted by it.
- (b) A merger or consolidation effected pursuant to this Article shall not be deemed to result in a transfer or assignment of assets or liabilities from one entity to another.

ARTICLE XV

RIGHT TO ACQUIRE LIMITED PARTNER INTERESTS

Section 15.1 Right to Acquire Limited Partner Interests.

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, if at any time the General Partner and its Affiliates hold more than % of the total Limited Partner Interests of any class then Outstanding, the General Partner shall then have the right, which right it may assign and transfer in whole or in part to the Partnership or any Affiliate of the General Partner, exercisable in its sole discretion, to purchase all, but not less than all, of such Limited Partner Interests of such class then Outstanding held by Persons other than the General Partner and its Affiliates, at the greater of (x) the Current Market Price as of the date three days prior to the date that the notice described in Section 15.1(b) is mailed and (y) the highest price paid by the General Partner or any of its Affiliates for any such Limited Partner Interest of such class purchased during the 90-day period preceding the date that the notice described in Section 15.1(b) is mailed.
- (b) If the General Partner, any Affiliate of the General Partner or the Partnership elects to exercise the right to purchase Limited Partner Interests granted pursuant to Section 15.1(a), the General Partner shall deliver to the Transfer Agent notice of such election to purchase (the "Notice of Election to Purchase") and shall cause the Transfer Agent to mail a copy of such Notice of Election to Purchase to the Record Holders of Limited Partner Interests of such class (as of a Record Date selected by the General Partner) at least 10, but not more than 60, days prior to the Purchase Date. Such Notice of Election to Purchase shall also be published for a period of at least three consecutive days in at least two daily newspapers of general circulation printed in the English language and circulated in the Borough of Manhattan, New York. The Notice of Election to Purchase shall specify the Purchase Date and the price (determined in accordance with Section 15.1(a)) at which Limited Partner Interests will be purchased and state that the General Partner, its Affiliate or the Partnership, as the case may be, elects to purchase such Limited Partner Interests, upon surrender of Certificates representing such Limited Partner Interests in exchange for payment (in the case of Limited Partner Interests evidenced by Certificates), at such office or offices of the Transfer Agent may specify, or as may be required by any National Securities Exchange on which such Limited Partner Interests are listed or admitted to trading. Any such Notice of Election to Purchase mailed to a Record Holder of Limited Partner Interests at his address as reflected in the records of the Transfer Agent shall be conclusively presumed to have been given regardless of whether the owner receives such notice. On

or prior to the Purchase Date, the General Partner, its Affiliate or the Partnership, as the case may be, shall deposit with the Transfer Agent cash in an amount sufficient to pay the aggregate purchase price of all of such Limited Partner Interests to be purchased in accordance with this Section 15.1. If the Notice of Election to Purchase shall have been duly given as aforesaid at least 10 days prior to the Purchase Date, and if on or prior to the Purchase Date the deposit described in the preceding sentence has been made for the benefit of the holders of Limited Partner Interests subject to purchase as provided herein, then from and after the Purchase Date, notwithstanding that any Certificate shall not have been surrendered for purchase, all rights of the holders of such Limited Partner Interests (including any rights pursuant to Articles IV, V, VI, and XII) shall thereupon cease, except the right to receive the purchase price (determined in accordance with Section 15.1(a)) for Limited Partner Interests therefor, without interest, upon surrender to the Transfer Agent of the Certificates representing such Limited Partner Interests (in the case of Limited Partner Interests evidenced by Certificates), and such Limited Partner Interests shall thereupon be deemed to be transferred to the General Partner, its Affiliate or the Partnership, as the case may be, on the record books of the Transfer Agent and the Partnership, and the General Partner or any Affiliate of the General Partner, or the Partnership, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be the owner of all such Limited Partner Interests from and after the Purchase Date and shall have all rights as the owner of such Limited Partner Interests (including all rights as owner of such Limited Partner Interests pursuant to Articles IV, V, VI, and XII).

ARTICLE XVI

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 16.1 *Addresses and Notices*. Any notice, demand, request, report or proxy materials required or permitted to be given or made to a Partner under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed given or made when delivered in person or when sent by first class United States mail or by other means of written communication to the Partner at the address described below.

Any notice, payment or report to be given or made to a Partner hereunder shall be deemed conclusively to have been given or made, and the obligation to give such notice or report or to make such payment shall be deemed conclusively to have been fully satisfied, upon sending of such notice, payment or report to the Record Holder of such Partnership Interests at his address as shown on the records of the Transfer Agent or as otherwise shown on the records of the Partnership, regardless of any claim of any Person who may have an interest in such Partnership Interests by reason of any assignment or otherwise.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if (i) a Partner shall consent to receiving notices, demands, requests, reports or proxy materials via electronic mail or by the Internet or (ii) the rules of the Commission shall permit any report or proxy materials to be delivered electronically or made available via the Internet, any such notice, demand, request, report or proxy materials shall be deemed given or made when delivered or made available via such mode of delivery.

An affidavit or certificate of making of any notice, payment or report in accordance with the provisions of this Section 16.1 executed by the General Partner, the Transfer Agent or the mailing organization shall be prima facie evidence of the giving or making of such notice, payment or report. If any notice, payment or report given or made in accordance with the provisions of this Section 16.1 is returned marked to indicate that such notice, payment or report was unable to be delivered, such notice, payment or report and, in the case of notices, payments or reports returned by the United States Postal Service (or other physical mail delivery mail service outside the United States of America), any subsequent notices, payments and reports shall be deemed to have been duly given or made without further mailing (until such time as such Record Holder or another Person notifies the Transfer Agent or the Partnership of a change in his address) or other delivery if they are available for the Partner at the principal office of the Partnership for a period of one year from the date of the giving or making of such notice, payment or report to the other Partners. Any notice to the Partnership shall be deemed given if received by the General Partner at the principal office of the Partnership designated pursuant to Section 2.3. The General Partner may rely and shall be protected in relying on any notice or other document from a Partner or other Person if believed by it to be genuine.

The terms "in writing," "written communications," "written notice" and words of similar import shall be deemed satisfied under this Agreement by use of e-mail and other forms of electronic communication.

- Section 16.2 Further Action. The parties shall execute and deliver all documents, provide all information and take or refrain from taking action as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this Agreement.
- Section 16.3 *Binding Effect.* This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their heirs, executors, administrators, successors, legal representatives and permitted assigns.
- Section 16.4 Integration. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement among the parties hereto pertaining to the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior agreements and understandings pertaining thereto.
 - Section 16.5 Creditors. None of the provisions of this Agreement shall be for the benefit of, or shall be enforceable by, any creditor of the Partnership.
- Section 16.6 Waiver. No failure by any party to insist upon the strict performance of any covenant, duty, agreement or condition of this Agreement or to exercise any right or remedy consequent upon a breach thereof shall constitute waiver of any such breach of any other covenant, duty, agreement or condition.
- Section 16.7 *Counterparts*. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, all of which together shall constitute an agreement binding on all the parties hereto, notwithstanding that all such parties are not signatories to the original or the same counterpart. Each party shall become bound by this Agreement immediately upon affixing its signature hereto or, in the case of a Person acquiring a Partnership Interest, pursuant to Section 10.1(a) without execution hereof.
 - Section 16.8 Applicable Law; Forum, Venue and Jurisdiction.
 - (a) This Agreement shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to the principles of conflicts of law.
- (b) Each of the Partners and each Person holding any beneficial interest in the Partnership (whether through a broker, dealer, bank, trust company or clearing corporation or an agent of any of the foregoing or otherwise):
 - (i) irrevocably agrees that any claims, suits, actions or proceedings (A) arising out of or relating in any way to this Agreement (including any claims, suits or actions to interpret, apply or enforce the provisions of this Agreement or the duties, obligations or liabilities among Partners or of Partners to the Partnership, or the rights or powers of, or restrictions on, the Partners or the Partnership), (B) brought in a derivative manner on behalf of the Partnership, (C) asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any director, officer, or other employee of the Partnership or the General Partner, or owed by the General Partner, to the Partnership or the Partners, (D) asserting a claim arising pursuant to any provision of the Delaware Act or (E) asserting a claim governed by the internal affairs doctrine shall be exclusively brought in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware, in each case regardless of whether such claims, suits, actions or proceedings sound in contract, tort, fraud or otherwise, are based on common law, statutory, equitable, legal or other grounds, or are derivative or direct claims;
 - (ii) irrevocably submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware in connection with any such claim, suit, action or proceeding; and
 - (iii) agrees not to, and waives any right to, assert in any such claim, suit, action or proceeding that (A) it is not personally subject to the jurisdiction of the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware or of any other court to which proceedings in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware may be appealed, (B) such claim, suit, action or proceeding is brought in an inconvenient forum, or (C) the venue of such claim, suit, action or proceeding is improper, (iv) expressly waives any requirement for the posting of a bond by a party bringing such claim, suit, action or proceeding, and (v) consents to process being served in any such claim, suit, action or proceeding by mailing, certified mail, return receipt requested, a copy thereof to such party at the address in effect for notices hereunder, and agrees that such services shall constitute good and sufficient service of process and notice thereof; provided, nothing in clause (v) hereof shall affect or limit any right to serve process in any other manner permitted by law.

Section 16.9 *Invalidity of Provisions*. If any provision or part of a provision of this Agreement is or becomes, for any reason, invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any respect, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions and part thereof contained herein shall not be affected thereby, and this Agreement shall,

to the fullest extent permitted by law, be reformed and construed as if such invalid, illegal or unenforceable provision, or part of a provision, had never been contained herein, and such provision or part reformed so that it would be valid, legal and enforceable to the maximum extent possible.

Section 16.10 *Consent of Partners*. Each Partner hereby expressly consents and agrees that, whenever in this Agreement it is specified that an action may be taken upon the affirmative vote or consent of less than all of the Partners, such action may be so taken upon the concurrence of less than all of the Partners and each Partner shall be bound by the results of such action.

Section 16.11 Facsimile Signatures. The use of facsimile signatures affixed in the name and on behalf of the transfer agent and registrar of the Partnership on Certificates representing Units is expressly permitted by this Agreement.

Section 16.12 Third Party Beneficiaries. Each Partner agrees that (a) any Indemnitee shall be entitled to assert rights and remedies hereunder as a third-party beneficiary hereto with respect to those provisions of this Agreement affording a right, benefit or privilege to such Indemnitee, (b) any Unrestricted Person shall be entitled to assert rights and remedies hereunder as a third-party beneficiary hereto with respect to those provisions of this Agreement affording a right, benefit or privilege to such Unrestricted Person and (c) Goldman, Sachs & Co., Kelso & Company, L.P. and their respective Affiliates and successors and assigns shall be entitled to assert rights and remedies hereunder as a third-party beneficiary hereto with respect to Section 7.5(g).

[REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement as of the date first written above.		
	GENERAL PARTNER:	
	CVR GP, LLC	
	By:	
	Name: Title:	
	COFFEYVILLE RESOURCES, LLC	
	By:	
	Name: Title:	
Signati	are Page to the	
Signature Page to the Second Amended and Restated Partnership Agreement		
of		
CVR Partners, LP		

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EXHIBIT A to the Second Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of CVR Partners, LP

Certificate Evidencing Common Units Representing Limited Partner Interests in CVR Partners, LP

No Common Ur
in accordance with Section 4.1 of the Second Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of CVR Partners, LP, as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time (the
"Partnership Agreement"), CVR Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership (the "Partnership"), hereby certifies that(the "Holder") is the registered owner of
Common Units representing limited partner interests in the Partnership (the "Common Units") transferable on the books of the Partnership, in person or by duly authorized attorney, upon
surrender of this Certificate properly endorsed. The rights, preferences and limitations of the Common Units are set forth in, and this Certificate and the Common Units represented hereby
are issued and shall in all respects be subject to the terms and provisions of, the Partnership Agreement. Copies of the Partnership Agreement are on file at, and will be furnished without
charge on delivery of written request to the Partnership at, the principal office of the Partnership located at 2277 Plaza Drive, Suite 500, Sugar Land, Texas 77479. Capitalized terms used
perein but not defined shall have the meanings given them in the Partnership Agreement.

THE HOLDER OF THIS SECURITY ACKNOWLEDGES FOR THE BENEFIT OF CVR PARTNERS, LP THAT THIS SECURITY MAY NOT BE SOLD, OFFERED, RESOLD, PLEDGED OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED IF SUCH TRANSFER WOULD (A) VIOLATE THE THEN APPLICABLE FEDERAL OR STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION, ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY WITH JURISDICTION OVER SUCH TRANSFER, (B) TERMINATE THE EXISTENCE OR QUALIFICATION OF CVR PARTNERS, LP UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, OR (C) CAUSE CVR PARTNERS, LP TO BE TREATED AS AN ASSOCIATION TAXABLE AS A CORPORATION OR OTHERWISE TO BE TAXED AS AN ENTITY FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES (TO THE EXTENT NOT ALREADY SO TREATED OR TAXED). CVR GP LLC, THE GENERAL PARTNER OF CVR PARTNERS, LP, MAY IMPOSE ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS ON THE TRANSFER OF THIS SECURITY IF IT RECEIVES AN OPINION OF COUNSEL THAT SUCH RESTRICTIONS ARE NECESSARY TO AVOID A SIGNIFICANT RISK OF CVR PARTNERS, LP BECOMING TAXABLE AS A CORPORATION OR OTHERWISE BECOMING TAXABLE AS AN ENTITY FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES. THE RESTRICTIONS SET FORTH ABOVE SHALL NOT PRECLUDE THE SETTLEMENT OF ANY TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING THIS SECURITY ENTERED INTO THROUGH THE FACILITIES OF ANY NATIONAL SECURITIES EXCHANGE ON WHICH THIS SECURITY IS LISTED OR ADMITTED TO TRADING.

The Holder, by accepting this Certificate, is deemed to have (i) requested admission as, and agreed to become, a Limited Partner and to have agreed to comply with and be bound by and to have executed the Partnership Agreement, (ii) represented and warranted that the Holder has all right, power and authority and, if an individual, the capacity necessary to enter into the Partnership Agreement and (iii) made the waivers and given the consents and approvals contained in the Partnership Agreement.

construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware.	
Dated:	CVR Partners, LP
Countersigned and Registered by:	By: CVR GP LLC
[Transfer Agent], As Transfer Agent and Registrar	By:
	Name:
	Title:
	By:
	Name:
	Title:
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This Certificate shall not be valid for any purpose unless it has been countersigned and registered by the Transfer Agent and Registrar. This Certificate shall be governed by and

[Reverse of Certificate]

ABBREVIATIONS

The following abbreviations, when used in the inscription on the face of this Certificate, shall be construed as follows according to applicable laws or regulations: TEN COM — as tenants in common UNIF GIFT/TRANSFERS MIN ACT TEN ENT — as tenants by the entireties
JT TEN — as joint tenants with right of survivorship and not as tenants in common Custodian (Cust) (Minor) Under Uniform Gifts/Transfers to CD Minors Act (State) Additional abbreviations, though not in the above list, may also be used. ASSIGNMENT OF COMMON UNITS OF CVR PARTNERS, LP FOR VALUE RECEIVED, _____ hereby assigns, conveys, sells and transfers unto (Please insert Social Security or other identifying number of assignee) (Please print or typewrite name and address of assignee) Common Units representing limited partner interests evidenced by this Certificate, subject to the Partnership Agreement, and does hereby irrevocably constitute and appoint as its attorney-in-fact with full power of substitution to transfer the same on the books of CVR Partners, LP Date: NOTE: The signature to any endorsement hereon must correspond with the name as written upon the face of this Certificate in every particular. without alteration, enlargement or change. THE SIGNATURE(S) MUST BE GUARANTEED BY AN ELIGIBLE GUARANTOR INSTITUTION (BANKS, STOCKBROKERS, SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS AND CREDIT UNIONS WITH MEMBERSHIP IN AN APPROVED SIGNATURE (Signature) (Signature)

No transfer of the Common Units evidenced hereby will be registered on the books of the Partnership, unless the Certificate evidencing the Common Units to be transferred is surrendered for registration or transfer.

GUARANTEE MEDALLION PROGRAM), PURSUANT TO S.E.C. RULE 17Ad-15

farm belt

Appendix B

GLOSSARY OF SELECTED TERMS

The following are definitions of certain terms used in this prospectus.

Acquisition The acquisition of Predecessor on June 24, 2005 by Coffeyville Acquisition LLC, an entity controlled by the Goldman

Sachs Funds and the Kelso Funds at that time.

Blue Johnson Blue, Johnson & Associates, Inc.

capacity Capacity is defined as the throughput a process unit is capable of sustaining, either on a calendar or stream day basis.

The throughput may be expressed in terms of maximum sustainable, nameplate or economic capacity. The maximum sustainable or nameplate capacities may not be the most economical. The economic capacity is the throughput that generally provides the greatest economic benefit based on considerations such as feedstock costs, product values and

downstream unit constraints.

catalyst A substance that alters, accelerates, or instigates chemical changes, but is neither produced, consumed nor altered in the

process.

Coffeyville Acquisition III LLC, the owner of CVR GP, LLC prior to the Transactions, which is owned by the

Goldman Sachs Funds, the Kelso Funds and certain members of CVR Energy's senior management team.

Coffeyville Resources, LLC, the subsidiary of CVR Energy which was our sole limited partner prior to this offering

and which will directly own our general partner and common units following the Transactions.

com belt The primary corn producing region of the United States, which includes Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Minnesota, Missouri,

Nebraska, Ohio and Wisconsin.

CVR Energy CVR Energy, Inc., a publicly traded company listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol "CVI,"

which following this offering will indirectly own our general partner.

ethanol A clear, colorless, flammable oxygenated hydrocarbon. Ethanol is typically produced chemically from ethylene, or

biologically from fermentation of various sugars from carbohydrates found in agricultural crops and cellulosic residues

from crops or wood. It is used in the United States as a gasoline octane enhancer and oxygenate.

Refers to the states of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma,

South Dakota, Texas and Wisconsin.

feedstocks Petroleum products, such as crude oil and natural gas liquids, that are processed and blended into refined products,

such as gasoline, diesel fuel and jet fuel, that are produced by a refinery.

general partner CVR GP, LLC, our general partner which, following the Transactions, will be a wholly-owned subsidiary of

Coffeyville Resources

MMbtu One million British thermal units: a measure of energy. One Btu of heat is required to raise the temperature of one

pound of water one degree Fahrenheit.

the Partnership We, us and our refer to our business, which is referred to in our financial statements as (1) Predecessor from January 1,

 $2005 \ until \ June\ 24, 2005 \ and \ (2) \ Successor \ for \ all \ periods \ thereafter, \ unless \ the \ context \ otherwise \ requires \ or \ as$

otherwise indicated.

A coal-like substance that is produced during the refining process. pet coke

The unit price of fertilizer, in dollars per ton, offered on a delivered basis, and excluding shipment costs. plant gate price

Predecessor $Coffeyville\ Resources\ Nitrogen\ Fertilizers,\ LLC,\ the\ subsidiary\ of\ Coffeyville\ Group\ Holdings,\ LLC\ that\ held\ our\ Nitrogen\ Fertilizers,\ LLC,\ the\ subsidiary\ of\ Coffeyville\ Group\ Holdings,\ LLC\ that\ held\ our\ Nitrogen\ Fertilizers,\ LLC\ that\ held\ our\ Nitrogen\ Nitrogen\ Fertilizers,\ LLC\ that\ held\ our\ Nitrogen\ Nitrogen\$

business between March 3, 2004 and June 24, 2005.

recordable incident An injury, as defined by OSHA. All work-related deaths and illnesses, and those work-related injuries which result in

loss of consciousness, restriction of work or motion, transfer to another job, or require medical treatment beyond first

 $A \ glasslike \ substance \ removed \ from \ the \ gasifier \ containing \ the \ metal \ impurities \ originally \ present \ in \ pet \ coke.$ slag slurry

A byproduct of the fluid catalytic cracking process that is sold for further processing or blending with fuel oil.

spot market A market in which commodities are bought and sold for cash and delivered immediately.

(1) Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC from June 24, 2005 through October 23, 2007 and (2) CVR Successor

Partners, LP and its consolidated subsidiary, Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC, on and after October 24,

A mixture of gases (largely carbon monoxide and hydrogen) that results from heating coal in the presence of steam. syngas

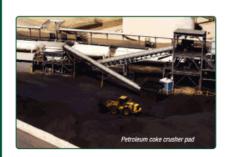
throughput The volume processed through a unit or a refinery.

One ton is equal to 2,000 pounds. ton

A periodically required standard procedure to refurbish and maintain a facility that involves the shutdown and turnaround

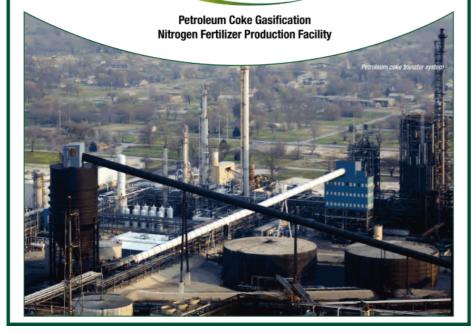
inspection of major processing units.

UAN UAN is an aqueous solution of urea and ammonium nitrate used as a fertilizer.









Until , 2011 (25 days after the date of this prospectus), all dealers that buy, sell or trade our common units, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to the dealers' obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as underwriters and with respect to their unsold allotments or subscriptions.



PART II

INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

Item 13. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution.

The following table sets forth the costs and expenses to be paid by the Registrant in connection with the sale of the common units representing limited partner interests being registered hereby. All amounts are estimates except for the SEC registration fee, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, or FINRA, filing fee and The New York Stock Exchange listing

SEC registration fee	\$ 20,065
FINRA filing fee	25,500
The New York Stock Exchange listing fee	200,000
Accounting fees and expenses	500,000
Legal fees and expenses	2,300,000
Printing and engraving expenses	850,000
Transfer agent and registrar fees and expenses	25,000
Miscellaneous expenses	79,435
Total	\$ 4,000,000

Item 14. Indemnification of Directors and Officers.

The section of the prospectus entitled "The Partnership Agreement — Indemnification" is incorporated herein by reference and discloses that we will generally indemnify the directors and officers of our general partner and CVR Energy to the fullest extent permitted by law against all losses, claims, damages or similar events. Subject to any terms, conditions or restrictions set forth in the second amended and restated partnership agreement, Section 17-108 of the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act empowers a Delaware limited partnership to indemnify and hold harmless any partner or other person from and against all claims and demands whatsoever.

Section 18-108 of the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act provides that a Delaware limited liability company may indemnify and hold harmless any member or manager or other person from and against any and all claims and demands whatsoever. The limited liability company agreement of CVR GP, LLC, our general partner, provides for the indemnification of its directors and officers against liabilities they incur in their capacities as such. The Registrant may enter into indemnity agreements with each of its current directors and officers to give these directors and officers additional contractual assurances regarding the scope of the indemnification set forth in the Registrant's limited liability company agreement and to provide additional procedural protections.

The underwriting agreement that we expect to enter into with the underwriters, to be filed as Exhibit 1.1 to this registration statement, will contain indemnification and contribution provisions.

Item 15. Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities.

In October 2007, we issued 30,303,000 special general partner units to CVR Special GP, LLC (a subsidiary of Coffeyville Resources, LLC), 30,333 special limited partner units to Coffeyville Resources, LLC, and the general partner interest to CVR GP, LLC (a subsidiary of Coffeyville Resources, LLC at that time). In consideration for these issuances, Coffeyville Resources, LLC transferred to us all of the LLC interests in Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC, which owned CVR Energy's nitrogen fertilizer business. These issuances were exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Immediately prior to the closing of this offering, as a result of the amendment and restatement CVR Partners, LP's partnership agreement, the special general partner units and special limited partner units will be converted into common units.

Item 16. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.

(a) The following exhibits are filed herewith:

Number	Exhibit Title
1.1*	Form of Underwriting Agreement.
3.1*	Form of Amended and Restated Certificate of Limited Partnership of CVR Partners, LP.
3.2*	Form of Second Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of CVR Partners, LP (incorporated by reference to Appendix A to the Prospectus contained within the Registrant's Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-1).
3.3	Certificate of Formation of CVR GP, LLC.
3.4*	Form of Third Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of CVR GP, LLC.
4.1*	Specimen certificate for the common units (incorporated by reference to Appendix A to the Prospectus contained within the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-1).
5.1*	Opinion of Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson LLP as to the legality of the securities being registered.
8.1**	Form of opinion of Vinson & Elkins L.L.P. relating to tax matters.
10.1	License Agreement For Use of the Texaco Gasification Process, Texaco Hydrogen Generation Process, and Texaco Gasification Power Systems, dated as of May 30, 1997 by and between Texaco Development Corporation and Farmland Industries, Inc., as amended (certain portions of this exhibit have been omitted pursuant to a request for confidential treatment).
10.2	Amended and Restated On-Site Product Supply Agreement dated as of June 1, 2005, between Linde, Inc. (f/k/a The BOC Group, Inc.) and Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC (certain portions of this exhibit have been omitted pursuant to a request for confidential treatment).
10.2.1	First Amendment to Amended and Restated On-Site Product Supply Agreement, dated as of October 31, 2008, between Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC and Linde, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Form 10-Q filed by CVR Energy, Inc. on November 13, 2008).
10.3	Amended and Restated Electric Services Agreement dated August 1, 2010, between Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC and the City of Coffeyville, Kansas (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 8-K filed by CVR Energy, Inc. on August 25, 2010).
10.4	Coke Supply Agreement, dated as of October 25, 2007, by and between Coffeyville Resources Refining & Marketing, LLC and Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 of the Form 10-Q filed by CVR Energy, Inc. on December 6, 2007).
10.5*	Form of Amended and Restated Cross Easement Agreement by and between Coffeyville Resources Refining & Marketing, LLC and Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC.
10.6	Environmental Agreement, dated as of October 25, 2007, by and between Coffeyville Resources Refining & Marketing, LLC and Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 of the Form 10-Q filed by CVR Energy, Inc. on December 6, 2007).
10.6.1	Supplement to Environmental Agreement, dated as of February 15, 2008, by and between Coffeyville Resources Refining and Marketing, LLC and Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.17.1 of the Form 10-K filed by CVR Energy, Inc. on March 28, 2008).
10.6.2	Second Supplement to Environmental Agreement, dated as of July 23, 2008, by and between Coffeyville Resources Refining and Marketing, LLC and Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form 10-Q filed by CVR Energy, Inc. on August 14, 2008).
10.7*	Form of Amended and Restated Feedstock and Shared Services Agreement by and between Coffeyville Resources Refining & Marketing, LLC and Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC.
10.8	Raw Water and Facilities Sharing Agreement, dated as of October 25, 2007, by and between Coffeyville Resources Refining & Marketing, LLC and Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 of the Form 10-Q filed by CVR Energy, Inc. on December 6, 2007).
10.9*	Form of Amended and Restated Services Agreement by and among CVR Partners, LP, CVR GP, LLC, and CVR Energy, Inc.

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Number	Exhibit Title
10.10*	Form of Amended and Restated Omnibus Agreement by and among CVR Energy, Inc., CVR GP, LLC, and CVR Partners, LP.
10.11*	Form of Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement by and among the CVR Partners, LP and Coffeyville Resources, LLC.
10.12*	Form of Amended and Restated Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement, by and among Coffeyville Resources, LLC, CVR GP, LLC, CVR Special GP,
	LLC, CVR Partners, LP and Coffeyville Acquisition III LLC.
10.13*†	CVR Partners, LP Long-Term Incentive Plan.
10.13.1*†	Form of Director Phantom Unit Agreement
10.13.2*†	Form Director Stock Option Agreement
10.14**	Form of Credit and Guaranty Agreement among Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC, CVR Partners, LP, certain subsidiaries of holdings party thereto,
	lenders party thereto, and Goldman Sachs Lending Partners LLC.
10.15†	Third Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of January 1, 2011, by and between CVR Energy, Inc. and Edmund S. Gross.
10.16†	Third Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of January 1, 2011, by and between CVR Energy, Inc. and John J. Lipinski.
10.17†	Second Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of January 1, 2011, by and between CVR Energy, Inc. and Edward Morgan.
10.18†	Third Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of January 1, 2011, by and between CVR Energy, Inc. and Stanley A. Riemann.
10.19†	Third Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of January 1, 2011, by and between CVR Energy, Inc. and Kevan A. Vick.
21.1	List of Subsidiaries of CVR Partners, LP.
23.1*	Consent of KPMG LLP.
23.2*	Consent of Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson LLP (included in Exhibit 5.1).
23.3**	Consent of Vinson & Elkins L.L.P. (included in Exhibit 8.1).
23.4	Consent of Blue, Johnson & Associates, Inc.
23.5	Consent of BNA Subsidiaries, LLC (d/b/a Pike & Fisher).
24.1	Power of Attorney.

^{*} Included with this filing.

(b) None.

Item 17. Undertakings.

The undersigned Registrant hereby undertakes to provide to the underwriters at the closing specified in the underwriting agreement certificates in such denominations and registered in such names as required by the underwriters to permit prompt delivery to each purchaser.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the Registrant pursuant to the provisions described in Item 14 above, or otherwise, the Registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the Registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the Registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the Registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a

 $[\]boldsymbol{**}$ To be provided by amendment.

[†] Denotes management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

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court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

The undersigned Registrant hereby undertakes that:

- (1) For purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this Registration Statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by the Registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b)(1) or (4) or 497(h) under the Securities Act shall be deemed to be part of this Registration Statement as of the time it was declared effective; and
- (2) For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at the time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

The Registrant undertakes to send to each limited partner at least on an annual basis a detailed statement of any transactions with CVR GP, LLC, our general partner, or any of its affiliates, and of fees, commissions, compensation and other benefits paid, or accrued to, CVR GP, LLC or its affiliates for the fiscal year completed, showing the amount paid or accrued to each recipient and the services performed.

The Registrant undertakes to provide to the limited partners the financial statements required by Form 10-K for the first full fiscal year of operations of the Partnership.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the Registrant has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized in Sugar Land, Texas, on this 16th day of March, 2011.

CVR PARTNERS, LP

By: CVR GP, LLC, its managing general partner

By:

/s/ JOHN J. LIPINSKI John J. Lipinski Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President of CVR GP, LLC

Title

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

	/s/ John J. Lipinski	Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President of	March 16, 2011
	John J. Lipinski	CVR GP, LLC (Principal Executive Officer)	
	/s/ Edward A. Morgan	Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of CVR GP, LLC (Principal	March 16, 2011
	Edward A. Morgan	Financial and Accounting Officer)	
	*	Director of CVR GP, LLC	March 16, 2011
	Donna R. Ecton		
	*	Director of CVR GP, LLC	March 16, 2011
	Scott L. Lebovitz		
	*	Director of CVR GP, LLC	March 16, 2011
	George E. Matelich		
	*	Director of CVR GP, LLC	March 16, 2011
	Frank M. Muller, Jr.		
	*	Director of CVR GP, LLC	March 16, 2011
	Stanley de J. Osborne		
	*	Director of CVR GP, LLC	March 16, 2011
	John K. Rowan		
*By:	/s/ John J. Lipinski		
·	John J. Lipinski		
	As Attorney-in-Fact		

CVR Partners, LP [I] Common Units Representing Limited Partner Interests

Underwriting Agreement

[1], 2011

Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated Barclays Capital Inc. Goldman, Sachs & Co. As representatives of the several Underwriters named in Schedule I hereto, c/o Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated 1585 Broadway New York, New York 10036

Ladies and Gentlemen:

CVR Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership (the "Company"), proposes, subject to the terms and conditions stated herein, to issue and sell to the Underwriters named in Schedule I hereto (the "Underwriters"), for whom Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, Barclays Capital Inc. and Goldman, Sachs & Co. (collectively, the "Representatives") are acting as representatives, an aggregate of [1] common units (the "Firm LP Units") representing limited partner interests in the Company (the "Common Units"), and, at the election of the Underwriters, up to [1] Common Units (the "Optional LP Units"). The Firm LP Units and the Optional LP Units that the Underwriters elect to purchase pursuant to Section 2 hereof are collectively called the "LP Units."

The Company, Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("Operating LLC"), and Coffeyville Resources, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Coffeyville Resources"), hereby confirm their agreement with the several Underwriters as set forth below. Concurrently with the First Time of Delivery (as defined in Section 4 hereof), CVR GP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Managing GP"), will enter into a joinder agreement to this Agreement, the form of which is attached hereto as Annex II (the "Joinder Agreement"), pursuant to which Managing GP will become a party to this Agreement and be considered a CVR Party (as defined below) to the same extent as if it had executed this Agreement on the date hereof. The Company, Operating LLC, Coffeyville Resources and, upon the execution and delivery of the Joinder

Agreement, Managing GP are collectively referred to herein as the "CVR Parties" and each individually as a "CVR Party."

This is to confirm the agreement concerning the purchase of the LP Units from the Company by the Underwriters.

In connection with the sale of the LP Units hereunder, the Company and its affiliates will enter into a series of transactions described in the Registration Statement (as defined below) under the caption "The Transactions and Our Structure and Organization" (collectively, the "Transactions"). This Agreement, the Joinder Agreement, the Amended and Restated Partnership Agreement of the Company (the "Partnership Agreement") and the new \$[1] million credit facility described in the Registration Statement under the caption "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—New Credit Facility" (the "New Credit Facility") are referred to herein, collectively, as the "Transaction Documents".

Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated ("Morgan Stanley") has agreed to reserve up to 6.5% of the Firm LP Units to be purchased by it under this Agreement for sale to the directors, officers and employees of the Company and Managing GP and other persons who have relationships with the Company (collectively, "Participants"), as set forth in the Pricing Prospectus (as defined in Section 1(i)) under the heading "Underwriters" (the "Directed Unit Program"). The Firm LP Units to be sold by Morgan Stanley and its affiliates pursuant to the Directed Unit Program are referred to hereinafter as the "Directed LP Units". Any Directed LP Units not orally confirmed for purchase by any Participant by the end of the business day on which this Agreement is executed will be offered to the public by the Underwriters as set forth in the Pricing Prospectus.

1. The CVR Parties, jointly and severally, represent and warrant to, and agree with, each of the Underwriters that:

(i) A registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-171270) (the "Initial Registration Statement") in respect of the LP Units has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"); the Initial Registration Statement and any post-effective amendment thereto, each in the form heretofore delivered to you, and, excluding exhibits thereto, to you for each of the other Underwriters, have been declared effective by the Commission in such form; other than a registration statement, if any, increasing the size of the offering (a

"Rule 462(b) Registration Statement"), filed pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), which became effective upon filing, no other document with respect to the Initial Registration Statement has heretofore been filed with the Commission; and no stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Initial Registration Statement, any post-effective amendment thereto or the Rule 462(b) Registration Statement, if any, has been issued and no proceeding for that purpose has been initiated or, to the knowledge of the CVR Parties, threatened by the Commission (any preliminary prospectus included in the Initial Registration Statement or filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(a) of the rules and

regulations of the Commission under the Act is hereinafter called a "Preliminary Prospectus"; the various parts of the Initial Registration Statement and the Rule 462(b) Registration Statement, if any, including all exhibits thereto and including the information contained in the form of final prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Act in accordance with Section 5(a) hereof and deemed by virtue of Rule 430A under the Act to be part of the Initial Registration Statement at the time it was declared effective, each as amended at the time such part of the Initial Registration Statement became effective or such part of the Rule 462(b) Registration Statement, if any, became or hereafter becomes effective, are hereinafter collectively called the "Registration Statement"; the Preliminary Prospectus relating to the LP Units that was included in the Registration Statement immediately prior to the Applicable Time (as defined in Section 1(iii) hereof) is hereinafter called the "Pricing Prospectus"; the final prospectus, in the form first filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Act, is hereinafter called the "Prospectus"; and any "issuer free writing prospectus" as defined in Rule 433 under the Act relating to the LP Units is hereinafter called an "Issuer Free Writing Prospectus");

(ii) No order preventing or suspending the use of any Preliminary Prospectus or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus has been issued by the Commission, and each Preliminary Prospectus, at the time of filing thereof, conformed in all material respects to the requirements of the Act and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder, and each Preliminary Prospectus, at the time of filing thereof, did not contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided, however, that this representation and warranty shall not apply to any statements or omissions made in reliance upon and in conformity with information furnished in writing to the Company by an Underwriter through the Representatives expressly for use therein;

(iii) For the purposes of this Agreement, the "Applicable Time" is [1] (New York City time) on the date of this Agreement. The Pricing Prospectus, when considered together with the information listed on Schedule IIA hereto, as of the Applicable Time, did not include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; and each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus listed on Schedule IIB hereto does not conflict with the information contained in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus and each such Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, as supplemented by and taken together with the Pricing Prospectus as of the Applicable Time, did not include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided, however, that this representation and warranty shall not apply to statements or

omissions made in the Pricing Prospectus or an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus in reliance upon and in conformity with information furnished in writing to the Company by an Underwriter through the Representatives expressly for use therein;

- (iv) The Registration Statement conforms, and the Prospectus and any further amendments or supplements to the Registration Statement and the Prospectus will conform, in all material respects to the requirements of the Act and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder and do not and will not, as of the applicable effective date as to each part of the Registration Statement and as of the applicable filing date as to the Prospectus and any amendment or supplement thereto, contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading; provided, however, that this representation and warranty shall not apply to any statements or omissions made in reliance upon and in conformity with information furnished in writing to the Company by an Underwriter through the Representatives expressly for use therein;
- (v) Each statement made in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Prospectus, the Prospectus and each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus listed on Schedule IIB hereto within the coverage of Rule 175(b) under the Act, including (1) any projections or statements with respect to future available cash or future cash distributions of the Company, (2) any statements made in support thereof or related thereto under the heading "Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions" and "How We Make Cash Distributions" and (3) statements made with respect to the anticipated ratio of taxable income to distributions, was made or will be made with a reasonable basis and in good faith.
- (vi) Neither the Company nor Operating LLC has sustained since the date of the latest audited financial statements included in the Pricing Prospectus any loss or interference with its business from fire, explosion, flood or other calamity, whether or not covered by insurance, or from any labor dispute or court or governmental action, order or decree that would, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the current or future financial position, partners' capital or members' equity (as the case may be), or results of operations of the Company and Operating LLC, taken together as a whole ("Material Adverse Effect"), in each case otherwise than as set forth or contemplated in the Pricing Prospectus; and, since the respective dates as of which information is given in the Registration Statement and the Pricing Prospectus, there has not been any change in the partners' capital or members' equity (as the case may be) or long-term debt of the Company and Operating LLC, taken together as a whole, or any material adverse change, or any development involving a prospective material adverse change, in or affecting the general affairs, management, financial position, partners' capital or members' equity (as the case may be) or results of operations of the Company and

Operating LLC, taken together as a whole, otherwise than as set forth or contemplated in the Pricing Prospectus;

- (vii) The Company and Operating LLC have good and marketable title in fee simple to, or have valid rights to lease or otherwise use, all material property and good and marketable title to all material personal property owned by them, in each case free and clear of all liens, encumbrances, security interests, equities, charges or claims ("Liens") except such Liens created in connection with (1) the Second Amended and Restated Credit and Guaranty Agreement, dated as of December 28, 2006, among Coffeyville Resources and the other parties thereto, as amended through the date hereof, (2) the indenture, dated April 6, 2010, among Coffeyville Resources, Coffeyville Finance Inc., the guarantors party thereto and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee, related to Coffeyville Resources' 9.0% First Lien Senior Secured Notes due 2015, and (3) the indenture, dated April 6, 2010, among Coffeyville Resources, Coffeyville Resources, Coffeyville Resources, Coffeyville Resources, Coffeyville Resources, Coffeyville Finance Inc., the guarantors party thereto and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee, related to Coffeyville Resources' 10.875% Second Lien Senior Secured Notes due 2017 (collectively, the "Debt Agreements"), which Liens will be released on or prior to the First Time of Delivery, and such other Liens as are described in the Pricing Prospectus (including Liens for the benefit of lenders under the New Credit Facility) or such as would not, individually and in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;
- (viii) The Company has been duly formed and is validly existing in good standing as a limited partnership under the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act ("Delaware LP Act") with full partnership power and authority to own or lease its properties, conduct its business as described in the Registration Statement and the Pricing Prospectus, and enter into and perform its obligations under this Agreement and each Transaction Document to which it is a party;
- (ix) Managing GP has been duly formed and is validly existing in good standing as a limited liability company under the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act (the "Delaware LLC Act") with full limited liability company power and authority to own or lease its properties, conduct its business as described in the Registration Statement and the Pricing Prospectus, act as a general partner of the Company, and enter into and perform its obligations under this Agreement, the Joinder Agreement and each Transaction Document to which it is a party;
- (x) Operating LLC has been duly formed and is validly existing in good standing as a limited liability company under the Delaware LLC Act with full limited liability company power and authority to own or lease its properties, conduct its business as described in the Registration Statement and the Pricing Prospectus, and enter into and perform its obligations under this Agreement and each Transaction Document to which it is a party;

(xi) Coffeyville Resources has been duly formed and is validly existing in good standing as a limited liability company under the Delaware LLC Act with full limited liability company power and authority to own or lease its properties, conduct its business as described in the Registration Statement and the Pricing Prospectus, act as the sole member of Managing GP, and enter into and perform its obligations under this Agreement and each Transaction Document to which it is a party;

(xii) Each of the Company and Operating LLC is duly registered or qualified as a foreign limited liability company or limited partnership, as the case may be, for the transaction of business under the laws of each jurisdiction in which the character of the business conducted by it or the nature or location of the properties owned or leased by it makes such registration or qualification necessary, except where the failure to be qualified in any jurisdiction would not, individually and in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;

(xiii) At or before the First Time of Delivery (or immediately thereafter), Managing GP will own the sole general partner interest in the Company and will be the managing general partner of the Company. Such managing general partner interest has been duly authorized and validly issued in accordance with the Partnership Agreement and such managing general partner interest is fully paid (to the extent required under the Partnership Agreement). Managing GP owns such managing general partner interest free and clear of all Liens (except Liens pursuant to the Debt Agreements or contained in Section 4.6 of the Partnership Agreement);

(xiv) At the First Time of Delivery or any Option Time of Delivery (as defined in Section 4 hereof), as the case may be, the Firm LP Units or the Optional LP Units to be sold by the Company and the limited partner interests represented thereby, will be duly authorized in accordance with the Partnership Agreement and, when issued and delivered to the Underwriters against payment therefor in accordance with the terms hereof, will be validly issued, fully paid (to the extent required under the Partnership Agreement) and nonassessable (except as such nonassessability may be affected by Sections 17-303, 17-607 and 17-804 of the Delaware LP Act or as otherwise described in the Pricing Prospectus under the caption "The Partnership Agreement—Limited Liability") and conform in all material respects to the description of the Common Units in the Prospectus. Assuming no purchase by the Underwriters of any Optional LP Units, at the First Time of Delivery, after giving effect to the Transactions, Coffeyville Resources will own [1] Common Units, Managing GP will own the managing general partner interest of the Company and, other than such Common Units and managing general partner interest, the Firm LP Units will be the only limited partner interests in the Company issued and outstanding (other than any Common Units granted to officers and directors of the Company as described in the Pricing Prospectus);

(xv) The Company owns 100% of the issued and outstanding member interests in Operating LLC; such member interests have been duly authorized and validly issued in accordance with the limited liability company agreement of Operating LLC (as the same may be amended or restated at or prior to the applicable Time of Delivery (as defined in Section 4 hereof), the "Operating LLC Agreement") and are fully paid (to the extent required under the Operating LLC Agreement) and nonassessable (except as such nonassessability may be affected by Sections 18-607 and 18-804 of the Delaware LLC Act); and the Company owns such member interest free and clear of all Liens other than Liens arising under or in connection with (1) the Debt Agreements, which Liens will be released on or prior to the First Time of Delivery, and (2) the New Credit Facility:

(xvi) As of the date hereof, Coffeyville Acquisition III LLC ("Coffeyville Acquisition") owns 100% of the issued and outstanding member interests in Managing GP and is the sole member of Managing GP; such member interests have been duly authorized and validly issued in accordance with the limited liability company agreement of Managing GP (as the same may be amended or restated at or prior to the applicable Time of Delivery, the "Managing GP LLC Agreement") and are fully paid (to the extent required under the Managing GP LLC Agreement) and nonassessable (except as such nonassessability may be affected by Sections 18-607 and 18-804 of the Delaware LLC Act); and at or before the First Time of Delivery (or immediately thereafter), Coffeyville Resources will own such member interests free and clear of all Liens other than those arising under or in connection with the Debt Agreements;

(xvii) Other than its ownership of the managing general partner interest in the Company, Managing GP does not own, directly or indirectly, any equity or long-term debt securities of any corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, association or other entity. Other than the Company's ownership of a 100% member interest in Operating LLC, neither the Company nor Operating LLC owns, directly or indirectly, any equity or long-term debt securities of any corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, association or other entity;

(xviii) Each of the CVR Parties has all requisite power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and perform its respective obligations hereunder. The Company has all requisite partnership power and authority to issue, sell and deliver the LP Units to be sold by it, in accordance with and upon the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement, the Partnership Agreement, the Registration Statement, the Pricing Prospectus. At the First Time of Delivery (or, in the case of Managing GP, immediately thereafter) and any Option Time of Delivery, all partnership and limited liability company action, as the case may be, required to be taken by the CVR Parties or any of their members or partners for the authorization, issuance, sale and delivery of the LP Units and the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement (including the Transactions) shall have been validly taken. This

Agreement has been duly and validly authorized, executed and delivered by each of the CVR Parties; and, concurrently with the First Time of Delivery, the Joinder Agreement will have been duly authorized, executed and delivered by Managing GP.

(xix) The Partnership Agreement has been duly authorized, and, at or before the First Time of Delivery, will have been duly executed and delivered by each of Managing GP and Coffeyville Resources, and will be a valid and legally binding agreement of each such party, enforceable against each such party in accordance with its terms; the Operating LLC Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Company and is a valid and legally binding agreement of the Company, enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms; the Managing GP LLC Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by Coffeyville Acquisition and is a valid and legally binding agreement of Coffeyville Acquisition, enforceable against Coffeyville Acquisition in accordance with its terms (the Partnership Agreement, the Operating LLC Agreement and the Managing GP LLC Agreement are referred to herein collectively as the "Operative Agreements"); provided, that, with respect to each Operative Agreement, the enforceability thereof may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent transfer, reorganization, moratorium and similar laws relating to or affecting creditors' rights generally and by general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law); and provided further, that the indemnity, contribution and exoneration provisions contained in any of such Operative Agreements may be limited by applicable laws and public policy:

(xx) Except as described in the Prospectus or, in the case of transfer restrictions, as set forth in the relevant Operative Agreements, there are no preemptive rights or other rights to subscribe for or to purchase, nor any restriction upon the voting or transfer of, any partnership or member interests in any of the CVR Parties. Except as described in the Prospectus, there are no outstanding options or warrants to purchase any partnership or member interests in any of the CVR Parties;

(xxi) The issue and sale of the LP Units as herein contemplated and the compliance by the CVR Parties with this Agreement or the Joinder Agreement, as the case may be, and the consummation of the transactions herein contemplated, including the Transactions, will not conflict with or result in a breach or violation of any of the terms or provisions of, or constitute a default under, any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement or instrument to which any of the CVR Parties is a party or by which any of the CVR Parties is bound or to which any of the property or assets of any of the CVR Parties is subject; nor will such action result in any violation of the provisions of the Operative Agreements of any of the CVR Parties or any statute or any order, rule or regulation of any court or governmental agency or body having jurisdiction over any of the CVR Parties or any of their properties, after giving effect to any

consents, approvals, authorizations, orders, registrations, qualifications, waivers and amendments as have been obtained or made as of the date of this Agreement; nor does or will such action result in the creation or imposition of any lien, charge or encumbrance upon any property or assets of any of the CVR Parties (other than any pledge by Coffeyville Resources of its member interests in Managing GP in accordance with the Debt Agreements); and no consent, approval, authorization, order, registration or qualification of or with any such court or governmental agency or body is required for the issue and sale of the LP Units or the consummation by any of the CVR Parties of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the Joinder Agreement, including the Transactions, except (i) the registration under the Act and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), of the LP Units, (ii) as described in the Pricing Prospectus, (iii) such consents, approvals, authorizations, registrations or qualifications as may be required under state securities or Blue Sky laws or the rules and regulations of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") in connection with the purchase and distribution of the LP Units by the Underwriters; (iv) filing of any certificate of merger in connection with the merger of CVR Special GP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, with and into Coffeyville Resources; and (v) where the failure to obtain or make any such consent, approval, authorization, order, registration, or qualification as would not materially impair the consummation of the transactions herein contemplated;

(xxii) There are no contracts, agreements or understandings between any of the CVR Parties and any person granting such person the right to require the Company to file a registration statement under the Act with respect to any securities of the Company owned or to be owned by such person or to require the Company to include such securities in the securities registered pursuant to the Registration Statement or to have such securities otherwise registered by the Company under the Act, except as described in the Registration Statement and the Pricing Prospectus;

(xxiii) Neither the Company nor Operating LLC is (a) in violation of its agreement of limited partnership or limited liability company agreement, as the case may be, or (b) in default in the performance or observance of any obligation, agreement, covenant or condition contained in any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement, lease or other agreement or instrument to which it is a party or by which it or any of its properties may be bound, except with respect to clause (b) where such default would not, individually and in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;

(xxiv) The statements set forth in the Pricing Prospectus and Prospectus under the caption "Description of Our Common Units," insofar as they purport to constitute a summary of the terms of the Common Units, as well as under the captions "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions," "Conflicts of

Interest and Fiduciary Duties," "The Partnership Agreement" and "Material U.S. Federal Tax Consequences," insofar as they purport to describe the provisions of the laws and documents referred to therein, are accurate and fair in all material respects;

(xxv) Other than as set forth in the Pricing Prospectus, there are no legal or governmental proceedings pending to which the Company or Operating LLC is a party or of which any property of the Company or Operating LLC is the subject which, if determined adversely to the Company or Operating LLC, would individually or in the aggregate reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect or a material adverse effect on the performance of this Agreement or any of the Transaction Documents or the consummation of any of the transactions (including the Transactions) contemplated hereby or thereby; and, to the knowledge of the CVR Parties, no such proceedings are threatened by governmental authorities or by others;

(xxvi) No relationship, direct or indirect, exists between or among the Company on the one hand, and the directors, managers, officers, members, partners, stockholders, customers or suppliers of the Company or any CVR Party, on the other hand, that is required to be described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus that is not so described. There are no outstanding loans, advances (except normal advances for business expenses in the ordinary course of business) or guarantees of indebtedness by the Company to or for the benefit of any of the officers, directors or managers of the Company, Managing GP or Operating LLC or their respective family members.

(xxvii) Neither the Company nor Operating LLC is and, after giving effect to the offering and sale of the LP Units and the application of the proceeds thereof, neither of them will be an "investment company", as such term is defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "Investment Company Act");

(xxxiii) At the time of filing the Initial Registration Statement the Company was not and is not an "ineligible issuer," as defined under Rule 405 under the Act;

(xxix) KPMG LLP, who have certified certain financial statements of the Company, are independent public accountants with respect to the Company as required by the Act and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder and the rules and regulations of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board;

(xxx) The Company maintains a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide reasonable assurance that (A) transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorization; (B) transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and to maintain accountability for assets; (C) access to assets is permitted only in accordance

with management's general or specific authorization; and (D) the recorded accountability for assets is compared with the existing assets at reasonable intervals and appropriate action is taken with respect to any differences. None of the CVR Parties is aware of (A) any significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the Company's internal controls that could adversely affect the ability of the Company to record, process, summarize and report financial data in any material respect, or any material weaknesses in internal controls, or (B) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the internal controls of any of the Company.

(xxxi) Since the date of the latest audited financial statements included in the Pricing Prospectus, there has been no change in the internal control over financial reporting of the Company that has materially adversely affected, or is reasonably likely to materially adversely affect, the internal control over financial reporting of the Company. The Company maintains "disclosure controls and procedures" (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act) that comply with the requirements of the Exchange Act; such disclosure controls and procedures have been designed to ensure that material information relating to the Company is made known to the principal executive officer and principal financial officer of Managing GP by others within those entities; and such disclosure controls and procedures are effective;

(xxxii) Except as disclosed in the Pricing Prospectus, the Company and Operating LLC (A) are in compliance with any and all applicable foreign, Federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to the protection of human health and safety, the environment or hazardous or toxic substances or wastes, pollutants or contaminants ("Environmental Laws"), (B) have received all permits, licenses or other approvals required of them under applicable Environmental Laws to conduct their respective businesses and (C) are in compliance with all terms and conditions of any such permit, license or approval, except with respect to clauses (A), (B) and (C) above where such noncompliance with Environmental Laws, failure to receive required permits, licenses or other approvals or failure to comply with the terms and conditions of such permits, licenses or approvals would not, individually and in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. Except as disclosed in the Pricing Prospectus, there are no costs or liabilities associated with Environmental Laws (including any capital or operating expenditures required for clean-up, closure of properties or compliance with Environmental Laws or any permit, license or approval, any related constraints on operating activities and any potential liabilities to third parties) which would individually or in the aggregate reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;

(xxxiii) The Company and Operating LLC own, have applied for or possess, or can acquire on reasonable terms, all material patents, patent rights, licenses, inventions, copyrights, know-how (including trade secrets and other unpatented and/or unpatentable proprietary or confidential information, systems or

procedures), trademarks, service marks and trade names currently employed by them in connection with the business now operated by them as described in the Pricing Prospectus, except where the failure to own or have such legal right to use would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect; and except as disclosed in the Pricing Prospectus, none of the CVR Parties has received any notice of infringement of or conflict with asserted rights of others with respect to any of the foregoing which would individually or in the aggregate, if the subject of an unfavorable decision, ruling or finding, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;

(xxxiv) No labor dispute with the employees of the Company or Operating LLC exists, or, to the knowledge of any of the CVR Parties, is imminent, except for disputes that would not, individually and in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;

(xxxxy) The Company and Operating LLC are insured by insurers against such losses and risks and in such amounts as are customary in the businesses in which they are engaged; and none of the CVR Parties has any reason to believe that it will not be able to renew its existing insurance coverage as and when such coverage expires or to obtain similar coverage from similar insurers as may be necessary to continue its business at a cost that would not, individually and in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, except as described in the Pricing Prospectus;

(xxxvi) The Company and Operating LLC possess all material certificates, authorizations and permits issued by the appropriate Federal, state or foreign regulatory authorities necessary to conduct their respective businesses as described in the Pricing Prospectus, and none of the CVR Parties has received any notice of proceedings relating to the revocation or modification of any such certificate, authorization or permit which, if the subject of an unfavorable decision, ruling or finding, would individually or in the aggregate reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;

(xxxvii) Except as would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, the Company and Operating LLC have filed all Federal, state, local and foreign tax returns which are required to be filed through the date hereof, which returns are true and correct in all material respects or has received timely extensions thereof, and have paid all taxes shown on such returns and all assessments received by it to the extent that the same are material and have become due. To the knowledge of the CVR Parties, there are no tax audits or investigations pending against the Company or Operating LLC which would individually or in the aggregate, if adversely determined, have a Material Adverse Effect; nor are there any proposed additional tax assessments against the Company or Operating LLC which would individually or in the aggregate reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;

(xxxviii) Neither the Company nor Operating LLC nor any director, officer, or employee of either of them or Managing GP, nor, to the knowledge of any of the CVR Parties, any agent, affiliate or representative of the Company, Operating LLC or Managing GP, has taken or will take any action in furtherance of an offer, payment, promise to pay, or authorization or approval of the payment or giving of money, property, gifts or anything else of value, directly or indirectly, to any "government official" (including any officer or employee of a government or government-owned or controlled entity or of a public international organization, or any person acting in an official capacity for or on behalf of any of the foregoing, or any political party or prarty official or candidate for political office) to influence official action or secure an improper advantage; and the Company and Operating LLC have conducted their businesses in compliance with applicable anti-corruption laws and have instituted and maintain and will continue to maintain policies and procedures designed to promote and achieve compliance with such laws and with the representation and warranty contained herein.

(xxxix) The operations of the Company, Managing GP and Operating LLC are and have been conducted at all times in material compliance with all applicable financial recordkeeping and reporting requirements, including those of the Bank Secrecy Act, as amended by Title III of the Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act of 2001 (USA PATRIOT Act), and the applicable anti-money laundering statutes of jurisdictions where the Company, Managing GP and Operating LLC conduct business, the rules and regulations thereunder and any related or similar rules, regulations or guidelines, issued, administered or enforced by any governmental agency (collectively, the "Anti-Money Laundering Laws"), and no action, suit or proceeding by or before any court or governmental agency, authority or body or any arbitrator involving of them with respect to the Anti-Money Laundering Laws is pending or, to the best knowledge of any CVR Party, threatened.

- (xl) (a) Neither the Company nor Operating LLC, nor any director, officer or employee of either of them or Managing GP, nor, to the knowledge of any CVR Party, any agent, affiliate or representative of the Company, Operating LLC or Managing GP, is an individual or entity ("Person") that is, or is owned or controlled by a Person that is:
 - (i) the subject of any sanctions administered or enforced by the U.S. Department of Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets Control ("OFAC") (collectively, "Sanctions"), nor
 - (ii) located, organized or resident in a country or territory that is the subject of Sanctions (including, without limitation, Burma/Myanmar, Cuba, Iran, North Korea, Sudan and Syria).
 - (b) Each of the CVR Parties represents and covenants that it will not, directly or indirectly, use the proceeds of the offering, or lend,

contribute or otherwise make available such proceeds to any subsidiary, joint venture partner or other Person:

- (i) to fund or facilitate any activities or business of or with any Person or in any country or territory that, at the time of such funding or facilitation, is the subject of Sanctions; or
- (ii) in any other manner that will result in a violation of Sanctions by any Person (including any Person participating in the offering, whether as underwriter, advisor, investor or otherwise).
- (c) Each of the CVR Parties represents that it has not knowingly engaged in, and is not now knowingly engaged in, any dealings or transactions with any Person, or in any country or territory, that at the time of the dealing or transaction is or was the subject of Sanctions.
- (xli) A registration statement with respect to the LP Units has been filed on Form 8-A pursuant to Section 12 of the Exchange Act, which registration statement complies in all material respects with the applicable requirements of the Exchange Act;
- (xlii) The Registration Statement, the Prospectus and any Preliminary Prospectus comply, and any amendments or supplements thereto will comply, in all material respects, with any applicable laws or regulations of foreign jurisdictions in which the Prospectus or any Preliminary Prospectus, as amended or supplemented, if applicable, are distributed in connection with the Directed Unit Program.
- (xliii) No consent, approval, authorization or order of, or qualification with, any governmental body or agency, other than those obtained, is required in connection with the offering of the Directed Units in any jurisdiction where the Directed Units are being offered.
- (xliv) The Company has not offered, nor have any of the CVR Parties caused Morgan Stanley to offer, Directed LP Units to any person with the specific intent to unlawfully influence (A) a customer or supplier of any of the CVR Parties to alter the customer's or supplier's level or type of business with any of the CVR Parties, or (B) a trade journalist or publication to write or publish favorable information about any of the CVR Parties or their respective products;
- (xlv) The Company has not sold or issued any securities that would be integrated with the offering of the LP Units contemplated by this Agreement pursuant to the Act, the rules and regulations or interpretations thereof by the Commission;
- (xlvi) The financial statements included in the Prospectus and the Pricing Prospectus present fairly in all material respects the financial position of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries as of the dates shown and its

results of operations and cash flows for the periods shown, and such financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States applied on a consistent basis. The pro forma financial statements (including the notes thereto) included in the Prospectus and in the Pricing Prospectus (A) comply as to form in all material respects with the applicable requirements of Regulation S-X promulgated under the Act, (B) have been prepared in all material respects in accordance with the Commission's rules and guidelines with respect to pro forma financial statements, and (C) have been properly computed on the bases described therein; the assumptions used in preparing the pro forma financial statements and other pro forma financial information included in the Prospectus and the Pricing Prospectus provide a reasonable basis for presenting the significant effects directly attributable to the transactions or events described therein, the related pro forma adjustments give appropriate effect to those assumptions, and the pro forma columns therein reflect the proper application of those adjustments to the corresponding historical financial statement amounts;

(xlvii) Each of the Transaction Documents has been duly authorized and, at or before the First Time of Delivery (or, in the case of Managing GP, immediately thereafter), will have been duly executed and delivered by the parties thereto and will constitute a valid and binding agreement of the parties thereto, enforceable against the parties to such agreements in accordance with their respective terms, except as the enforcement thereof may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent transfer, reorganization, moratorium or other similar laws relating to or affecting creditors' rights generally, or by general principles of equity (regardless of whether enforcement is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law);

(xlviii) Each of the Company and Operating LLC has such consents, easements, rights-of-way, permits or licenses from each person (collectively, "rights-of-way") as are necessary to conduct its business in the manner described, and subject to the limitations contained, in the Pricing Prospectus; other than as set forth, and subject to the limitations contained, in the Pricing Prospectus, each of the Company and Operating LLC has fulfilled and performed all its material obligations with respect to such rights-of-way and no event has occurred that allows, or after notice or lapse of time would allow, revocation or termination thereof or would result in any impairment of the rights of the holder of any such rights-of-way; and, except as described in the Pricing Prospectus, none of such rights-of-way contains any restriction that is materially burdensome to the Company and Operating LLC, taken as a whole;

(xlix) Operating LLC is not currently prohibited, directly or indirectly, from paying any dividends to the Company, from making any other distribution on its limited liability company interests, from repaying to the Company any loans or advances from the Company, or from transferring any of its property or assets to

the Company or any other subsidiary of the Company, except as described in or contemplated by the Pricing Prospectus.

2. Subject to the terms and conditions herein set forth, (a) the Company agrees to issue and sell to each of the Underwriters, and each of the Underwriters agrees, severally and not jointly, to purchase from the Company, at a purchase price per Common Unit of \$[1], the number of Firm LP Units set forth opposite the name of such Underwriter in Schedule I hereto and (b) in the event and to the extent that the Underwriters shall exercise the election to purchase Optional LP Units as provided below, the Company agrees to issue and sell to each of the Underwriters, and each of the Underwriters agrees, severally and not jointly, to purchase from the Company, at the purchase price per Common Unit set forth in clause (a) of this Section 2, that portion of the number of Optional LP Units as to which such election shall have been exercised (to be adjusted by you so as to eliminate fractional units) determined by multiplying such number of Optional LP Units by a fraction, the numerator of which is the maximum number of Optional LP Units which such Underwriter is entitled to purchase as set forth opposite the name of such Underwriter in Schedule I hereto and the denominator of which is the maximum number of Optional LP Units that all of the Underwriters are entitled to purchase hereunder.

The Company hereby grants to the Underwriters, severally and not jointly, the right to purchase at their election up to [1] Optional LP Units, at the purchase price per Common Unit set forth in the paragraph above, for the sole purpose of covering sales of LP Units in excess of the number of Firm LP Units. The Representatives may elect to exercise this right on behalf of the Underwriters in whole or from time to time in part. Any such election to purchase Optional LP Units may be exercised only by written notice from you to the Company, given within a period of 30 calendar days after the date of this Agreement, setting forth the aggregate number of Optional LP Units to be purchased and the date on which such Optional LP Units are to be delivered, as determined by you but in no event earlier than the First Time of Delivery or, unless you and the Company otherwise agree in writing, earlier than two or later than ten business days after the date of such notice.

- 3. Upon the authorization by you of the release of the Firm LP Units, the several Underwriters propose to offer the Firm LP Units for sale upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Prospectus.
- 4. (a) The LP Units to be purchased by each Underwriter hereunder, in definitive form, and in such authorized denominations and registered in such names as the Representatives may request upon at least forty-eight hours' prior notice to the Company shall be delivered by or on behalf of the Company to the Representatives, through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), for the account of such Underwriter, against payment by or on behalf of such Underwriter of the purchase price therefor by wire transfer of Federal (same-day) funds to the account specified by the Company to the Representatives at least

forty-eight hours in advance. The time and date of such delivery and payment shall be, with respect to the Firm LP Units, 9:30 a.m., New York City time, on [1], 2011 or such other time and date as the Representatives and the Company may agree upon in writing, and, with respect to the Optional LP Units, 9:30 a.m., New York time, on the date specified by the Representatives in the written notice given by the Representatives of the Underwriters' election to purchase such Optional LP Units, or such other time and date as the Representatives and the Company may agree upon in writing. Such time and date for delivery of the Firm LP Units is herein called the "First Time of Delivery", such time and date for delivery of any Optional LP Units, if not the First Time of Delivery, is herein called an "Option Time of Delivery", and each such time and date for delivery is herein called a "Time of Delivery".

- (b) The documents to be delivered at each Time of Delivery by or on behalf of the parties hereto pursuant to Section 9 hereof, including the cross receipt for the LP Units and any additional documents requested by the Underwriters pursuant to Section 9(i) hereof, will be delivered at the offices of Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson LLP, One New York Plaza, New York, NY 10004 (the "Closing Location"), and the LP Units will be delivered electronically via the facilities of DTC, all at such Time of Delivery. A meeting will be held at the Closing Location at 2:00 p.m., New York City time, on the New York Business Day next preceding such Time of Delivery, at which meeting the final drafts of the documents to be delivered pursuant to the preceding sentence will be available for review by the parties hereto. For the purposes of this Section 4, "New York Business Day" shall mean each Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday that is not a day on which banking institutions in New York City are generally authorized or obligated by law or executive order to close.
 - 5. The Company agrees with each of the several Underwriters:
- (a) To prepare the Prospectus in a form to which you shall not have reasonably objected on a timely basis and to file such Prospectus pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Act not later than the Commission's close of business on the second business day following the execution and delivery of this Agreement; to make no further amendment or any supplement to the Registration Statement or the Prospectus prior to the last Time of Delivery which shall be reasonably disapproved by you promptly after reasonable notice thereof; to advise you, promptly after it receives notice thereof, of the time when any amendment to the Registration Statement has been filed or becomes effective or any amendment or supplement to the Prospectus has been filed and to furnish you with copies thereof; to file promptly all material required to be filed by the Company with the Commission pursuant to Rule 433(d) under the Act; to advise you, promptly after it receives notice thereof, of the issuance by the Commission of any stop order or of any order preventing or suspending the use of any Preliminary Prospectus or other prospectus in respect of the LP Units, of the suspension of the Qualification of the LP Units for offering or sale in any jurisdiction, of the initiation or threatening of any proceeding for any such purpose, or of any request by the Commission for

the amending or supplementing of the Registration Statement or the Prospectus or for additional information; and, in the event of the issuance of any stop order or of any order preventing or suspending the use of any Preliminary Prospectus or other prospectus or suspending any such qualification, to promptly use its reasonable best efforts to obtain the withdrawal of such order;

- (b) Promptly from time to time to take such action as you may reasonably request to qualify the LP Units for offering and sale under the securities laws of such jurisdictions as you may request and to comply with such laws so as to permit the continuance of sales and dealings therein in such jurisdictions for as long as may be necessary to complete the distribution of the LP Units, provided that in connection therewith the Company shall not be required to qualify as a foreign partnership or to file a general consent to service of process or subject itself to taxation for doing business in any jurisdiction;
- (c) To furnish the Underwriters prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the New York Business Day next succeeding the date of this Agreement and from time to time, with written and electronic copies of the Prospectus in New York City in such quantities as you may reasonably request, and, if (i) the Underwriters notify the Company that or (ii) the Company otherwise has knowledge that the delivery of a prospectus (or in lieu thereof, the notice referred to in Rule 173(a) under the Act) is required at any time prior to the expiration of nine months after the time of issue of the Prospectus in connection with the offering or sale of the LP Units and if at such time any event shall have occurred as a result of which the Prospectus as then amended or supplemented would include an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made when such Prospectus (or in lieu thereof, the notice referred to in Rule 173(a) under the Act) is delivered, not misleading, or, if for any other reason it shall be necessary during such same period to amend or supplement the Prospectus in order to comply with the Act, to notify you and upon your request to prepare and furnish without charge to each Underwriter and to any dealer in securities as many written and electronic copies as you may from time to time reasonably request of an amended Prospectus or a supplement to the Prospectus which will correct such statement or omission or effect such compliance, and in case any Underwriter is required to deliver a prospectus (or in lieu thereof, the notice referred to in Rule 173(a) under the Act) in connection with sales of any of the LP Units at any time nine months or more after the time of issue of the Prospectus, upon your request but at the expense of such Underwriter, to prepare and deliver to such Underwriter as many written and electronic copies as you may request of an amended or supplemented Prospectus c
- (d) To make generally available to its securityholders as soon as practicable, but in any event not later than sixteen months after the effective date of the Registration Statement (as defined in Rule 158(c) under the Act), an earnings statement of the Company and its subsidiaries (which need not be

audited) complying with Section 11(a) of the Act and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder (including, at the option of the Company, Rule 158);

(e) During the period commencing on the date hereof and ending 180 days after the date hereof (the "Lock-Up Period"), not to offer, sell, contract to sell, pledge, grant any option to purchase, make any short sale or otherwise dispose, except as provided hereunder, of any securities of the Company that are substantially similar to the LP Units, including but not limited to any options or warrants to purchase Common Units or any securities that are convertible into or exchangeable for, or that represent the right to receive, Common Units or any such substantially similar securities (other than pursuant to employee and/or director equity plans existing on, or upon the conversion or exchange of convertible or exchangeable securities outstanding as of the date of this Agreement or as described in the Prospectus), without your prior written consent; provided, however, that if (1) during the last 17 days of the initial Lock-Up Period, the Company releases earnings results or announces material news or a material event or (2) prior to the expiration of the initial Lock-Up Period, then in each case the Lock-Up Period will be automatically extended until the expiration of the 18-day period beginning on the date of release of the earnings results or the announcement of the material event, as applicable, unless the Representatives waive, in writing, such extension; the Company will provide the Representatives and each unitholder subject to the Lock-Up Period pursuant to the lockup letters described in Section 8(k) with prior notice of any such announcement that gives rise to an extension of the Lock-Up Period;

(f) Until the earlier of three years from the date hereof or the attainment by the Company of "Well-Known Seasoned Issuer" status as defined under the Act, to furnish to its unitholders as soon as practicable after the end of each fiscal year an annual report (including a balance sheet and statements of income, partners' capital and cash flows of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries certified by independent public accountants) and, as soon as practicable after the end of each of the first three quarters of each fiscal year (beginning with the fiscal quarter ending after the effective date of the Registration Statement), to make available to its unitholders consolidated summary financial information of the Company and its subsidiaries for such quarter in reasonable detail; provided, however, that the Company will be deemed to have satisfied the requirements of this paragraph (f) if the Company files with or furnishes to the Commission the reports, documents or information required by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act;

(g) To use the net proceeds received by it from the sale of the LP Units pursuant to this Agreement in the manner specified in the Pricing Prospectus under the caption "Use of Proceeds";

- (h) To file with the Commission such information on Form 10-Q or Form 10-K as may be required by Rule 463 under the Act; and
- (i) If the Company elects to rely upon Rule 462(b), the Company shall use its commercially reasonable efforts to file a Rule 462(b) Registration Statement with the Commission in compliance with Rule 462(b) by 10:00 P.M., Washington, D.C. time, on the date of this Agreement, and the Company shall at the time of filing either pay to the Commission the filing fee for the Rule 462(b) Registration Statement or give irrevocable instructions for the payment of such fee pursuant to Rule 111 under the Act.
- 6. (a) The Company represents and agrees that, without the prior consent of the Representatives, it has not made and will not make any offer relating to the LP Units that would constitute a "free writing prospectus" as defined in Rule 405 under the Act; each Underwriter represents and agrees that, without the prior consent of the Company and the Representatives, it has not made and will not make any offer relating to the LP Units that would constitute a free writing prospectus; the Company and the Representatives agree that any such free writing prospectus the use of which has been consented to by the Company and the Representatives is listed on Schedule IIB hereto;
- (b) The Company has complied and will comply with the requirements of Rule 433 under the Act applicable to any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, including timely filing with the Commission or retention where required and legending; and the Company represents that it has satisfied and agrees that it will satisfy the conditions under Rule 433 under the Act to avoid a requirement to file with the Commission any electronic road show; and
- (c) The Company agrees that if at any time following issuance of an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus any event occurred or occurs as a result of which such Issuer Free Writing Prospectus would conflict with the information in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus or would include an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances then prevailing at the time of such issuance, not misleading, the Company will give prompt notice thereof to the Representatives and, following such notice, if requested by the Representatives, will prepare and furnish without charge to each Underwriter an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or other document that will correct such conflict, statement or omission; provided, however, that this covenant shall not apply to any statements or omissions in an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus made in reliance upon and in conformity with information furnished in writing to the Company by an Underwriter through the Representatives expressly for use therein.
- 7. (a) The Company covenants and agrees with the several Underwriters to pay or cause to be paid the following: (i) the fees, disbursements and expenses of the Company's counsel and accountants in connection with the registration of the LP Units under the Act and all other expenses in connection

with the preparation, printing, reproduction and filing of the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus and the Prospectus and amendments and supplements thereto and the mailing and delivering of copies thereof to the Underwriters and dealers; (ii) all expenses in connection with the qualification of the LP Units for offering and sale under state securities laws as provided in Section 5(b) hereof, including the reasonable fees and disbursements of counsel for the Underwriters in connection with such qualification and in connection with the blue sky memorandum; (iii) all fees and expenses in connection with such qualification and in connection with, any required review by FINRA of the terms of the sale of the LP Units (the total amount of fees and disbursements of counsel for the Underwriters under clauses (ii) and (iv) shall be capped at no more than \$35,000); (v) the cost of preparing unit certificates; (vi) the cost and charges of any transfer agent or registrar; and (vii) all other costs and expenses incident to the performance of its obligations hereunder which are not otherwise specifically provided for in this Section 7; provided, however, that the costs associated with the chartering of an aircraft used by the Company and the Underwriters to attend meetings with prospective purchasers of the LP Units will be divided equally between the Company on the one hand and the Underwriters on the other hand, and each of the Company and the Underwriters will pay for their own costs in connection with meetings with prospective purchasers. It is understood, however, that the Company shall bear the cost of any other matters not directly relating to the sale and purchase of the LP Units pursuant to this Agreement. It is understood, however, that, except as provided in this Section 7, and Sections 9 and 14 hereof, the Underwriters will pay all of their own costs and expenses, including the fees of their counsel, stock transfer taxes on resale of any of the LP Units by them,

(b) The Company covenants and agrees with the several Underwriters to pay or cause to be paid the following: (i) all fees and disbursements of counsel incurred by the Underwriters in connection with the Directed Unit Program; (ii) all costs and expenses incurred by the Underwriters in connection with the printing (or reproduction) and delivery (including postage, air freight charges and charges for counting and packaging) of copies of the Directed Unit Program material; and (iii) all stamp duties, similar taxes or duties or other taxes, if any, incurred by the Underwriters in connection with the Directed Unit Program.

Furthermore, the Company agrees with the several Underwriters that it will comply in all material respects with all applicable securities and other laws, rules and regulations in each foreign jurisdiction in which the Directed Units are offered in connection with the Directed Unit Program, provided that the Representatives give the Company advance notice a reasonable period of time before making offers of which foreign jurisdictions are involved.

- 8. The obligations of the Underwriters hereunder, as to the LP Units to be delivered at each Time of Delivery, shall be subject, in their discretion, to the condition that all representations and warranties and other statements of the CVR Parties herein are, at and as of such Time of Delivery, true and correct, the condition that the CVR Parties shall have performed all of their respective obligations hereunder theretofore to be performed, and the following additional conditions:
 - (a) The Prospectus shall have been filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Act within the applicable time period prescribed for such filing by the rules and regulations under the Act and in accordance with Section 5(a) hereof; all material required to be filed by the Company pursuant to Rule 433(d) under the Act shall have been filed with the Commission within the applicable time period prescribed for such filing by Rule 433; if the Company has elected to rely upon Rule 462(b) under the Act, the Company shall have used commercially reasonable efforts to cause the Rule 462(b) Registration Statement to have become effective by 10:00 P.M., Washington, D.C. time, on the date of this Agreement; no stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement or any part thereof shall have been instituted or threatened by the Commission; no stop order suspending or preventing the use of the Prospectus or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus shall have been initiated or threatened by the Commission; and all requests for additional information on the part of the Commission shall have been complied with to your reasonable satisfaction;
 - (b) Debevoise & Plimpton LLP, counsel for the Underwriters, shall have furnished to you such written opinion or opinions, dated such Time of Delivery, in form and substance satisfactory to you, and such counsel shall have received such papers and information as they may reasonably request to enable them to pass upon such matters;
 - (c) Andrews Kurth LLP, counsel for the Underwriters, shall have furnished to you such written opinion or opinions, dated such Time of Delivery, in form and substance satisfactory to you, and such counsel shall have received such papers and information as they may reasonably request to enable them to pass upon such matters;
 - (d) Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson LLP, counsel for the Company, shall have furnished to you their written opinion (a draft of the form of such opinion is attached as Annex I(a) hereto), dated such Time of Delivery, in form and substance satisfactory to you;
 - (e) Vinson & Elkins L.L.P., counsel for the Company, shall have furnished to you their written opinion (a draft of the form of such opinion is attached as Annex I(b) hereto), dated such Time of Delivery, in form and substance satisfactory to you;

- (f) On the date of the Prospectus and also at each Time of Delivery, KPMG LLP shall have furnished to you a letter or letters, dated the respective dates of delivery thereof, in form and substance satisfactory to you;
- (g) (i) None of the CVR Parties shall have sustained since the date of the latest audited financial statements included in the Pricing Prospectus any loss or interference with its business from fire, explosion, flood or other calamity, whether or not covered by insurance, or from any labor dispute or court or governmental action, order or decree, in each case otherwise than as set forth or contemplated in the Pricing Prospectus, and (ii) since the respective dates as of which information is given in the Pricing Prospectus there shall not have been any change in the partners' capital or members' equity (as the case may be) or long-term debt of the CVR Parties, taken together as a whole, or any change, or any development involving a prospective change, in or affecting the general affairs, management, financial position, partners' capital or members' equity (as the case may be) or results of operations of the CVR Parties, taken together as a whole, otherwise than as set forth or contemplated in the Pricing Prospectus, the effect of which, in any such case described in clause (i) or (ii), is in your judgment so material and adverse as to make it impracticable or inadvisable to proceed with the public offering or the delivery of the LP Units being delivered at such Time of Delivery on the terms and in the manner contemplated in the Prospectus;
- (h) On or after the Applicable Time (i) no downgrading shall have occurred in the rating accorded any debt securities or preferred stock of the Company or Operating LLC or in the corporate rating of Company or Operating LLC by any "nationally recognized statistical rating organization", as that term is used in Rule 15c3-1(c)(2)(vi)(F) under the Exchange Act, and (ii) no such organization shall have publicly announced that it has under surveillance or review, with possible negative implications, its rating of any debt securities or preferred stock of the Company or Operating LLC or the corporate rating of the Company or Operating LLC;
- (i) On or after the Applicable Time there shall not have occurred any of the following: (i) a suspension or material limitation in trading in securities generally on the Exchange; (ii) a suspension or material limitation in trading in the securities of the Company on the Exchange; (iii) a general moratorium on commercial banking activities declared by either Federal or New York State authorities or a material disruption in commercial banking or securities settlement or clearance services in the United States; (iv) the outbreak or escalation of hostilities involving the United States or the declaration by the United States of a national emergency or war; or (v) the occurrence of any other calamity or crisis or any change in financial, political or economic conditions in the United States or elsewhere, if the effect of any such event specified in clause (iv)

- or (v) in your judgment makes it impracticable or inadvisable to proceed with the public offering or the delivery of the LP Units being delivered at such Time of Delivery on the terms and in the manner contemplated in the Prospectus;
 - (j) The LP Units to be sold at such Time of Delivery shall have been duly listed, subject to notice of issuance, on the Exchange;
- (k) The Company shall have obtained and delivered to the Representatives on behalf of the Underwriters executed copies of a Lock-up Agreement in a form heretofore furnished by you from each director and executive officer of each of the Company and Managing GP and the additional parties named in Schedule III hereto;
 - (l) The Company shall have complied with the provisions of Section 5(c) hereof with respect to the furnishing of prospectuses on the second New York Business Day next succeeding the date of this Agreement;
- (m) The Company shall have furnished or caused to be furnished to you at such Time of Delivery a certificate of the chief executive officer and chief financial officer of the Company or Managing GP to the effect that the representations and warranties of the CVR Parties herein are true and correct at and as of such Time of Delivery and that the CVR Parties have complied with all of the agreements and satisfied all of the conditions on their respective parts to be performed or satisfied hereunder on or prior to such Time of Delivery;
- (n) Each of the Transactions shall have been consummated in a manner consistent in all material respects with their description in the Pricing Prospectus (or otherwise shall be consummated immediately after the closing of the offering); and
 - (o) Concurrently with the First Time of Delivery, the Representatives shall have received the Joinder Agreement duly executed and delivered by an authorized officer of Managing GP.
- 9. (a) The CVR Parties, jointly and severally, (i) will indemnify and hold harmless each Underwriter against any losses, claims, damages or liabilities, joint or several, to which such Underwriter may become subject, under the Act or otherwise, insofar as such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) arise out of or are based upon an untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus, or any amendment or supplement thereto, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or any "issuer information," (in the case of either an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or such "issuer information," taken together with the Pricing Prospectus) filed or required to be filed pursuant to Rule 433(d) under the Act, or arise out of or are

based upon the omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, and (ii) will reimburse each Underwriter for any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by such Underwriter in connection with investigating or defending any such action or claim as such expenses are incurred; provided, however, that the CVR Parties shall not be liable in any such case to the extent that any such loss, claim, damage or liability arises out of or is based upon an untrue statement or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission made in the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus or any amendment or supplement thereto, or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Company by any Underwriter through the Representatives for use therein.

(b) Each Underwriter will indemnify and hold harmless the CVR Parties against any losses, claims, damages or liabilities to which the CVR Parties may become subject, under the Act or otherwise, insofar as such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) arise out of or are based upon an untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus, or any amendment or supplement thereto, or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, or arise out of or are based upon the omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, in each case to the extent, but only to the extent, that such untrue statement or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission was made in the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus, the Pricing Prospectus, or any amendment or supplement thereto, or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Company by such Underwriter through the Representatives expressly for use therein; and will reimburse the CVR Parties for any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by the CVR Parties in connection with investigating or defending any such action or claim as such expenses are incurred.

(c) Promptly after receipt by an indemnified party under subsection (a) or (b) above of notice of the commencement of any action, such indemnified party shall, if a claim in respect thereof is to be made against the indemnifying party under such subsection, notify the indemnifying party in writing of the commencement thereof; but the omission so to notify the indemnifying party shall not relieve it from any liability which it may have to any indemnified party otherwise than under such subsection. In case any such action shall be brought against any indemnified party and it shall notify the indemnifying party of the commencement thereof, the indemnifying party shall be entitled to participate therein and, to the extent that it shall wish, jointly with any other indemnifying party similarly notified, to assume the defense thereof, with counsel reasonably satisfactory to such indemnified party (who shall not, except with the consent of

the indemnified party, be counsel to the indemnifying party), and, after notice from the indemnifying party to such indemnified party of its election so to assume the defense thereof, the indemnifying party shall not be liable to such indemnified party under such subsection for any legal expenses of other counsel or any other expenses, in each case subsequently incurred by such indemnified party, in connection with the defense thereof other than reasonable costs of investigation. No indemnifying party shall, without the written consent of the indemnified party, effect the settlement or compromise of, or consent to the entry of any judgment with respect to, any pending or threatened action or claim in respect of which indemnification or contribution may be sought hereunder (whether or not the indemnified party is an actual or potential party to such action or claim) unless such settlement, compromise or judgment (i) includes an unconditional release of the indemnified party from all liability arising out of such action or claim and (ii) does not include a statement as to or an admission of fault, culpability or a failure to act, by or on behalf of any indemnified party.

(d) If the indemnification provided for in this Section 9 is unavailable to or insufficient to hold harmless an indemnified party under subsection (a) or (b) above in respect of any losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) referred to therein, then each indemnifying party shall contribute to the amount paid or payable by such indemnified party as a result of such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect the relative benefits received by the CVR Parties on the one hand and the Underwriters on the offering of the LP Units. If, however, the allocation provided by the immediately preceding sentence is not permitted by applicable law or if the indemnified party failed to give the notice required under subsection (c) above, then each indemnifing party shall contribute to such amount paid or payable by such indemnified party in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect not only such relative benefits but also the relative fault of the CVR Parties on the one hand and the Underwriters on the other in connection with the statements or omissions which resulted in such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof), as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. The relative benefits received by the CVR Parties on the one hand and the Underwriters on the other shall be deemed to be in the same proportion as the total net proceeds from the offering (before deducting expenses) received by the CVR Parties bear to the total underwriting discounts and commissions received by the Underwriters, in each case as set forth in the table on the cover page of the Prospectus. The relative fault shall be determined by reference to, among other things, whether the untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact or the omission or state a material fact relates to information supplied by the CVR Parties on the one hand or the Underwriters on the other and the parties' relative intent, knowledg

other method of allocation which does not take account of the equitable considerations referred to above in this subsection (d). The amount paid or payable by an indemnified party as a result of the losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) referred to above in this subsection (d) shall be deemed to include any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by such indemnified party in connection with investigating or defending any such action or claim. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection (d), no Underwriter shall be required to contribute any amount in excess of the amount by which the total price at which the LP Units underwritten by it and distributed to the public were offered to the public exceeds the amount of any damages which such Underwriter has otherwise been required to pay by reason of such untrue or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission. No person guilty of fraudulent misrepresentation (within the meaning of Section 10(f) of the Act) shall be entitled to contribution from any person who was not guilty of such fraudulent misrepresentation. The Underwriters' obligations in this subsection (d) to contribute are several in proportion to their respective underwriting obligations and not joint. No party shall be liable for contribution under this subsection (d) except to the extent and under such circumstances as such party would have been liable for indemnification under this Section 9 if such indemnification were available or enforceable under applicable law.

(e) The obligations of the CVR Parties under this Section 9 shall be in addition to any liability which the CVR Parties may otherwise have and shall extend, upon the same terms and conditions, to each person, if any, who controls any Underwriter within the meaning of the Act and each broker-dealer affiliate of any Underwriter; and the obligations of the Underwriters under this Section 9 shall be in addition to any liability which the respective Underwriters may otherwise have and shall extend, upon the same terms and conditions, to the respective officers and directors of the CVR Parties (including any person who, with his or her consent, is named in the Registration Statement as about to become a director of the Company) and to each person, if any, who controls the CVR Parties within the meaning of the Act.

10. (a) The CVR Parties, jointly and severally, agree to indemnify and hold harmless Morgan Stanley, each person, if any, who controls Morgan Stanley within the meaning of either Section 15 of the Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act and each affiliate of Morgan Stanley within the meaning of Rule 405 of the Act (the "Morgan Stanley Entities") from and against any and all losses, claims, damages and liabilities (including, without limitation, any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred in connection with defending or investigating any such action or claim) (i) caused by any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in any material prepared by or with the consent of any of the CVR Parties for distribution to Participants in connection with the Directed Unit Program or caused by any omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading; (ii) caused by the failure of any Participant to pay for and

accept delivery of Directed Units that the Participant agreed to purchase; or (iii) related to, arising out of, or in connection with the Directed Unit Program, other than losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or expenses relating thereto) that are finally judicially determined to have resulted from the bad faith or gross negligence of the Morgan Stanley Entities.

(b) In case any proceeding (including any governmental investigation) shall be instituted involving any Morgan Stanley Entity in respect of which indemnity may be sought pursuant to Section 10(a), the Morgan Stanley Entity seeking indemnity, shall promptly notify the Company in writing and the Company, upon request of the Morgan Stanley Entity, shall retain counsel reasonably satisfactory to the Morgan Stanley Entity to represent the Morgan Stanley Entity and any others the Company may designate in such proceeding and shall pay the fees and disbursements of such counsel related to such proceeding, In any such proceeding, any impleaded parties) include both the Morgan Stanley Entity and any of the CVR Parties and representation of both parties by the same counsel would be inappropriate due to actual or potential differing interests between them. None of the CVR Parties, in respect of the legal expenses of the Morgan Stanley Entities in connection with any proceeding or related proceedings in the same jurisdiction, shall be liable for the fees and expenses of more than one separate firm (in addition to any local counsel) for all Morgan Stanley Entities. Any such separate firm for the Morgan Stanley Entities shall be designated in writing by Morgan Stanley. None of the CVR Parties shall be liable for any settlement of any proceeding effected without its written consent, but if settled with such consent or if there be a final judgment for the plaintiff, such CVR Party agrees to indemnify the Morgan Stanley Entities from and against any loss or liability by reason of such settlement or judgment. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, if at any time a Morgan Stanley Entity shall have requested any CVR Party to reimburse it for fees and expenses of counsel as contemplated by the second and third sentences of this paragraph, such CVR Party agrees that it shall be liable for

(c) To the extent the indemnification provided for in Section 10(a) is unavailable to a Morgan Stanley Entity or insufficient in respect of any losses, claims, damages or liabilities referred to therein, then the CVR Parties, jointly and severally, in lieu of indemnifying the Morgan Stanley Entity thereunder, shall contribute to the amount paid or payable by the Morgan Stanley Entity as a result of such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (i) in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect the relative benefits received by the CVR Parties on the one hand and the Morgan Stanley Entities on the other hand from the offering of the Directed Units or (ii) if the allocation provided by clause 10(c)(i) above is not permitted by applicable law, in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect not only the relative benefits referred to in clause 10(c)(i) above but also the relative fault of any of the CVR Parties on the one hand and of the Morgan Stanley Entities on the other hand in connection with any statements or omissions that resulted in such losses, claims, damages or liabilities, as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. The relative benefits received by the CVR Parties on the one hand and the Morgan Stanley Entities on the other hand in connection with the offering of the Directed Units shall be deemed to be in the same respective proportions as the net proceeds from the offering of the Directed Units (before deducting expenses) and the total underwriting discounts and commissions received by the Morgan Stanley Entities or the Directed Units, bear to the aggregate public offering price of the Directed Units. If the loss, claim, damage or liability is caused by an untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact or the omission or alleged omission to state a material fact, the relative fault of the CVR Parties on the one hand and the Morgan Stanley Entities on the other hand shall be determined by reference to, among other things, whether the untrue or alleged untrue statement or the omissio

(d) The CVR Parties and the Morgan Stanley Entities agree that it would not be just or equitable if contribution pursuant to this Section 10 were determined by pro rata allocation (even if the CVR Parties and the Morgan Stanley Entities were treated as one entity, respectively, for such purpose) or by any other method of allocation that does not take account of the equitable considerations referred to in Section 10(c). The amount paid or payable by the Morgan Stanley Entities as a result of the losses, claims, damages and liabilities referred to in the immediately preceding paragraph shall be deemed to include, subject to the limitations set forth above, any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by the Morgan Stanley Entities in connection with investigating or defending any such action or claim. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section 10, no Morgan Stanley Entity shall be required to contribute any amount in excess of the amount by which the total price at which the Directed Units distributed to the public were offered to the public exceeds the amount of any damages that such Morgan Stanley Entity has otherwise been required to pay. The remedies provided for in this Section 10 are not exclusive and shall not limit any rights or

remedies which may otherwise be available to any indemnified party at law or in equity.

(e) The indemnity and contribution provisions contained in this Section 10 shall remain operative and in full force and effect regardless of (i) any termination of this Agreement, (ii) any investigation made by or on behalf of any Morgan Stanley Entity or any of the CVR Parties, their officers or directors or any person controlling such CVR Party and (iii) acceptance of and payment for any of the Directed Units.

11. In making a claim for indemnification under Section 9 or 10 of this Agreement (other than for any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred in connection with investigating or defending any action or claim in accordance with clause (a)(ii) of Section 9 or the first sentence of Section 10 ("Expense Reimbursement"), as further provided below) or contribution under Section 9 or 10 of this Agreement, by any of the CVR Parties, an indemnified party may proceed against either (1) all of the CVR Parties jointly or (ii) the Company, Managing GP and Operating LLC jointly, but may not proceed solely against Coffeyville Resources.

Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 9 and 10 of this Agreement, in making a claim for indemnification under Section 9 or 10 (other than for an Expense Reimbursement), or contribution under Section 9 or 10, by any of the CVR Parties, as a precondition to any indemnified party, including any Morgan Stanley Entity, obtaining indemnification or contribution from Coffeyville Resources for any loss, claim, damage, liability or expense (the "Indemnity Final Judgment from a trial court that such indemnified party is entitled to indemnity or contribution under this Agreement with respect to such loss, claim, damage, liability or expense (the "Indemnity Final Judgment") from the Company, Managing GP, Operating LLC and Coffeyville Resources (or any of them) and shall seek to satisfy such Indemnity Final Judgment in full from the Company, Managing GP and Operating LLC for such satisfaction. If such Indemnity Final Judgment shall remain unsatisfied in whole or in part 45 days following the date of receipt by the Company, Managing GP and Operating LLC of such demand, any indemnified party shall have the right to take action to satisfy such Indemnity Final Judgment by making demand directly on Coffeyville Resources (but only if and to the extent the Company, Managing GP or Operating LLC and thereafter obtain payment from the Coffeyville Resources without regard to the pursuit by any party of its

such payment, to wait such 45 days after failure by the Company, Managing GP and Operating LLC to immediately satisfy any such Final Judgment if (i) the Company, Managing GP or Operating LLC files a petition for relief under the United States Bankruptcy Code (the "Bankruptcy Code"), (ii) an order for relief is entered against the Company, Managing GP or Operating LLC in an involuntary case under the Bankruptcy Code and such order is not dismissed within 60 days after the filing thereof, (iii) the Company, Managing GP or Operating LLC makes an assignment for the benefit of its creditors or (iv) any court orders or approves the appointment of a receiver or custodian for the Company, Managing GP or Operating LLC or a substantial portion of any of their assets and such appointment is not discharged within 60 days after the effective date thereof. The foregoing provisions of this paragraph are not intended to require any indemnified party to obtain an Indemnity Final Judgment against the Company, Managing GP, or Coffeeyville Resources before obtaining any Expense Reimbursement. However, the indemnified parties shall first seek to obtain Expense Reimbursement in full from the Company, Managing GP and Operating LLC for such Expense Reimbursement. If such expenses Reimbursement in full from the Company, Managing GP and Operating LLC or such Expense Reimbursement from Coffeeyville Resources by making written demand directly on Coffeeyville Resources (but only if and to the extent the Company, Managing GP or Operating LLC have not already satisfied the demand for such Expense Reimbursement, whether by settlement, release or otherwise). The indemnified parties shall, however, be relieved of their obligation to first seek to obtain such Expense Reimbursement in full from the Company, Managing GP and Operating LLC or, having made written demand therefor, to wait such 45 days after failure by the Company, Managing GP or Operating LLC to immediately reimburse such expenses if (i) the Company, Managing GP or Operating LLC or a

12. (a) If any Underwriter shall default in its obligation to purchase the LP Units which it has agreed to purchase hereunder at a Time of Delivery, you may in your discretion arrange for you or another party or other parties to purchase such LP Units on the terms contained herein. If within thirty-six hours after such default by any Underwriter you do not arrange for the purchase of such LP Units, then the Company shall be entitled to a further period of thirty-six hours within which to procure another party or other parties satisfactory to you to purchase such LP Units on such terms. In the event that, within the respective prescribed periods, you notify the Company that you have so arranged for the purchase of such LP

Units, or the Company notifies you that it has so arranged for the purchase of such LP Units, you or the Company shall have the right to postpone such Time of Delivery for a period of not more than seven days, in order to effect whatever changes may thereby be made necessary in the Registration Statement or the Prospectus, or in any other documents or arrangements, and the Company agrees to file promptly any amendments or supplements to the Registration Statement or the Prospectus which in your opinion may thereby be made necessary. The term "Underwriter" as used in this Agreement shall include any person substituted under this Section 12 with like effect as if such person had originally been a party to this Agreement with respect to such LP Units.

(b) If, after giving effect to any arrangements for the purchase of the LP Units of a defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters by you and the Company as provided in subsection (a) above, the aggregate number of such LP Units which remains unpurchased does not exceed one-eleventh of the aggregate number of all the LP Units to be purchased at such Time of Delivery, then the Company shall have the right to require each non-defaulting Underwriter to purchase the number of LP Units which such Underwriter agreed to purchase hereunder at such Time of Delivery and, in addition, to require each non-defaulting Underwriter to purchase its pro rata share (based on the number of LP Units which such Underwriter agreed to purchase hereunder) of the LP Units of such defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters for which such arrangements have not been made; but nothing herein shall relieve a defaulting Underwriter from liability for its default.

(c) If, after giving effect to any arrangements for the purchase of the LP Units of a defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters by you and the Company as provided in subsection (a) above, the aggregate number of such LP Units which remains unpurchased exceeds one-eleventh of the aggregate number of all the LP Units to be purchased at such Time of Delivery, or if the Company shall not exercise the right described in subsection (b) above to require non-defaulting Underwriters to purchase LP Units of a defaulting Underwriters, then this Agreement (or, with respect to any Option Time of Delivery, the obligations of the Underwriters to purchase and of the Company to sell the Optional LP Units) shall thereupon terminate, without liability on the part of any non-defaulting Underwriter or the Company, except for the expenses to be borne by the Company and the Underwriters as provided in Section 7 hereof and the indemnity and contribution agreements in Section 9 hereof; but nothing herein shall relieve a defaulting Underwriter from liability for its default

13. (a) The respective indemnities, agreements, representations, warranties and other statements of the CVR Parties and the several Underwriters, as set forth in this Agreement or made by or on behalf of them, respectively, pursuant to this Agreement, shall remain in full force and effect, regardless of any investigation (or any statement as to the results thereof) made by or on behalf of any Underwriter or any controlling person of any Underwriter, or the CVR Parties, or any officer or director or controlling person of any of the CVR Parties, and shall survive delivery of and payment for the LP Units.

(b) In making a claim for breach by the CVR Parties of any agreement, representation or warranty contained in this Agreement, any Underwriter may proceed against either (i) all of the CVR Parties jointly or (ii) the Company, Managing GP and Operating LLC jointly, but may not proceed solely against Coffeyville Resources. As a precondition to any Underwriter obtaining recovery of any loss, claim, damage, liability or expense from Coffeyville Resources arising out of, or based upon or resulting from such breach, such Underwriter shall first obtain a final judgment from a trial court that such Underwriter is entitled to recovery under this Agreement with respect to such loss, claim, damage, liability or expense (the "Breach Final Judgment") from the Company, Managing GP, Operating LLC and Coffeyville Resources (or any of them) and shall seek to satisfy such Breach Final Judgment in full from the Company, Managing GP and Operating LLC for such satisfaction. If such Breach Final Judgment shall remain unsatisfied in whole or in part 45 days following the date of receipt by the Company, Managing GP and Operating LLC for such satisfaction. If such Breach Final Judgment shall remain unsatisfied in whole or in part 45 days following the date of receipt by the Company, Managing GP and Operating LLC have not already satisfied such Breach Final Judgment, whether by settlement, release or otherwise). The Underwriters may exercise this right to first seek to obtain payment from the Company, Managing GP and Operating LLC and thereafter obtain payment from Coffeyville Resources without regard to the pursuit by any party of its rights to the appeal of such Breach Final Judgment. The Underwriters shall, however, be relieved of their obligation to first obtain a Breach Final Judgment, seek to obtain payment from the Company, Managing GP and Operating LLC with respect to such Breach Final Judgment or, having sought such payment, to wait such 45 days after failure by the Company, Managing GP and Operating LLC in an involuntary case u

(c) Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, Coffeyville Resources' aggregate liability pursuant to the indemnity and contribution provisions of Sections 9 and 10 hereof and for any breach by the CVR Parties of any agreement, representation or warranty contained in this

Agreement shall not exceed an amount equal to \$[•] plus (x) an amount equal to the total of the Company's cash and cash equivalents on the Company's consolidated balance sheet as of the day immediately preceding the First Time of Delivery that the Company distributes to Coffeyville Resources, as certified in writing to the Representatives by the chief financial officer of the Company as of the First Time of Delivery, and (y) an amount, if any, equal to the purchase price paid by the Underwriters for Optional LP Units to the extent any of such proceeds are distributed to Coffeyville Resources.

14. If this Agreement shall be terminated pursuant to Section 12 hereof, the CVR Parties shall not then be under any liability to any Underwriter except as provided in Sections 7 and 9 hereof; but, if for any other reason any LP Units are not delivered by or on behalf of the Company as provided herein (other than due to the failure to satisfy any of the conditions provided in clauses (i), (iii), (iv) or (v) of Section 8(i) hereof), the CVR Parties will cause the Company to reimburse the Underwriters through you for all out-of-pocket expenses approved in writing by you, including fees and disbursements of counsel, reasonably incurred by the Underwriters in making preparations for the purchase, sale and delivery of the LP Units not so delivered, but the CVR Parties shall not then be under any further liability to any Underwriter except as provided in Sections 7 and 9 hereof.

15. In all dealings hereunder, you, as the Representatives, shall act on behalf of each of the Underwriters, and the parties hereto shall be entitled to act and rely upon any statement, request, notice or agreement on behalf of any Underwriter made or given by all of the Underwriters jointly or by the Representatives on behalf of the Underwriters.

16. All statements, requests, notices and agreements hereunder shall be in writing, and if to the Underwriters shall be delivered or sent by mail, telex or facsimile transmission to you as the Representatives to each of (i) Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, Attention Global Capital Markets Syndicate Desk, 1585 Broadway, New York, New York 10036; (ii) Barclays Capital Inc., 745 Seventh Avenue, New York, New York 10019, Attention: Syndicate Registration (Facsimile: 646-834-8133); and (iii) Goldman, Sachs & Co., 200 West Street, New York, New York 10282, Attention: Registration Department (Facsimile: 212-902-9316), with a copy, in the case of any notice pursuant to Section 13 hereof, to the Director of Litigation, Office of the General Counsel, Barclays Capital Inc., 745 Seventh Avenue, New York, New York 10019; if to Morgan Stanley in connection with the Directed Unit Program shall be delivered or sent by mail, telex or facsimile transmission to Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, Attention Global Capital Markets Syndicate Desk, 1585 Broadway, New York, New York 10036; and if to the Company shall be delivered or sent by mail, telex or facsimile

transmission to the address of the Company set forth in the Registration Statement, Attention: Secretary; provided, however, that any notice to an Underwriter pursuant to subsection 9(c) hereof shall be delivered or sent by mail, telex or facsimile transmission to such Underwriter at its address set forth in its Underwriters' Questionnaire, or telex constituting such Questionnaire, which address will be supplied to the Company by you upon request; provided, however, that notices under subsection 9(c) shall be in writing, and if to the Underwriters shall be delivered or sent by mail, telex or facsimile transmission to you as the Representatives to each of (i) Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, Attention Global Capital Markets Syndicate Desk, 1585 Broadway, New York, New York 10036; (ii) Barclays Capital Inc., 745 Seventh Avenue, New York, New York 10019, Attention: Syndicate Registration (Facsimile: 646-834-8133); and (iii) Goldman, Sachs & Co., 200 West Street, New York 10282, Attention: Registration Department (Facsimile: 212-902-9316). Any such statements, requests, notices or agreements shall take effect upon receipt thereof.

17. This Agreement shall be binding upon, and inure solely to the benefit of, the Underwriters and the CVR Parties and, to the extent provided in Sections 9 and 13 hereof, the officers and directors of the CVR Parties and each person who controls the CVR Parties or any Underwriter, and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, and no other person shall acquire or have any right under or by virtue of this Agreement. No purchaser of any of the LP Units from any Underwriter shall be deemed a successor or assign by reason merely of such purchase.

18. Time shall be of the essence of this Agreement. As used herein, the term "business day" shall mean any day when the Commission's office in Washington, D.C. is open for business.

19. The CVR Parties acknowledge and agree that (i) the purchase and sale of the LP Units pursuant to this Agreement is an arm's-length commercial transaction between the CVR Parties, on the one hand, and the several Underwriters, on the other; (ii) in connection therewith and with the process leading to such transaction each Underwriter is acting solely as a principal and not the agent or fiduciary of the CVR Parties; (iii) no Underwriter has assumed an advisory or fiduciary responsibility in favor of any of the CVR Parties with respect to the offering contemplated hereby or the process leading thereto (irrespective of whether such Underwriter has advised or is currently advising any of the CVR Parties on other matters) or any other obligation to any of the CVR Parties except the obligations expressly set forth in this Agreement; and (iv) the CVR Parties have consulted their own legal and financial advisors to the extent it deemed appropriate. The CVR Parties agree that they will not claim that the Underwriters, or any of them, have rendered advisory services of any nature or respect, or owe a fiduciary or similar duty to any of the CVR Parties in connection with such transaction or the process leading thereto.

- 20. This Agreement supersedes all prior agreements and understandings (whether written or oral) between the CVR Parties and the Underwriters, or any of them, with respect to the subject matter hereof.
- 21. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York.
- 22. Each of the CVR Parties and each of the Underwriters hereby irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, any and all right to trial by jury in any legal proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby, including the Transactions.
- 23. This Agreement may be executed by any one or more of the parties hereto in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, but all such counterparts shall together constitute one and the same instrument.

If the foregoing is in accordance with your understanding, please sign and return to us two counterparts hereof, and upon the acceptance hereof by you, on behalf of each of the Underwriters, this letter and such acceptance hereof shall constitute a binding agreement among each of the Underwriters and the CVR Parties. It is understood that your acceptance of this letter on behalf of each of the Underwriters is pursuant to the authority set forth in a form of Agreement among Underwriters, the form of which shall be submitted to the Company for examination upon request, but without warranty on your part as to the authority of the signers thereof.

[Remainder of this page intentionally left blank]

Very truly yours,

CVR Partners, LP

By: CVR GP, LLC, General Partner
By: Coffeyville Acquisition III LLC,
Sole Member

By:

Name:
Title:

By: CVR Special GP, LLC, General
Partner
By: Coffeyville Resources, LLC,
Sole Member

By:

Name:
Title:

Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen
Fertilizers, LLC

By:

Name:
Title:

Coffeyville Resources, LLC,

Rome:
Title:

Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen
Fertilizers, LLC

By:

Name: Title:

Morgan	Stanley & Co. Incorporated	
Ву:		
	Name: Title:	
Barclays	Capital Inc.	
Ву:		_
	Name: Title:	
Goldmar	ı, Sachs & Co.	
Ву:		_
	(Goldman, Sachs & Co.)	
On behal	f of each of the Underwriters	

Accepted as of the date hereof:

SCHEDULE I

Underwriter	Total Number of Firm LP Units to be Purchased	Number of Optional LP Units to be Purchased if Maximum Option Exercised
Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated	[1]	[1]
Barclays Capital Inc.	[1]	[1]
Goldman, Sachs & Co.	[1]	[1]
[1]	[1]	[1]
Total	[1]	[1]

SCHEDULE IIA

Number of [Firm] LP Units: [1]
[Number of Optional LP Units: [1]]
Initial public offering price per Common Unit \$[1]
1 [Other, if any, TBD]

SCHEDULE IIB

Issuer Free Writing Prospectuses

 $Electronic\ road\ show\ as\ filed\ on\ Netroadshow.com\ (the\ "Electronic\ Roadshow")\ on\ [l],\ 2011.$

l [Other, if any, TBD]

Schedule III

Persons and Entities Subject to Lock-Up Letters

Coffeyville Resources, LLC CVR GP, LLC

CVR GP, LLC
John J. Lipinski
Designated trust of John J. Lipinski
Stanley A. Riemann
Edward Morgan
Edmund S. Gross
Kevan A. Vick
Christopher G. Swanberg
Donna R. Ecton
Scott Lebovitz
George E. Matelich
Frank M. Muller, Jr.
Stanley de J. Osborne
John K. Rowan

ANNEX I(a)

Form of Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson LLP Opinion for the Company

ANNEX I(b)

Form of Vinson & Elkins L.L.P. Opinion for the Company

ANNEX II

FORM OF JOINDER AGREEMENT OF CVR GP, LLC

[**1**], 2011

Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated Barclays Capital Inc. Goldman, Sachs & Co. As representatives of the several Underwriters named in Schedule I to the Underwriting Agree

named in Schedule I to the Underwriting Agreement, c/o Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated 1585 Broadway

New York, New York 10036

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Reference is made to the Underwriting Agreement, dated [I], 2011 (the "Underwriting Agreement"), initially among CVR Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership (the "Company"), Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("Operating LLC"), Coffeyville Resources, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Coffeyville Resources"), and the several underwriters named in Schedule I thereto (the "Underwriters"), for whom Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, Barclays Capital Inc. and Goldman, Sachs & Co. are acting as representatives, concerning the purchase of the LP Units (as defined in the Underwriting Agreement) from the Company by the Underwriters. Capitalized terms used herein but not defined herein shall have the meanings assigned to such terms in the Underwriting Agreement.

CVR GP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Managing GP"), agrees that this Agreement is being executed and delivered in connection with the issue and sale of the LP Units pursuant to the Underwriting Agreement and to induce the Underwriters to purchase the LP Units thereunder and is being executed concurrently with the First Time of Delivery.

- 1. Managing GP hereby agrees to be bound by the terms, conditions, agreements, representations, warranties and other provisions of the Underwriting Agreement with all attendant rights, duties and obligations stated therein, with the same force and effect as if originally party thereto, including as a CVR Party, and as if it executed the Underwriting Agreement on the date thereof.
 - 2. Managing GP represents and warrants to, and agrees with, each of the Underwriters that (a) Managing GP has full partnership power and authority to execute,

deliver and perform this Agreement and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby, and this Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by Managing GP; and (b) the representations, warranties and agreements of the CVR Parties set forth in the Underwriting Agreement are true and correct on and as of the date hereof.

3. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York.

4. This Agreement does not cancel, extinguish, limit or otherwise adversely affect any right or obligation of the parties under the Underwriting Agreement. Managing GP acknowledges and agrees that all of the provisions of the Underwriting Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank.]

If the foregoing is in accordance with your understanding of our agreement, please indicate your acceptance of this Agreement by signing in the space provided below, whereupon this	Agreement and the
Underwriting Agreement will become binding agreements of Managing GP in accordance with their respective terms.	

CVR GP, LLCBy: Coffeyville Resources, LLC, Sole Member

By: Name: Title:

Signature Page to Joinder Agreement

FORM OF AMENDED AND RESTATED CERTIFICATE OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP OF

CVR PARTNERS, LP

This Amended and Restated Certificate of Limited Partnership of CVR Partners, LP dated _ , 2011 has been duly executed and filed by the undersigned general partner pursuant to Section 17-201 of the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act the ("Act") and is an amendment and restatement of that certain Certificate of Limited Partnership dated June 12, 2007.

- 1. Name. The name of the limited partnership is CVR Partners, LP.
- 2. **Registered Office**. The address of the registered office required to be maintained by Section 17-104 of the Act is:

1209 Orange Street,

Wilmington, Delaware 19801

The name and address of the registered agent for service of process required to be maintained by Section 17-104 of the Act is:

The Corporation Trust Company 1209 Orange Street Wilmington, Delaware 19801

 $3. \, \underline{\textbf{General Partner}}. \, \textbf{The name and business address of the sole general partner of the Partnership is:} \\$

CVR GP, LLC 2277 Plaza Drive, Suite 500 Sugar Land, Texas 77479

EXECUTED, as of the date written first above.

CVR		

Edmund S. Gross Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary

Exhibit 3.4

FORM OF

THIRD AMENDED AND RESTATED

LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AGREEMENT

OF

CVR GP, LLC

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THIRD AMENDED AND RESTATED LIMITED LIABILTY COMPANY AGREEMENT OF

CVR GP, LLC

THIS THIRD AMENDED AND RESTATED LIMITED LIABILTY COMPANY AGREEMENT of CVR GP, LLC (the "Company"), dated as of [], 2011 is entered into by Coffeyville Resources, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Coffeyville Resources"), as sole member of the Company as of the date hereof (in such capacity, the "Sole Member").

RECITALS:

WHEREAS, Coffeyville Resources formed the Company as a limited liability company under the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act by filing a Certificate of Formation with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware effective as of October 24, 2007.

WHEREAS, the Company was previously governed by that certain Limited Liability Company Agreement (the "Original LLC Agreement") dated as of August 22, 2007, as amended and restated by the First Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement ("First A&R LLC Agreement") dated as of October 24, 2007 and as amended and restated by the Second Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement ("Second A&R LLC Agreement") dated as of June 6, 2008.

WHEREAS, Coffeyville Resources assigned, transferred, conveyed and delivered its 100% membership interest in the Company to Coffeyville Acquisition III LLC ("C/A III") in exchange for \$10.6 million.

WHEREAS, C/A III assigned, transferred, conveyed and delivered its 100% membership interest in the Company to Coffeyville Resources in exchange for [\$1,000] pursuant to an Amended and Restated Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement dated [], 2011 (the "Amended Contribution Agreement").

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Amended Contribution Agreement, CVR Special GP, LLC (the "Special GP") contributed all of its Special GP Units representing general partner interests in the Partnership to the Partnership in exchange for Common LP Units representing limited partner interests in the Partnership and is thereby no longer a general partner of the Partnership.

WHEREAS, Coffeyville Resources now desires to amend and restate the Second A&R LLC Agreement in its entirety by executing this Third Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement in order to (a) remove references to the Special GP as general partner; (b) revise Appendix A in light of the amendment and restatement of the Partnership Agreement; and (c) clarify that Coffeyville Resources is the Sole Member of the Company.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the covenants, conditions and agreements contained herein, the Sole Member hereby enters into this Agreement:

ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS

Section 1.1 Definitions.

The following definitions shall be for all purposes, unless otherwise clearly indicated to the contrary, applied to the terms used in this Agreement.

- "Act" means the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act, 6 Del. C. § 18-101, et seq., as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time, and any successor to such statute.
- "Agreement" means this Third Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of CVR GP, LLC, as it may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time. The Agreement constitutes a "limited liability company agreement" as such term is defined in the Act.
- "Affiliate" means, with respect to any Person, any other Person that directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries controls, is controlled by or is under common control with, the Person in question. As used herein, the term "control" means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a Person, whether through ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise.
 - "Amended Contribution Agreement" has the meaning assigned to such term in the recitals of this Agreement.
 - "Board" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 5.1.
 - "C/A III" has the meaning assigned to such term in the recitals of this Agreement.
 - "Capital Contribution" means any cash, cash equivalents or the value of Contributed Property contributed to the Company.
- "Certificate of Formation" means the Certificate of Formation of the Company filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware as referenced in Section 2.1, as such Certificate of Formation may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time.
 - "Chairman" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 5.2(d).
 - ${\it ``Coffeyville Resources''}\ has\ the\ meaning\ assigned\ to\ such\ term\ in\ the\ introductory\ paragraph\ of\ this\ Agreement.$
 - "Company" means CVR GP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, and any successors thereto.
 - "Company Group" means the Company and any Subsidiary of the Company, treated as a single consolidated entity.

- "Contributed Property" means each property or other asset, in such form as may be permitted by the Act, but excluding cash, contributed to the Company.
- "Directors" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 5.1.
- "Group Member" means a member of the Company Group.

"Indemnitee" means (a) the Sole Member; (b) any Person who is or was a director, officer, fiduciary or trustee of the Company, any Group Member, the Partnership; and (c) any Person who is or was serving at the request of the Sole Member as a director, officer, fiduciary or trustee of another Person, in each case, acting in such capacity, provided, that a Person shall not be an Indemnitee by reason of providing, on a fee-for-services basis, trustee, fiduciary or custodial services.

- "Independent Director" has the meaning assigned to such term in $\underline{Section\ 5.2}.$
- "Initial Public Offering" means the initial offering and sale of common units representing limited partner interests in the Partnership to the public.
- "Membership Interest" means all of the Sole Member's rights and interest in the Company in the Sole Member's capacity as the Sole Member, all as provided in the Certificate of Formation, this Agreement and the Act, including, without limitation, the Sole Member's interest in the capital, income, gain, deductions, losses and credits of the Company.
 - "Officer" means the meaning given to such term in Section 6.1.
 - "Partnership" means CVR Partners, LP.
 - "Partnership Agreement" means the Agreement of Limited Partnership of CVR Partners, LP, as it may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time.
- "Partnership Interest" means an interest in the Partnership, which shall include any general partner interest and limited partner interests but shall exclude any options, rights, warrants and appreciation rights relating to an equity interest in the Partnership.
 - "Person" means an individual or a corporation, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, trust, unincorporated organization, association, government agency or political subdivision thereof or other entity.
 - "Sole Member" has the meaning assigned to such term in the introductory paragraph of this Agreement.
 - "Special GP" has the meaning assigned to such term in the recitals of this Agreement.
- "Subsidiary" means, with respect to any Person, (a) a corporation of which more than 50% of the voting power of shares entitled (without regard to the occurrence of any contingency) to vote in the election of directors or other governing body of such corporation is owned, directly or indirectly, at the date of determination, by such Person, by one or more Subsidiaries of such

Person or a combination thereof, (b) a partnership (whether general or limited) in which such Person or a Subsidiary of such Person is, at the date of determination, a general partner of such partnership, but only if such Person, directly or by one or more Subsidiaries of such Person, or a combination thereof, controls such partnership, directly or indirectly, at the date of determination or (c) any other Person in which such Person, one or more Subsidiaries of such Person, or a combination thereof, directly or indirectly, at the date of determination, has (i) at least a majority ownership interest or (ii) the power to elect or direct the election of a majority of the directors or other governing body of such Person.

Section 1.2 Construction.

- (a) Unless the context requires otherwise: (i) capitalized terms used herein but not otherwise defined shall have the meanings assigned to such terms in the Partnership Agreement; (ii) any pronoun used in this Agreement shall include the corresponding masculine, feminine or neuter forms; (iii) references to Articles and Sections refer to Articles and Sections of this Agreement; and (iv) the term "include" or "includes" means includes, without limitation, and "including" means including, without limitation.
 - (b) A reference to any Person includes such Person's successors and permitted assigns.

ARTICLE II ORGANIZATION

Section 2.1 Formation

On June 12, 2007, Coffeyville Resources formed the Company as a limited liability company pursuant to the provisions of the Act by virtue of the filing of the Certificate of Formation with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware.

Section 2.2 Name.

The name of the Company shall be "CVR GP, LLC". The Company's business may be conducted under any other name or names deemed necessary or appropriate by the Board in its discretion, including, if consented to by the Board, the name of the Partnership. The words "Limited Liability Company," "L.L.C." or "LLC" or similar words or letters shall be included in the Company's name where necessary for the purpose of complying with the laws of any jurisdiction that so requires. The Board in its discretion may change the name of the Company at any time and from time to time and shall promptly notify the Sole Member of such change.

Section 2.3 Registered Office; Registered Agent; Principal Office; Other Offices.

Unless and until changed by the Board, the registered office of the Company in the State of Delaware shall be located at 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware 19801, and the registered agent for service of process on the Company in the State of Delaware at such registered office shall be The Corporation Trust Company. The principal office of the Company shall be located at 2277 Plaza Drive, Suite 500, Sugar Land, Texas 77479, or such other place as the Board may from time to time designate. The Company may maintain offices at such other

place or places within or outside the State of Delaware as the Board deems necessary or appropriate.

Section 2.4 Purpose and Business.

The purpose and nature of the business to be conducted by the Company shall be to (a) serve as the general partner of the Partnership and, in connection therewith, to exercise all rights conferred upon the Company as the general partner of the Partnership in accordance with the Partnership Agreement; (b) engage directly in, or enter into or form any corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company or other arrangement to engage indirectly in, any business activity that the Company is permitted to engage in and, in connection therewith, to exercise all of the rights and powers conferred upon the Company pursuant to the agreements relating to such business activity; (c) engage directly in, or enter into or form any corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company or other arrangement to engage indirectly in, any business activity that is approved by the Sole Member and that lawfully may be conducted by a limited liability company organized pursuant to the Act and, in connection therewith, to exercise all of the rights and powers conferred upon the Company pursuant to the agreements relating to such business activity; (d) guarantee, mortgage, pledge or encumber any or all of its assets in connection with any indebtedness of any Affiliate of the Company and (e) do anything necessary or appropriate to the foregoing, including the making of capital contributions or loans to a Group Member, the Partnership or any Subsidiary of the Partnership.

Section 2.5 Powers.

The Company shall be empowered to do any and all acts and things necessary, appropriate, proper, advisable, incidental to or convenient for the furtherance and accomplishment of the purposes and business described in Section 2.4 and for the protection and benefit of the Company.

Section 2.6 Term

Section 2.7 Title to Company Assets.

Title to Company assets, whether real, personal or mixed and whether tangible or intangible, shall be deemed to be owned by the Company as an entity, and the Sole Member shall not have any ownership interest in such Company assets or any portion thereof.

ARTICLE III RIGHTS OF SOLE MEMBER

Section 3.1 Voting.

Unless otherwise granted to the Board by this Agreement, the Sole Member shall possess the entire voting interest in all matters relating to the Company, including, without limitation, matters relating to the amendment of this Agreement, any merger, consolidation or conversion of the Company, sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company and the termination, dissolution and liquidation of the Company.

Distributions by the Company of cash or other property shall be made to the Sole Member at such time as the Sole Member deems appropriate.

ARTICLE IV CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS; PRE EMPTIVE RIGHTS; NATURE OF MEMBERSHIP INTEREST

Section 4.1 Initial Capital Contributions.

On August 20, 2007, in connection with the formation of the Company, the Sole Member made a contribution to the capital of the Company in the amount of \$1,000 in exchange for all of the Membership Interests. Section 4.2 Additional Capital Contributions.

The Sole Member shall not be obligated to make additional Capital Contributions to the Company.

Section 4.3 No Preemptive Rights.

No Person shall have preemptive, preferential or other similar rights with respect to (a) additional Capital Contributions; (b) issuance or sale of any class or series of Membership Interests, whether unissued, held in the treasury or hereafter created; (c) issuance of any obligations, evidences of indebtedness or other securities of the Company convertible into or exchangeable for, or carrying or accompanied by any rights to receive, purchase or subscribe to, any such Membership Interests; (d) issuance of any right of subscription to or right to receive, or any warrant or option for the purchase of, any such Membership Interests; or (e) issuance or sale of any other securities that may be issued or sold by the Company.

Section 4.4 Fully Paid and Non-Assessable Nature of Membership Interests.

All Membership Interests issued pursuant to, and in accordance with, the requirements of this <u>Article IV</u> shall be fully paid and non-assessable Membership Interests, except as such non-assessability may be affected by Section 18-607 of the Act.

ARTICLE V MANAGEMENT AND OPERATION OF BUSINESS

Section 5.1 Establishment of The Board.

The number of directors (the "Directors") constituting the Board shall be at least three and not more than twelve, unless otherwise fixed from time to time pursuant to action by the Sole Member. The Directors shall be elected or approved by the Sole Member. The Directors shall serve as Directors of the Company for their term of office established pursuant to Section 5.3.

Section 5.2 The Board; Delegation of Authority and Duties.

- (a) Sole Members and Board. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, the business and affairs of the Company shall be managed under the direction of the Board, which shall possess all rights and powers which are possessed by "managers" under the Act and otherwise by applicable law, pursuant to Section 18-402 of the Act, subject to the provisions of this Agreement. Except as otherwise provided for herein, the Sole Member hereby consents to the exercise by the Board of all such powers and rights conferred on it by the Act or otherwise by applicable law with respect to the management and control of the Company. To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, each Director shall have such rights and duties as are applicable to directors of a corporation organized under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.
- (b) Delegation by the Board. The Board shall have the power and authority to delegate to one or more other Persons the Board's rights and powers to manage and control the business and affairs of the Company, including delegating such rights and powers of the Board to agents and employees of the Company (including Officers). The Board may authorize any Person (including, without limitation, the Sole Member, or any Director or Officer) to enter into any document on behalf of the Company and perform the obligations of the Company thereunder. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Board shall not have the power and authority to delegate any rights or powers customarily requiring the approval of the directors of a corporation, other than to a committee of the Board, and no Officer or other Person shall be authorized or empowered to act on behalf of the Company in any way beyond the customary rights and powers of an officer of a corporation.

(c) Committees

- (i) The Board may establish committees of the Board and may delegate any of its responsibilities to such committees.
- (ii) Upon the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Board shall have an audit committee comprised of at least one Director as of the closing date, at least two Directors within 90 days of such closing date and at least three Directors within one year of such closing date, all of whom shall be Independent Directors. Such audit committee shall establish a written audit committee charter in accordance with the rules of the principal national securities exchange on which a class of Limited Partner Interests of the Partnership are listed or admitted to trading, as amended from time to time. "Independent Director" shall mean Directors meeting independence standards required of directors who serve on an audit committee of a board of directors established by the Securities

Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission thereunder and by the national securities exchange on which any class of Partnership Interests of the Partnership are listed or admitted to trading.

(d) Chairman of the Board. The Board may elect a chairman (the "Chairman") of the Board. The Chairman of the Board, if elected, shall be a member of the Board and shall preside at all meetings of the Board and of the Partners of the Partnership. The Chairman of the Board shall not be an Officer by virtue of being the Chairman of the Board but may otherwise be an Officer. The Chairman of the Board may be removed either with or without cause at any time by the affirmative vote of a majority of the Board. No removal or resignation as Chairman of the Board shall affect such Chairman's status as a Director.

Section 5.3 Term of Office

Once designated pursuant to Section 5.1, a Director shall continue in office until the removal of such Director in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement or until the earlier death or resignation of such Director. Any Director may resign at any time by giving written notice of such Director's resignation to the Board. Any such resignation shall take effect at the time the Board receives such notice or at any later effective time specified in such notice. Unless otherwise specified in such notice, the acceptance by the Board of such Director's resignation shall not be necessary to make such resignation effective. Notwithstanding anything herein or under applicable law to the contrary, any Director may be removed at any time with or without cause by the Sole Member.

Section 5.4 Meetings of the Board and Committees.

(a) Meetings. The Board (or any committee of the Board) shall meet at such time and at such place as the Chairman of the Board (or the chairman of such committee) may designate. Written notice of all regular meetings of the Board (or any committee of the Board) must be given to all Directors (or all members of such committee) at least two days prior to the regular meeting of the Board (or such committee). Special meetings of the Board (or any committee of the Board) shall be held at the request of the Chairman or a majority of the Directors (or a majority of the members of such committee) upon at least two days (if the meeting is to be held in person) or twenty-four hours (if the meeting is to be held telephonically) oral or written notice to the Directors (or the members of such committee) or upon such shorter notice as may be approved by the Directors (or the members of such committee), which approval may be given before or after the relevant meeting which the notice relates to. All notices and other communications to be given to Directors (or members of a committee) shall be sufficiently given for all purposes hereunder if in writing and delivered by hand, courier or overnight delivery service or three days after being mailed by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, with appropriate postage prepaid, or when received in the form of a telegram or facsimile, and shall be directed to the address or facsimile number as such Director (or member) shall designate by notice to the Company. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any regular or special meeting of the Board (or committee) need be specified in the notice of such meeting. Any Director (or such member)

- (b) Conduct of Meetings. Any meeting of the Board (or any committee of the Board) may be held in person or by telephone conference or similar communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other, and such participation in a meeting shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.
- (c) *Quorum.* Fifty percent or more of all Directors (or members of a committee of the Board), present in person or participating in accordance with <u>Section 5.4(b)</u>, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, but if at any meeting of the Board (or committee) there shall be less than a quorum present, a majority of the Directors (or members of a committee) present may adjourn the meeting without further notice. The Directors (or members of a committee) present at a duly organized meeting may continue to transact business until adjournment, notwithstanding the withdrawal of enough Directors (or members of a committee) to leave less than a quorum; *provided*, *however*, that only the acts of the Directors (or members of a committee) meeting the requirements of <u>Section 5.5</u> shall be deemed to be acts of the Board (or such committee).
- (d) *Procedures*. To the extent not inconsistent with this Agreement or the Act, the procedures and rights governing the Board and its committees shall be as provided to the board of directors and its committees of a corporation under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.

Section 5.5 Votina

Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, the effectiveness of any vote, consent or other action of the Board (or any committee) in respect of any matter shall require either (i) the presence of a quorum and the affirmative vote of at least a majority of the Directors (or members of such committee) present or (ii) the unanimous written consent (in lieu of meeting) of the Directors (or members of such committee) who are then in office. Any Director may vote in person or by proxy (pursuant to a power of attorney) on any matter that is to be voted on by the Board at a meeting thereof.

Section 5.6 Responsibility and Authority of the Board.

- (a) General. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, the relative authority and functions of the Board, on the one hand, and the Officers, on the other hand, shall be identical to the relative authority and functions of the board of directors and officers, respectively, of a corporation organized under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware. The Officers shall be vested with such powers and duties as are set forth in Section 6.1 hereof and as are specified by the Board from time to time. Accordingly, except as otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement, the day-to-day activities of the Company shall be conducted on the Company's behalf by the Officers who shall be agents of the Company. In addition to the powers and authorities expressly conferred on the Board by this Agreement, the Board may exercise all such powers of the Company and do all such acts and things as are not restricted by this Agreement, the Partnership Agreement, the Act or applicable law.
 - (b) Member Consent Required for Extraordinary Matters. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Board will not take any action without approval of the Sole Member

with respect to an extraordinary matter that would have, or would reasonably be expected to have, a material effect, directly or indirectly, on the Sole Member's interests in the Company. The type of extraordinary matter referred to in the prior sentence which requires approval of the Sole Member shall include, but not be limited to, the following: (i) commencement of any action relating to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or relief of debtors by the Company, the Partnership or a material Subsidiary thereof; (ii) a merger, consolidation, recapitalization or similar transaction involving the Company, the Partnership or a material Subsidiary thereof; (iii) a sale, exchange or other transfer not in the ordinary course of business of a substantial portion of the assets of the Partnership or a material Subsidiary of the Partnership, viewed on a consolidated basis, in one or a series of related transactions; (iv) dissolution or liquidation of the Company or the Partnership; and (v) a material amendment of the Partnership Agreement. An extraordinary matter will be deemed approved by the Sole Member if the Board receives a written, facsimile or electronic instruction evidencing such approval from the Sole Member or if a majority of the Directors that do not qualify as Independent Directors because of their affiliation with the Sole Member, approve such matter. To the fullest extent permitted by law, a Director, acting as such, shall have no duty, responsibility or liability to the Sole Member with respect to any action by the Board approved by the Sole Member.

(c) Member-Managed Decisions.

Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Sole Member shall have exclusive authority over the internal business and affairs of the Company that do not relate to management and control of the Partnership and its subsidiaries. For illustrative purposes, the internal business and affairs of the Company where the Sole Member shall have exclusive authority include (i) the amount and timing of distributions paid by the Company, (ii) the issuance or repurchase of any equity interests in the Company, (iii) the prosecution, settlement or management of any claim made directly against the Company, (iv) the decision to sell, convey, transfer or pledge any asset of the Company, (v) the decision to amend, modify or waive any rights relating to the assets of the Company and (vi) the decision to enter into any agreement to incur an obligation of the Company other than an agreement entered into for and on behalf of the Partnership for which the Company is liable exclusively by virtue of the Company's capacity as general partner of the Partnership or of any of its Affiliates.

In addition, notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Sole Member shall have exclusive authority to cause the Company to exercise the rights of the Company as general partner of the Partnership (or those exercisable after the Company ceases to be the general partner of the Partnership) where (a) the Company makes a determination or takes or declines to take any other action in its individual capacity under the Partnership Agreement or (b) where the Partnership Agreement permits the Company to make a determination or take or decline to take any other action in its sole discretion. For illustrative purposes, a list of provisions where the Company would be acting in its individual capacity or is permitted to act in its sole discretion is contained in Appendix A hereto.

Section 5.7 Devotion of Time.

The Directors shall not be obligated and shall not be expected to devote all of their time or business efforts to the affairs of the Company (except, to the extent appropriate, in their capacity as employees of the Company).

Section 5.8 Certificate of Formation.

Coffeyville Resources caused the Certificate of Formation to be filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware as required by the Act and certain other certificates or documents it determined in its discretion to be necessary or appropriate for the qualification and operation of the Company in certain other states. The Board shall use all reasonable efforts to cause to be filed such additional certificates or documents as may be determined by the Board to be necessary or appropriate for the formation, continuation, qualification and operation of a limited liability company in the State of Delaware or any other state in which the Company may elect to do business or own property. To the extent that such action is determined by the Board to be necessary or appropriate, the Board shall cause the Officers file amendments to and restatements of the Certificate of Formation and do all things to maintain the Company as a limited liability company under the laws of the State of Delaware or of any other state in which the Company may elect to do business or own property.

Section 5.9 Benefit Plans.

The Board may propose and adopt on behalf of the Company employee benefit plans, employee programs and employee practices, or cause the Company to issue Partnership Interests, in connection with or pursuant to any employee benefit plan, employee program or employee practice maintained or sponsored by any Group Member or any Affiliate thereof, in each case for the benefit of employees of the Company, any Group Member or any Affiliate thereof, or any of them, in respect of services performed, directly or indirectly, for the benefit of any Group Member.

Section 5.10 Indemnification

(a) To the fullest extent permitted by law but subject to the limitations expressly provided in this Agreement, all Indemnitees shall be indemnified and held harmless by the Company from and against any and all losses, claims, damages, liabilities, joint or several, expenses (including legal fees and expenses), judgments, fines, penalties, interest, settlements or other amounts arising from any and all threatened, pending or completed claims, demands, actions, suits or proceedings, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, and whether formal or informal and including appeals, in which any Indemnitee may be involved, or is threatened to be involved, as a party or otherwise, by reason of its status as an Indemnitee and acting (or refraining to act) in such capacity on behalf of or for the benefit of the Company; provided, that the Indemnitee shall not be indemnified and held harmless if there has been a final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that, in respect of the matter for which the Indemnitee is seeking indemnification pursuant to this Section 5.10. the Indemnitee acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud, willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the Indemnitee's conduct was unlawful. Any indemnification pursuant to this Section 5.10 shall be made only out of the assets of the Company, it being agreed that the Sole Member shall not be personally liable for such

indemnification and shall have no obligation to contribute or loan any monies or property to the Company to enable it to effectuate such indemnification.

- (b) To the fullest extent permitted by law, expenses (including legal fees and expenses) incurred by an Indemnitee who is indemnified pursuant to Section 5.10(a) in appearing at, participating in or defending any claim, demand, action, suit or proceeding shall, from time to time, be advanced by the Company prior to a final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that, in respect of the matter for which the Indemnitee is seeking indemnification pursuant to this Section 5.10. that the Indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified upon receipt by the Company of any undertaking by or on behalf of the Indemnitee to repay such amount if it shall be ultimately determined that the Indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified as authorized by this Section 5.10.
- (c) The indemnification provided by this <u>Section 5.10</u> shall be in addition to any other rights to which an Indemnitee may be entitled under any agreement, as a matter of law, in equity or otherwise, both as to actions in the Indemnitee's capacity as an Indemnitee and as to actions in any other capacity, and shall continue as to an Indemnitee who has ceased to serve in such capacity and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, successors, assigns and administrators of the Indemnitee.
- (d) The Company may purchase and maintain (or reimburse the Sole Member or its Affiliates for the cost of) insurance, on behalf of the Directors, the Officers, the Sole Member, its Affiliates, the Indemnitees and such other Persons as the Sole Member shall determine, against any liability that may be asserted against, or expense that may be incurred by, such Person in connection with the Company's activities or such Person's activities on behalf of the Company, regardless of whether the Company would have the power to indemnify such Person against such liability under the provisions of this Agreement.
- (e) For purposes of this Section 5.10, the Company shall be deemed to have requested an Indemnitee to serve as fiduciary of an employee benefit plan whenever the performance by it of its duties to the Company also imposes duties on, or otherwise involves services by, it to the plan or participants or beneficiaries of the plan; excise taxes assessed on an Indemnitee with respect to an employee benefit plan pursuant to applicable law shall constitute "fines" within the meaning of Section 5.10(a); and action taken or omitted by an Indemnitee with respect to any employee benefit plan in the performance of its duties for a purpose reasonably believed by it to be in the best interest of the Porticipants and beneficiaries of the plan shall be deemed to be for a purpose that is in the best interests of the Company.
 - (f) In no event may an Indemnitee subject the Sole Member to personal liability by reason of the indemnification provisions set forth in this Agreement.
- (g) An Indemnitee shall not be denied indemnification in whole or in part under this <u>Section 5.10</u> because the Indemnitee had an interest in the transaction with respect to which the indemnification applies if the transaction was otherwise permitted by the terms of this Agreement.

- (h) The provisions of this <u>Section 5.10</u> are for the benefit of the Indemnitees and their heirs, successors, assigns, executors and administrators and shall not be deemed to create any rights for the benefit of any other Persons
- (i) No amendment, modification or repeal of this Section 5.10 shall in any manner terminate, reduce or impair the right of any past, present or future Indemnitee to be indemnified by the Company, nor the obligations of the Company to indemnify any such Indemnitee under and in accordance with the provisions of this Section 5.10 as in effect immediately prior to such amendment, modification or repeal with respect to claims arising from or relating to matters occurring, in whole or in part, prior to such amendment, modification or repeal, regardless of when such claims may arise or be asserted.

Section 5.11 Liability of Indemnitees

- (a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in this Agreement or the Partnership Agreement, no Indemnitee shall be liable for monetary damages to the Company, the Sole Member or any other Persons who have acquired interests in the Company, for losses sustained or liabilities incurred as a result of any act or omission of an Indemnitee unless there has been a final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that, in respect of the matter in question, the Indemnitee acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud, willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the Indemnitee's conduct was criminal.
- (b) To the extent that, at law or in equity, an Indemnitee has duties (including fiduciary duties) and liabilities relating thereto to the Partnership or to the Partners, the General Partner and any other Indemnitee acting in connection with the Partnership's business or affairs shall not be liable to the Partnership or to any Partner for its good faith reliance on the provisions of this Agreement.
- (c) Any amendment, modification or repeal of this Section 5.11 shall be prospective only and shall not in any way affect the limitations on the liability of the Indemnitees under this Section 5.11 as in effect immediately prior to such amendment, modification or repeal with respect to claims arising from or relating to matters occurring, in whole or in part, prior to such amendment, modification or repeal, regardless of when such claims may arise or be asserted.

Section 5.12 Reliance by Third Parties.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, any Person dealing with the Company shall be entitled to assume that any Officer authorized by the Board to act for and on behalf of and in the name of the Company has full power and authority to encumber, sell or otherwise use in any manner any and all assets of the Company and to enter into any authorized contracts on behalf of the Company, and such Person shall be entitled to deal with any such Officer as if it were the Company's sole party in interest, both legally and beneficially. The Sole Member hereby waives any and all defenses or other remedies that may be available against such Person to contest, negate or disaffirm any action of any such Officer in connection with any such dealing. In no event shall any Person dealing with any such Officer or its representatives be obligated to ascertain that the terms of the Agreement have been complied with or to inquire into

the necessity or expedience of any act or action of any such Officer or its representatives. Each and every certificate, document or other instrument executed on behalf of the Company by any Officer authorized by the Board shall be conclusive evidence in favor of any and every Person relying thereon or claiming thereunder that (a) at the time of the execution and delivery of such certificate, document or instrument, this Agreement was in full force and effect, (b) the Person executing and delivering such certificate, document or instrument was duly authorized and empowered to do so for and on behalf of and in the name of the Company and (c) such certificate, document or instrument was duly executed and delivered in accordance with the terms and provisions of this Agreement and is binding upon the Company.

Section 5.13 Other Business of Members.

- (a) Existing Business Ventures. Subject to any applicable provisions of the Omnibus Agreement, the Sole Member, each Director and their respective affiliates may engage in or possess an interest in other business ventures of any nature or description, independently or with others, similar or dissimilar to the business of the Company or the Partnership, and the Company, the Partnership, the Directors and the Sole Member shall have no rights by virtue of this Agreement in and to such independent ventures or the income or profits derived therefrom, and the pursuit of any such venture, even if competitive with the business of the Company or the Partnership, shall not be deemed wrongful or improper.
- (b) Business Opportunities. Subject to any applicable provisions of the Omnibus Agreement, none of the Sole Member, any Director or any of their respective affiliates shall be obligated to present any particular investment opportunity to the Company or the Partnership even if such opportunity is of a character that the Company, the Partnership or any of their respective subsidiaries might reasonably be deemed to have pursued or had the ability or desire to pursue if granted the opportunity to do so, and the Sole Member, each Director or any of their respective affiliates shall have the right to take for such person's own account (individually or as a partner or fiduciary) or to recommend to others any such particular investment opportunity.

ARTICLE VI OFFICERS

Section 6.1 Officers.

- (a) *Generally*. The Board shall appoint agents of the Company, referred to as "Officers" of the Company as described in this <u>Section 6.1</u>, who shall be responsible for the day-to-day business affairs of the Company, subject to the overall direction and control of the Board. Unless provided otherwise by the Board, the Officers shall have the titles, power, authority and duties described below in this <u>Section 6.1</u>.
- (b) *Titles and Number*. The Officers shall be one or more Presidents, any and all Vice Presidents, the Secretary and any and all Assistant Secretaries and any Treasurer and any and all Assistant Treasurers and any other Officers appointed pursuant to this Section 6.1. There shall be appointed from time to time, in accordance with this Section 6.1, such Vice Presidents, Secretaries, Assistant Secretaries, Treasurers and Assistant Treasurers as the Board may desire. Any Person may hold two or more offices.

- (i) President/Chief Executive Officer. The Board shall elect one or more individuals to serve as President. In general, each President, subject to the direction and supervision of the Board, shall be the chief executive officer of the Company and shall have general and active management and control of the affairs and business and general supervision of the Company, and the Partnership and its subsidiaries, and its officers, agents and employees, and shall perform all duties incident to the office of chief executive officer of the Company and such other duties as may be prescribed from time to time by the Board. Each President shall have the nonexclusive authority to sign on behalf of the Company and deeds, mortgages, leases, bonds, notes, certificates, contracts or other instruments, except in cases where the execution thereof shall be expressly delegated by the Board or by this Agreement to some other Officer or agent of the Company or shall be required by law to be otherwise executed. In the absence of the Chairman, or the Vice Chairman, if there is one, or in the event of the Chairman's inability or refusal to act, a President shall perform the duties of the Chairman, and each President, when so acting, shall have all of the powers of the Chairman.
- (ii) Vice Presidents. The Board, in its discretion, may elect one or more Vice Presidents. If a President does not have the role of chief financial officer of the Company, to have responsibility to oversee the financial operations of the Company, and the Partnership and its subsidiaries, the Board shall elect one or more individuals to serve as Vice Presidents and chief financial officers. In the absence of any President or in the event for a Presidents' inability or refusal to act, the Vice President (or in the event there be more than one Vice President, the Vice Presidents in the order designated, or in the absence of any designation, then in the order of their election) shall perform the duties of a President, and the Vice President, when so acting, shall have all of the powers and be subject to all the restrictions upon a President. Each Vice President shall perform such other duties as from time to time may be assigned by a President or the Board.
- (iii) Secretary and Assistant Secretaries. The Board, in its discretion, may elect a Secretary and one or more Assistant Secretaries. The Secretary shall record or cause to be recorded in books provided for that purpose the minutes of the meetings or actions of the Board, of the Sole Member and of the Partners of the Partnership, shall see that all notices are duly given in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement and as required by law, shall be custodian of all records (other than financial), shall see that the books, reports, statements, certificates and all other documents and records required by law are properly kept and filed, and, in general, shall perform all duties incident to the office of Secretary and such other duties as may, from time to time, be assigned to him by this Agreement, the Board or a President. The Assistant Secretaries shall exercise the powers of the Secretary during that Officer's absence or inability or refusal to act.
- (iv) Treasurer and Assistant Treasurers. The Board, in its discretion, may elect a Treasurer and one or more Assistant Treasurers. The Treasurer shall keep or cause to be kept the books of account of the Company and shall render statements of the financial affairs of the Company in such form and as often as required by this Agreement, the Board or a President. The Treasurer, subject to the order of the Board, shall have the custody of all funds and securities of the Company. The Treasurer shall perform all other duties commonly incident to his office and shall perform such other duties and have such

other powers as this Agreement, the Board or a President, shall designate from time to time. The Assistant Treasurers shall exercise the power of the Treasurer during that Officer's absence or inability or refusal to act. Each of the Assistant Treasurers shall possess the same power as the Treasurer to sign all certificates, contracts, obligations and other instruments of the Company. If no Treasurer or Assistant Treasurer is appointed and serving or in the absence of the appointed Treasurer and Assistant Treasurer, a President or such other Officer as the Board shall select, shall have the powers and duties conferred upon the Treasurer.

- (c) Other Officers and Agents. The Board may appoint such other Officers and agents as may from time to time appear to be necessary or advisable in the conduct of the affairs of the Company, who shall hold their offices for such terms and shall exercise such powers and perform such duties as shall be determined from time to time by the Board.
- (d) Appointment and Term of Office. The Officers shall be appointed by the Board at such time and for such terms as the Board shall determine. Any Officer may be removed, with or without cause, only by the Board. Vacancies in any office may be filled only by the Board.
 - (e) Powers of Attorney. The Board may grant powers of attorney or other authority as appropriate to establish and evidence the authority of the Officers and other Persons.
- (f) Officers' Delegation of Authority. Unless otherwise provided by resolution of the Board, no Officer shall have the power or authority to delegate to any Person such Officer's rights and powers as an Officer to manage the business and affairs of the Company.

Section 6.2 Compensation.

The Officers shall receive such compensation for their services as may be designated by the Board of Directors or any committee thereof established for the purpose of setting compensation.

ARTICLE VII BOOKS, RECORDS, ACCOUNTING AND REPORTS

Section 7.1 Records and Accounting

The Board shall keep or cause to be kept at the principal office of the Company appropriate books and records with respect to the Company's business. The books of account of the Company shall be (i) maintained on the basis of a fiscal year that is the calendar year and (ii) maintained on an accrual basis in accordance with U.S. GAAP, consistently applied.

section 7.2 Reports

With respect to each calendar year, the Board shall prepare, or cause to be prepared, and deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the Sole Member:

(a) Within 120 days after the end of such calendar year, a profit and loss statement and a statement of cash flows for such year and a balance sheet as of the end of such year.

(b) Such federal, state and local income tax returns and such other accounting, tax information and schedules as shall be necessary for the preparation by the Sole Member on or before June 15 following the end of each calendar year of its income tax return with respect to such year.

Section 7.3 Bank Accounts

Funds of the Company shall be deposited in such banks or other depositories as shall be designated from time to time by the Board. All withdrawals from any such depository shall be made only as authorized by the Board and shall be made only by check, wire transfer, debit memorandum or other written instruction.

ARTICLE VIII DISSOLUTION AND LIQUIDATION

Section 8.1 Dissolution.

- (a) The Company shall be of perpetual duration; however, the Company shall dissolve, and its affairs shall be wound up, upon:
 - (i) an election to dissolve the Company by the Sole Member;
 - (ii) the entry of a decree of judicial dissolution of the Company pursuant to the provisions of the Act; or
 - (iii) a merger or consolidation under the Act where the Company is not the surviving entity in such merger or consolidation.
- (b) No other event shall cause a dissolution of the Company.

Section 8.2 Effect of Dissolution.

Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, upon the dissolution of the Company, the Sole Member shall take such actions as may be required pursuant to the Act and shall proceed to wind up, liquidate and terminate the business and affairs of the Company. In connection with such winding up, the Sole Member shall have the authority to liquidate and reduce to cash (to the extent necessary or appropriate) the assets of the Company as promptly as is consistent with obtaining fair value therefor, to apply and distribute the proceeds of such liquidation and any remaining assets in accordance with the provisions of Section 8.3(c), and to do any and all acts and things authorized by, and in accordance with, the Act and other applicable laws for the purpose of winding up and liquidation.

Section 8.3 Application of Proceeds.

Upon dissolution and liquidation of the Company, the assets of the Company shall be applied and distributed in the following order of priority:

- (a) First, to the payment of debts and liabilities of the Company (including to the Sole Member to the extent permitted by applicable law) and the expenses of liquidation;
- (b) Second, to the setting up of such reserves as the Person required or authorized by law to wind up the Company's affairs may reasonably deem necessary or appropriate for any disputed, contingent or unforeseen liabilities or obligations of the Company, provided that any such reserves shall be paid over by such Person to an escrow agent appointed by the Sole Member, to be held by such agent or its successor for such period as such Person shall deem advisable for the purpose of applying such reserves to the payment of such liabilities or obligations and, at the expiration of such period, the balance of such reserves, if any, shall be distributed as hereinafter provided: and
 - (c) Thereafter, the remainder to the Sole Member.

ARTICLE IX GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 9.1 Addresses and Notices.

Any notice, demand, request, report or proxy materials required or permitted to be given or made to the Sole Member under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed given or made when delivered in person or when sent by first class United States mail or by other means of written communication to the Sole Member at the address described below. Any notice to the Company shall be deemed given if received by a President at the principal office of the Company designated pursuant to Section 2.3. The Company may rely and shall be protected in relying on any notice or other document from the Sole Member or other Person if believed by it to be genuine.

If to the Sole Member:

Coffeyville Resources, LLC 10 East Cambridge Circle, Suite #250 Kansas City, Kansas 66103 Attention: General Counsel Telecopier: (913) 981-0000

Section 9.2 Creditors

None of the provisions of this Agreement shall be for the benefit of, or shall be enforceable by, any creditor of the Company.

Section 9.3 Applicable Law

This Agreement shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to the principles of conflicts of law.

Section 9.4 Invalidity of Provisions.

If any provision of this Agreement is or becomes invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any respect, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions contained herein shall not be affected thereby. Section 9.5 *Third Party Beneficiaries*.

The Sole Member agrees that any Indemnitee shall be entitled to assert rights and remedies hereunder as a third-party beneficiary hereto with respect to those provisions of this Agreement affording a right, benefit or privilege to such Indemnitee.

[The Remainder Of This Page Is Intentionally Blank]

 $IN\ WITNESS\ WHEREOF, the\ Member\ has\ executed\ this\ Agreement\ as\ of\ the\ date\ first\ written\ above.$

COFFEYVILLE RESOURCES, LLC

By:
Name:
Title:

[THIRD AMENDED AND RESTATED LLC AGREEMENT - CVR GP, LLC]

Appendix A

The following are provisions of the Partnership Agreement where the Company is permitted to act in its sole discretion or would be acting in its individual capacity:

- (a) Section 2.4 ("Purpose and Business"), with respect to decisions to propose or approve the conduct by the Partnership of any business;
- (b) Sections 4.6(a) and (b) ("Transfer of the General Partner Interest"), solely with respect to the decision by the Company to transfer its general partner interest in the Partnership;
- (c) Section 5.5 ("Preemptive Right");
- (d) Section 7.5(f) (relating to the right of the Company and its Affiliates to purchase Units or other Partnership Securities and exercise rights related thereto)
- (e) Section 7.6(a) ("Loans from the General Partner; Loans or Contributions from the Partnership or Group Members"), solely with respect to the decision by the Company to lend funds to a Group Member (as defined in the Partnership Agreement), subject to the provisions of Section 7.9 of the Partnership Agreement;
 - (f) Section 7.7 ("Indemnification"), solely with respect to any decision by the Company to exercise its rights as an "Indemnitee;"
 - (g) Section 7.12 ("Registration Rights of the General Partner and its Affiliates"), solely with respect to any decision to exercise registration rights of the Company;
 - (h) Section 11.1 ("Withdrawal of the General Partner"), solely with respect to the decision by the Company to withdraw as General Partner of the Partnership and to giving notices required thereunder;
 - $(i) \ \underline{Section} \ 11.3 \underline{(a)} \ and \ \underline{(b)} \ ("Interest \ of \ Departing \ General \ Partner \ and \ Successor \ General \ Partner"); \ and$
 - (j) $\underline{\text{Section 15.1}}$ ("Right to Acquire Limited Partner Interests").

 $\begin{array}{c} A \text{ppendix A} \\ \text{Third Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement} \\ \text{of} \\ \text{CVR GP, LLC} \end{array}$

March 16, 2011 CVR Partners, LP 2277 Plaza Drive, Suite 500 Sugar Land, Texas 77479

RE: Registration Statement on Form S-1, File No. 333-171270 (the "Registration Statement")

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as counsel for CVR Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership (the "Partnership"), in connection with the underwritten initial public offering (the "Offering") by the Partnership of common units representing limited partner interests in the Partnership (the "Common Units"), including Common Units which may be offered and sold upon the exercise of the over-allotment option granted to the underwriters by the Partnership. The Common Units are to be offered to the public pursuant to an underwriting agreement to be entered into among the Partnership and the other parties named therein and Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated and Barclays Capital Inc., as representatives of the several underwriters named therein (the "Underwriting Agreement"). With your permission, all assumptions and statements of reliance herein have been made without any independent investigation or verification on our part except to the extent otherwise expressly stated, and we express no opinion with respect to the subject matter or accuracy of such assumptions or items relied upon.

In connection with this opinion, we have (i) investigated such questions of law, (ii) examined the originals or certified, conformed or reproduction copies, of such agreements, instruments, documents and records of the Partnership, such certificates of public officials and such other documents and (iii) received such information from officers and representatives of the Partnership and others as we have deemed necessary or appropriate for the purposes of this opinion.

In all such examinations, we have assumed the legal capacity of all natural persons, the genuineness of all signatures, the authenticity of original and certified documents and the conformity to original or certified documents of all copies submitted to us as conformed or reproduction copies. As to various questions of fact relevant to the opinion expressed herein, we have relied upon, and assume the accuracy of, representations and warranties contained in the Underwriting Agreement (other than representations and warranties made by the Partnership) and certificates and oral or written statements and other information of or from public officials and assume compliance on the part of all parties to the Underwriting Agreement (other than the Partnership) with the covenants and agreements contained therein.

Based upon the foregoing and subject to the limitations, qualifications and assumptions set forth herein, we are of the opinion that the Common Units registered pursuant to the Registration Statement to be sold by the Partnership (when issued, delivered and paid for in accordance with the terms of the Underwriting Agreement) will be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable.

We note that a limited partner is subject to an obligation to repay any funds wrongfully distributed to it.

The opinion expressed herein is limited to the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act as currently in effect, together with applicable provisions of the Constitution of Delaware and relevant decisional law, and no opinion is expressed with respect to any other laws or any effect that such other laws may have on the opinion expressed herein. The opinion expressed herein is limited to the matters stated herein, and no opinion is implied or may be inferred beyond the matters expressly stated herein. The opinion expressed herein is given as of the date of effectiveness of the Registration Statement, and we undertake no obligation to supplement this letter if any applicable laws change after that date or if we become aware of any facts that might change the opinion expressed herein or for any other reason.

We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion as an exhibit to the Registration Statement and to the reference to this firm under the caption "Legal Matters" in the prospectus that is included in the Registration Statement. In giving this consent, we do not hereby admit that we are in the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson LLP FRIED, FRANK, HARRIS, SHRIVER & JACOBSON LLP

AMENDED AND RESTATED CROSS EASEMENT AGREEMENT

THIS AMENDED AND RESTATED CROSS EASEMENT AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") is made as of the __day of _____, 2011, by and between Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Fertilizer Company"), and Coffeyville Resources Refining & Marketing, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Refinery Company").

RECITALS

- 1. Fertilizer Company is the owner of certain real property located in Montgomery County, Kansas, as legally described on the attached Exhibit A (the "Fertilizer Parcel"), and Refinery Company is the owner of certain real property located in Montgomery County, Kansas, as legally described on the attached Exhibit B (the "Refinery Parcel"). The Refinery Parcel and the Fertilizer Parcel are herein collectively referred to as the "Parcels", and each, as a "Parcel").
- 2. The Parties have reconfigured the boundaries of their respective Parcels to divide and separate the operations of Refinery Company's oil refinery facilities from the operations of Fertilizer Company's adjacent nitrogen fertilizer plant operations. In connection therewith, the Parties have entered into the following agreements, as such agreements may be amended, restated, modified or replaced from time to time (collectively, "Service Agreements"): (i) Feedstock and Shared Services Agreement (the "Feedstock Agreement"); (ii) Coke Supply Agreement (the "Coke Supply Agreement"); (iii) Raw Water and Facilities Sharing Agreement (the "Raw Water Agreement"); and (iv) Environmental Agreement (the "Environmental Agreement").
- 3. The Refinery Parcel and the Fertilizer Parcel are the subject of a Cross Easement Agreement (the "Original Agreement") dated as of October 25, 2007 (the "Effective Date"), in which Fertilizer Company and Refinery Company granted to each other certain non-exclusive easements and rights of use upon, over and across the Fertilizer Parcel and the Refinery Parcel, respectively, for, but not limited to, the following purposes: (i) the use of pipelines, transmission lines, equipment, drainage facilities, other Plant facilities and improvements and the maintenance thereof; (ii) pedestrian and vehicular access; and (iii) all other purposes as necessary for the use, operation and maintenance of the business and operations currently conducted on the Parcels and as necessary to carry out the purposes and intent of the Service Agreements.
 - 4. The parties desire to amend, supersede and restate the Original Agreement in its entirety by this Agreement to reflect the foregoing, all as hereinafter set forth.

In consideration of the foregoing and the mutual covenants and agreements herein set forth, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and legal sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1. INCORPORATION OF RECITALS; DEFINITIONS

- 1.1 As of the date hereof, the Original Agreement is hereby amended, superseded and restated in its entirety by the terms of this Agreement.
- 1.2 The terms of each of the foregoing Recitals are incorporated herein by this reference.
- 1.3 All terms not defined in this Agreement but which are defined in the Service Agreements are used herein as so defined in Service Agreements; provided, however those terms that are expressly stated herein as being defined in one of the Service Agreements are used herein as defined in such Service Agreement. The following terms shall have the meanings set forth below, for purposes of this Agreement and all Exhibits hereto:
 - "Access Areas" is defined in Section 2.1(A).
 - "Access Easement (Fertilizer Parcel)" is defined in Section 2.1(B).
 - "Access Easements (Refinery Parcel)" is defined in Section 2.1(C).
 - "Additional Easements" is defined in Section 2.3(J).
 - "Aerial" means that aerial photograph attached hereto as Exhibit C, which consists of 15 sheets.
 - "Agreement" means this Cross Easement Agreement and the exhibits hereto, all as the same may be subsequently amended, modified or supplemented from time to time as herein provided.
 - "Coke Conveyor Belt Easement" is defined in Section 2.3(C).
 - "Coke Conveyor Belt Easement Area" is legally described in Exhibit G.
 - "Coke Haul Road" is defined in Section 2.3(C) and is legally described in Exhibit P.
 - "Coke Supply Agreement" is defined in Recital 2.
 - "Connection Purposes" is defined in Section 3.2.
 - "Constructing Party" is defined in Section 2.2(E)(1).
 - "Construction Buffer Zone Easement Area" is defined in Section 2.3(I) and is legally described in Exhibit R-1.
 - "Dispute" is defined in Section 5.1.

- "Easement Areas" is defined in Section 4.1.
- "Easements" is defined in Section 4.1.
- "East Tank Farm Area (Refinery Parcel)" is defined in Section 2.3(F) and is legally described on Exhibit K.
- "East Tank Farm Easements" is defined in Section 2.3(F).
- "East Tank Farm Roadway Area (Fertilizer Parcel)" is defined in Section 2.3(F) and is legally described on Exhibit J.
- "Environmental Agreement" is defined in Recital 2.
- "Feedstock Agreement" is defined in Recital 2.
- "Fertilizer Company" is defined in the preamble.
- "Fertilizer Company Clarifier Tract" is defined in Section 2.3(A) and legally described on Exhibit N.
- "Fertilizer Parcel" is defined in Recital 1 and is legally described on Exhibit A.

"Fertilizer Plant" means the nitrogen fertilizer complex located on the Fertilizer Parcel owned and operated by Fertilizer Company, consisting of the Gasification Unit, the UAN Plant, the Ammonia Synthesis Loop, the Utility Facilities, storage and loading facilities, the Fertilizer Plant Water Clarifier and river access, the Grounds and related connecting pipes and improvements, which fertilizer manufacturing complex is connected to and associated with the BOC Facility and the Offsite Sulfur Recovery Unit, including any additions or other modifications made thereto from time to time and (without limitation) any fertilizer plant improvements, facilities and components on the Fertilizer Parcel as are shown on the Aerial.

- "Fertilizer Water Pipeline Easement Area" is defined in Section 2.3(A) and is legally described on Exhibit O.
- "Indemnitee" is defined in Section 6.1.
- "Indemnitor" is defined in Section 6.1.
- "Insuring Party" is defined in Section 4.12(B).
- "Interconnect Points" is defined in Section 3.1.
- "Interconnect Points Drawing" is defined in Section 3.1 and attached as Exhibit E.

- "Interconnect Points Easement" is defined in Section 3.2.
- "Losses" is defined in Section 6.1.
- "Mortgage" is defined in Section 4.13(B).
- "Non-Performing Party" is defined in Section 4.6.
- "Original Agreement" is defined in Recital 3.
- "Parcels" is defined in Recital 1.
- "Party" and "Parties" mean the parties to this Agreement.
- "Performing Party" is defined in Section 4.7.
- "Pipe Rack Easement" is defined in Section 2.3(B).
- "Pipe Rack Easement Area" is defined in Section 2.3(B) and is legally described on Exhibit F.
- "Railroad Trackage Easement Area (Fertilizer Parcel)" is defined in $\underline{Section\ 2.3(G)(1)}$ and is legally described on $\underline{Exhibit\ L}$.
- "Railroad Trackage Easement Area (Refinery Parcel)" is defined in $\underline{\text{Section 2.3(G)(2)}}$ and is legally described on $\underline{\text{Exhibit M}}$.
- "Railroad Trackage Easement (Fertilizer Parcel)" is defined in Section 2.3(G)(1).
- "Railroad Trackage Easement (Refinery Parcel)" is defined in Section 2.3(G)(2).
- "Raw Water Agreement" is defined in Recital 2.
- "Refinery" means the petroleum refinery at Coffeyville, Kansas located on the Refinery Parcel and owned and operated by Refinery Company, including any additions or other modifications made thereto from time to time and (without limitation) any refinery plant improvements, components and facilities on the Refinery Parcel as are shown on the Aerial.
 - "Refinery Company" is defined in the preamble.
 - "Refinery Parcel" is defined in Recital 1 and is legally described on Exhibit B.
 - "Refinery Shared Parking Area" is defined in $\underline{\text{Section 2.3(H)}}$ and is legally described on $\underline{\text{Exhibit Q}}$.

- "Service Agreements" is defined in Recital 2.
- "Shared Pipeline Easement" is defined in Section 2.2(B).
- "Shared Pipeline Easement Area" is defined in Section 2.2(B) and is legally described on Exhibit D.
- "S/L Lease" is defined in Section 4.13(B).
- "Sunflower Street Pipeline Crossing Easement Area (Fertilizer Parcel)" is defined in Section 2.3(E)(1) and is legally described on Exhibit H.
- "Sunflower Street Pipeline Crossing Easement Area (Refinery Parcel)" is defined in Section 2.3(E)(2) and is legally described on Exhibit I.
- "Sunflower Street Pipeline Crossing Easement (Fertilizer Parcel)" is defined in $\underline{Section~2.3(E)(1)}$.
- "Sunflower Street Pipeline Crossing Easement (Refinery Parcel)" is defined in $\underline{\text{Section 2.3}(\underline{E})(\underline{2})}$.
- "Temporary Construction / Maintenance Easements" is defined in $\underline{Section~2.2(\underline{E})}$.
- "TKI Pipelines Easement" is defined in Section 2.3(D).
- "Trackage Storage Area" is shown on the Aerial.
- "Unavoidable Delay" is defined in Section 4.6.
- "Water Rights Easement" is defined in Section 2.3(A).
- "Work" is defined in Section 2.2(E)(1).

ARTICLE 2. GRANTS OF EASEMENTS

The Parties hereby grant to each other the following easements and rights of use, subject to the other provisions of this Agreement:

2.1 Access Easements.

(A) The term "Access Areas" as used in this Agreement shall mean the following portions of the Fertilizer Parcel and the Refinery Parcel, respectively, as the same may be located from time to time:

- (1) All vehicular roadways, driveways and pathways on the Parcels, however surfaced, and all interior vehicular roadways across parking lot areas (except those portions thereof which may from time to time constitute a duly dedicated public roadway); and
 - (2) All sidewalks, walkways and other pathways providing pedestrian access to and across the Parcels.
- (B) Fertilizer Company hereby grants to Refinery Company, for use by its agents, employees, contractors, licensees and lessees, as an appurtenance to the Refinery Parcel, for a term of fifty (50) years from the Effective Date hereof, a non-exclusive easement and right of use in the Access Areas located from time to time on the Fertilizer Parcel for pedestrian and vehicular access, ingress and egress, all in common with Fertilizer Company, as may be reasonably required for access, ingress and egress for the Refinery's operations (the "Access Easement (Fertilizer Parcel)").
- (C) Reciprocally, Refinery Company hereby grants to Fertilizer Company, for use by its agents, employees, contractors, licensees and lessees, as an appurtenance to the Fertilizer Parcel: (i) a perpetual, non-exclusive easement and right of use in the existing Access Areas on the Refinery Parcel for the purpose of pedestrian and vehicular ingress and egress to and from the Verdigris River, Fertilizer Company Clarifier Tract, the "Water Facilities" which are for the use of Fertilizer Company (as provided for and defined in the Raw Water Agreement) and the Fertilizer Water Pipeline Easement Area; and (ii) for a term of fifty (50) years from the Effective Date hereof, a non-exclusive easement and right of use in the other Access Areas located from time to time on the Refinery Parcel for pedestrian and vehicular access, ingress and egress, all in common with Refinery Company, as may be reasonably required for access, ingress and egress for the Fertilizer Plant operations (collectively, the "Access Easements (Refinery Parcel)").
- (D) The Parties agree that while neither Party, as grantor of the foregoing access easements, respectively, has any right or obligation to retain the existing Access Areas in their present configurations or locations (and may relocate, change or modify the Access Areas on its Parcel from time to time), each grantor Party shall provide at all times routes of vehicular and pedestrian access, ingress and egress across such Party's respective Parcel to reasonably facilitate the other Party's operations on its Parcel and exercise of its rights under this Agreement.

2.2 Shared Pipeline Easement.

- (A) The Parties acknowledge that Fertilizer Company requires access to and rights of use in certain improvements and structures located on the Refinery Parcel (including, without limitation, pipelines, transmission lines and other conduits and equipment, to operate its Fertilizer Plant).
 - (B) Accordingly, in order to carry out the intent and provisions of each of the Service Agreements, Refinery Company hereby grants to Fertilizer Company, for use by its agents,

employees, contractors, licensees and lessees, as an appurtenance to the Fertilizer Parcel, a non-exclusive easement and right of use in, to, over, under and across the "Shared Pipeline Easement Area", which land is legally described on Exhibit D attached hereto and is depicted on the Aerial, as required and necessary for implementation of the Service Agreements, which easement and right of use shall include, without limitation, the right to: (i) maintain, repair, inspect and replace all existing pipelines, transmission lines, equipment, and drainage facilities of Fertilizer Company now located in the Shared Pipeline Easement Area that are used in the operation of the Fertilizer Plant; and (ii) utilize each of the Interconnect Points therein (as defined in Section 3.1 below) (such easement and right of use being called the "Shared Pipeline Easement").

(E) Temporary Construction / Maintenance Easements.

- (1) In connection with exercise of the foregoing Access Easements, the Shared Pipeline Easement and the Easements granted hereinafter in Section 2.3, each Party (a "Constructing Party") is hereby granted by the other Party a temporary construction and maintenance easement as needed from time to time to use necessary portions of the other Party's Parcel, as the servient estate under such Easement, in connection with:
 - (a) All construction activities as permitted under the applicable Easement;
 - (b) Inspecting, maintaining, repairing and replacing the Constructing Party's pipelines, transmission lines, conduits, equipment and other improvements; and
 - (c) The transportation and hauling of heavy vehicles, loads and equipment over any road within an Access Area of the other Party, in which case the Constructing Party may temporarily cap (with gravel, asphalt or other suitable, protective material) such road in order to prevent or mitigate damage thereby caused to such road. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement, any damage to any such road of a Party caused by such transportation and hauling by the Constructing Party shall be promptly repaired by the Constructing Party at its sole cost and expense.

The foregoing easements are collectively referred to herein as the "*Temporary Construction/ Maintenance Easements*". Any and all activities described in <u>Sections 2.2(E)(1)(a)</u> and <u>(b)</u> are collectively referred to in this <u>Section 2.2(E)(1)</u> as "*Work*".

(2) Within a reasonable time before it begins any Work, the Constructing Party shall provide reasonable prior notice (except in an emergency situation, in which case no prior notice is required, but instead the Constructing Party shall submit subsequent notice) to the other Party outlining those portions of the other Party's Parcel in which the Temporary Construction/Maintenance Easement is needed, identifying the Work to be undertaken, and the estimated duration of such Work.

- (3) When the Constructing Party ceases using the other Party's Parcel for such Work, it must promptly restore such area to the condition in which it existed before the commencement of the Work within a reasonable period of time. This restoration Work shall include clearing the area of all loose dirt, debris, equipment and construction materials and the repair or replacement of equipment areas, equipment connections, utility services, paving, and landscaping and repairs and replacements to such other items as may be required to reasonably restore.
 - (4) The Constructing Party must also restore any portions of the other Party's Parcel that may be damaged by its Work promptly upon the occurrence of such damage without delay.
- (5) All Work shall be performed by the Constructing Party in a manner so as to avoid material interference with Fertilizer Plant and Refinery operations within such Easement Areas and on surrounding areas. At the completion of Work, a given Temporary Construction/ Maintenance Easement shall automatically be deemed terminated.

2.3 Easements for Specific Operations.

In addition to the foregoing Access Easements, Shared Pipeline Easement and Temporary Construction/Maintenance Easement grants, the Parties hereby grant the following additional easements for the specific operations designated therein:

- (A) <u>Water Rights Easement</u>. In order to provide for the real property rights and interests necessary to effectuate the provisions of the Raw Water Agreement and to provide for the transportation of water from the Water Facilities (as defined in the Raw Water Agreement) into the Fertilizer Company's Fertilizer Plant facilities located on the Fertilizer Parcel, Refinery Company hereby grants to Fertilizer Company, for use by its agents, employees, contractors, licensees and lessees, as an appurtenance to the Fertilizer Parcel:
- (i) A perpetual, non-exclusive easement in and right of use of: (a) the Refinery's Water Intake Structure, River Water Pumps, other Water Facilities and equipment related thereto (all as defined and described in the Raw Water Agreement) to the extent provided in the Raw Water Agreement; and (b) any existing water supply pipeline of Refinery Company (and related equipment) which carries raw water from the River Water Pumps (y) into pipelines of Fertilizer Company located on the Refinery Parcel that run to the tract of land owned by Fertilizer Company on which its clarifier is located, which tract of land is described on Exhibit N ("Fertilizer Company Clarifier Tract. Refinery Company hereby reserves the right to alter, relocate, expand or replace all of its herein described water supply equipment from time to time, so long as it continues to supply sufficient, uninterrupted water and pipeline service to Fertilizer Company pursuant to the terms of the Raw Water Agreement and as provided in clauses (a) and (b) above. The Parties acknowledge that such water supply equipment described in clause (a) presently provides the single source of water to both the Refinery and the Fertilizer Plant.

- (ii) A perpetual, non-exclusive easement in and right of use of such portions of the Refinery Parcel on which the Fertilizer Company's existing separate water supply pipelines are located that carry water from the "Y Intersection" (as defined in the Raw Water Agreement) to the Fertilizer Company Clarifier Tract and from the Fertilizer Company Clarifier Tract southerly across the Refinery Parcel onto the Fertilizer Parcel and into the Fertilizer Plant located thereon. The general location of the area of the Refinery Parcel in which such pipelines are located is shown on the Aerial and a general legal description of the area is attached hereto as Exhibit Q ("Fertilizer Water Pipeline Easement Area"). Such easement includes a non-exclusive easement and right in favor of Fertilizer Company to operate, maintain, alter, relocate, repair and replace such water supply pipelines within the Fertilizer Water Pipeline Easement Area in a manner that does not materially interfere with the operation or use of the Refinery or any part thereof.
- (iii) During the term of the Raw Water Agreement, the right of use, privilege and interest for Fertilizer Company, at any future time upon prior notice to, and reasonable coordination with Refinery Company so as to not materially impair any operations on the Refinery Parcel, to construct separate water facilities, as contemplated by the Raw Water Agreement, which separate water facilities may include, without limitation, a separate intake valve, water plant structure and associated water pumping equipment within the "separate Raw Water pumping area" generally depicted on the Aerial. Upon Fertilizer Company's relocation of its existing water facilities and/or its construction of separate water facilities pursuant to the rights granted in this paragraph, the areas in which such separate water facilities are located (and any areas to connect such separate water facilities to the Verdigris River and to Refinery Company's then-existing Water Intake Structure, River Water Pumps and Water Facilities as may then be reasonably necessary for the operation, maintenance, repair and replacement of Fertilizer Company's separate water facilities), shall be automatically deemed additional Easement Areas pursuant to the terms of this Agreement and the easement granted in Section 2.3(A)(i)(a) shall terminate to the extent no longer required due to construction of such separate water facilities.

The foregoing easements and rights of use are collectively referred to herein as the "Water Rights Easement".

- (iv) Raw Water Agreement. The Raw Water Agreement contains various other rights, options, interests and obligations of the Parties in the event either Party elects to terminate the sharing of Water Facilities and Water Rights, all as more particularly set forth in the Raw Water Agreement.
- (B) <u>Pipe Rack Easement</u>. Refinery Company hereby grants to Fertilizer Company, for use by its agents, employees, contractors, licensees and lessees, as an appurtenance to the Fertilizer Parcel, a perpetual, non-exclusive easement and right of use to operate and otherwise utilize for Fertilizer Plant operations, in common with Refinery Company, all existing pipe rack installations of Refinery Company (as such pipe rack installations may be altered, relocated, expanded or replaced from time to time by Refinery Company, at its sole cost, so long as

comparable uninterrupted pipe rack service is provided to Fertilizer Company) located on that portion of the Refinery Parcel (the "Pipe Rack Easement Area" legally described on Exhibit F attached hereto and generally depicted on the Aerial (the "Pipe Rack Easement").

- (C) <u>Coke Conveyor Belt Easement</u>; <u>Coke Haul Road Easement</u>. Refinery Company hereby grants to Fertilizer Company, for use by its agents, employees, contractors, licensees and lessees, as an appurtenance to the Fertilizer Parcel, perpetual, non-exclusive easements and rights of use in: (i) the "<u>Coke Conveyor Belt Easement Area</u>", legally described on <u>Exhibit G</u> attached hereto and generally depicted on the Aerial, for the construction, operation, repair, maintenance and replacement of a conveyor belt system for the transportation of coke and coke related materials to and from the Fertilizer Plant (the "<u>Coke Conveyor Belt Easement</u>"); and (ii) the "<u>Coke Haul Road Easement Area</u>", legally described on <u>Exhibit P</u> attached hereto and generally depicted on the Aerial, for the transportation of coke and coke related materials to and from the Fertilizer Plant over the existing roadways located thereon.
- (D) <u>TKI Pipelines Easement</u>. In addition to the Shared Pipeline Easement granted to Fertilizer Company in <u>Section 2.2(B)</u> above, Refinery Company hereby grants to Fertilizer Company, for use by its agents, employees, contractors, licensees and lessees, as an appurtenance to the Fertilizer Parcel, a perpetual, non-exclusive easement and right of use to operate and otherwise utilize the existing TKI-dedicated pipelines and related pipeline equipment (as such pipelines and pipeline equipment may in the future be altered, relocated, expanded or replaced by Refinery Company, at its sole cost, so long as comparable uninterrupted TKI pipeline service is provided to Fertilizer Company) which traverse the Refinery Parcel and leads into the TKI sulphur plant, which plant is generally depicted on the Aerial (the "TKI Pipelines Easement").

(E) Sunflower Street Pipeline Crossing Easements

- (1) Fertilizer Company hereby grants to Refinery Company, for use by its agents, employees, contractors, licensees and lessees, as an appurtenance to the Refinery Parcel, a perpetual, non-exclusive easement in and right of use to operate and otherwise utilize for Refinery operations, in common with Fertilizer Company, all existing pipeline crossing and pipe rack equipment (both above and below-ground equipment, as such pipeline crossing and pipe rack equipment may be altered, relocated, expanded or replaced from time to time by Fertilizer Company at its sole cost, so long as comparable uninterrupted pipeline crossing service is provided to Refinery Company) located on: (i) that portion of the Fertilizer Parcel (the "Sunflower Street Pipeline Crossing Easement Area (Fertilizer Parcel)") legally described on Exhibit H attached hereto and generally depicted on the Aerial; and (ii) the portion of the public street right-of-way for Sunflower Street over which the subject pipeline crossings traverse but only to the extent Fertilizer Company has the legal right to grant such easement and right (collectively, the "Sunflower Street Pipeline Crossing Easement (Fertilizer Parcel)").
- (2) Reciprocally, Refinery Company hereby grants to Fertilizer Company, for use by its agents, employees, contractors, licensees and lessees, as an appurtenance to the Fertilizer Parcel, a perpetual, non-exclusive easement and right of use to operate and otherwise utilize for

Fertilizer Plant operations, in common with Refinery Company, all existing pipeline crossing and pipe rack equipment (both above and below-ground equipment, as such pipeline crossing and pipe rack equipment may be altered, relocated, expanded or replaced from time to time by Refinery Company at its sole cost, so long as comparable, uninterrupted pipeline crossing service is provided to Fertilizer Company) located on: (i) that portion of the Refinery Parcel (the "Sunflower Street Pipeline Crossing Easement Area (Refinery Parcel)") legally described on Exhibit I attached hereto and generally depicted on the Aerial; and (ii) the portion, if any, of the public street right-of-way for Sunflower Street over which the subject pipeline crossings traverse but only to the extent the Refinery Company has the legal right to grant such easement and right (collectively, the "Sunflower Street Pipeline Crossing Easement (Refinery Parcel)").

- (F) <u>East Tank Farm Easements</u>. Fertilizer Company hereby grants to Refinery Company, for use by its agents, employees, contractors, licensees and lessees, as an appurtenance to the Refinery Parcel, the following two easements:
- (i) A perpetual, non-exclusive access, ingress and egress easement and right of use to traverse the roadway located on that portion of the Fertilizer Parcel (the "East Tank Farm Roadway Area (Fertilizer Parcel)") legally described on Exhibit J attached hereto and generally depicted on the Aerial, for such pedestrian and vehicular access, ingress and egress as may be reasonably required for access, ingress and egress to that portion of the Refinery Parcel known as the "East Tank Farm Area (Refinery Parcel)" and legally described on Exhibit K attached hereto and generally depicted on the Aerial.
- (ii) A perpetual, non-exclusive easement and right of use to maintain the existing underground pipelines and related equipment owned by Refinery Company and located underneath the East Tank Farm Roadway (Fertilizer Parcel) (as such pipelines and equipment may be altered, relocated, expanded or replaced from time to time by Refinery Company, at its sole cost and expense, but not so as to materially interfere with the use of the roadway on the East Tank Farm Roadway Area (Fertilizer Parcel)).

The foregoing easements are collectively referred to herein as the "East Tank Farm Easements".

(G) Railroad Trackage Easements

(1) In order to provide for the real property rights and interests necessary to effectuate the provisions of the Feedstock Agreement with regard to railroad track sharing, Fertilizer Company hereby grants to Refinery Company, for use by its agents, employees, contractors, licensees and lessees, as an appurtenance to the Refinery Parcel, a perpetual, non-exclusive easement in and right of use to access, operate (with the term, 'operate' being deemed to include the right to temporarily store railroad cars in accordance with commercially reasonable practices) and otherwise utilize for the receipt of feedstocks to, and delivery out of products, from the Refinery's operations, in common with Fertilizer Company, all existing railroad tracks and trackage equipment (as such railroad tracks and trackage equipment may be altered, relocated, expanded or replaced from time to time by Fertilizer Company, at its sole cost and expense, so

long as comparable uninterrupted railroad trackage service is provided to Refinery Company) on that portion of the Fertilizer Parcel (the "Railroad Trackage Easement Area (Fertilizer Parcel)") legally described on Exhibit L attached hereto and generally depicted on the Aerial (the "Railroad Trackage Easement (Fertilizer Parcel)"). The Parties acknowledge that the Main Trackage (as defined in the Feedstock Agreement) within the subject Easement Area and in the Easement Area set forth in Section 2(G)(2) below is presently owned by Union Pacific Railroad Company and is operated by South Kansas & Oklahoma Railroad, Inc.

- (2) Reciprocally, in order to provide for the real property rights and interests necessary to effectuate the provisions of the Feedstock Agreement with regard to railroad track sharing, Refinery Company hereby grants to Fertilizer Company, for use by its agents, employees, contractors, licensees and lessees, as an appurtenance to the Fertilizer Parcel, a perpetual, non-exclusive easement in and right of use to access, operate (which operations shall be deemed to include the right to temporarily store railroad cars in accordance with commercially reasonable operating practices) and otherwise utilize for the receipt of feedstocks to, and delivery out of products from the Fertilizer Plant's operations, in common with Refinery Company, all existing railroad tracks and trackage equipment (as such railroad tracks and trackage equipment may be altered, relocated, expanded or replaced from time to time by Refinery Company, at its sole cost and expense, so long as comparable uninterrupted railroad trackage service is provided to Fertilizer Company) on that portion of the Refinery Parcel (the "Railroad Trackage Easement Area (Refinery Parcel)" legally described on Exhibit M attached hereto and generally depicted on the Aerial (the "Railroad Trackage Easement (Refinery Parcel)"); provided, however, and notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section 2.3(G)(2), Refinery Company hereby grants Fertilizer Company an additional perpetual, non-exclusive easement (the "Trackage Storage Easement") to use for railroad car storage in connection with Fertilizer Plant's operations seventy five percent (75%) of the trackage constructed in 2006 within the "Trackage Storage Area", and the Parties hereby agree to reasonably cooperate with each other so as to be able to access and move their respective railroad cars and equipment stored on the Trackage Storage Area.
- (H) <u>Parking Easement</u>. Refinery Company hereby grants to Fertilizer Company, for use by its employees, agents, contractors, licensees and lessees, as an appurtenance to the Fertilizer Parcel, for a term of fifty (50) years from the Effective Date hereof, a non-exclusive easement and right of use of the parking areas on the "Refinery Shared Parking Area" shown on the Aerial and legally described on Exhibit Q hereto for the parking of vehicles of Fertilizer Company and its employees, agents, employees, contractors, licensees and lessees, all in common with Refinery Company; provided, however, Refinery Company hereby agrees that no less than fifty (50) parking spaces on the Refinery Shared Parking Areas shall be exclusively available to Fertilizer Company at all times (the easement granted under this Section 2.3(H) is called the "Parking Easement").
- (I) <u>Construction Buffer Zone Easements</u>. Currently, Refinery Company is using a designated portion of the buffer zone area owned by Fertilizer Company (the "Construction Buffer Zone Easement Area"), which area is legally described on <u>Exhibit R</u>, for construction staging in connection with the construction of certain improvements on the Refinery

Parcel (the "Construction Buffer Zone Easement"). It is agreed and understood that Fertilizer Company shall have the right to at any time terminate such use by Refinery Company upon giving no less that thirty (30) days prior written notice, and if such notice is so given, Refinery Company shall remove all of its equipment and other property within the Construction Buffer Zone Easement Area it is so using and shall restore such portion to the same condition as existed prior to Refinery Company's entry for staging purposes. Should either Party in the future grant to the other Party the right to stage construction on its respective buffer zone area, then unless otherwise expressly agreed between the Parties in writing to the contrary, such right shall likewise be terminable by the granting party upon thirty (30) days prior notice and the removal and restoration covenants set forth above in this Section 2.3(I) shall apply.

(J) <u>Additional Easements</u>. In order for the Parties to provide any and all other real property easement interests and rights of use necessary to fully effectuate the purpose and intent of the Service Agreements and without limiting the foregoing grants of Easements and the Easements granted below in <u>Article 3</u> for the Interconnect Points, each of the Parties hereby grants to the other Party, to the extent an easement therefor is not otherwise granted herein, non-exclusive easements over and across the granting Party's Parcel for such purposes as may be reasonably necessary to carry out the purposes and intents of the Service Agreements (the "Additional Easements").

ARTICLE 3. INTERCONNECT POINTS AND EASEMENTS

- 3.1 <u>Interconnect Points; Definition</u>. There currently exist numerous pipelines, facilities and other production equipment which serve both the Fertilizer Plant and the Refinery or which provide for distribution of feedstocks between the Fertilizer Plant and Refinery and other uses and operations covered under the Services Agreements and which involve portions of both the Fertilizer Parcel and the Refinery Parcel. As used herein, the term "Interconnect Points" shall mean those designated points of demarcation of ownership and control for certain operations, equipment and facilities between the Fertilizer Plant and the Refinery located within the Shared Pipeline Easement Area, which points are depicted on the "Interconnect Points Drawing" attached hereto as Exhibit E. Fertilizer Company is hereby deemed to own such of its operations, equipment and facilities which are located at points beginning at the common boundary of the Fertilizer Parcel and the Shared Pipeline Easement Area and which extend to and connect with the Interconnect Points located on the Refinery Parcel.
- 3.2 **Rights to Connect at Interconnect Points**. As generally provided for in the Shared Pipeline Easement granted in Section 2.2 of this Agreement, and in order to effectuate the provisions of the Service Agreements, particularly the provisions of the Feedstock Agreement, each of Fertilizer Company and Refinery Company is hereby granted a non-exclusive easement in and right of use to connect, at the Interconnect Points, to the operations, equipment and facilities of the other Party, with the attendant rights to access, inspect, maintain, repair and replace such operations, equipment and facilities (collectively, the "Connection Purposes") (such easement and rights herein called the "Interconnect Points Easement"). The Interconnect Points Easement shall be deemed to cover all Interconnect Points, some of which are located on Parcel boundary lines and some of which are located within the interiors of the Parcels.

Furthermore, the Interconnect Easement includes an easement and right for any and all existing incidental encroachments of facilities, equipment and other improvements onto the other Party's Parcel and the right to access reasonably necessary portions of the other Party's Parcel immediately adjacent to Interconnect Points for Connection Purposes, subject to the terms of the Temporary Construction/Maintenance Easement granted in Section 2.2(E) of this Agreement.

3.3 <u>Future Interconnect Points</u>. The Parties acknowledge that there may be a need for additional Interconnect Points in the future as may be mutually agreed upon between the Parties, and the Parties hereby agree that the provisions of <u>Sections 3.1</u> and <u>3.2</u> shall apply with respect to such future Interconnect Points.

ARTICLE 4. EASEMENT PROVISIONS — GENERAL

4.1 <u>Collective Definition — Easements</u>. The foregoing easements granted in <u>Articles 2</u> and <u>3</u> hereof are collectively referred to herein as the "Easements", and each as an "Easement", within the various areas set forth herein in which the Easements are located, which are collectively referred to herein as the "Easement Areas", and each as an "Easement Areas".

4.2 Duration of Easements

- (A) The duration of those Easements granted herein which are specified as being perpetual shall be perpetual (even though some of the Easements so specified as perpetual are also herein specifically stated as being for the purpose of carrying out one or more of the Service Agreements).
- (B) Those Easements herein specifically stated as being granted to carry out the purposes and intent of one or more referenced Service Agreements (and not specifically stated to be perpetual or as being of a specific limited duration) shall be in effect concurrently with the term of such Service Agreement(s) and shall expire when the last of the Service Agreements to which such Easement pertains is no longer in effect pursuant to its terms.
 - (C) The duration of those Easements granted herein with a specified expiration date shall expire as of the date specified.
 - (D) All other Easements herein granted which do not fall within the provisions of Sections 4.2(A), (B) or (C) shall expire on the 50th anniversary of the Effective Date.
- (E) Upon the expiration of an Easement, neither Party shall have any further liability under such Easement except as shall have arisen or accrued prior to such termination. Furthermore, an individual Easement granted herein shall be deemed terminated if such Easement is abandoned by a Party pursuant to applicable law. In the event that an Easement so expires or is deemed terminated as provided in this Section 4.2, upon the request of either Party, the Parties agree to execute a memorandum giving notice of such expiration or termination and to record such memorandum in the county real estate records.

- 4.3 Reserved Rights; Modification of Easement Areas. Each Party, as grantor, hereto reserves for itself the right from time to time to remove, relocate, expand, substitute and use, at its sole cost and expense, any building, improvement, structure, equipment, road, pipeline, curb cut, utility or other facility currently or hereafter existing on its Parcel within an applicable Easement Area; provided, however, that in no event shall the exercise of any of foregoing rights by a Party deprive or materially adversely affect or interfere with the use by the other Party hereto of the Easements herein granted to such other Party or the exercise of such other Party's rights thereunder.
- 4.4 <u>Service Agreements; Provision of Services</u>. The Parties intend that this Agreement and the Easements granted herein do not cover the specifics of the provision of the services (e.g., feedstock, coke, water, etc.) attendant to the purposes of the Easements. Instead, the Parties' agreements regarding the services themselves are detailed in the Service Agreements. Nothing in this Agreement shall be deemed to in any way modify, impair or otherwise limit the specific provisions or stated purposes of the Service Agreements.
- 4.5 Maintenance General. With regard to those facilities, improvements and equipment of any kind, including pipelines, pipe racks and conduits, owned by a Party on its Parcel which are necessary to carry out the purposes of one or more Service Agreements or the Easements granted herein, Fertilizer Company and Refinery Company each agrees to maintain in good order and condition (with the term 'maintain', as used in this paragraph, hereby deemed inclusive of repairs and replacements, as necessary) at its sole cost and expense, those facilities, improvements and equipment located on its Parcel and owned by it. Each Party shall also maintain its facilities, equipment and other improvements up to the Interconnect Points therefor which are located from time to time on the other Party's Parcel. Notwithstanding the foregoing, neither Party has the obligation at any time to maintain facilities owned by the other Party, whether such facilities, equipment and other improvements are located on the other Party's Parcel or on a Party's own Parcel.
- 4.6 <u>Unavoidable Delay</u>. Neither Party shall be deemed to be in default in the performance of any obligation created under or pursuant to this Agreement, other than an obligation requiring the execution of documents or the payment of money, if and so long as non-performance of such obligation shall be directly caused by fire or other casualty, national emergency, governmental or municipal law or restrictions, enemy action, civil commotion, strikes, lockouts, inability to obtain labor or materials, war or national defense preemptions, acts of God, energy shortages, or similar causes beyond the reasonable control of such Party (each, an "Unavoidable Delay"), and the time limit for such performance shall be extended for a period equal to the period of such Unavoidable Delay; provided, however, that the Party unable to perform (the "Non-Performing Party") shall notify the other Party in writing, of the existence and nature of any Unavoidable Delay, within ten (10) days after such other Party has notified the Non-Performing Party pursuant to the Agreement of its failure to perform. Thereafter, the Non-Performing Party shall, from time to time upon written request of the other Party, keep the other Party fully informed, in writing, of all further developments concerning the Unavoidable Delay and its non-performance.

- 4.7 Right of Self-Help. If a Non-Performing Party shall default in its performance of an obligation under this Agreement, the other Party, (the "Performing Party"), in addition to all other remedies such Performing Party may have at law or in equity, after fifteen (15) days' prior written notice to Non-Performing Party and to any First Mortgage holder of whose interest Performing Party has actual knowledge (or in the event of an emergency, after giving such notice as is practical under the circumstances), may (but shall not be obligated to) perform Non-Performing Party's obligation, in which case Non-Performing Party shall promptly reimburse Performing Party upon demand for: (a) all reasonable expenses, including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees, incurred by Performing Party to so perform the cure and to prepare on the outstanding amount thereof; and (b) interest thereon from the date of expenditure thereof (until the date) at a rate equal to the lesser of: (i) two percent (2%) per annum over the then-current prime commercial rate of interest as published by the Wall Street Journal (or if no longer published, a comparable rate of a nationally recognized publication designated by Performing Party); or (ii) the highest rate permitted by applicable law to be paid by Non-Performing Party.
- 4.8 <u>Safety Measures</u>. Each Party hereto in the exercise of any of the Easement rights and interests granted to it hereunder shall take all safety and precautionary measures necessary to protect the other Party hereto and its Parcel and the improvements thereon from any injury or damage caused by the exercise of such rights and interests.
- 4.9 <u>Compliance with Laws</u>. In all Work required of a Party or otherwise allowed under this Agreement, and in connection with all entries by one Party onto the other Party's Parcel permitted hereunder, each Party's Work, entries and related actions of any kind shall comply with all applicable requirements, administrative and judicial orders, laws, statutes, ordinances, rules and regulations of all federal, state, county, municipal and local departments, commissions, boards, bureaus, agencies and offices thereof having or claiming jurisdiction.
- 4.10 <u>Plant Security; Rules and Restrictions</u>. Each Party hereto may, from time to time and with advance notice to and reasonable coordination with the other Party, impose reasonable rules and restrictions with regard to use of the various Easements within its Parcel which are herein granted to the other Party, specifically including, without limitation, reasonable security measures and restrictions which may be instituted from time to time by a Party within its Parcel; provided, however, that no rule or regulation imposed pursuant to this <u>Section 4.10</u> shall materially interfere with a Party's ability as a grantee to effectively utilize an Easement granted in this Agreement.
- 4.11 <u>Temporary Closure of Easement Areas</u>. Each Party shall have the right from time to time and with advance notice to and reasonable coordination with the other Party (except in the event of an emergency, in which case advance notice need not be given) to temporarily close off and/or erect barriers across the Easement Areas located on its Parcel, as deemed reasonably necessary by the Party owning the servient Parcel under a given Easement, for the following purposes: (i) blocking off access to an area in order to avoid the possibility of dedicating the same for public use or creating prescriptive rights therein; and (ii) attending to security issues which threaten the industrial operations within an Easement Area. During the period of any such temporary closure, the Party taking the closing action shall use commercially

reasonable efforts to provide to the other Party such continuous alternate access and usage rights as are provided in the applicable Easement.

4.12 Insurance.

- (A) Minimum Insurance. During the term of the Feedstock Agreement, Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company shall each carry the minimum insurance described below.
- (1) Workers' compensation with no less than the minimum limits as required by applicable law.
- (2) Employer's liability insurance with not less than the following minimum limits:
 - (i) Bodily injury by accident \$1,000,000 each accident;
 - (ii) Bodily injury by disease \$1,000,000 each employee; and
 - (iii) Bodily injury by disease \$1,000,000 policy limit.
- (3) Commercial general liability insurance on ISO form CG 00 01 10 93 or an equivalent form covering liability from premises, operations, independent contractor, property damage, bodily injury, personal injury, products, completed operations and liability assumed under an insured contract, all on an occurrence basis, with limits of liability of not less than \$1,000,000 combined single limits.
- (4) Automobile liability insurance, on each and every unit of automobile equipment, whether owned, non-owned, hired, operated, or used by Refinery Company or Fertilizer Company or their employees, agents, contractors and/or their subcontractors covering injury, including death, and property damage, in an amount of not less than \$1,000,000 per accident.
 - (5) Umbrella or excess liability insurance in the amount of \$10,000,000 covering the risks and in excess of the limits set forth in Section 4.12(A)(2), (3) and (4) above.
- (B) Additional Insurance Requirements. Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company shall each abide by the following additional insurance requirements with respect to all insurance policies required by Section 4.2(A), as follows:
- (1) All insurance policies purchased and maintained in compliance with Section 4.12(Δ)(3), (4) and (5) above by a Party (the "Insuring Party"), as well as any other excess and/or umbrella insurance policies maintained by the Insuring Party, shall name the other Party and their collective directors, officers, partners, members, managers, general partners, agents, and employees as additional insureds, with respect to any claims related to losses caused by the Insuring Party's business activities or premises. Those policies referred to in Section 4.12(Δ)(3) shall be endorsed to provide that the coverage provided by the Insuring Party's insurance carriers shall always be primary coverage and non-contributing with respect to any insurance carried by the other Party with respect to any claims related to liability or losses caused by the Insuring Party's business activities or premises.

- (2) The policies referred to in Section 4.12(A) above shall be endorsed to provide that underwriters and insurance companies of each of Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company shall not have any right of subrogation against the other Party or any of such other Party's directors, officers, members, managers, general partners, agents, employees, contractors, subcontractors, or insurers.
- (3) The policies referred to in Section 4.12(A) shall be endorsed to also provide that 30 days prior written notice shall be given to the other Party in the event of cancellation, non-payment of premium, or material change in the policies.
- (4) Each of Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company shall furnish the other, prior to the commencement of any operations under this Agreement, with a certificate or certificates, properly executed by its insurance carrier(s), showing all the insurance described in Section 4.12(A) to be in full force and effect.
 - (5) The Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company shall each be responsible for its own property and business interruption insurance.
- (6) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Parties acknowledge and agree that the insurance required by this Agreement may be purchased and maintained jointly by the Parties or their affiliates. If such insurance is purchased and maintained jointly and each Party is a named insured thereunder, then the requirements of Section 4.12(B)(1) (5) will be deemed waived by the Parties.

4.13 <u>Title Matters; Mortgage Subordination; and Subsequent Grants</u>.

- (A) Except as provided in paragraph (B) of this Section 4.13. the Easements and rights granted hereunder are made subject to any and all prior existing easements, grants, leases, licenses, agreements, encumbrances, defects and other matters and states of fact affecting the Parcels, or any part thereof, as of the Effective Date whether or not of record and the rights of others with respect thereto. Each Party, as grantee under the each of various Easements, agrees to abide by the terms of all matters of public record and of which it otherwise has notice binding upon the other Party, as the owner of the servient Parcel pursuant to such Easement(s).
- (B) The lien of any existing mortgage or deed of trust (a "*Mortgage*") on the Parcels has been subordinated to this Agreement pursuant to the Consent of Mortgage Holder pages attached hereto. The liens of any future Mortgages and the interest of any entity holding the position of lessor on what is commonly referred to as a "sale-leaseback", "synthetic lease", or "lease-leaseback" transaction ("*S/L Lease*") are also hereby automatically subordinated to this Agreement.
- (C) Amendments and other modifications to this Agreement shall be considered an extension of the rights granted herein and shall remain superior to any future mortgage, deed of trust or other encumbrance placed upon the property or appearing in title prior to such amendment or modification. Each of Fertilizer Company and Refinery Company, in its role as

grantor, as applicable, agrees to promptly execute such instruments as may be required to confirm such priority.

- (D) Each Party hereto shall have the continuing right to grant easements and other rights and interests in and to, and permit uses of the Parcel owned by it in favor of and by such other parties as each Party may deem appropriate; <u>provided, however</u>, that any such easements, rights, interests and uses shall be subject to the terms of this Agreement and the terms of the Easements granted herein and shall not materially interfere with the grantee Party's rights and usage of the Easements granted herein.
- 4.14 <u>Easement Appurtenant to Land under Common Ownership</u>. The Easements granted in this Agreement are appurtenant to the dominant estate Parcels as indicated herein and are also appurtenant to any land that may hereafter come into common ownership with the dominant estate Parcel thereunder which is contiguous thereto. Any areas physically separated from such dominant estate Parcel but having access thereto by means of a public right-of-way or a private easement (including the Easements granted herein) is deemed to be contiguous to such Parcel.
- 4.15 <u>Cooperation</u>. Each of the Parties acknowledges and agrees that upon reasonable request of the other, at the cost and expense of the requesting Party, each Party shall promptly and duly execute and deliver such reasonable documents and take such further reasonable action to acknowledge, confirm and effect the intent of, and actions described in, this Agreement and the Easements herein.
- 4.16 <u>Restoration</u>. If by reason of fire or other casualty, the improvements, pipelines, equipment or other facilities on a Party's Parcel which serve or benefit the operations on the Parcel of the other Party as set forth in this Agreement or in any of the Service Agreements shall be damaged or destroyed and such Party shall not be obligated by this Agreement to repair or restore such damaged or destroyed improvements, pipeline, equipment or other facilities, then the other Party shall have the right to go on such Party's Parcel and repair and restore the same at such other Party's sole cost and expense, but the work undertaken in doing so shall be deemed "Work" and be subject to the provisions of <u>Section 2.2(E)(2), (3), (4)</u> and (5).

ARTICLE 5, DISPUTES

5.1 Resolution of Disputes. The Parties shall in good faith attempt to resolve promptly and amicably any dispute between the Parties arising out of or relating to this Agreement (each a "Dispute") pursuant to this Article 5. The Parties shall first submit the Dispute to a designated Fertilizer Company representative and Refinery Company representative, who shall then meet within fifteen (15) days to resolve the Dispute. If the Dispute has not been resolved within forty-five (45) days after the submission of the Dispute to such representatives, the Dispute shall be submitted to a mutually agreed non-binding mediation. The costs and expenses of the mediator shall be borne equally by the Parties, and the Parties shall pay their own respective attorneys' fees and other costs. If the Dispute is not resolved by mediation within ninety (90) days after the Dispute is first submitted to the Refinery Company representative and

the Fertilizer Company representative as provided above, then the Parties may exercise all available remedies and file all actions and proceedings in connection therewith.

5.2 <u>Multi-Party Disputes</u>. The Parties acknowledge that they or their respective affiliates contemplate entering or have entered into various additional agreements with third parties that relate to the subject matter of this Agreement and that, as a consequence, Disputes may arise hereunder that involve such third parties. Accordingly, the Parties agree, with the consent of such third parties, that any such Dispute, to the extent feasible, shall be resolved by and among all the interested parties consistent with the provisions of this <u>Article 5</u>.

ARTICLE 6. INDEMNIFICATION

6.1 <u>Indemnification Obligations</u>. To the extent not otherwise provided for in the Service Agreements, each of the Parties (each, an "Indemnitor") shall indemnity, defend and hold the other Party and its respective officers, directors, members, managers and employees (each, an "Indemnitee") harmless from and against all liabilities, obligations, claims, losses, damages, penalties, deficiencies, causes of action, costs and expenses, including, without limitation, attorneys' fees and expenses (collectively, "Losses") imposed upon, incurred by or asserted against the person seeking indemnification that are caused by, are attributable to, result from or arise out of the breach of this Agreement by the Indemnitor or the negligence or willful misconduct of the Indemnitor, or of any officers, directors, members, managers, employees, agents, contractors and/or subcontractors acting for or on behalf of the Indemnitor. Any indemnification obligation pursuant to this <u>Article 6</u> with respect to any particular Losses shall be reduced by all amounts actually recovered by the Indemnitee from third parties, or from applicable insurance coverage, with respect to such Losses. Upon making any payment to any Indemnitee, the Indemnitor shall be subrogated to all rights of the Indemnitee against any third party in respect of the Losses to which such payment relates, and such Indemnitee shall execute upon request all instruments reasonably necessary to evidence and perfect such subrogation rights. If the Indemnitee receives any amounts from any third party or under applicable insurance coverage subsequent to an indemnification payment by the Indemnitor, then such Indemnitee, net of any expenses incurred by such Indemnitee in collecting such amount.

6.2 Indemnification Procedures

(A) Promptly after receipt by an Indemnitee of notice of the commencement of any action that may result in a claim for indemnification pursuant to this <u>Article 6</u>, the Indemnitee shall notify the Indemnitor in writing within thirty (30) days thereafter; provided, however, that any omission to so notify the Indemnitor will not relieve it of any liability for indemnification hereunder as to the particular item for which indemnification may then be sought (except to the extent that the failure to give notice shall have been materially prejudicial to the Indemnitor) nor from any other liability that it may have to any Indemnitee. The Indemnitor shall have the right to assume sole and exclusive control of the defense of any claim for indemnification pursuant to this <u>Article 6</u>, including the choice and direction of any legal counsel.

- (B) An Indemnitee shall have the right to engage separate legal counsel in any action as to which indemnification may be sought under any provision of this Agreement and to participate in the defense thereof, but the fees and expenses of such counsel shall be at the expense of such Indemnitee unless: (i) the Indemnitor has agreed in writing to pay such fees and expenses; (ii) the Indemnitor has failed to assume the defense thereof and engage legal counsel within a reasonable period of time after being given the notice required above; or (iii) the Indemnitee shall have been advised by its legal counsel that representation of such Indemnitee and other parties by the same legal counsel would be inappropriate under applicable standards of professional conduct (whether or not such representation by the same legal counsel has been proposed) due to actual or potential conflicts of interests between them. It is understood, however, that to the extent more than one Indemnitee is entitled to engage separate legal counsel at the Indemnitor's expense pursuant to clause (iii) above, the Indemnitor shall, in connection with any one such action or separate but substantially similar or related actions in the same jurisdiction arising out of the same general allegations or circumstances, be liable for the reasonable fees and expenses of only one separate firm of attorneys at any time for all such Indemnitees having the same or substantially similar claims against the Indemnitor, unless but only to the extent the Indemnitees have actual or potential conflicting interests with each other.
- (C) The Indemnitor shall not be liable for any settlement of any action effected without its written consent, but if settled with such written consent, or if there is a final judgment against the Indemnitee in any such action, the Indemnitor agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the Indemnitee to the extent provided above from and against any loss, claim, damage, liability or expense by reason of such settlement or judgment.
 - 6.3 <u>Survival</u>. The provisions of this <u>Article 6</u> shall survive the termination of this Agreement.
- 6.4 <u>Service Agreements Indemnification</u>. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth above in <u>Section 6.1</u>, (i) the intent of the Parties with regard to indemnification matters under this Agreement is that they are not duplicative of the indemnification obligations set forth in the Service Agreements; and (ii) to the extent an indemnity matter is otherwise covered by a Service Agreement, the Service Agreement indemnification obligation shall govern and control, and this <u>Article 6</u> shall have no force or effect with respect to that particular indemnity matter. The indemnification obligations hereunder shall not under any circumstance be deemed to create overlapping or duplicative indemnification obligations for the Parties.

ARTICLE 7. FINANCING REQUIREMENTS

If, in connection with either Party obtaining financing for its respective Parcel, a banking, insurance or other recognized institutional lender shall request any modification(s) to this Agreement as a condition to such financing, the Parties covenant and agree to make such modifications to this Agreement as reasonably requested by such financing party (including the creation of such instrument (in recordable form to the extent required)) provided that such modification(s) do not increase the obligations or reduce the rights of the Parties or adversely

(other than in a de minimis respect) affect the Easement interests, rights and privileges granted herein, the Parties' rights under the Service Agreements, or either Party's right to otherwise improve, construct, use, operate and maintain its respective Parcel and the improvements, equipment and facilities thereon.

ARTICLE 8. NO LIENS OR ENCUMBRANCES

Each of the Parties, in its role as a grantee, hereby covenants that it shall not, as a result of any act or omission of, directly or indirectly, create, incur, assume or suffer to exist any liens on or with respect to its respective Easement interests and rights of use in the Fertilizer Parcel or the Refinery Parcel, respectively, if such lien shall have or may gain superiority over this Agreement. Each Party shall promptly notify the other Party of the imposition of any such liens not permitted above of which it is aware and shall promptly, at its own expense, take such action as may be necessary to immediately fully discharge or release any such lien of record by payment, bond or otherwise (but this shall not preclude a contest of such lien so long as the same shall be removed of record).

ARTICLE 9. SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNS; TRANSFER OF INTERESTS

This Agreement shall extend to and be binding upon the Parties hereto, their successors, grantees and assigns. Any party who shall succeed to the fee simple ownership interest in a Parcel shall, at the time of such transfer, be automatically deemed to have assumed all obligations of the transferring Party under this Agreement with regard to such Parcel, and the transferring Party shall be released from all obligations of such Party under this Agreement which arise after the date of such transfer; provided, however, that a transferring Party shall retain liability for all obligations under this Agreement which arose prior to the transfer date.

ARTICLE 10. NOTICES

All notices, requests, correspondence, information, consents and other communications to either of the Parties required or permitted under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be given by personal service or by facsimile, overnight courier service, or certified mail with postage prepaid, return receipt requested, properly addressed to such Party and shall be effective upon receipt. For purposes hereof, the proper address of the Parties will be the address stated beneath the corresponding Party's name below, or at the most recent address given to the other Party hereto by notice in accordance with this Article-10:

If to Refinery Company, to:

Coffeyville Resources Refining & Marketing, LLC 400 N. Linden St., P.O. Box 1566 Coffeyville, Kansas 67337 Attention: Executive Vice President, With a copy to:

Edmund S. Gross Senior Vice President and General Counsel CVR Energy, Inc. 10 E. Cambridge Circle, Ste. 250 Kansas City, Kansas 66103

Operations Facsimile: (620) 251-1456

If to Fertilizer Company, to:

Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC 701 E. Martin St., P.O. Box 5000 Coffeyville, Kansas 67337 Attention: Executive Vice President and Fertilizer General Manager Facsimile: (620) 252-4357

With a copy to:

Facsimile: (913) 982-5651

Edmund S. Gross Senior Vice President and General Counsel CVR Energy, Inc. 10 E. Cambridge Circle, Ste. 250 Kansas City, Kansas 66103

Facsimile: (913) 982-5651

or such other addresses as either Party designates by registered or certified mail addressed to the other Party.

ARTICLE 11. GOVERNING LAW AND VENUE

THIS AGREEMENT WILL BE GOVERNED BY AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF KANSAS WITHOUT REGARD TO THE CONFLICT OF LAWS PRINCIPLES OF SAID STATE. THE PARTIES AGREE THAT ANY ACTION BROUGHT IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT MAY BE MAINTAINED IN ANY COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION LOCATED IN THE STATE OF KANSAS, AND EACH PARTY AGREES TO SUBMIT PERSONALLY TO THE JURISDICTION OF ANY SUCH COURT AND HEREBY WAIVES THE DEFENSES OF FORUM NON-CONVENIENS OR IMPROPER VENUE WITH RESPECT TO ANY ACTION BROUGHT IN ANY SUCH COURT IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT.

ARTICLE 12. MISCELLANEOUS

- 12.1 Running of Benefits and Burdens. All provisions of this Agreement, including the benefits and burdens set forth herein with respect to the Fertilizer Parcel and the Refinery Parcel, respectively, shall run with
- 12.2 No Prescriptive Rights or Adverse Possession. Each Party agrees that its past, present, or future use of its respective Easement interests and rights of usage granted herein shall not be deemed to permit the creation or further the existence of prescriptive easement rights or the procurement of title by adverse possession with respect to all or any portion of either Party's Parcel.
- 12.3 Costs of Performance. It is the general intent and agreement of the Parties that, except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, Fertilizer Company shall pay the costs of performing its obligations and exercising its rights hereunder, and Refinery Company shall pay the costs of performing its obligations and exercising its rights hereunder.

- 12.4 **Headings**. The headings used in this Agreement are for convenience only and shall not constitute a part of this Agreement.
- 12.5 **No. Joint Venture**. The Parties acknowledge and agree that neither Party, by reason of this Agreement, shall be an agent, employee or representative of the other with respect to any matters relating to this Agreement, unless specifically provided to the contrary in writing by the other Party. This Agreement shall not be deemed to create a partnership or joint venture of any kind between Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company
- 12.6 <u>Attorneys' Fees</u>. If suit is brought to enforce this Agreement, the prevailing Party in such action shall be, unless precluded by law, entitled to recover its litigation expenses from the other Party, including its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.
- 12.7 <u>Amendments</u>. This Agreement may not be amended, modified or waived except by a writing signed by all Parties to this Agreement that specifically references this Agreement and specifically provides for an amendment, modification or waiver of this Agreement.
- 12.8 Construction and Severability. Every covenant, term and provision of this Agreement shall be construed simply according to its fair meaning and in accordance with industry standards and not strictly for or against either Party. Every provision of this Agreement is intended to be severable. If any term or provision hereof is illegal or invalid for any reason whatsoever, such illegality or invalidity shall not affect the validity or legality of the remainder of this Agreement.
- 12.9 No Waiver. The waiver by either Party of any breach of any term, covenant or condition contained in this Agreement shall not be deemed to be a waiver of such term, covenant or condition or of any subsequent breach of the same or of any other term, covenant or condition contained in this Agreement. No term, covenant or condition of this Agreement will be deemed to have been waived unless such waiver is in writing.
- 12.10 Third-Party Beneficiaries. Except as expressly provided herein, none of the provisions of this Agreement are intended for the benefit of any person except the Parties and their respective successors and assigns.
- 12.11 Entire Agreement. This Agreement, including all Exhibits hereto, together with the Service Agreements, constitutes the entire, integrated agreement between the Parties regarding the subject matter hereof and supersedes any and all prior and contemporaneous agreements (including the Original Agreement), representations and understandings of the Parties, whether written or oral.
 - 12.12 Counterparts. This Agreement may be signed in multiple counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which when taken together shall constitute one instrument.

12.13 **Exhibits**. Attached hereto and forming a part of this Agreement by this reference are the following Exhibits:

 $\underline{EXHIBIT\ A} \ -\!\!\!\!-\!\!\!\!-\!\!\!\!\!- Legal\ Description\ of\ the\ Fertilizer\ Parcel$

 $\underline{EXHIBIT\ B} - Legal\ Description\ of\ the\ Refinery\ Parcel$

EXHIBIT C — Aerial

EXHIBIT D — Legal Description of Shared Pipeline Easement Area

EXHIBIT E — Interconnect Points Drawing

 $\underline{EXHIBIT\ F} \longrightarrow Legal\ Description\ of\ Area\ for\ Pipe\ Rack\ Easement\ Area$

 $\underline{EXHIBIT\ G} - Legal\ Description\ of\ Coke\ Conveyor\ Belt\ Easement\ Area$

<u>EXHIBIT H</u> — Legal Description of Sunflower Street Pipeline Crossing Easement Area (Fertilizer Parcel)

EXHIBIT I — Legal Description of Sunflower Street Pipeline Crossing Easement Area (Refinery Parcel)

EXHIBIT J — Legal Description of East Tank Farm Roadway Area (Fertilizer Parcel)

 $\underline{EXHIBIT\ K} - Legal\ Description\ of\ East\ Tank\ Farm\ Area\ (Refinery\ Parcel)$

 $\underline{EXHIBIT\ L} - Legal\ Description\ of\ Railroad\ Trackage\ Easement\ Area\ (Fertilizer\ Parcel)$

EXHIBIT M — Legal Description of Railroad Trackage Easement Area (Refinery Parcel)

 $\underline{EXHIBIT\ N} \longrightarrow Legal\ Description\ of\ Fertilizer\ Company\ Clarifier\ Tract$

EXHIBIT O — Fertilizer Water Pipeline Easement Area

EXHIBIT P — Legal Description of Coke Haul Road

 $\underline{EXHIBIT\ Q} - Legal\ Description\ of\ Refinery\ Shared\ Parking\ Area$

EXHIBIT R — Legal Description of Construction Buffer Zone Easement Area

Signature Page to Cross Easement Agreement

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have executed this Agreement as of the date first set forth above.

COFFEYVILLE RESOURCES
REFINING & MARKETING, LLC,
a Delaware limited liability company

By:
Name:
Name:
Robert W. Haugen
Title:
Executive Vice President,
Operations

STATE OF
On this ____ day of _____ 2011, before me, a Notary Public in and for said County and State, personally appeared Robert W. Haugen, Executive Vice President, Operations of Coffeyville Resources Refining & Marketing, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, known to me to be the person who executed the foregoing instrument in behalf of said limited liability company and acknowledged to me that he/she executed the same for the purposes therein stated.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal the day and year last above written.

Notary Public
Printed name:

My Commission Expires: ______

Signature Page

to Cross Easement Agreement

COFFEYVILLE RESOURCES NITROGEN FERTILIZERS, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

	Name	Kevan A. Vick	
	Title:	Executive Vice President and Fertilizer General Manager	
TATE OF)		
COUNTY OF) ss:)		
		nally appeared Kevan A. Vick, Executive Vice President and Fertilizer General le executed the foregoing instrument in behalf of said limited liability company and	
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand a	and affixed my seal the day and year last above wri	tten.	
Notarial Seal)	Notary P Printed n		•
My Commission Expires:			

Consent of Mortgage Holder

Fertilizer Parcel

The undersigned, being the holder of that certain mortgage,			, which mortgage covers the property described on	
Exhibit A, hereby consents to the foregoing Agreement and subordinates	the lien of its mortgage to the terms and provi	sions herein.		
	a			
	By: Name: Title:			
STATE OF)				
COUNTY OF				
On this day of, 2011, before me, a Notary Public foregoing instrument in behalf of said and acknowled	lged to me that he/she executed the same for th		, known to me to be the person who executed the	•
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed r	ny seal the day and year last above written.			
(Notarial Seal)	Notary Public Printed name:			
My Commission Expires:				

Consent of Mortgage Holder

Refinery Parcel

The undersigned, being the holder of that certain mortgage,, dated an hereby consents to the foregoing Agreement and subordinates the lien of its mortgage to the terms and		at Page	which mortgage covers the property d	escribed on Exhibit B,			
	a						
	Name:						
STATE OF							
On this day of , 2011, before me, a Notary Public in and for said County and State, personally appeared , of , known to me to be the person who executed the foregoing instrument in behalf of said and acknowledged to me that he/she executed the same for the purposes therein stated. IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal the day and year last above written.							
(Notarial Seal)	Notary Public Printed name:						
My Commission Expires:							

EXHIBIT A

Legal Description of the Fertilizer Parcel

NEW NITROGEN UNIT (PARCELS 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 8A & 9)

A PART OF COFFEYVILLE HEIGHTS ADDITION TO THE CITY OF COFFEYVILLE, PART OF MONTGOMERY'S ADDITION TO THE CITY OF COFFEYVILLE, PART OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY, AND PART OF THE NE/4 OF SECTION 36, TOWNSHIP 34 SOUTH, RANGE 16 EAST, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF SAID NE/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF \$00°00'00"E ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID NE/4 A DISTANCE OF 200.17 FEET TO THE NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE \$59°30'09"W ALONG SAID NORTHERLY LINE A DISTANCE OF 1007.15 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING: THENCE S00°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 304.05 FEET: THENCE S88°14'41"E A DISTANCE OF 158.79 FEET: THENCE S00°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 6.77 FEET: THENCE N90°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 25.00 FEET; THENCE N00°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 6.00 FEET; THENCE S88°14'40"E A DISTANCE OF 245.71 FEET; THENCE S12°15'53"E A DISTANCE OF 11.77 FEET; THENCE S82°32'25"E A DISTANCE OF 43.08 FEET; THENCE S00°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 33.41 FEET; THENCE S90°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 14.72 FEET; THENCE S86°44'02"W A DISTANCE OF 368.60 FEET; THENCE S00°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 25.00 FEET; THENCE N90°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 20.00 FEET; THENCE S00°31'37"E A DISTANCE OF 197.51 FEET; THENCE N90°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 165.00 FEET: THENCE S00°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 24.03 FEET: THENCE N90°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 249.97 FEET: THENCE N00°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 18.64 FEET: THENCE $N90^{\circ}00^{\circ}00^{\circ}0^{\circ} \text{ A DISTANCE OF } 51.39 \text{ FEET; THENCE } 500^{\circ}00^{\circ}00^{\circ}\text{ E A DISTANCE OF } 15.00 \text{ FEET; THENCE } N90^{\circ}00^{\circ}00^{\circ}\text{ E A DISTANCE OF } 56.01 \text{ FEET; THENCE } S00^{\circ}00^{\circ}00^{\circ}\text{ E A DISTANCE OF } 169.40 \text{ FEET; THENCE } N90^{\circ}00^{\circ}00^{\circ}\text{ E A DISTANCE } N90^{\circ}00^{\circ}00^{\circ}00^{\circ}\text{ E A DISTANCE } N90^{\circ}00^{\circ}00^{\circ}00^{\circ}\text{ E A DISTANCE } N90^{\circ}00^{\circ}00^{\circ}00^{\circ}\text{ E A DISTANCE } N90^{\circ}00^{\circ}00^{\circ}00^{\circ}00^{\circ}00^{\circ}\text{ E A DISTANCE } N90^{\circ}00$ THENCE N89°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 636.08 FEET; THENCE S00°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 377.30 FEET TO THE CENTERLINE OF MARTIN STREET; THENCE N89°14'03"W ALONG SAID CENTERLINE A DISTANCE OF 60.59 FEET; THENCE CONTINUING ALONG SAID CENTERLINE, N89°22'21"W A DISTANCE OF 608.53 FEET; THENCE CONTINUING ALONG SAID CENTERLINE, N89°29'08"W A DISTANCE OF 40.11 FEET TO THE CENTERLINE OF PINE STREET; THENCE S00°00'14"W ALONG THE CENTERLINE OF SAID PINE STREET A DISTANCE OF 35.18 FEET; THENCE N89°33'26"W A DISTANCE OF 40.15 FEET TO THE NE CORNER OF BLOCK 6 OF SAID MONTGOMERY'S ADDITION; THENCE N89°13'09"W ALONG THE NORTH LINE OF SAID BLOCK 6 A DISTANCE OF 399 88 FEET TO THE NW CORNER OF SAID BLOCK 6: THENCE N89°05'43"W A DISTANCE OF 79 80 FEET TO THE NE CORNER OF BLOCK 5 OF SAID MONTGOMERY'S ADDITION THENCE N00°08'24"E A DISTANCE OF 69.57 FEET TO THE SE CORNER OF BLOCK 10 OF SAID MONTGOMERY'S ADDITION: THENCE N00°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 277.85 FEET TO THE SOUTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE N15°00'43"W A DISTANCE OF 104.03 FEET TO THE NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE N30°29'51"W A DISTANCE OF 20.00

FEET; THENCE N59°30'09"E A DISTANCE OF 465.00 FEET; THENCE S30°29'51"E A DISTANCE OF 20.00 FEET TO SAID NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE N59°30'09"E ALONG SAID NORTHERLY LINE A DISTANCE OF 32.23 FEET; THENCE S00°01'28"E A DISTANCE OF 276.43 FEET; THENCE N90°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 365.00 FEET; THENCE N00°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 491.48 FEET TO SAID NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE N59°30'09"E ALONG SAID NORTHERLY LINE A DISTANCE OF 536.40 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

AND

"LOADING DOCK"

A PART OF COFFEYVILLE HEIGHTS ADDITION TO THE CITY OF COFFEYVILLE AND A PART OF THE NE/4 OF SECTION 36, T34S, R16E, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE NE CORNER OF THE NE/4 OF SAID SECTION 36; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF S00°00′00″E ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID NE/4 A DISTANCE OF 316.23 FEET TO THE SOUTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD; THENCE S59°30′09″W ALONG SAID SOUTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE A DISTANCE OF 34.82 FEET TO THE WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SUNFLOWER STREET; THENCE S00°00′00″E ALONG SAID WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE A DISTANCE OF 1148.43 FEET; THENCE CONTINUING ALONG SAID WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE, S00°05′12″E A DISTANCE OF 12.01 FEET TO THE NE CORNER OF BLOCK 12 OF SAID COFFEYVILLE HEIGHTS ADDITION; THENCE CONTINUING ALONG SAID WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE AND THE EAST LINE OF SAID BLOCK 12, S00°00′48″W A DISTANCE OF 267.47 FEET; THENCE LEAVING SAID WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE AND THE EAST LINE OF SAID BLOCK 12, N38°21′27″W A DISTANCE OF 131.96 FEET; THENCE N00°00′00″W A DISTANCE OF 176.00 FEET; THENCE N90°00′00″E A DISTANCE OF 81.94 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

AND

"CLARIFIER TRACT"

A PART OF THE SE/4 OF SECTION 25, T34S, R16E, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE SE CORNER OF SAID SE/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF N00°22′55″E ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID SE/4 A DISTANCE OF 1285.62 FEET; THENCE S90°00′00″W A DISTANCE OF 1774.69 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE N76°25′09″W A DISTANCE OF 25.41 FEET TO THE EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD; THENCE N13°34′51″E ALONG SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD; THENCE N13°34′51″E ALONG SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD; THENCE N13°34′51″E ALONG SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD; THENCE N13°34′51″E ALONG SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD; THENCE N13°34′51″E ALONG SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD; THENCE N13°34′51″E ALONG SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD; THENCE N13°34′51″E ALONG SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD; THENCE N13°34′51″E ALONG SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD; THENCE N13°34′51″E ALONG SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD; THENCE N13°34′51″E ALONG SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD; THENCE N13°34′51″E ALONG SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD; THENCE N13°34′51″E ALONG SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD; THENCE N13°34′51″E ALONG SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD; THENCE N13°34′51″E ALONG SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD; THENCE N13°34′51″E ALONG SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD; THENCE N13°34′51″E ALONG SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD; THENCE N13°34′51″E ALONG SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD; THENCE N13°34′51″E ALONG SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD; THENCE N13°34′51″E ALONG SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE

WAY LINE A DISTANCE OF 298.51 FEET; THENCE LEAVING SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE, S67°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 101.78 FEET; THENCE S18°00'36"W A DISTANCE OF 62.14 FEET; THENCE S11°06'08"E A DISTANCE OF 70.97 FEET; THENCE SOUTHWESTERLY ON A NON-TANGENT CURVE TO THE LEFT HAVING A RADIUS OF 450.00 FEET AND A CENTRAL ANGLE OF $23^{\circ}41'14$ " A DISTANCE OF 186.04 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

 Δ ND

NEW FERTILIZER STORAGE AREA (PARCELS 6 & 10)

A PART OF THE NW/4 OF SECTION 31, T34S, R17E, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE NW CORNER OF SAID NW/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF \$00°00'00"E ALONG THE WEST LINE OF SAID NW/4 A DISTANCE OF 1013.07 FEET TO THE SW CORNER OF THE NORTH 75 ACRES OF LOTS 2 AND 3 OF SAID SECTION 31; THENCE \$86°24'15"E ALONG THE SOUTH LINE OF SAID NORTH 75 ACRES OF LOTS 2 AND 3 A DISTANCE OF 30.06 FEET TO THE EAST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SUNFLOWER STREET AND THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE CONTINUING ALONG THE SOUTH LINE OF SAID NORTH 75 ACRES OF LOTS 2 AND 3, \$86°24'15"E A DISTANCE OF 3049.00 FEET MORE OR LESS TO THE CENTERLINE OF THE VERDIGRIS RIVER; THENCE ALONG THE APPROXIMATE CENTERLINE OF SAID VERDIGRIS RIVER THE FOLLOWING COURSES: \$15°13'05"W A DISTANCE OF 90.34 FEET; THENCE \$03°03'48"W A DISTANCE OF 488.35 FEET; THENCE LEAVING SAID CENTERLINE OF THE VERDIGRIS RIVER \$88°44'00"W A DISTANCE OF 2993.22 FEET MORE OR LESS TO THE EAST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SUNFLOWER STREET; THENCE \$00°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 779.98 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

EXHIBIT B

Legal Description of the Refinery Parcel

TRACT EAST OF SUNFLOWER STREET

ALL OF LOTS 2, 3, 4 AND 5, SECTION 31, T34S, R17E, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, LYING WEST OF THE CENTERLINE OF THE VERDIGRIS RIVER, EXCEPT THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED TRACTS: THE NORTH 75 ACRES OF SAID LOTS 2 AND 3; AND EXCEPT A TRACT COMMENCING AT THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF LOT 4, THENCE NORTH 400 FEET, THENCE EAST 425 FEET, THENCE SOUTH APPROXIMATELY 420 FEET (426.46' MEASURED) TO THE SOUTH BOUNDARY OF SAID LOT 4, THENCE WEST (425.82' MEASURED) TO THE PLACE OF BEGINNING: AND EXCEPT A TRACT DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS IN A GENERAL WARRANTY DEED DATED JULY 1, 1976, FROM GEORGE W. MULLER AND FERRIS M. MULLER, HUSBAND AND WIFE, TO CRA, INC., RECORDED IN BOOK 353 OF DEEDS, PAGE 19: COMMENCING AT A POINT 538 FEET SOUTH OF THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF LOT 4, SECTION 31, TOWNSHIP 34 SOUTH, RANGE 17 EAST IN THE PRESENT WEST FENCE LINE OF SAID LOT 4, THENCE SOUTH 75 FEET ALONG SAID FENCE, THENCE EAST 20 FEET, THENCE NORTH 75 FEET, THENCE WEST 20 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING; AND EXCEPT A TRACT DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS IN SAID LAST-MENTIONED GENERAL WARRANTY DEED: COMMENCING IN CENTER OF VERDIGRIS RIVER 21 RODS NORTH OF SOUTH LINE OF SAID LOT 5, THENCE WEST AND SOUTHWESTERLY ALONG LEFT BANK OF RAVINE 33 FEET FROM CENTER OF RAVINE TO SOUTH LINE OF LOT 5, THENCE EAST ALONG SOUTH LINE OF LOT 5 TO CENTER OF VERDIGRIS RIVER, UP RIVER TO BEGINNING.

ANDEVCEDT

"FERTILIZER STORAGE"

A PART OF THE NW/4 OF SECTION 31, T34S, R17E, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE NW CORNER OF SAID NW/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF S00°00'00"E ALONG THE WEST LINE OF SAID NW/4 A DISTANCE OF 1013.07 FEET TO THE SW CORNER OF THE NORTH 75 ACRES OF LOTS 2 AND 3 OF SAID SECTION 31; THENCE S86°24'15"E ALONG THE SOUTH LINE OF SAID NORTH 75 ACRES OF LOTS 2 AND 3 A DISTANCE OF 30.06 FEET TO THE EAST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SUNFLOWER STREET AND THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE CONTINUING ALONG THE SOUTH LINE OF SAID NORTH 75 ACRES OF LOTS 2 AND 3, S86°24'15"E A DISTANCE OF 3049.00 FEET MORE OR LESS TO THE CENTERLINE OF THE VERDIGRIS RIVER; THENCE ALONG THE APPROXIMATE CENTERLINE OF SAID VERDIGRIS RIVER THE FOLLOWING COURSES: S15°13'05"W A DISTANCE OF 90.34 FEET; THENCE S03°03'48"W A DISTANCE OF 488.35 FEET; THENCE LEAVING SAID CENTERLINE OF THE VERDIGRIS RIVER S89°44'00"W A DISTANCE OF 2993.22 FEET MORE OR LESS TO THE VERDIGRIS RIVER S89°44'00"W A DISTANCE OF 2993.22 FEET MORE OR LESS TO THE VERDIGRIS RIVER S89°44'00"W A DISTANCE OF 2993.22 FEET MORE OR LESS TO THE VERDIGRIS RIVER S89°44'00"W A DISTANCE OF 2993.22 FEET MORE OR LESS TO THE VERDIGRIS RIVER S89°44'00"W A DISTANCE OF 2993.22 FEET MORE OR LESS TO THE VERDIGRIS RIVER S89°44'00"W A DISTANCE OF 2993.22 FEET MORE OR LESS TO THE VERDIGRIS RIVER S89°44'00"W A DISTANCE OF 2993.22 FEET MORE OR LESS TO THE VERDIGRIS RIVER S89°44'00"W A DISTANCE OF 2993.22 FEET MORE OR LESS TO THE VERDIGRIS RIVER S89°44'00"W A DISTANCE OF 2993.22 FEET MORE OR LESS TO THE VERDIGRIS RIVER S89°44'00"W A DISTANCE OF 2993.22 FEET MORE OR LESS TO THE VERDIGRIS RIVER S89°44'00"W A DISTANCE OF 2993.22 FEET MORE OR LESS TO THE VERDIGRIS RIVER S89°44'00"W A DISTANCE OF 2993.22 FEET MORE OR LESS TO THE VERDIGRIS RIVER S89°44'00"W A DISTANCE OF 2993.22 FEET MORE OR LESS TO THE VERDIGRIS RIVER S89°44'00"W A DISTANCE OF 2993.22 FEET MORE OR LESS TO THE VERDIGRIS RIVER S89°44'00"W A DISTANCE OR LESS TO THE VERDIGRIS RIVER S89°44'00"W A DISTANCE OR LESS TO THE VER

THE EAST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SUNFLOWER STREET; THENCE N00°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 779.98 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

TRACT NORTH OF FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD

ALL THAT PART OF THE SE/4 OF SECTION 25, TOWNSHIP 34, RANGE 16 EAST OF THE 6TH P.M., LYING WEST OF THE WESTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE AND NORTH OF THE NORTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE RAILROAD, EXCEPT 3 ACRES IN THE NORTHWEST CORNER AS EXCEPTED FROM A GENERAL WARRANTY DEED DATED AUGUST 23, 1951, FROM R.L. EDWARDS AND MILDRED EDWARDS, HUSBAND AND WIFE, TO THE COOPERATIVE REFINERY ASSOCIATION, RECORDED IN BOOK 245 OF DEEDS, PAGE 586, IN THE REGISTER OF DEEDS OFFICE OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS.

AND

ALL THAT PART OF THE E/2 OF SECTION 25 AND ALL THAT PART OF THE NE/4 OF SECTION 36 LYING EAST OF THE EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTE FE RAILROAD AND NORTH OF THE NORTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE FORMER MISSOURI-KANSAS-TEXAS RAILROAD (NOW UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD), ALL IN TOWNSHIP 34, RANGE 16, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS.

AND EXCEPT:

A PART OF THE NE/4 OF SECTION 36, TOWNSHIP 34 SOUTH, RANGE 16 EAST, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF SAID NE/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF \$00°00'00"E ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID NE/4 A DISTANCE OF 563.00 FEET; THENCE N90°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 1992.00 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE N84°14'00"W A DISTANCE OF 100.00 FEET; THENCE N05°46'00"W A DISTANCE OF 50.00 FEET; THENCE S84°14'00"E A DISTANCE OF 100.00 FEET; THENCE \$05°46'00"W A DISTANCE OF 50.00 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

AND EXCEPT THAT PART DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

"CLARIFIER TRACT"

A PART OF THE SE/4 OF SECTION 25, T34S, R16E, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE SE CORNER OF SAID SE/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF N00°22'55"E ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID SE/4 A DISTANCE OF 1285.62 FEET; THENCE S90°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 1774.69 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE N76°25'09"W A

DISTANCE OF 25.41 FEET TO THE EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD; THENCE N13°34′51″E ALONG SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE A DISTANCE OF 298.51 FEET; THENCE LEAVING SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE, S67°00′00″E A DISTANCE OF 101.78 FEET; THENCE S18°00′36″W A DISTANCE OF 62.14 FEET; THENCE S11°06′08″E A DISTANCE OF 70.97 FEET; THENCE SOUTHWESTERLY ON A NON-TANGENT CURVE TO THE LEFT HAVING A RADIUS OF 450.00 FEET AND A CENTRAL ANGLE OF 23°41′14″ A DISTANCE OF 186.04 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

TRACT SOUTH OF FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD AND NORTH OF MARTIN STREET

A PART OF COFFEYVILLE HEIGHTS ADDITION TO THE CITY OF COFFEYVILLE, PART OF MONTGOMERY'S ADDITION TO THE CITY OF COFFEYVILLE, AND PART OF THE NE/4 OF SECTION 36, T34S, R16E, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE NE CORNER OF THE NE/4 OF SAID SECTION 36; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF 500°0′00′0′E ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID NE/4 A DISTANCE OF 316.23 FEET TO THE SOUTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD; THENCE S59°30′09′W ALONG SAID SOUTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SAID NE/4 A DISTANCE OF 316.23 FEET TO THE WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SUNFLOWER STREET AND THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE ALONG SAID WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SUNFLOWER STREET THE FOLLOWING BEARINGS AND DISTANCES: THENCE S00°00′00′0° A DISTANCE OF 116.44,3 FEET; THENCE S00°00′51′2″E A DISTANCE OF 72.64 FEET; THENCE S00°00′48″E A DISTANCE OF 300.00 FEET TO THE NORTH RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF MARTIN STREET; THENCE N89°11′00′″W ALONG SAID NORTH RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE A DISTANCE OF 439.35 FEET TO THE WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF ASH STREET; THENCE S02°06′58″E ALONG SAID WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE A DISTANCE OF 35.21 FEET TO THE CENTER OF SAID MARTIN STREET; THENCE S02°06′58″E ALONG SAID WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE A DISTANCE OF 35.21 FEET TO THE CENTER OF SAID MARTIN STREET; THENCE N89°11′3′34″W A DISTANCE OF 399.88 FEET; THENCE N89°29′08″W A DISTANCE OF 60.59 FEET; THENCE N89°22′21″W A DISTANCE OF 60.59 FEET; THENCE N89°29′08″W A DISTANCE OF 40.11 FEET TO THE CENTERLINE OF FINE STREET A DISTANCE OF 35.81 FEET; THENCE N89°32′26″W A DISTANCE OF 40.15 FEET TO THE NE CORNER OF BLOCK 6 OF SAID MONTGOMERY'S ADDITION; THENCE N89°13′09″W ALONG THE NORTH LINE OF SAID BLOCK 6 A DISTANCE OF 399.88 FEET TO THE NE CORNER OF BLOCK 6; THENCE N89°05′43″W A DISTANCE OF 79.80 FEET TO THE NE CORNER OF BLOCK 5 OF SAID MONTGOMERY'S ADDITION; THENCE N89°13′15″W ALONG SAID CENTERLINE OF SAID MONTGOMERY'S ADDITION; THENCE N89°13′15″W ALONG SAID CENTERLINE OF SAID MONTGOMERY'S ADDITION; THENCE N69°13′15″W ALONG SAID CENTERLINE OF SAID MONTGOMERY'S ADDIT

163.74 FEET TO THE SOUTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SAID UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD; THENCE NORTHEASTERLY ALONG SAID SOUTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE ON A CURVE TO THE RIGHT HAVING A RADIUS OF 1500.00 FEET AND A CENTRAL ANGLE OF 10°30'27", A DISTANCE OF 275.09 FEET TO THE POINT OF TANGENCY OF SAID CURVE; THENCE CONTINUING ALONG SAID SOUTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE, N59°30'09"E A DISTANCE OF 2370.80 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

AND

ALL THAT PART OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY LYING WEST OF THE WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SUNFLOWER STREET AND LYING EAST OF THE EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD IN THE NE/4 OF SECTION 36, TOWNSHIP 34 SOUTH, RANGE 16 EAST OF THE 6TH P.M., MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF SAID NE/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF 500°00′00″E ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID NE/4 A DISTANCE OF 200.17 FEET TO THE NORTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD; THENCE S59°30′09″W ALONG SAID NORTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SUNFLOWER STREET AND THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE CONTINUING S59°30′09″W ALONG SAID NORTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE A DISTANCE OF 2429.70 FEET; THENCE SOUTHWESTERLY ON A CURVE TO THE LEFT HAVING A RADIUS OF 1600.00 FEET, A CHORD WHICH BEARS \$49°43′27″W, A CHORD DISTANCE OF 543.47 FEET AND AN ARC LENGTH OF 546.12 FEET TO THE EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD; THENCE S13°34′51″W ALONG SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE A DISTANCE OF 269.10 FEET TO THE SOUTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD; THENCE ON A NON-TANGENT CURVE TO THE RIGHT HAVING A RADIUS OF 1500.00 FEET, A CHORD WHICH BEARS N45°518″E, A CHORD DISTANCE OF 746.22 FEET AND AN ARC LENGTH OF 754.14 FEET; THENCE CONTINUING ALONG SAID SOUTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SUNFLOWER STREET; THENCE N00°00′00″E ALONG SAID WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE A DISTANCE OF 116.06 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

LESS AND EXCEPT THE FOLLOWING TRACTS OF LAND:

"LOADING DOCK"

A PART OF COFFEYVILLE HEIGHTS ADDITION TO THE CITY OF COFFEYVILLE AND A PART OF THE NE/4 OF SECTION 36, T34S, R16E, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE NE CORNER OF THE NE/4 OF SAID SECTION 36; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF S00°00'00"E ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID NE/4 A DISTANCE OF 316.23 FEET TO THE

SOUTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD; THENCE S59°30'09"W ALONG SAID SOUTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE A DISTANCE OF 34.82 FEET TO THE WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SUNFLOWER STREET; THENCE S00°00'00"E ALONG SAID WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE A DISTANCE OF 1148.43 FEET; THENCE CONTINUING ALONG SAID WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE, S00°05'12"E A DISTANCE OF 60.63 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE CONTINUING ALONG SAID WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE, S00°05'12"E A DISTANCE OF 12.01 FEET TO THE NE CORNER OF BLOCK 12 OF SAID COFFEYVILLE HEIGHTS ADDITION; THENCE CONTINUING ALONG SAID WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE AND THE EAST LINE OF SAID BLOCK 12, S00°00'48"W A DISTANCE OF 267.47 FEET; THENCE LEAVING SAID WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE AND THE EAST LINE OF SAID BLOCK 12, N38°21'27"W A DISTANCE OF 131.96 FEET; THENCE N00°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 176.00 FEET; THENCE N90°00'00"C A DISTANCE OF BEGINNING.

"NEW NITROGEN UNIT"

A PART OF COFFEYVILLE HEIGHTS ADDITION TO THE CITY OF COFFEYVILLE, PART OF MONTGOMERY'S ADDITION TO THE CITY OF COFFEYVILLE, PART OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY, AND PART OF THE NE/4 OF SECTION 36, TOWNSHIP 34 SOUTH, RANGE 16 EAST, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

COMMENCING AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF SAID NE/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF \$00°00'00"E ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID NE/4 A DISTANCE OF 200.17 FEET TO THE NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE S59°30'09"W ALONG SAID NORTHERLY LINE A DISTANCE OF 1007.15 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE \$00°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 304.05 FEET; THENCE \$88°14'41"E A DISTANCE OF 158.79 FEET; THENCE \$00°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 6.77 FEET; THENCE N90°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 25.00 FEET; THENCE \$12°15'53"E A DISTANCE OF 11.77 FEET; THENCE \$82°32'25"E A DISTANCE OF 43.08 FEET; THENCE \$00°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 33.41 FEET; THENCE \$90°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 14.72 FEET; THENCE \$86°44'02"W A DISTANCE OF 368.60 FEET; THENCE \$00°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 25.00 FEET; THENCE \$90°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 14.72 FEET; THENCE \$12°15'53"E A DISTANCE OF 90°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 51.30 FEET; THENCE \$90°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 14.72 FEET; THENCE \$12°15'53"E AD DISTANCE OF 16.50 FEET; THENCE \$90°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 14.72 FEET; THENCE \$12°15'53"E AD DISTANCE OF 15.00 FEET; THENCE \$90°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 14.72 FEET; THENCE \$12°15'53"E AD DISTANCE OF 14.72 FEET; THENCE \$90°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 15.70 FEET; THENCE \$90°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 56.01 FEET; THENCE \$90°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 16.64 FEET; THENCE \$90°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 56.01 FEET; THENCE \$90°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 16.94 FEET; THENCE \$90°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 56.01 FEET; THENCE \$90°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 60.59 FEET; THENCE \$90°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 57.73 OFEET TO THE CENTERLINE OF MARTIN STREET;

TO THE CENTERLINE OF PINE STREET; THENCE \$00°00'14"W ALONG THE CENTERLINE OF SAID PINE STREET A DISTANCE OF 35.18 FEET; THENCE \$89°33'26"W A DISTANCE OF 40.15 FEET TO THE NE CORNER OF BLOCK 6 OF SAID MONTGOMERY'S ADDITION; THENCE \$89°13'09"W ALONG THE NORTH LINE OF SAID BLOCK 6 A DISTANCE OF 399.88 FEET TO THE NW CORNER OF SAID BLOCK 6; THENCE \$89°05'43"W A DISTANCE OF 79.80 FEET TO THE NE CORNER OF BLOCK 5 OF SAID MONTGOMERY'S ADDITION; THENCE \$610.00 FEET TO THE SE CORNER OF BLOCK 10 OF SAID MONTGOMERY'S ADDITION; THENCE \$100°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 277.85 FEET TO THE SOUTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE \$15°00'43"W A DISTANCE OF 104.03 FEET TO THE NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE \$100°20'10"W A DISTANCE OF 20.00 FEET; THENCE \$100°20'10"W A DISTANCE OF 20.00 FEET TO SAID NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE \$100°20'10"W A DISTANCE OF 20.00 FEET TO SAID NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE \$100°20'10"W A DISTANCE OF 365.00 FEET; THENCE \$100°20'10"W A DISTANCE OF 340.40 FEET TO SAID NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE \$100°20'10"W A DISTANCE OF 340.40 FEET TO SAID NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE \$100°20'10"W A DISTANCE OF 340.40 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

EXHIBIT C

<u>Aerial</u>

[See attached.]

C-1

EXHIBIT D

Legal Description of Shared Pipeline Easement Area

A PART OF THE NE/4 OF SECTION 36, TOWNSHIP 34 SOUTH, RANGE 16 EAST, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

COMMENCING AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF SAID NE/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF \$00°00'00"E ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID NE/4 A DISTANCE OF 200.17 FEET TO THE NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE \$59°30'09"W ALONG SAID NORTHERLY LINE A DISTANCE OF 1494.58 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE N00°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 82.60 FEET; THENCE \$90°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 51.00 FEET; THENCE \$00°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 20.50 FEET; THENCE N00°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 20.00 FEET; THENCE S00°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 80.36 FEET TO THE NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE N59°30'09"E ALONG SAID NORTH LINE A DISTANCE OF 35.98 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

EXHIBIT E

Interconnect Points Drawing

F-1

EXHIBIT F

Legal Description of Area for Pipe Rack Easement Area

A PART OF COFFEYVILLE HEIGHTS ADDITION TO THE CITY OF COFFEYVILLE AND A PART OF THE NE/4 OF SECTION 36, TOWNSHIP 34 SOUTH, RANGE 16 EAST, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF SAID NE/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF 500°00'00"E ALONG THE EAST LINE OF NE/4 A DISTANCE OF 1364.58 FEET; THENCE S90°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 30.00 FEET TO THE WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SUNFLOWER STREET AND THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE S00°00'00"E ALONG SAID WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE A DISTANCE OF 117.75 FEET; THENCE CONTINUING ALONG SAID WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE S00°05'12"E A DISTANCE OF 60.63 FEET; THENCE S00°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 438.45 FEET; THENCE N00°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 34.79 FEET; THENCE S89°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 236.57 FEET; THENCE N00°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 87.72 FEET; THENCE N90°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 30.00 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

EXHIBIT G

Legal Description of Coke Conveyor Belt Easement Area

A PART OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY AND PART OF THE NE/4 OF SECTION 36, TOWNSHIP 34 SOUTH, RANGE 16 EAST, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF SAID NE/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF \$00°0'00"E ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID NE/4 A DISTANCE OF 200.17 FEET TO THE NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE \$50°30'09"W ALONG SAID NORTHERLY LINE A DISTANCE OF 1543.55 FEET; THENCE \$50°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 31.57 FEET; THENCE S71°51'39"W A DISTANCE OF 384.15 FEET; THENCE NO0°01'28"W A DISTANCE OF 31.56 FEET; THENCE NT1°51'39"E A DISTANCE OF 384.17 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING

A PART OF THE NE/4 OF SECTION 36, TOWNSHIP 34 SOUTH, RANGE 16 EAST, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

COMMENCING AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF SAID NE/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF \$00°00'00"E ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID NE/4 A DISTANCE OF 200.17 FEET TO THE NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE \$59°30'09"W ALONG SAID NORTHERLY LINE A DISTANCE OF 1543.55 FEET; THENCE \$00°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 310.27 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE CONTINUING \$00°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 72.41 FEET; THENCE \$24°28'25"W A DISTANCE OF 119.53 FEET; THENCE \$90°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 32.96 FEET; THENCE \$12°28'25"E A DISTANCE OF 199.10 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

EXHIBIT H

<u>Legal Description of Sunflower Street Pipeline Crossing Easement Area (Fertilizer Parcel)</u>

A PART OF THE NW/4 OF SECTION 31, T34S, R17E, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF SAID NW/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF \$000°00'00"E ALONG THE WEST LINE OF SAID NW/4 A DISTANCE OF 1364.58 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE N90°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 30.00 FEET TO THE EAST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SUNFLOWER STREET; THENCE \$000°00'00"E ALONG SAID EAST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE A DISTANCE OF 178.38 FEET; THENCE \$900'00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 30.00 FEET TO THE WEST LINE OF SAID NW/4; THENCE N000'00'00"W ALONG SAID WEST LINE A DISTANCE OF 178.38 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

EXHIBIT I

<u>Legal Description of Sunflower Street Pipeline Crossing Easement Area (Refinery Parcel)</u>

A PART OF COFFEYVILLE HEIGHTS ADDITION TO THE CITY OF COFFEYVILLE AND A PART OF THE NE/4 OF SECTION 36, TOWNSHIP 34 SOUTH, RANGE 16 EAST, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF SAID NE/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF \$00°00'00"E ALONG THE EAST LINE OF NE/4 A DISTANCE OF 1364.58 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE CONTINUING \$00°00'00"E ALONG SAID EAST LINE A DISTANCE OF 178.38 FEET; THENCE \$90°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 29.91 FEET TO THE WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SUNFLOWER STREET; THENCE NO0°05'12"W ALONG SAID WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE NO0°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 117.75 FEET; THENCE N90°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 30.00 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

EXHIBIT J

Legal Description of East Tank Farm Roadway Area (Fertilizer Parcel)

A PART OF THE NW/4 OF SECTION 31, T34S, R17E, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF SAID NW/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF 500°00′00″E ALONG THE WEST LINE OF SAID NW/4 A DISTANCE OF 1767.00 FEET; THENCE N90°00′00″E A DISTANCE OF 30.00 FEET TO THE EAST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SUNFLOWER STREET AND THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE N90°00′00″E A DISTANCE OF 1120.00 FEET; THENCE N88°35′26″E A DISTANCE OF 914.89 FEET; THENCE S00°00′00″E A DISTANCE OF 25.00 FEET; THENCE S89°44′00″W A DISTANCE OF 203.00 FEET TO SAID EAST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SUNFLOWER STREET; THENCE N00°00′00″E ALONG SAID EAST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE A DISTANCE OF 27.93 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

EXHIBIT K

<u>Legal Description of East Tank Farm Area (Refinery Parcel)</u>

A PART OF THE NW/4 OF SECTION 31, T34S, R17E, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF SAID NW/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF \$000°00°00°E ALONG THE WEST LINE OF SAID NW/4 A DISTANCE OF 1364.58 FEET; THENCE N90°00°00°E A DISTANCE OF 30.00 FEET TO THE EAST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SUNFLOWER STREET AND THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE CONTINUING N90°00°00°E A DISTANCE OF 75.00 FEET; THENCE \$000°00°00°E A DISTANCE OF 430.00 FEET; THENCE \$890°44′00°W A DISTANCE OF 75.00 FEET TO THE EAST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SUNFLOWER STREET; THENCE N000°00′00°W ALONG SAID EAST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE A DISTANCE OF 430.35 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

EXHIBIT L

Legal Description of Railroad Trackage Easement Area (Fertilizer Parcel)

PARCEL 8

A PART OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY IN THE NE/4 OF SECTION 36, TOWNSHIP 34 SOUTH, RANGE 16 EAST, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF SAID NE/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF \$00°00'00"E ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID NE/4 A DISTANCE OF 200.17 FEET TO THE NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE \$59°30'09"W ALONG SAID NORTHERLY LINE A DISTANCE OF 1967.29 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE \$50°01'28"E A DISTANCE OF 116.03 FEET TO THE SOUTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE \$59°30'09"W ALONG SAID SOUTHERLY LINE A DISTANCE OF 438.39 FEET; THENCE SOUTHWESTERLY ON A CURVE TO THE LEFT HAVING A RADIUS OF 1500.00 FEET, A CHORD WHICH BEARS \$58°58'19"W, A CHORD DISTANCE OF 27.78 FEET AND AN ARC LENGTH OF 27.78 FEET; THENCE N15°00'43"W A DISTANCE OF 104.03 FEET TO SAID NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE N59°30'09"E ALONG SAID NORTHERLY LINE A DISTANCE OF 497.23 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

AND

PARCEL 9

A PART OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY IN THE NE/4 OF SECTION 36, TOWNSHIP 34 SOUTH, RANGE 16 EAST, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF SAID NE/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF 500°00′00″E ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID NE/4 A DISTANCE OF 200.17 FEET TO THE NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE S59°30′09″W ALONG SAID NORTHERLY LINE A DISTANCE OF 1007.15 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE S00°00′00″E A DISTANCE OF 116.06 FEET TO THE SOUTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE S59°30′09″W ALONG SAID NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE NO0°00′00″W A DISTANCE OF 116.06 FEET TO SAID NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE N59°30′09″E ALONG SAID NORTHERLY LINE A DISTANCE OF 536.40 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

EXHIBIT M

<u>Legal Description of Railroad Trackage Easement Area (Refinery Parcel)</u>

A PART OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY IN THE NE/4 OF SECTION 36, TOWNSHIP 34 SOUTH, RANGE 16 EAST, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF SAID NE/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF \$00°00'00'0' a ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID NE/4 A DISTANCE OF 200.17 FEET TO THE NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE \$59°30'09'W ALONG SAID NORTHERLY LINE A DISTANCE OF 2464.52 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE \$15°00'43''E A DISTANCE OF 104.03 FEET TO THE SOUTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE ALONG SAID SOUTHERLY LINE ON A NON-TANGENT CURVE TO THE LEFT HAVING A RADIUS OF 1500.00 FEET, A CHORD WHICH BEARS \$44°34'08''W, A CHORD DISTANCE OF 719.29 FEET AND AN ARC LENGTH OF 726.36 FEET TO THE EASTERLY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE N13°34'51"E ALONG SAID EASTERLY LINE A DISTANCE OF 269.10 FEET TO SAID NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE ON A NON-TANGENT CURVE TO THE RIGHT HAVING A RADIUS OF 1600.00 FEET, A CHORD WHICH BEARS \$49'43'27"E, A CHORD DISTANCE OF 543.47 FEET AND AN ARC LENGTH OF 546.12 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

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A PART OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY IN THE NE/4 OF SECTION 36, TOWNSHIP 34 SOUTH, RANGE 16 EAST, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF SAID NE/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF \$00°00'00"E ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID NE/4 A DISTANCE OF 200.17 FEET TO THE NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE \$59°30'09"W ALONG SAID NORTHERLY LINE A DISTANCE OF 1543.55 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE \$00°00'00"E A DISTANCE OF 116.06 FEET TO THE SOUTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE \$59°30'09"W ALONG SAID SOUTHERLY LINE A DISTANCE OF 423.68 FEET; THENCE \$00°01'28"W A DISTANCE OF 116.03 FEET TO SAID NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE \$59°30'09"E ALONG SAID NORTHERLY LINE A DISTANCE OF 423.74 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

EXHIBIT N

Legal Description of Fertilizer Company Clarifier Tract

A PART OF THE SE/4 OF SECTION 25, T34S, R16E, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE SE CORNER OF SAID SE/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF N00°22′55″E ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID SE/4 A DISTANCE OF 1285.62 FEET; THENCE S90°00′00″W A DISTANCE OF 1774.69 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE N76°25′09″W A DISTANCE OF 25.41 FEET TO THE EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF THE A.T.&S.F. RAILROAD; THENCE N13°34′51″E ALONG SAID EASTERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE A DISTANCE OF 298.51 FEET; THENCE S18°00′36″W A DISTANCE OF 62.14 FEET; THENCE S11°06′08″E A DISTANCE OF 70.97 FEET; THENCE SOUTHWESTERLY ON A NON-TANGENT CURVE TO THE LEFT HAVING A RADIUS OF 450.00 FEET AND A CENTRAL ANGLE OF 23°41′14″ A DISTANCE OF 186.04 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

EXHIBIT O

Legal Description of Fertilizer Water Pipeline Easement Area

A 15.00 FEET WIDE WATERLINE EASEMENT IN PART OF THE SE/4 OF SECTION 25 AND PART OF THE NE/4 OF SECTION 36, ALL IN TOWNSHIP 34 SOUTH, RANGE 16 EAST, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, THE CENTERLINE OF SAID EASEMENT DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF SAID NE/4 OF SECTION 36; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF S00°00'00'E ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID NE/4 OF SECTION 36 A DISTANCE OF 200.17 FEET TO THE NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE 559°30'09"W ALONG SAID NORTHERLY LINE A DISTANCE OF 1511.96 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING OF SAID CENTERLINE; THENCE N00°00'00'W A DISTANCE OF 89.44 FEET; THENCE S90°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 26.00 FEET; THENCE N01°43'52"E A DISTANCE OF 156.82 FEET; THENCE N22°41'07"E A DISTANCE OF 103.61 FEET; THENCE N00°46'08"E A DISTANCE OF 155.84 FEET; THENCE N89°50'42"W A DISTANCE OF 60.12 FEET; THENCE N00°23'50"E A DISTANCE OF 104.00 FEET; THENCE S89°26'05"E A DISTANCE OF 262.50 FEET; THENCE N00°33'55"E A DISTANCE OF 111.00 FEET; THENCE N89°26'05"W A DISTANCE OF 56.50 FEET; THENCE N00°33'55"E A DISTANCE OF 359.35 FEET; THENCE S89°26'05"E A DISTANCE OF 23.01 FEET; THENCE N06°42'59"E A DISTANCE OF 207.51 FEET; THENCE S89°26'05"E A DISTANCE OF 8.00 FEET; THENCE N06°33'18"E A DISTANCE OF 280.54 FEET; THENCE S89°26'05"E A DISTANCE OF 14.50 FEET; THENCE N06°29'35"E A DISTANCE OF 280.54 FEET; THENCE N68°26'38"W A DISTANCE OF 16.55 FEET; THENCE N06°29'35"E A DISTANCE OF 402.81 FEET; THENCE N69°37'43"W A DISTANCE OF 16.55 FEET; THENCE N66°29'35"E A DISTANCE OF 39.02 FEET; THENCE N66°37'43"W A DISTANCE OF 50.47 FEET; THENCE S78°34'08"W A DISTANCE OF 39.02 FEET; THENCE N56°34'08"W A DISTANCE OF 125.30 FEET; THENCE N56°34'08"W A DISTANCE OF 39.02 FEET; THENCE N56°34'08"W A DISTANCE OF 125.30 FEET; THENCE N56°34'08"W A DISTANCE OF 70.47 FEET; THENCE S78°34'08"W A DISTANCE OF 125.30 FEET; THENCE N56°34'08"W A DISTANCE

A 15.00 FEET WIDE WATERLINE EASEMENT IN PART OF THE SE/4 OF SECTION 25, TOWNSHIP 34 SOUTH, RANGE 16 EAST, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, THE CENTERLINE OF SAID EASEMENT DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF SAID SE/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF N00°22'55"E ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID SE/4 A DISTANCE OF 1285.62 FEET; THENCE S90°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 1774.69 FEET; THENCE NORTHEASTERLY ON A NON-TANGENT CURVE TO THE RIGHT HAVING A RADIUS OF 450.00 FEET, A CHORD WHICH BEARS N46°17'51"E, A CHORD DISTANCE OF 184.72 FEET AND AN ARC LENGTH OF 186.04 FEET; THENCE N11°06'08"W A DISTANCE OF 70.97 FEET; THENCE N18°00'36"E A DISTANCE OF 62.14 FEET; THENCE N67°00'00"W A DISTANCE OF 7.82 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING OF SAID

EXHIBIT P

Legal Description of Coke Haul Road

A PART OF THE NE/4 OF SECTION 36, TOWNSHIP 34 SOUTH, RANGE 16 EAST, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF SAID NE/4; THENCE ON AN ASSUMED BEARING OF \$00°00'00"E ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID NE/4 A DISTANCE OF 200.17 FEET TO THE NORTHERLY LINE OF THE FORMER UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE \$59°30'09"W ALONG SAID NORTHERLY LINE A DISTANCE OF 1999.52 FEET; THENCE N30°29'51"W A DISTANCE OF 20.00 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE \$59°30'09"W A DISTANCE OF 167.41 FEET; THENCE N13°52'53"E A DISTANCE OF 162.82 FEET; THENCE \$84°33'01"E A DISTANCE OF 36.48 FEET; THENCE \$135.92 FEET; THENCE \$84°33'01"E A DISTANCE OF 35.47 FEET; THENCE \$05°26'59"W A DISTANCE OF 135.92 FEET; THENCE \$84°33'01"E A DISTANCE OF 35.47 FEET; THENCE \$05°39'48"E A DISTANCE OF 64.30 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

EXHIBIT Q

Legal Description of Refinery Shared Parking Area

 $All of \ Block \ 14, COFFEYVILLE \ HEIGHTS \ ADDITION \ to \ the \ City \ of \ Coffeyville, \ Montgomery \ County, \ Kansas.$

EXHIBIT R

Legal Description of Construction Buffer Zone Easement Area

LOTS 1 THROUGH 8 INCLUSIVE, BLOCK 1, MONTGOMERY'S ADDITION TO THE CITY OF COFFEYVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS AND THE VACATED ALLEY LYING SOUTH OF LOTS 1 THROUGH 4 AND NORTH OF LOTS 5 THROUGH 8, BLOCK 1, MONTGOMERY'S ADDITION TO THE CITY OF COFFEYVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, ESTABLISHED BY VACATION ORDINANCE FILED IN BOOK 466, PAGE 61.

LOTS 1, 2, 3, 14, 15 AND 16, BLOCK 2, MONTGOMERY'S ADDITION TO THE CITY OF COFFEYVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS AND THE EAST 120 FEET OF THE VACATED ALLEY IN BLOCK 2, ESTABLISHED BY VACATION ORDINANCE FILED IN BOOK 466, PAGE 61.

4 3 7 75

LOTS 6, 7 AND 8, BLOCK 7, MONTGOMERY'S ADDITION TO THE CITY OF COFFEYVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS.

AND

LOTS~9,~10,~11,~12,~13,~14,~15~AND~16,~BLOCK~15,~COFFEYVILLE~HEIGHTS~ADDITION~TO~THE~CITY~OF~COFFEYVILLE,~MONTGOMERY~COUNTY,~KANSAS.

AND

LOTS 1 THROUGH 16 INCLUSIVE, BLOCK 16, COFFEYVILLE HEIGHTS ADDITION TO THE CITY OF COFFEYVILLE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, KANSAS, AND THE WEST 212 FEET OF THE VACATED ALLEY THEREIN, ESTABLISHED BY VACATION ORDINANCE FILED IN BOOK 466, PAGE 61.

AMENDED AND RESTATED FEEDSTOCK AND SHARED SERVICES AGREEMENT

THIS AMENDED AND RESTATED FEEDSTOCK AND SHARED SERVICES AGREEMENT is entered into and effective as of the ____day of ______, 2011, by and between Coffeyville Resources Refining & Marketing, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Refinery Company"). and Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Fertilizer Company").

RECITALS

Refinery Company owns and operates the petroleum refinery located at Coffeyville, Kansas, which refinery is shown on Exhibit A hereto (including any additions or other modifications made thereto from time to time, the "Refinery").

Fertilizer Company owns and operates the nitrogen fertilizer complex located adjacent to the Refinery consisting of the Gasification Unit, the UAN Plant, the Ammonia Synthesis Loop, the Utility Facilities, storage and loading facilities, the Fertilizer Plant Water Clarifier and river access, the Grounds and related connecting pipes and improvements, which fertilizer manufacturing complex is connected to and associated with the Linde Facility and the Offsite Sulfur Recovery Unit, all of which are shown on Exhibit A hereto (including any additions or other modifications made thereto from time to time, and which are collectively referred to herein as the "Fertilizer Plant").

Refinery Company requires access to certain property and structures located on the Fertilizer Plant site to conduct its business, and Fertilizer Company requires access to certain structures and property located on the Refinery site to conduct its business.

Fertilizer Company and Refinery Company entered into the Feedstock and Shared Services Agreement dated as of October 25, 2007, as amended July 24, 2009 (as amended, the "*Original Agreement*"), pursuant to which the parties agreed to provide each other with certain Feedstocks and Services for use in their respective production processes and certain other related matters. The Parties desire to amend and restate the terms of the Original Agreement upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in this Agreement.

In consideration of the premises and the mutual agreements, representations and warranties herein set forth, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties hereto agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1

DEFINITIONS

The following terms shall have the meanings set forth below, unless the context otherwise dictates, both for purposes of this Agreement and all Exhibits hereto:

"Agreement" means this Amended and Restated Feedstock and Shared Services Agreement and the Exhibits hereto, all as the same may be amended, modified or supplemented from time to time.

"Ammonia Price" means the price for anhydrous ammonia determined for a particular month as follows: The price per short ton of anhydrous ammonia shall be the average of (i) the average of the price range published in each weekly issue of "Green Markets" under the heading of "Ammonia" for "Southern Plains" averaged over such weekly issues published in the applicable calendar month, and (ii) the average of the price range published in each weekly issue of "Fertilizer Week America" under the heading of "Ammonia" for FOB Southern Plains" averaged over such weekly issues published in the applicable calendar month. In the event that either of the aforesaid publications ceases to be published, then the price per short ton of anhydrous ammonia shall be determined by reference to the publication that does not cease publication, using the average price range as provided for above. In the event that both of the aforesaid publications cease to be published, then the price per short ton of anhydrous ammonia shall be determined by reference to such generally accepted industry publication as Fertilizer Company may designate with the consent of the Refinery Company, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed.

- "Ammonia Synthesis Loop" means that ammonia synthesis loop within the Fertilizer Plant shown on Exhibit A hereto, including any additions or other modifications made thereto from time to time.
- "Coke" has the meaning given such term in the Coke Supply Agreement.
- "Coke Supply Agreement" means the Coke Supply Agreement between the Parties dated as of October 25, 2007, as amended, restated, modified or replaced from time to time.
- "cscf" means one hundred scf.
- "Dispute" has the meaning given such term in Article 5.

"Easement Agreement" means that Cross-Easement Agreement between the Parties dated as of October 25, 2007, as amended, restated, modified or replaced from time to time, under which the Fertilizer Company and the Refinery Company grant each other certain rights to enter upon and use the real property of the other Party for the purposes described therein.

"Effective Date" means the date first above written.

"Feedstock" means the materials and streams described in Exhibit B. all within the tolerances and to the specifications therein contained, that are provided by or on behalf of Refinery Company to Fertilizer Company, or by or on behalf of Fertilizer Company to Refinery Company, as the case may be and as otherwise may be agreed by the Parties.

"Feedstock Delivery Points" means the points at which the Feedstock is transferred from Fertilizer Company to Refinery Company, or from Refinery Company to Fertilizer Company, as the case may be and as shown on Plot Plan A and Drawing D11-0913B constituting a part of Exhibit A.

- "Fertilizer Plant" has the meaning given such term in the Recitals.
- "Fertilizer Company" has the meaning given such term in the introductory paragraph.
- "Fertilizer Company Representative" means the plant manager of the Fertilizer Plant or such other person as is designated in writing by Fertilizer Company.
- "Fertilizer Plant Water Clarifier" means the Fertilizer Company's water clarifier and associated equipment as shown on Plot Plan A constituting a part of Exhibit A.
- "Fire Water" means the water and related systems to provide water for use in fire emergencies and the like, as such Fire Water is described in Exhibit B, all within the tolerances and in compliance with the specifications therein.
- "Force Majeure" means war (whether declared or undeclared); fire, flood, lightning, earthquake, storm, tornado, or any other act of God; strikes, lockouts or other labor difficulties; unplanned plant outages; civil disturbances, riot, sabotage, terrorist act, accident, any official order or directive, including with respect to condemnation, or industry-wide requirement by any governmental authority or instrumentality thereof, which, in the reasonable judgment of the Party affected, interferes with such Party's performance under this Agreement; any inability to secure necessary materials and/or services to perform under this Agreement, including, but not limited to, inability to secure materials and/or services by reason of allocations promulgated by governmental agencies; or any other contingency beyond the reasonable control of the affected Party, which interferes with such Party's performance under this Agreement.
 - "Gasification Unit" means that gasification unit shown on Plot Plan A constituting a part of Exhibit A hereto, including any additions or other modifications made thereto from time to time.
 - "Grounds" means the realty on which the Fertilizer Plant is situated, which Grounds are shown on Plot Plan A constituting a part of Exhibit A.
 - "High Pressure Steam" means steam described in Exhibit B under the heading "High Pressure Steam," all within the tolerances and in compliance with the specifications therein contained.
 - "Hydrogen" means hydrogen in its gaseous form, as described in Exhibit B hereto, all within the tolerances and in compliance with the specifications therein contained.

- "Instrument Air" means air produced by mechanical compression as described in Exhibit B, all within the tolerances and in compliance with the specifications therein contained.
- "Laws" means all applicable laws, regulations, permits, orders and decrees, including, without limitation, laws, regulations, permits, orders and decrees respecting health, safety and the environment.
- "Lease Agreement" means the Lease Agreement between the Parties dated as of October 25, 2007, as amended, restated, modified or replaced from time to time, relating to the lease of certain Refinery Company premises to Fertilizer Company.
 - "Linde" means Linde, Inc., a Delaware corporation.
- "Linde Agreement" means that certain Amended and Restated On-Site Project Supply Agreement between Fertilizer Company and Linde (as successor in interest to The BOC Group, Inc.), dated as of June 1, 2005, as a monded
- "Linde Facility" means the plant for the production of certain products and argon, including metering and related facilities, together with an inter-connected liquid nitrogen product storage vessel and vaporization equipment, as shown on Exhibit A hereto, all connected to the pipelines owned by Linde, including any additions or other modifications made thereto from time to time.
 - "mlbs" means one thousand pounds.
 - "MMBtu" means one million British thermal units.
 - "mmscf" means one million scf.
 - "mscf" means one thousand scf.
 - "Nitrogen" means nitrogen in its gaseous form, as described in Exhibit B hereto, all within the tolerances and in compliance with the specifications therein contained.
- "Offsite Sulfur Recovery Unit" means that sulfur processing facility owned and operated by TKI pursuant to the TKI Phase II Agreement, which Offsite Sulfur Recovery Unit is shown on Plot Plan A constituting a part of Exhibit A hereto, including any additions or other modifications made thereto from time to time.
 - "Owner" means Fertilizer Company or Refinery Company, as the context requires.
 - "Oxygen" means oxygen in its gaseous form, as described in Exhibit B hereto, all within the tolerances and in compliance with the specifications therein contained.
 - "Party" and "Parties" means the parties to this Agreement.
 - "Person" means and includes natural persons, corporations, limited partners, general partnerships, limited liability companies, limited liability partnerships, joint stock companies,

joint ventures, associations, companies, trusts, banks, trust companies, land trusts, business trusts or other organizations, whether or not legal entities.

- "PPM" means parts per million.
- "Prime Rate" means the prime interest rate as published from time to time in The Wall Street Journal as the base lending rate on corporate loans posted by at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the thirty (30) largest United States banks.
 - "psi" means pounds per square inch.
 - "psig" means pounds per square inch gauge.
- "Raw Water and Facilities Sharing Agreement" means the Raw Water and Facilities Sharing Agreement between the Parties dated as of October 25, 2007, as amended, restated, modified or replaced from time to time.
 - "Refinery" has the meaning given such term in the Recitals hereto.
 - "Refinery Company" has the meaning given such term in the introductory paragraph.
 - "Refinery Water Clarifier" means the Refinery Company's water clarifier and associated equipment.
- "Refinery Company Representative" means the plant manager of the Refinery Company or such other person as is designated in writing by Refinery Company.
- "scf" means standard cubic feet at 60°F and at atmospheric pressure equal to 29.92 inches of mercury absolute, measured by standard sharp edge orifice plate and differential pressure transmitters located at the Fertilizer Plant. The measured flow shall be pressure and temperature compensated and totalized by the Fertilizer Plant's Honeywell process control computer (TDC 3000) or any replacement computer. All transmitter signals and computer calculations are available to the Refinery through the existing communications bus for verification. Calibration of the transmitters shall be done at least annually and may be done more frequently at Refinery Company's request.
- "Security Contract" means any agreement for security services to which Refinery Company is a party pursuant to which security services are provided on the Refinery premises and environs and on the Fertilizer Plant premises and environs.
 - "Services" means the services described as such on Exhibit B.
 - "Sour Water" means the process stream described on Exhibit B that meets the tolerances and specifications therein contained.
 - "ST" means short tons.
 - "STPD" means short tons per day.

- "Tail Gas" means tail gas described in Exhibit B under the heading "Tail Gas," all within the tolerances and in compliance with the specifications therein contained.
- "TKI" means Tessenderlo Kerley, Inc.
- "TKI General Plant and Labor Costs" means (i) the costs incurred and appropriately billed to Refinery Company pursuant to the TKI Phase I Agreement and (ii) the costs incurred and appropriately billed to Fertilizer Company pursuant to the TKI Phase II Agreement.
 - "TKI Phase I Agreement" means the Amended and Restated Phase I Sulfur Processing Agreement, dated June 28, 2009, between Refinery Company and TKI, as amended from time to time.
 - "TKI Phase I Unit" means the sulfur processing facility owned and operated by TKI pursuant to the TKI Phase I Agreement.
 - "TKI Phase II Agreement" means the Amended and Restated Phase II Sulfur Processing Agreement, dated June 28, 2009, between Fertilizer Company and TKI, , as amended from time to time.
- "Transfer" means the sale, exchange, gift or other assignment of rights or interests, whether by specific assignment, merger, consolidation, entity conversion or other disposition, but not including any bona fide pledge or assignment for collateral purpose in connection with any financing.
 - "UAN Plant" means the urea ammonium nitrate plant shown on Exhibit A hereto, including any additions or other modifications made thereto from time to time.
- "UAN Price" means the price for 32% urea ammonium nitrate determined for a particular month as follows: The price per short ton of 32% urea ammonium nitrate shall be the average of (i) the average of the price range published in each weekly issue of "Green Markets" under the heading of "UAN" for "Mid Cornbelt" averaged over such weekly issues published in the applicable calendar month and then multiplied by thirty-two (32), and (ii) the average of the price range published in each weekly issue of "Fertilizer Week America" under the heading of "UAN" for "FOB Midwest" averaged over such weekly issue spublished in the applicable calendar month. In the event that either of the aforesaid publications ceases to be published, then the price per short ton of 32% urea ammonium nitrate shall be determined by reference to the publication that does not cease publication, using the average price range as provided for above. In the event that both of the aforesaid publications cease to be published, then the price per short ton of 32% urea ammonium nitrate shall be determined by reference to such generally accepted industry publication as Fertilizer Company may designate with the consent of the Refinery Company, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed.
 - "Utility Facilities" mean the utility facilities shown on Exhibit A hereto, including any additions or other modifications made thereto from time to time.

ARTICLE 2

FEEDSTOCK AND SHARED SERVICES

Section 2.1 Steam.

2.1.1 Refinery Steam Obligations

(a) <u>Start-up Steam</u>. Refinery Company shall, upon reasonable request by the Fertilizer Company, make available to Fertilizer Company High Pressure Steam at a cost to Fertilizer Company as designated on <u>Exhibit B</u> hereto, at sufficient pressure and in sufficient amounts, to allow Fertilizer Company to commence and recommence operation of the Fertilizer Plant from time to time at Fertilizer Company's request. The parties anticipate that commencement and/or recommencement of Fertilizer Plant operations will require approximately 75,000 pounds per hour of High Pressure Steam. For purposes of this Subsection 2.1.1(a), such High Pressure Steam shall be referred to as "Start-Up Steam." Refinery Company shall use commercially reasonable efforts to make available Start-Up Steam when requested by Fertilizer Company; provided that Refinery Company shall not be obligated to make available Start-Up Steam hereunder if doing so would have a material adverse effect on Refinery operations. Fertilizer Company shall provide reasonable notice to Refinery Company of the approximate time and date of each of its requirements for Start-Up Steam.

(b) <u>Linde Steam</u>. Refinery Company shall make commercially reasonable efforts as its operations permit, at a cost to Fertilizer Company as set forth in <u>Exhibit B</u>, to make available High Pressure Steam produced at the Refinery to the Fertilizer Company, solely for use at the Linde Facility. Fertilizer Company shall provide reasonable notice to Refinery Company of the approximate time and date of each of its requirements for High Pressure Steam under this subsection 2.1.1(b); provided that Refinery Company shall not be obligated to make available High Pressure Steam hereunder if doing so would have a material adverse effect on Refinery operations.

2.1.2 Fertilizer Plant Steam Obligations

Fertilizer Company shall make available at a cost to Refinery Company as set forth in Exhibit B, solely for use at the Refinery, any High Pressure Steam produced by the Fertilizer Plant that is not required for the operation of the Fertilizer Plant, following reasonable notice from Refinery Company requesting such steam.

2.1.3 Mutual Steam Obligations

(a) <u>Low Pressure Steam</u>. Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company may supply each other any steam (other than High Pressure Steam) produced by either of their respective operations, which is not required by such operation and is required for the other Party's operation, at no cost; provided, however, there shall be no obligation by either Party to supply any such steam and the Party requiring such steam shall give reasonable notice to the other Party of any request.

(b) <u>Steam Condensate</u>. Refinery Company shall retain all steam condensate for steam delivered to Refinery Company hereunder and Fertilizer Company shall retain all steam condensate for all steam delivered to Fertilizer Company hereunder.

Section 2.2 <u>Nitrogen</u>. Fertilizer Company shall make available to Refinery Company, solely for use at the Refinery, any Nitrogen produced by the Linde Facility and available to Fertilizer Company that is not required, as determined in a commercially reasonable manner by the Fertilizer Company based on its then current or anticipated operational requirements, for the operation of the Fertilizer Plant, following reasonable notice from Refinery Company requesting such Nitrogen, at a cost to Refinery Company as designated on <u>Exhibit B</u> hereto.

Section 2.3 Instrument Air

- (a) Fertilizer Company shall make available for purchase by Refinery Company, for use solely at the Refinery, Instrument Air at a flow rate of not less than 3mscf/minute to the extent produced by the Linde Facility and available to Fertilizer Company and not required, as determined in a commercially reasonable manner by the Fertilizer Company based on its then current or anticipated operational requirements, for the operation of the Fertilizer Plant, at a cost to Refinery Company as designated on Exhibit B hereto and following reasonable request and notice from Refinery Company.
- (b) Refinery Company shall make available for purchase by Fertilizer Company for use solely at the Fertilizer Plant, Instrument Air to the extent that Instrument Air is not available from the Linde Facility and is available from Refinery Company and not required, as determined in a commercially reasonable manner by the Refinery Company based on its then current or anticipated operational requirements, for the operation of the Refinery, at a flow rate of not less than 3 mscf/minute and at a cost to Fertilizer Company as designated on Exhibit B and following reasonable request and notice from the Fertilizer Company.
- (c) Either Fertilizer Company or Refinery Company may terminate its obligation to make Instrument Air available for purchase by the other party hereunder upon not less than twelve (12) months prior written notice to the other party.
- Section 2.4 Oxygen Supply to Refinery. Fertilizer Company shall provide to Refinery Company, solely for use at the Refinery, any Oxygen produced by the Linde Facility and made available to Fertilizer Company, as determined in a commercially reasonable manner by the Fertilizer Company not to exceed 29.8 STPD, based on its then current or anticipated operational requirements for the operation of the Fertilizer Plant, which Oxygen is not required for the operation of the Fertilizer Plant, following reasonable notice from Refinery Company requesting such Oxygen, at a cost to Refinery Company as designated on Exhibit B hereto.

Section 2.5 Coke Supply to Fertilizer Plant. The terms and conditions governing Refinery Company's sales of Coke to Fertilizer Company shall be set forth in the Coke Supply Agreement.

Section 2.6 Sulfur; TKI Agreements

(a) TKI Phase II Agreement. Refinery Company shall provide to TKI the utilities described in Section 2.6 of the TKI Phase II Agreement. Fertilizer Company shall reimburse Refinery Company for such utilities provided. Without limiting the foregoing, Fertilizer Company shall reimburse Refinery Company for electricity used by the Offsite Sulfur Recovery Unit as determined by the estimated electrical load of the Offsite Sulfur Recovery Unit, which

estimated electrical load is 1,051 kilowatts. The number of kilowatts provided for in the immediately preceding sentence will be multiplied by the average rate per kilowatt hour that the Refinery Company pays for electricity times the hours the Offsite Sulfur Recovery Unit is in operation in the calendar month for which such electricity reimbursement is being calculated. Refinery Company shall send a monthly invoice for such electricity cost as calculated in this Subsection along with Fertilizer Company's allocated share (as such allocation is reasonably agreed to by the Parties) of such other utilities provided by Refinery Company to TKI as required by the TKI Phase II Agreement. Fertilizer Company shall pay each such invoice within 15 days after receipt. Refinery Company shall receive, at no cost to either Owner, all return utility streams consisting primarily of low pressure steam (but excluding sulfur from the Offsite Sulfur Recovery Unit) and steam condensate under the TKI Phase II Agreement. Fertilizer Company shall not amend or terminate the TKI Phase II Agreement without the prior written consent of Refinery Company, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed. Refinery Company shall not amend or terminate the TKI Phase I Agreement without the prior written consent of Fertilizer Company, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed.

(b) <u>Cost Sharing</u>. The TKI General Plant and Labor Costs shall be shared equally by the Parties; provided, however, that in those instances where a particular cost can be reasonably determined to be associated with a particular Party, such Party shall bear such cost.

(c) <u>Sulfur to Block</u>. If at any time the pricing mechanisms for sulfur contained in <u>Section 8.1</u> of the TKI Phase II Agreement do not accurately reflect then current sulfur market conditions, resulting in Fertilizer Company retaining sulfur in lieu of selling such excess sulfur to TKI, then Refinery Company agrees to remove and take title to such sulfur in exchange for a fee payable by Fertilizer Company to Refinery Company of \$11.50 per long ton, with such fee representing the costs incurred by Refinery Company to transport and store sulfur to block. The foregoing fee may be adjusted from time to time by mutual agreement of the parties to take into account charges assessed by third parties for loading sulfur into equipment owned or controlled by Refinery Company, or other potential increases or decreases in charges.

Section 2.7 Water.

- (a) Raw Water. The allocation of raw water rights and obligations between the Fertilizer Company and the Refinery Company is provided in the Raw Water and Facilities Sharing Agreement.
- (b) <u>Sour Water</u>. Refinery Company shall receive and process, at no cost to Fertilizer Company, all of the Sour Water produced at the Fertilizer Plant which does not exceed the volume parameters set forth on <u>Exhibit B</u> hereto.
- (c) <u>Refinery Supply of Fire Water</u>. Refinery Company shall, at no cost or expense to Fertilizer Company, use reasonable efforts to keep and maintain its Fire Water systems, tanks, water inventory and equipment in such condition, repair and state of readiness so as to allow uninterrupted service to Fertilizer Company for use at the Fertilizer Plant and shall grant Fertilizer Company access to the Fire Water system for use of such system in conjunction with the Fire Water system of the Fertilizer Plant, for use in connection with Fertilizer Company's street sweeper and for use in washing down the Fertilizer Plant coke pad. The Refinery's Fire

Water system and the points of access by Fertilizer Company to the Fire Water system are shown on Plot Plan A which constitutes part of Exhibit A hereto. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Fertilizer Company acknowledges and agrees that Refinery Company shall not be liable for any damages incurred resulting from its failure or inability to provide Fire Water hereunder. If the Refinery Company should cease operations of the Refinery (including the Refinery Fire Water system), Refinery Company shall provide advance notice of such cessation of operations to Fertilizer Company and Fertilizer Company may, upon notice to Refinery Company, operate such Refinery Fire Water System, at the cost and expense of the Fertilizer Company and for the benefit of the Fertilizer Company for a period of up to two years.

Section 2.8 Security. Fertilizer Company agrees to pay its pro rata share (determined as provided in Exhibit B) of security services provided under the Security Contract upon receipt of an invoice from Refinery Company for such pro rata share, as provided in Exhibit B. Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company shall also cooperate in developing and administering a mutual security plan. Refinery Company may, upon six (6) months prior written notice to Fertilizer Company, require Fertilizer Company to enter into a separate agreement for security services and adopt and administer a security plan covering solely its premises. Fertilizer Company may, upon six (6) months prior written notice to Refinery Company, terminate taking security services from Refinery Company, whereupon at the end of such six (6) month period, Fertilizer Company may plan. Fertilizer Company for such security services and will adopt and administer its own security plan. Fertilizer Company acknowledges and agrees that Refinery Company shall not be liable to Fertilizer Company for any damages, losses or other liability arising, directly or indirectly, out of the services performed by any service provider engaged by Refinery Company to perform security services, or arising, directly or indirectly, out of any mutual security plan.

Section 2.9 Hydrogen Supply.

- (a) During the term of this Agreement:
- (i) Fertilizer Company agrees to provide to Refinery Company, upon reasonable request, up to 30 mmscfd of Hydrogen (the "Initial Requirement") during any ten (10) consecutive day period (an "Initial Requirement Period"), provided that:
 - (A) Fertilizer Company will not be obligated to provide any Hydrogen to Refinery Company unless such Hydrogen is not required, as determined in a commercially reasonable manner by the Fertilizer Company based on its then current or anticipated operational requirements, for the operation of the Fertilizer Plant and the board of directors of the general partner of CVR Partners, LP (the sole member of Fertilizer Company), determines in its sole discretion that such sale of Hydrogen would not adversely affect the classification of CVR Partners, LP as a partnership for federal income tax purposes;
 - (B) If Fertilizer Company provides any Initial Requirement to Refinery Company during an Initial Requirement Period, then Fertilizer Company shall have no obligation to provide any further Initial Requirement to Refinery Company for a period (the "Replenishment Period") of thirty (30) days following the last day of the most recent Initial Requirement Period during which any Initial Requirement was provided; and
 - (C) Refinery Company shall pay to Fertilizer Company the applicable price set forth on Exhibit B.
- (ii) To the extent that Fertilizer Company has for any Initial Requirement Period provided to Refinery Company all of the Initial Requirement that Fertilizer is required to provide pursuant to Section 2.9(a)(i), then, in addition to such Initial Requirement, Fertilizer Company agrees to provide, upon reasonable request, to Refinery Company during such Initial Requirement Period and related Replenishment Period up to an additional 30 mmscfd of Hydrogen (the "Additional Requirement"), provided that:
 - (A) Fertilizer Company will not be obligated to provide any Hydrogen to Refinery Company unless such Hydrogen is not required, as determined in a commercially reasonable manner by the Fertilizer Company based on its then current or anticipated operational requirements, for the operation of the Fertilizer Plant and the board of directors of the general partner of CVR Partners, LP (the sole member of Fertilizer Company), determines in its sole discretion that such sale of Hydrogen would not adversely affect the classification of CVR Partners, LP as a partnership for federal income tax purposes; and
 - (B) Refinery Company compensates Fertilizer Company at the Additional Requirement Price as provided in Exhibit B.

- (b) To the extent available to Refinery Company and not required, as determined in a commercially reasonable manner by the Refinery Company based on its then current or anticipated operational requirements, for the operation of the Refinery, Refinery Company agrees to provide Fertilizer Company with Hydrogen at the price set forth on Exhibit B.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) (b) above, sales of Hydrogen by Fertilizer Company to Refinery Company and by Refinery Company to Fertilizer Company will be netted against each other on a monthly basis. To the extent a party sells more Hydrogen to the other party than purchased from such party in any given month, then such party will be paid for such Hydrogen pursuant to the prices set forth on Exhibit B.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) (c) above, Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company may purchase Hydrogen from the other party upon such terms and conditions as the parties mutually agree upon in writing from time to time with respect to any single purchase, any series of purchases, or otherwise.

Section 2.10 Natural Gas. Refinery Company is a party to a "Sales and Transportation Service Agreement" dated August 27, 1992 with United Cities Gas Company (now Atmos Energy), and the City of Coffeyville ("Gas Contract") pursuant to which natural gas is transported to the Refinery and the Fertilizer Plant. Refinery Company will nominate and purchase natural gas transportation and natural gas supplies for the Fertilizer Company and Fertilizer Company agrees to coordinate with Refinery Company with respect to such nominations and to provide Refinery Company timely information regarding Fertilizer Company's requirements for natural gas supplies. Refinery Company shall provide Fertilizer Company with an invoice for natural gas supply and transportation services received by Fertilizer Company promptly following Refinery Company's receipt of invoices from Atmos Energy (or Refinery Company's then-current natural gas transportation provider(s)), any relevant interstate natural gas pipeline and the then current natural gas supplier(s).

At the request of either Fertilizer Company or Refinery Company, the Parties agree to use their commercially reasonable efforts to (i) add Fertilizer Company as a party to the Gas Contract or to reach some other mutually acceptable accommodation with Atmos (including, but not limited to separate natural gas transportation agreements) whereby both Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company would each be able to receive, on an individual basis, natural gas transportation service from Atmos on similar terms and conditions as are currently set forth in the Gas Contract; and (ii) separate natural gas purchasing so that the Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company would each purchase for their own account the natural gas supplies to be delivered to the Refinery and Fertilizer Plant respectively.

Section 2.11 <u>Railroad Tracks</u>. Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company currently share rail services on railroad tracks that traverse the Refinery premises in part and the Fertilizer Plant premises in part, some of which railroad tracks are owned by Union Pacific and operated by South Kansas & Oklahoma Railroad, Inc., or their successors ("Main Tracks"), some of which railroad tracks are owned and operated by Refinery Company ("Refinery Tracks"), and some of which railroad tracks are owned and operated by Fertilizer Company ("Fertilizer")

Tracks"). The Parties agree to coordinate and cooperate to ensure that each Party has access to the Main Tracks, the Refinery Tracks, and the Fertilizer Tracks for the receipt of Feedstocks and delivery out of products, and to pay a mutually agreed prorated share of the costs and expense of maintaining such railroad tracks based upon an approximation of actual use. Each Party shall use its best commercially reasonable efforts to move railroad cars from the Main Tracks to the Refinery Tracks or the Fertilizer Tracks as soon as possible following arrival of such railroad cars. Each Party shall utilize such Party's own railroad sidings for the loading and unloading of any products or other items by such Party. Railroad track sharing between the Parties shall also be subject to and in accordance with the railroad trackage easements provided for in the Easement Agreement.

Section 2.12 <u>South Administration Building, Laboratory Building, and Oil Storage Building Use and Occupancy</u>. The Refinery Company will allow the Fertilizer Company to occupy a portion of the buildings known on the date hereof as the "South Administration Building," the "Laboratory Building," and the Oil Storage Building for, without limitation, purposes of office space, maintenance space, storage and laboratory space therein, as more specifically provided in the Lease Agreement.

Section 2.13 <u>Tank Capacity</u>. To the extent available, Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company agree to provide the other party with finished product tank capacity from time to time. The terms under which such tank capacity will be provided, including the fee, term and tank designation will be mutually agreed upon by the parties.

Section 2.14 Tail Gas. Fertilizer Company will make available to Refinery Company, solely for use at the Refinery, Tail Gas at a cost to Refinery Company as designated on Exhibit B hereto.

ARTICLE 3

TERM

Section 3.1 <u>Term</u>. This Agreement shall be for an initial term of twenty (20) years. The term of this Agreement shall be automatically extended following the initial term for additional successive five (5) year renewal periods, unless either party gives notice to the other party, not less than three (3) years prior to the date that any such renewal period would commence, that such party does not desire to extend and renew the term of this Agreement, in which event this Agreement shall terminate upon the expiration of the term in which the notice of nonrenewal is given.

Section 3.2 <u>Termination</u>. Notwithstanding Section 3.1, this Agreement may be terminated by mutual agreement of the Parties. This Agreement may also be terminated as follows:

(a) This Agreement may be terminated by one Party (the "*Terminating Party*") upon notice to the other Party (the "*Breaching Party*"), following the occurrence of an Event of Breach with respect to the Breaching Party. For purposes hereof, an "Event of Breach" shall occur when both of the following exist: (i) a breach of this Agreement by the Breaching Party

has not been cured by such Breaching Party within thirty (30) days after receipt of written notice thereof from the Terminating Party or, in the case of a breach that is not reasonably feasible to effect a cure within said 30-day period, within ninety (90) days after such receipt provided that the Breaching Party diligently prosecutes the cure of such breach; and (ii) the breach materially and adversely affects the ability of the Terminating Party to operate its Refinery or its Fertilizer Plant, as the case may be.

- (b) This Agreement may be terminated by the Refinery Company effective as of the permanent termination of substantially all of the operations at the Refinery (with no intent by Refinery Company or its successor to recommence operations at the Refinery); provided, however, that notice of such permanent termination of operations shall be provided by the Refinery Company to Fertilizer Company at least twelve (12) months prior to such permanent termination.
- (c) This Agreement may be terminated by the Fertilizer Company effective as of the permanent termination of substantially all of the fertilizer production operations at the Fertilizer Plant (with no intent by Fertilizer Company or its successor to recommence operations at the Fertilizer Plant); provided, however, that notice of such permanent termination of operations shall be provided by the Fertilizer Company to Refinery Company at least twelve (12) months prior to such permanent termination.
- (d) This Agreement may be terminated by one Party upon notice to the other Party following (i) the appointment of a receiver for such other Party or any part of its property, (ii) a general assignment by such other Party for the benefit of creditors of such other Party, or (iii) the commencement of a proceeding under any bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, arrangement or other law relating to the relief of debtors by or against such other Party; provided, however, that if any such appointment or proceeding is initiated without the consent or application of such other Party, such appointment or proceeding shall not constitute a termination event under this Agreement until the same shall have remained in effect for sixty (60) days.

Section 3.3 Effects of Expiration or Termination. Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company agree that upon and after expiration or termination of this Agreement:

- (a) Each Party will remain obligated to make any payment due to the other Party hereunder for any Feedstock or Service delivered to or purchased by such Party prior to termination.
- (b) Liabilities of any Party arising from any act, breach or occurrence prior to termination will remain with such Party.
- (c) The Parties' rights and obligations under Sections 10.1 and 10.6 and ARTICLES 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12 and 15 and the second paragraph of Section 2.10 will survive the expiration or termination of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 4

PAYMENT

Section 4.1 <u>Payment</u>. Any amount payable hereunder shall be represented by an invoice therefor provided by the Party to receive said payment to the other Party. All such invoices shall be submitted weekly (or on such other periodic basis as the Parties may agree to in writing from time to time with respect to any particular Feedstock or Service) and set forth sufficient detail to reflect the determination of the amount payable hereunder. Unless otherwise indicated, all such invoices will be due net fifteen (15) days. The Parties shall make payment in full of the amount due under each invoice in strict compliance with the payment terms as set forth in this Agreement without any deduction for any discount or credits, contra or setoffs of any kind or amount whatsoever unless expressly authorized in writing by each Party prior to the payment date relating to such invoice(s), and except that each Party shall be entitled to offset, against any amount payable by such Party to the other Party for Feedstocks or Services hereunder or for Coke under the Coke Supply Agreement, any amounts payable from such other Party for Feedstocks or Services hereunder.

Section 4.2 <u>Delinquencies</u>. To the extent any amount payable under this Agreement is not paid when due, then in addition to the amount payable and in addition to all other available rights and remedies, the applicable Party also shall be obligated to pay interest on such amount payable from and after the due date for such payment until such payment is made at a rate of interest per annum equal to three percent (3%) above the Prime Rate (the "*Late Payment Rate*").

ARTICLE 5

DISPUTES

Section 5.1 Resolution of Disputes. The Parties shall in good faith attempt to resolve promptly and amicably any dispute between the Parties arising out of or relating to this Agreement (each a "Dispute") pursuant to this Article 5. The Parties shall first submit the Dispute to the Fertilizer Company Representative and the Refinery Company Representative, who shall then meet within fifteen (15) days to resolve the Dispute. If the Dispute has not been resolved within forty-five (45) days after the submission of the Dispute to the Fertilizer Company Representative and the Refinery Company Representative, the Dispute shall be submitted to a mutually agreed non-binding mediation. The costs and expenses of the mediator shall be borne equally by the Parties, and the Parties shall pay their own respective attorneys' fees and other costs. If the Dispute is not resolved by mediation within ninety (90) days after the Dispute is first submitted to the Refinery Company Representative and the Fertilizer Company Representative as provided above, then the Parties may exercise all available remedies.

Section 5.2 <u>Multi-Party Disputes</u>. The Parties acknowledge that they or their respective affiliates contemplate entering or have entered into various additional agreements with third parties that relate to the subject matter of this Agreement and that, as a consequence, Disputes may arise hereunder that involve such third parties (each a "*Multi-Party Dispute*"). Accordingly, the Parties agree, with the consent of such third parties, that any such Multi-Party

Dispute, to the extent feasible, shall be resolved by and among all the interested parties consistent with the provisions of this Article 5.

ARTICLE 6

INDEMNIFICATION

Section 6.1 <u>Indemnification Obligations</u>. Each of the Parties (each, an "Indemnitor") shall indemnity, defend and hold the other Party and its respective officers, directors, members, managers and employees (each, an "Indemnitee") harmless from and against all liabilities, obligations, claims, losses, damages, penalties, deficiencies, causes of action, costs and expenses, including, without limitation, attorneys' fees and expenses (collectively, "Losses") imposed upon, incurred by or asserted against the person seeking indemnification that are caused by, are attributable to, result from or arise out of the breach of this Agreement by the Indemnitor or the negligence or willful misconduct of the Indemnitor, or of any officers, directors, members, managers, employees, agents, contractors and/or subcontractors acting for or on behalf of the Indemnitor. Any indemnification obligation pursuant to this Article 6 with respect to any particular Losses shall be reduced by all amounts actually recovered by the Indemnitee from third parties, or from applicable insurance coverage, with respect to such Losses. Upon making any payment to any Indemnitee, the Indemnitor shall be subrogated to all rights of the Indemnitee against any third party in respect of the Losses to which such payment relates, and such Indemnitee shall execute upon request all instruments reasonably necessary to evidence and perfect such subrogation rights. If the Indemnitee receives any amounts from any third party or under applicable insurance coverage subsequent to an indemnification payment by the Indemnitor, then such Indemnitee shall promptly reimburse the Indemnitor for any payment made or expense incurred by such Indemnitee in collecting such amount.

Section 6.2 <u>Indemnification Procedures</u>.

- (a) Promptly after receipt by an Indemnitee of notice of the commencement of any action that may result in a claim for indemnification pursuant to this Article 6, the Indemnitee shall notify the Indemnitor in writing within 30 days thereafter; provided, however, that any omission to so notify the Indemnitor will not relieve it of any liability for indemnification hereunder as to the particular item for which indemnification may then be sought (except to the extent that the failure to give notice shall have been materially prejudicial to the Indemnitor) nor from any other liability that it may have to any Indemnitee. The Indemnitor shall have the right to assume sole and exclusive control of the defense of any claim for indemnification pursuant to this Article 6, including the choice and direction of any legal counsel.
- (b) An Indemnitee shall have the right to engage separate legal counsel in any action as to which indemnification may be sought under any provision of this Agreement and to participate in the defense thereof, but the fees and expenses of such counsel shall be at the expense of such Indemnitee unless (i) the Indemnitor has agreed in writing to pay such fees and expenses, (ii) the Indemnitor has failed to assume the defense thereof and engage legal counsel within a reasonable period of time after being given the notice required above, or (iii) the

Indemnitee shall have been advised by its legal counsel that representation of such Indemnitee and other parties by the same legal counsel would be inappropriate under applicable standards of professional conduct (whether or not such representation by the same legal counsel has been proposed) due to actual or potential conflicts of interests between them. It is understood, however, that to the extent more than one Indemnitee is entitled to engage separate legal counsel at the Indemnitor's expense pursuant to clause (iii) above, the Indemnitor shall, in connection with any one such action or separate but substantially similar or related actions it has ame jurisdiction arising out of the same general allegations or circumstances, be liable for the reasonable fees and expenses of only one separate firm of attorneys at any time for all such Indemnitees having the same or substantially similar claims against the Indemnitor, unless but only to the extent the Indemnitees have actual or potential conflicting interests with each other.

(c) The Indemnitor shall not be liable for any settlement of any action effected without its written consent, but if settled with such written consent, or if there is a final judgment against the Indemnitee in any such action, the Indemnitor agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the Indemnitee to the extent provided above from and against any loss, claim, damage, liability or expense by reason of such settlement or judgment.

ARTICLE 7

ASSIGNMENT

This Agreement shall extend to and be binding upon the Parties hereto, their successors and permitted assigns. Either Party may assign its rights and obligations hereunder solely (i) to an affiliate under common control with the assigning Party, provided that any such assignment shall require the prior written consent of the other Party hereto (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed), and provided that the applicable assignment each Party agrees (x) to cooperate with the lenders in connection with the execution and delivery of a customary form of lender consent to assignment of contract rights and (y) any delay or other inability of a Party to timely perform hereunder due to a restriction imposed under the applicable credit agreement or any collateral document in connection therewith shall not constitute a breach hereunder. In addition, each Party agrees that it will assign its rights and obligations hereunder to a transferre acquiring all or substantially all of the equity in or assets of the assigning Party related to the Refinery or Fertilizer Plant (as applicable), which transferee must be approved in writing by the non-assigning Party (such approval not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed) and must agree in writing (with the non-assigning Party) to be fully bound hereby.

ARTICLE 8

GOVERNING LAW AND VENUE

THIS AGREEMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF KANSAS WITHOUT REGARD TO THE CONFLICT OF LAWS PRINCIPLES OF SAID STATE. THE PARTIES AGREE THAT

ANY ACTION BROUGHT IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT MAY BE MAINTAINED IN ANY COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION LOCATED IN THE STATE OF KANSAS, AND EACH PARTY AGREES TO SUBMIT PERSONALLY TO THE JURISDICTION OF ANY SUCH COURT AND HEREBY WAIVES THE DEFENSES OF FORUM NON-CONVENIENS OR IMPROPER VENUE WITH RESPECT TO ANY ACTION BROUGHT IN ANY SUCH COURT IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT.

ARTICLE 9

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

In no event, whether based on contract, indemnity, warranty, tort (including negligence), strict liability or otherwise, shall either Party, its employees, suppliers or subcontractors, be liable for loss of profits or revenue or special, incidental, exemplary, punitive or consequential damages; provided, however, that the foregoing limitation shall not preclude recourse to any insurance coverage maintained by the Parties pursuant to the requirements of this Agreement or otherwise.

ARTICLE 10

OPERATION OF FERTILIZER PLANT AND REFINERY

Section 10.1 <u>Cooperation</u>. Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company shall cause their respective personnel located at the Refinery and the Fertilizer Plant to fully cooperate with, and comply with the reasonable requests of, the other Party and its employees, agents and contractors to support such other Party's operations in a safe and efficient manner; provided, however, that nothing in this Section 10.1 shall require the expenditure of any monies other than may otherwise be required elsewhere in this Agreement. In addition, the Parties agree to (i) meet promptly following the request by either Party to develop a long term plan for the bifurcation of those properties and services that one Party or the other deems appropriate to bifurcate and (ii) cooperate fully with each other to implement such plan in an expeditious and cost effective manner. The costs of implementing any such program, such as costs and expense of negotiating with contract counterparties and legal fees, shall be borne equally unless otherwise agreed.

Section 10.2 <u>Fertilizer Plant Operations</u>. Subject to the express obligations of the Parties under this Agreement, no provision of this Agreement is intended as, or shall be construed to be, any agreement on the part of Fertilizer Company to operate the Fertilizer Plant in any particular manner or to continue operations at the Fertilizer Plant, all in its sole discretion; provided, however, that prior notice of any permanent termination of operations shall be provided by Fertilizer Company to the Refinery Company pursuant to Section 3.2(c).

Section 10.3 <u>Refinery Operations</u>. Subject to the express obligations of the Parties under this Agreement, no provision of this Agreement is intended as, or shall be construed to be, any agreement on the part of Refinery Company to operate the Refinery in any particular manner or to continue operations at the Refinery, all in its sole discretion; provided, however, that prior notice of any permanent termination of operations shall be provided by Refinery Company to the Fertilizer Company pursuant to Section 3.2(b).

Section 10.4 Suspension of Services.

- (a) <u>Temporary Suspension of Feedstock or Services for Repairs/Maintenance</u>. The provision of one or more of the Feedstocks or Services by the Parties may be temporarily suspended for such periods of time as are necessary to carry out scheduled or unscheduled maintenance or necessary repairs or improvements to the Refinery or the Fertilizer Plant, as the case may be (each, a "Temporary Service Suspension"). In connection with any such Temporary Service Suspension, Refinery Company or Fertilizer Company (as applicable) may elect to reduce, interrupt, allocate, alter or change the Feedstock or Services that it is required to provide hereunder, provided that, except in the case of emergencies, the applicable Party shall deliver not less than thirty (30) days prior written notice to the other Party of any planned Temporary Service Suspension, including relevant details relating to the proposed reduction, interruption, allocation, alteration or change in the Feedstock or Services as a result of the Temporary Service Suspension. Upon the occurrence and during the continuation of Temporary Service Suspension, the parties shall cooperate to attempt to arrange for Feedstock or Services to be furnished to the other Party in an alternate manner or by a third party acceptable to affected Party, to minimize or reduce the effect of such Temporary Service Suspension on the applicable Party's operations.
- (b) <u>Emergency Repairs</u>. The Parties shall provide notice to the other as soon as reasonably possible (and in any event within twenty-four (24) hours) in the event of any emergency repair or unplanned required maintenance that is affecting or will affect provision of the Services. Each Party shall use commercially reasonable efforts to complete any such emergency repairs in a timely manner and to resume the provision of such Service as soon as practicable.

Section 10.5 <u>Priority Supply</u>. Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company shall each have priority over third parties with respect to any Feedstocks and Services to be made available to such Party (the "Receiving Party") by the other Party (the "Supplying Party") under this Agreement, provided that, to the extent that purchase of any particular Feedstock or Service by a Receiving Party is discretionary on the part of the Receiving Party and the Receiving Party has not purchased from the Supplying Party the quantity of the Feedstock or Service that is presently available from the Supplying Party may offer and sell such available Feedstock or Service to a third party so long as the Supplying Party first gives to the Receiving Party written notice of such prospective offer and sale and the option to purchase such Feedstock or Service on the terms provided in this Agreement with respect to such available Feedstock or Service, provided that the Receiving Party exercises such option by written notice to the Supplying Party within five (5) days following the date Supplying Party gives its written notice to Receiving Party with respect to the available Feedstock or Service.

Section 10.6 <u>Audit and Inspection Rights</u>. Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company shall each ("Requesting Party") have the right, upon reasonable written notice to the other Party ("Other Party"), to audit, examine and inspect, at reasonable times and locations, all documentation, records, equipment, facilities, and other items owned or under the control of the Other Party that are reasonably related to the Feedstocks and Services provided for under this Agreement, solely for the purpose of confirming the measurement or pricing of, or tolerances or

specifications of, any Feedstocks or Services, confirming compliance and performance by the Other Party, or exercising any rights of the Requesting Party, under this Agreement.

Section 10.7 <u>Upgrade Costs</u>. In the event that either Refinery Company or Fertilizer Company ("Requiring Company") requires that any capital or other upgrades be made by the other Party ("Upgrading Party") to any of the Upgrading Party's equipment or other facilities in connection with the provision of any Feedstock or Services under this Agreement, the Upgrading Party shall cooperate in implementing any such upgrades, provided that: (a) such upgrade does not adversely affect in a material respect the Upgrading Party's facilities or operations, and (b) the Requiring Party pays (on terms and conditions acceptable to the Upgrading Party) any and all costs of implementing such upgrade, and any increase in ongoing costs to the Upgrading Party (including without limitation the costs of insurance, licenses, maintenance, permits, repairs, replacements, and taxes).

Section 10.8 <u>Successor Third Party Agreements</u>. In the event that any of the Linde Agreement, TKI Phase I Agreement, TKI Phase II Agreement, Gas Contract, or any other agreement with or between any third parties that relates to any Feedstock or Services referred to in this Agreement, terminates prior to the termination of this Agreement, the parties shall in good faith cooperate to replace any such agreements with successor agreements with commercially similar terms, in which case reference herein to the terminated third party agreement shall be deemed a reference to the applicable successor agreement. In the event that such a successor agreement is not entered into or is entered into on terms that are not commercially similar, then the parties will negotiate in good faith to determine the terms and conditions, if any, that are commercially practicable for the applicable Feedstock or Services to be furnished by one party to the other.

ARTICLE 11 NOTICES

Any notice, request, correspondence, information, consent or other communication to any of the Parties required or permitted under this Agreement shall be in writing (including telex, telecopy, or facsimile), shall be given by personal service or by telex, telecopy, facsimile, overnight courier service, or certified mail with postage prepaid, return receipt requested, and properly addressed to such Party and shall be effective upon receipt. For purposes hereof the proper address of the Parties shall be the address stated beneath the corresponding Party's name below, or at the most recent address given to the other Parties hereto by notice in

If to Refinery Company, to:

Coffeyville Resources
Refining & Marketing, LLC
400 N. Linden St., P.O. Box 1566
Coffeyville, Kansas 67337
Attention: Executive Vice President,
Refining Operations
Facsimile: (620) 251-1456

With a copy to:

Edmund S. Gross, Senior Vice President and General Counsel CVR Energy, Inc. 10 E. Cambridge Circle, Ste. 250 Kansas City, Kansas 66103 Facsimile: (913) 982-5651 If to Fertilizer Company, to:

Coffeyville Resources
Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC
701 E. Martin St., P.O. Box 5000
Coffeyville, Kansas 67337
Attention: Executive Vice President and
Fertilizer General Manager
Facsimile: (620) 252-4357

With a copy to:

Edmund S. Gross, Senior Vice President and General Counsel CVR Energy, Inc. 10 E. Cambridge Circle, Ste. 250 Kansas City, Kansas 66103 Facsimile: (913) 982-5651

or such other address(es) as either Party designates by registered or certified mail addressed to the other Party.

ARTICLE 12 EXHIBITS

All of the Exhibits attached hereto are incorporated herein and made a part of this Agreement by reference thereto.

ARTICLE 13

FORCE MAJEURE

Neither Party shall be liable to the other for failure of or delay in performance hereunder (except for the payment of amounts due for Feedstocks or Services hereunder) to the extent that the failure or delay is due to Force Majeure. Performance under this Agreement shall be suspended (except for the payment of amounts due for Feedstocks or Services hereunder) during the period of Force Majeure to the extent made necessary by the Force Majeure. No failure of or delay in performance pursuant to this Article 13 shall operate to extend the term of this Agreement. Performance under this Agreement shall resume to the extent made possible by the end or amelioration of the Force Majeure event.

Upon the occurrence of any event of Force Majeure, the Party claiming Force Majeure shall notify the other Party promptly in writing of such event and, to the extent possible, inform the other Party of the expected duration of the Force Majeure event and the performance to be affected by the event of Force Majeure under this Agreement. Each Party shall designate a person with the power to represent such Party with respect to the event of Force Majeure. The Party claiming Force Majeure shall use commercially reasonable efforts, in cooperation with the other Party and such Party's designee, to diligently and expeditiously end or ameliorate the Force Majeure event. In this regard, the Parties shall confer and cooperate with one another in determining the most cost-effective and appropriate action to be taken. If the Parties are unable to agree upon such determination, the matter shall be determined by dispute resolution in accordance with Article 5.

ARTICLE 14

INSURANCE

Section 14.1 Minimum Insurance. During the term of this Agreement, Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company shall each carry the minimum insurance described below.

- (a) Workers' compensation with no less than the minimum limits as required by applicable law.
- (b) Employer's liability insurance with not less than the following minimum limits:
 - (i) Bodily injury by accident \$1,000,000 each accident;
 - (ii) Bodily injury by disease \$1,000,000 each employee; and
 - (iii) Bodily injury by disease \$1,000,000 policy limit.
- (c) Commercial general liability insurance on ISO form CG 00 01 10 93 or an equivalent form covering liability from premises, operations, independent contractor, property damage, bodily injury, personal injury, products, completed operations and liability assumed under an insured contract, all on an occurrence basis, with limits of liability of not less than \$1,000,000 combined single limits.
- (d) Automobile liability insurance, on each and every unit of automobile equipment, whether owned, non-owned, hired, operated, or used by Refinery Company or Fertilizer Company or their employees, agents, contractors and/or their subcontractors covering injury, including death, and property damage, in an amount of not less than \$1,000,000 per accident.
 - (e) Umbrella or excess liability insurance in the amount of \$10,000,000 covering the risks and in excess of the limits set for in subsections 14(b), (c) and (d) above.

Section 14.2 <u>Additional Insurance Requirements</u>. Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company shall each abide by the following additional insurance requirements with respect to all insurance policies required by Section 14.1, as follows:

(a) All insurance policies purchased and maintained in compliance with subsection 14.1(c), (d) and (e) above by one party (the "Insuring Party"), as well as any other excess and/or umbrella insurance policies maintained by the Insuring Party, shall name the other party and their collective directors, officers, partners, members, managers, general partners, agents, and employees as additional insureds, with respect to any claims related to losses caused by the Insuring Party's business activities or premises. Those policies referred to in subsection 14.1(c) shall be endorsed to provide that the coverage provided by the Insuring Party's insurance carriers shall always be primary coverage and non-contributing with respect to any insurance carried by the other Party with respect to any claims related to liability or losses caused by the Insuring Party's business activities or premises.

- (b) Those policies referred to in Section 14.1, and in subsection 14.2(e), shall be endorsed to provide that underwriters and insurance companies of each of Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company shall not have any right of subrogation against the other Party or any of such other Party's directors, officers, members, managers, general partners, agents, employees, contractors, subcontractors, or insurers.
- (c) Those policies referred to in subsection 14.1 shall be endorsed to provide that 30 days prior written notice shall be given to the other Party in the event of cancellation, no-payment of premium, or material change in the policies.
- (d) Each of Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company shall furnish the other, prior to the commencement of any operations under this Agreement, with a certificate or certificates, properly executed by its insurance carrier(s), showing all the insurance described in subsection 14.1 to be in full force and effect.
 - (e) The Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company shall each be responsible for its own property and business interruption insurance.
- (f) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Parties acknowledge and agree that the insurance required by this Agreement may be purchased and maintained jointly by the Parties or their affiliates. If such insurance is purchased and maintained jointly and each Party is a named insured thereunder, then the requirements of Section 14.2(a)-(e) will be deemed waived by the Parties.

ARTICLE 15

MISCELLANEOUS

Section 15.1 Confidentiality.

(a) During the course of the Parties' performance hereunder, the Parties acknowledge and agree that each of them may receive or have access to confidential information of the other Party ("Confidential Information"). "Confidential Information" of a Party ("First Party") shall include any and all information relating to its business, including, but not limited to, inventions, concepts, designs, processes, specifications, schematics, equipment, reaction mechanisms, processing techniques, formulations, chemical compositions, technical information, drawings, diagrams, software (including source code), hardware, control systems, research, test results, plant layout, feasibility studies, procedures or standards, know-how, manuals, patent information, the identity of or information concerning current and prospective customers, suppliers, consultants, licensees, contractors, subcontractors, subcontractors, subcontractors, marketing plans, or other information relating to its business activities or operations and those of its affiliates, customers, suppliers, consultants, licensors, contractors, agents and/or any others to whom such First Party owes a duty of confidentiality, which (i) is identified in writing as "Confidential," "Restricted," "Proprietary Information" or other similar marking, or (ii) is known by the other Party (the "Second Party") to be considered confidential or proprietary, or (iii) should be known or understood to be confidential or proprietary by an individual exercising reasonable commercial judgment in the circumstances.

(b) Confidential Information of a First Party does not include information to the extent such information: (i) is or becomes generally available to and/or known by the public through no fault of the Second Party, or (ii) is or becomes generally available to the Second Party on a non-confidential basis from a source other than the First Party or its representatives,

provided that such source was not known to the Second Party to be bound by a confidentiality agreement with the First Party, or (iii) was previously known to the Second Party or its affiliates as evidenced by written records, or (iv) is or was independently developed, as evidenced by written records, by or on behalf of the Second Party or its affiliates by individuals who did not directly or indirectly receive relevant Confidential Information of the First Party. Specific disclosures shall not be deemed to be within the foregoing exceptions merely because they are embraced by more general information within the exceptions. In addition, any combination of features disclosed shall not be deemed to be within the foregoing exceptions merely because individual features may be within the exceptions.

- (c) The Parties agree that: (i) as between the Parties, a First Party's Confidential Information shall remain the exclusive property of such First Party, and (ii) the Second Party shall use the First Party's Confidential Information solely for purposes of performing such Second Party's obligations under this Agreement (the "Purpose"), and for no other reason, and (iii) the Second Party shall limit its disclosure of the First Party's Confidential Information to those of its affiliates, employees, agents and other third parties with a "need-to-know" such information for the Purpose and shall not disclose the Confidential Information (in whole or in part) to any other party, and (iv) the Second Party shall ensure that any affiliates, employees, agents or other third parties to whom the First Party's Confidential Information is disclosed are obligated in writing to abide by confidentiality and non-use restrictions at least as stringent as those set forth in this Agreement, and (v) the Second Party shall protect the Confidential Information of the First Party to the same extent the Second Party protects its own like trade secrets and confidential information, but in no event less than commercially reasonable care.
- (d) In the event a Second Party receives a request or is required by deposition, interrogatory, request for documents, subpoena, civil investigative demand or similar process or legal requirement to disclose all or any part of the First Party's Confidential Information, the Second Party agrees to (i) immediately notify the First Party in writing of the existence, terms and circumstances surrounding such a request or requirement, and (ii) assist the First Party in seeking a protective order or other appropriate remedy satisfactory to the First Party (at the expense of the First Party). In the event that such protective order or other remedy is not obtained (or the First Party waives compliance with the provisions hereof), (x) the Second Party may disclose that portion of the First Party's Confidential Information which it is legally required to disclose, and (y) the Second Party shall exercise reasonable efforts to obtain assurance that confidential treatment will be accorded the Confidential Information to be disclosed, and (z) the Second Party shall give written notice to First Party of the Second Party shall exercise reasonable efforts to obtain assurance that confidential Information to the Second Party's funding sources and their representatives, provided that Second Party shall exercise reasonable efforts to obtain assurance that confidential treatment will be accorded the Confidential Information to be disclosed, and the Second Party shall give written notice to First Party of the information to be so disclosed as far in advance of its disclosure as practicable.
- (e) The parties agree that any violation of this Section 15.1 by a Second Party or any affiliates, employees, agents or other third parties to whom the Confidential Information of First Party is disclosed may be enforced by the First Party by obtaining injunctive or specific relief from a court of competent jurisdiction. Such relief shall be cumulative and not exclusive of any

other remedies available to the First Party at law or in equity, including, but not limited to, damages and reasonable attorneys' fees.

Section 15.2 Headings. The headings used in this Agreement are for convenience only and shall not constitute a part of this Agreement.

Section 15.3 <u>Independent Contractors</u>. The Parties acknowledge and agree that neither Party, by reason of this Agreement, shall be an agent, employee or representative of the other with respect to any matters relating to this Agreement, unless specifically provided to the contrary in writing by the other Party. This Agreement shall not be deemed to create a partnership or joint venture of any kind between Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company.

Section 15.4 Ancillary Documentation, Amendments and Waiver. The Parties may, from time to time, use purchase orders, acknowledgments or other instruments to order, acknowledge or specify delivery times, suspensions, quantities or other similar specific matters concerning the Feedstocks or relating to performance hereunder, but the same are intended for convenience and record purposes only and any provisions which may be contained therein are not intended to (nor shall they serve to) add to or otherwise amend or modify any provision of this Agreement, even if signed or accepted on behalf of either Party with or without qualification. This Agreement may not be amended, modified or waived except by a writing signed by all parties to this Agreement that specifically references this Agreement and specifically provides for an amendment, modification or waiver of this Agreement. No waiver of or failure or omission to enforce any provision of this Agreement or any claim or right arising hereunder shall be deemed to be a waiver of any other provision of this Agreement or any other claim or right arising hereunder.

Section 15.5 <u>Construction and Severability</u>. Every covenant, term and provision of this Agreement shall be construed simply according to its fair meaning and in accordance with industry standards and not strictly for or against either Party. Every provision of this Agreement is intended to be severable. If any term or provision hereof is illegal or invalid for any reason whatsoever, such illegality or invalidity shall not affect the validity or legality of the remainder of this Agreement.

Section 15.6 <u>Waiver</u>. The waiver by either Party of any breach of any term, covenant or condition contained in this Agreement shall not be deemed to be a waiver of such term, covenant or condition or of any subsequent breach of the same or of any other term, covenant or condition contained in this Agreement. No term, covenant or condition of this Agreement will be deemed to have been waived unless such waiver is in writing.

Section 15.7 No Third Party Beneficiaries. The Parties each acknowledge and agree that there are no third party beneficiaries having rights under or with respect to this Agreement, including without limitation, under the Linde Agreement, TKI I Phase I Agreement, TKI Phase II Agreement, or Gas Contract.

Section 15.8 Entire Agreement. This Agreement, including all Exhibits hereto, constitutes the entire, integrated agreement between the Parties regarding the subject matter hereof and supersedes any and all prior and contemporaneous agreements (including the Original

Agreement), representations and understandings of the Parties, whether written or oral, regarding the subject matter hereof.

[signature page follows]

Signature Page

to Feedstock and Shared Services Agreement

The Parties have executed and delivered this Agreement as of the date first above set forth.

COFFEYVILLE RESOURCES REFINING & MARKETING, LLC

COFFEYVILLE RESOURCES NITROGEN FERTILIZERS, LLC

By:

Name: Kevan A. Vick
Title: Executive Vice President and Fertilizer General Manager

Name: Robert W. Haugen
Title: Executive Vice President,
Refining Operations

EXHIBIT A FACILITIES DESCRIPTION

The Fertilizer Plant is shown on <u>Plot Plan A</u> attached hereto.

The Gasification Unit is shown on Plot Plan A attached hereto.

The Ammonia Synthesis Loop is shown on $\underline{\text{Plot Plan } A}$ attached hereto.

The UAN Plant is shown on $\underline{\text{Plot Plan A}}$ attached hereto.

The Linde Facility is shown on $\underline{\text{Plot Plan } A}$ attached hereto.

The Administrative and Warehouse Building is shown on $\underline{\text{Plot Plan } A}$ attached hereto.

The Feedstock Delivery Points are shown on Plot Plan A and Drawing D11-0913B attached hereto. The coke Feedstock Delivery Point is the south side of the Refinery's coke pit.

The Utility Facilities are shown on $\underline{\text{Plot Plan } A}$ attached hereto.

The Grounds are shown on $\underline{\text{Plot Plan A}}$ attached hereto.

The Offsite Sulfur Recovery Unit is shown on Plot Plan A attached hereto.

The Refinery is shown on <u>Plot Plan A</u> attached hereto.

EXHIBIT B

ANALYSIS, SPECIFICATIONS AND PRICING FOR FEEDSTOCK AND SERVICES

FEEDSTOCKS:

Hydrogen

- Gaseous - Purity

- Flow - Pressure

- Carbon Monoxide - Carbon Dioxide

- Price for sales from Fertilizer Company to Refinery Company

- Additional Requirement Price

- Price for sales from Refinery Company to Fertilizer Company

not less than 99.9 mol.% 21 mmscf/day maximum 450 psig ± 30 psi less than 50 ppm

less than 10 ppm
The Hydrogen price shall be \$0.46 per 100scf based on an Ammonia Price of \$300.00 per short ton. The Hydrogen price per 100scf shall adjust as of the first day of each calendar month up or down in the same percentage as the Ammonia Price for the immediately preceding calendar month adjusts up or down from \$300.00 per short ton. Until the Hydrogen Reduction Date, the Hydrogen price shall be discounted to seventy percent (70%) of the Hydrogen price otherwise calculated pursuant to the foregoing provisions.

The Hydrogen price for any Additional Requirement shall be \$0.55 per 100scf based on a UAN Price of \$150.00 per short ton. The Hydrogen price per 100scf of any Additional Requirement shall adjust as of the first day of each calendar month up or down in the same percentage as the UAN Price for the immediately preceding month adjusts up or down from \$150.00 per short ton.

The Hydrogen price shall be 62% multiplied by the Fuel Price, where the "Fuel Price" is the price of natural gas measured at a per mmbtu rate based on the price for natural gas actually paid by Refinery Company and Fertilizer Company for the month preceding the sale.

B-1

- Flow measurement

All Hydrogen flows shall be measured by a standard sharp edge orifice plate and differential pressure transmitter located at the Fertilizer Plant. The measured flow shall be pressure and temperature compensated and totalized by the Fertilizer Plant's Honeywell process control computer (TDC 3000) or any replacement computer. All transmitter signals and computer calculations are available to the Refinery through the existing communications bus for verification. Calibration of the transmitter shall be done at least annually and may be done more frequently at Refinery Company's request.

Nitrogen

- Gaseous

- Purity

- Temperature

- Price

- Pressure - Flow

- Flow measurement

Oxygen

-Gaseous

-Purity -Pressure -Flow

-Temperature

99.99 mol. % (minimum) (5 ppm oxygen maximum)

180 psig (+ 10 psig)

20,000 scfh (normal); 40,000 scfh (maximum)

Ambient

\$0.25 per cscf based on a total electric energy cost of \$0.035 per KWH; provided, however, that this price will increase or decrease in the same percentage as the Fertilizer Company's electric bill from the City of Coffeyville (or from such other electric utility provider as the Fertilizer Company may have from time to time in the future) increases or decreases on a per/KWH basis and each such price adjustment shall apply to any gaseous nitrogen sold by Fertilizer Company after the date of such adjustment to the date of the next adjustment.

All Nitrogen flows shall be measured by a standard sharp edge orifice plate and differential pressure transmitter located at the Fertilizer Plant. The measured flow shall be pressure and temperature compensated and totalized by the Fertilizer Plant's Honeywell process control computer (TDC 3000) or any replacement computer. All transmitter signals and computer calculations are available to the Refinery through the existing communications bus for verification. Calibration of the transmitter shall be done at least annually and may be done more frequently at Refinery Company's request.

99.6 mol. % (minimum)

65 psig (± 5 psig) 29.8 STPD (maximum)

- Price

\$0 per short ton for daily tons up to 10 STPD \$70 per short ton for daily tons from 10 STPD to 29.8 STPD Such prices per short ton are based on a total electric cost of \$0.035 per KWH; provided, however, that these prices per short ton will increase or decrease in the same percentage as the Fertilizer Company's electric bill from the City of Coffeyville (or from such other electric utility provider as the Fertilizer Company may have from time to time in the future) increases or decreases on a per/KWH basis and each such price adjustment shall apply to any gaseous Oxygen sold by Fertilizer Company after the date of such adjustment to the date of the next adjustment.

All Oxygen flows shall be measured by a standard sharp edge orifice plate and differential pressure transmitter located at the Fertilizer Plant. The measured flow shall be pressure and temperature compensated and totalized by the Fertilizer Plant's Honeywell process control computer (TDC 3000) or any replacement computer. All transmitter signals and computer calculations are available to the Refinery through the existing communications bus for verification. Calibration of the transmitter shall be done at least annually and may be done more frequently at Refinery Company's request.

Sour water

-Temperature -Flow

-Price

- Flow measurement

- Composition

0.05 mol. % H2S (maximum) -Pressure 90 psig (maximum)

35 psig (minimum) 125°F (normal) 20 gpm (maximum) 12 gpm (normal) zero dollars (\$0)

High Pressure Steam

- Flow (Gasifier Startup)

As available, up to 75,000 pounds per hour (to Fertilizer Company) (normal)

.80% ammonia (maximum)

 $600 \text{ psig} \pm 10 \text{ psi (normal)}$

As available, 50,000 + 20,000 pounds per

hour (to Refinery Company)

The price is dependent upon the natural gas price (symbolized by "NGP" in the formulae below) and "steam flow" in the formulae -Price below is determined by the Fertilizer Plant's process control computer:

To Fertilizer Company: To Refinery Company: Price = (1.22)(NGP)(steam flow)/1000 Price = (1.10)(NGP)(steam flow)/1000

For purposes of determining the price of High Pressure Steam hereunder, NGP means the price of natural gas measured at a per mmbtu rate based on the price for natural gas actually paid by Refinery Company for the month preceding the sale. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth herein, Refinery Company shall have no obligation to pay for High Pressure Steam during periods when Refinery Company is flaring fuel gas.

- Flow measurement

All High Pressure Steam flows shall be measured by a standard sharp edge orifice plate and differential pressure transmitter located at the Fertilizer Plant. The measured flow shall be totalized by the Fertilizer Plant's Honeywell process control computer (TDC 3000) or any replacement computer. All transmitter signals and computer calculations are available to the Refinery through the existing communications bus for verification. Calibration of the transmitter shall be done at least annually and may be done more frequently at Refinery Company's request.

Low Pressure Steam

-Flow

-Pressure -Price Variable Approximately 120-170 psi zero dollars (\$0)

Tail Gas

- Gaseous

- Flow measurement All Tail Gas flows will be measured by a standard sharp edge orifice plate or annubar and differential pressure transmitter located at the Fertilizer Plant. The measured flow shall be pressure and temperature compensated and totalized by the Fertilizer Plant's Honeywell process control computer (TDC 3000) or any replacement computer. All transmitter signals and computer calculations $are \ available \ to \ the \ Refinery \ through \ the \ existing \ communications \ bus \ for \ verification. \ Calibration \ of \ the \ transmitter \ shall \ be \ done$ at least annually and may be done more frequently at Refinery Company's request.

> The "Btu Content" of the Tail Gas will be computed on a monthly basis using the average of the weekly samples of the Tail Gas stream analyzed for the previous month. The Refinery Company and the Fertilizer Plant will mutually agree on the Btu Content for the first month of operation following the Commencement Date.

The "Fuel Price" is the price of natural gas measured at a per mmbtu rate based on the price for natural gas actually paid by Refinery Company for the month preceding the sale.

The "Capital Cost" is the aggregate capital expenditures incurred by Refinery Company to procure, construct and install the piping, pipe supports, control valve station, flow meter and associated instrumentation needed to connect the PSA at the Fertilizer Plant to the #1 Boiler at the Refinery, for purposes of the delivery of Tail Gas.

The "Capital Recovery Fee" is the monthly amount needed for Refinery Company to recover the Capital Cost using straight-line depreciation over a three-year period at an interest rate of 12% per annum

The monthly amount needed to net to the Refinery Company a 15% per annum return on their investment of the Capital Cost.

The "Commencement Date" will be the date upon which the delivery of Tail Gas to the Refinery begins.

- Btu Content

- Fuel Price

- Capital Cost

- Capital Recovery Fee

- Return Fee

- Commencement Date

- Price

Upon the Commencement Date, the price for the Tail Gas for the first three years will be computed by taking the Btu Content of the monthly flow of the Tail Gas multiplied by the Fuel Price, minus the Capital Recovery Fee (i.e., Btu Content of monthly flow x Fuel Price — Capital Recovery Fee). Following the initial three-year period and continuing for one year thereafter, the price for the Tail Gas will be computed by taking the Btu Content of the monthly flow of the Tail Gas multiplied by the Fuel Price, minus the Return Fee (i.e., Btu Content of monthly flow x Fuel Price — Return Fee). Following the initial four-year period, the price for Tail Gas will be computed by taking the Btu Content of the monthly flow of the Tail Gas multiplied by the Fuel Price. Refinery Company will pay Fertilizer Company on a monthly basis for all Tail Gas purchased.

SERVICES:

Firewater

- Pressure

- Temperature 70°F (normal)
- Flow 2,000 gpm (maximum)
0 gpm (normal)

-Price

Instrument Air

To the Refinery Company:

- Purity - Pressure

- Flow - Temperature - Price -40°F dew point (normal operating) 125 psig + 10 psi (normal operating) 4000 scfm maximum (normal operating) ambient

185 psig (maximum) 100 psig (minimum)

zero dollars (\$0)

\$18,000 per month (prorated on a per diem basis to reflect the number of days, including partial days, in the applicable month that Instrument Air is provided) based on \$.035 total laid in cost per KWH; provided, that this price will increase or decrease in the same percentage as the Fertilizer Company's total laid in cost for electricity from the City of Coffeyville (or from such other electric utility provider as the Fertilizer Company may have from time to time in the future) increases or decreases on a per/KWH basis and each such price adjustment shall apply to any Instrument Air sold by

Fertilizer Company after the date of such adjustment until the date of the next adjustment; provided, however, that such cost shall be reduced on a pro-rata basis for each day that such Instrument Air is not available from the Linde Facility.

\$18,000 per month (prorated on a per diem basis to reflect the number of days, including partial days, in the applicable month that Instrument Air is provided) based on \$.039 total laid in cost per KWH; provided, that this price will increase or decrease in the same percentage as the Refinery Company's total cost for electricity from Kansas Gas and Electric Company (or from such other electric utility provider as the Refinery Company may have from time to time in the future) increases or decreases on a per/KWH basis and each such price adjustment shall apply to any Instrument Air sold by Refinery Company after the date of such adjustment until the date of the next adjustment.

All Instrument Air flows shall be measured by a standard sharp edge orifice plate and differential pressure transmitter located at the Fertilizer Plant. The measured flow shall be totalized by the Fertilizer Plant's Honeywell process control computer (TDC 3000) or any replacement computer. All transmitter signals and computer calculations are available to the Refinery through the existing communications bus for verification. Calibration of the transmitter shall be done at least annually and may be done more frequently at Refinery Company's request.

- Flow measurement

To the Fertilizer Company:

Security

Fertilizer Company shall pay Refinery Company a pro rata share of Refinery Company's direct costs of providing security services for the entire Fertilizer Plant/Refinery complex, which pro rata share shall be mutually agreed upon by the Parties based upon a commercially reasonable allocation of such costs in relation to the security services as provided to the Fertilizer Plant and the Refinery.

AMENDED AND RESTATED SERVICES AGREEMENT

This Amended and Restated Services Agreement (this "*Agreement*") is entered into as of the ___day of ______, 2011, by and among CVR Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership ("*MLP*"), CVR GP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("*GP*"), and CVR Energy, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("*CVR*", and collectively with MLP and GP, the "*Parties*" and each, a "*Party*").

RECITALS

MLP is the owner, directly or indirectly, of Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Fertilizer"). CVR is the owner, directly or indirectly, of Coffeyville Resources Refining & Marketing, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Refinery"). GP, in its capacity as the general partner of MLP, desires to engage CVR, on its own behalf and for the benefit of Fertilizer and MLP, to provide certain services necessary to operate the business conducted by Fertilizer, MLP and GP (the "Services Recipients"), and CVR is willing to undertake such engagement, subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

MLP, GP, CVR and CVR Special GP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Special GP"), entered into a Services Agreement dated as of October 25, 2007, as amended effective January 1, 2010 (as amended, the "Original Agreement"), pursuant to which CVR agreed to provide certain services to the Services Recipients. Special GP has been merged into Coffeyville Resources, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, and is no longer party to the Original Agreement. The Parties desire to amend and restate the terms of the Original Agreement upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in this Agreement.

MLP, GP (for itself and in its capacity as the general partner of MLP), and CVR agree as follows:

ARTICLE I

DEFINITIONS

Section 1.01 Terms. The following defined terms will have the meanings given below:

"Administrative Personnel" means individuals who are employed by CVR or any of its Affiliates and assist in providing, as part of the Services, any of the administrative services referred to in Exhibit 1 hereto.

"Affiliate" shall mean with respect to any Person, any other Person that directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, such specified Person. For purposes of this definition, "control" when used with respect to any Person means the power to direct the management and policies of such Person, directly or indirectly, through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise (provided that, solely for purposes of this Agreement, the Services Recipients shall not be deemed Affiliates of CVR).

"Bankrupt" with respect to any Person shall mean such Person shall generally be unable to pay its debts as such debts become due, or shall so admit in writing or shall make a general assignment for the benefit of creditors; or any proceeding shall be instituted by or against such Person seeking to adjudicate it a bankrupt or insolvent, or seeking liquidation, winding up, reorganization, arrangement, adjustment, protection, relief, or composition of it or its debts under any law relating to bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization or relief of debtors, or seeking the entry of an order for relief or the appointment of a receiver, trustee, or other similar official for it or for any substantial part of its property and, in the case of any such proceeding instituted against it (but not instituted by it), shall remain undismissed or unstayed for a period of 30 days; or such Person shall take any action to authorize any of the actions set forth above.

"CVR Representative" means such person as is designated in writing by CVR to serve in such capacity.

"Default Rate" shall mean an interest rate (which shall in no event be higher than the rate permitted by applicable law) equal to 300 basis points over LIBOR.

"Fertilizer" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals hereinabove.

"Fertilizer Payroll Percentage" means, for any applicable period, the percentage represented by a fraction, the numerator of which is the total payroll amount of Fertilizer for such period, and the denominator of which is the total payroll amount of Fertilizer plus the total payroll amount of Refinery for such period, as such payroll amounts are calculated on a consistent basis for purposes of determining the Fertilizer Payroll Percentage.

"Governmental Approval" shall mean any material consent, authorization, certificate, permit, right of way grant or approval of any Governmental Authority that is necessary for the construction, ownership and operation of the assets used in the business of the Services Recipients in accordance with applicable Laws.

"Governmental Authority" shall mean any court or tribunal in any jurisdiction or any federal, state, tribal, municipal or local government or other governmental body, agency, authority, department, commission, board, bureau, instrumentality, arbitrator or arbitral body or any quasi-governmental or private body lawfully exercising any regulatory or taxing authority.

"GP/MLP Representative" means such person as is designated in writing by GP to serve in such capacity.

"Initial Offering" means the initial public offering of common units representing limited partner interests in MLP.

"Laws" shall mean any applicable statute, environmental law, common law, rule, regulation, judgment, order, ordinance, writ, injunction or decree issued or promulgated by any Governmental Authority.

"Party" and "Parties" means the parties to this Agreement.

- "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, limited liability company, unincorporated organization or other entity.
- "Personnel Costs" means all compensation costs incurred by an employer in connection with the employment by such employer of applicable personnel, including all payroll and benefits but excluding any Share-Based Compensation.
 - "Refinery" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals hereinabove.
- "Seconded Personnel" means individuals, other than Administrative Personnel, who are employed by CVR or any of its Affiliates and provided on a full-time basis to the Services Recipients in connection with provision of the Services.
 - "Services" shall consist of those services performed for the Services Recipients as described on Exhibit 1 hereto.
 - "Services Recipients" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals hereinabove.
- "Share-Based Compensation" means any compensation accruing or payable under any incentive or other compensation plan or program of an employer based upon changes in the equity value of such employer or any of its Affiliates.
- "Shared Personnel" means individuals, other than Administrative Personnel, who are employed by CVR or any of its Affiliates and provided on a part-time basis to the Services Recipients in connection with provision of the Services.

ARTICLE II

RETENTION OF CVR; SCOPE OF SERVICES

Section 2.01 <u>Retention of CVR</u>. GP, on its own behalf and for the benefit of the Services Recipients, hereby engages CVR to perform the Services and CVR hereby accepts such engagement and agrees to perform the Services and to provide all Administrative Personnel, Seconded Personnel, and Shared Personnel necessary to perform the Services.

Section 2.02 Scope of Services. The Services shall be provided in accordance with (i) applicable material Governmental Approvals and Laws, (ii) applicable industry standards and (iii) quality standards that, taken as a whole, are not materially less favorable to the Services Recipients compared to those provided to the Services Recipients as of the date of this Agreement.

Section 2.03 Exclusion of Services. At any time, GP or CVR may temporarily or permanently exclude any particular service from the scope of the Services upon 180 days notice.

Section 2.04 <u>Performance of Services by Affiliates or Other Persons</u>. The Parties hereby agree that in discharging its obligations hereunder, CVR may engage any of its Affiliates or other Persons to perform the Services (or any part of the Services) on its behalf and that the performance of the Services (or any part of the Services) by any such Affiliate or Person shall be treated as if CVR performed such Services itself. No such delegation by CVR to Affiliates or other Persons shall relieve CVR of its obligations hereunder.

ARTICLE III

PAYMENT AMOUNT

Section 3.01 <u>Payment Amount</u>. GP shall pay or cause MLP or Fertilizer to pay, to CVR (or its Affiliates as CVR may direct) the amount of any direct or indirect expenses incurred by CVR or its Affiliates in connection with the provision of Services by CVR or its Affiliates (the "Payment Amount"), in accordance with the following:

- (a) <u>Seconded Personnel</u>. The Payment Amount will include all Personnel Costs of Seconded Personnel, to the extent attributable to the periods during which such Seconded Personnel are provided to the Services
- (b) <u>Shared Personnel and Administrative Personnel</u>. The Payment Amount will include a prorata share of all Personnel Costs of Shared Personnel and Administrative Personnel (including government and public relations), as determined by CVR on a commercially reasonable basis, based on the percent of total working time that such respective personnel are engaged in performing any of the Services.
 - (c) Administrative Costs. The Payment Amount will include following:
 - (i) <u>Payroll</u>. A prorata share of all Personnel Costs of Administrative Personnel engaged in performing payroll services as part of the Services, as determined by CVR on a commercially reasonable basis, based on the Fertilizer Payroll Percentage;
 - (ii) Office Costs. A prorata share of all office costs (including, without limitation, all costs relating to office leases, equipment leases, supplies, property taxes and utilities) for all locations of Administrative Personnel, as determined by CVR on a commercially reasonable basis, based on the Fertilizer Payroll Percentage;
 - (iii) <u>Insurance</u>. Insurance premiums will be direct charged to the applicable insured, provided, however, the Payment Amount will include all insurance premiums for adequate directors and officers (or equivalent) insurance for any Seconded Personnel or Shared Personnel, with liability coverage of no less than \$15 million;
 - (iv) <u>Outside Services</u>. Services provided by outside vendors (including audit services, legal services, government and public relation services, and other services) will first be direct charged where applicable, a prorata share of charges for all services that are provided by outside vendors and not direct charged, as determined by CVR on a commercially reasonable basis, based upon the following percentages of such charges: audit services 25%; legal services 20%; and all other services Fertilizer Payroll Percentage;
 - (v) Other SGA Costs. A prorata share of all other sales, general and administrative costs relating to the Services Recipients, based on the Fertilizer Payroll Percentage, as determined by CVR on a commercially reasonable basis; and

- (vi) <u>Depreciation and Amortization</u>. A prorata share of depreciation and amortization relating to all locations of Administrative Personnel, based on the Fertilizer Payroll Percentage, as determined by CVR on a commercially reasonable basis, following recognition of such depreciation or amortization as an expense on the books and records of CVR or its Affiliates.
- (d) Other Costs. Bank charges, interest expense and any other costs as reasonably incurred by CVR or its Affiliates in the provision of Services will be direct charged as applicable. For the avoidance of doubt, any of the foregoing costs and expenses described in Section 3.01 that are direct charged to any Party will not be included in the Payment Amount.

Section 3.02 Payment of Payment Amount. CVR shall submit monthly invoices to GP for the Services, which invoices shall be due and payable net 15 days. GP shall pay or cause MLP or Fertilizer to pay, to CVR in immediately available funds, the full Payment Amount due under Section 3.01. Past due amounts shall bear interest at the Default Rate. Allocation percentages referred to in this Article III will be calculated and determined for calendar year or calendar quarter periods, as CVR may determine, based upon CVR's annual audited financials, or quarterly unaudited financials, for the immediately preceding calendar year or calendar quarter, as applicable.

Section 3.03 <u>Disputed Charges.</u> GP MAY, WITHIN 90 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF A CHARGE FROM CVR, TAKE WRITTEN EXCEPTION TO SUCH CHARGE, ON THE GROUND THAT THE SAME WAS NOT A REASONABLE COST INCURRED BY CVR OR ITS AFFILIATES IN CONNECTION WITH THE SERVICES. GP SHALL NEVERTHELESS PAY OR CAUSE MLP OR FERTILIZER TO PAY IN FULL WHEN DUE THE FULL PAYMENT AMOUNT OWED TO CVR. SUCH PAYMENT SHALL NOT BE DEEMED A WAIVER OF THE RIGHT OF THE SERVICES RECIPIENT TO RECOUP ANY CONTESTED PORTION OF ANY AMOUNT SO PAID. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT AS TO WHICH SUCH WRITTEN EXCEPTION IS TAKEN, OR ANY PART THEREOF, IS ULTIMATELY DETERMINED NOT TO BE A REASONABLE COST INCURRED BY CVR OR ITS AFFILIATES IN CONNECTION WITH ITS PROVIDING THE SERVICES HEREUNDER, SUCH AMOUNT OR PORTION THEREOF (AS THE CASE MAY BE) SHALL BE REFUNDED BY CVR TO THE SERVICES RECIPIENTS TOGETHER WITH INTEREST THEREON AT THE DEFAULT RATE DURING THE PERIOD FROM THE DATE OF PAYMENT BY THE SERVICES RECIPIENTS TO THE DATE OF REFUND BY CVR.

Section 3.04 CVR's Employees. The Services Recipients shall not be obligated to pay directly to Seconded Personnel or Shared Personnel any compensation, salaries, wages, bonuses, benefits, social security taxes, workers' compensation insurance, retirement and insurance benefits, training or other expenses; provided, however, that if CVR fails to pay any employee within 30 days of the date such employee's payment is due:

(a) The Services Recipients may (i) pay such employee directly, (ii) employ such employees directly, or (iii) notify CVR that this Agreement is terminated and employ such employees directly; and

(b) CVR shall reimburse GP, MLP or Fertilizer, as the case may be, for the amount GP, MLP or Fertilizer, as applicable, paid to CVR with respect to employee services for which CVR did not pay any such employee.

ARTICLE IV

BOOKS, RECORDS AND REPORTING

Section 4.01 <u>Books and Records</u>. CVR and its Affiliates and the Services Recipients shall each maintain accurate books and records regarding the performance of the Services and calculation of the Payment Amount, and shall maintain such books and records for the period required by applicable accounting practices or law, or five (5) years, whichever is longer.

Section 4.02 <u>Audits</u>. CVR and its Affiliates and the Services Recipients shall have the right, upon reasonable notice, and at all reasonable times during usual business hours, to audit, examine and make copies of the books and records referred to in <u>Section 4.01</u>. Such right may be exercised through any agent or employee of the Person exercising such right if designated in writing by such Person or by an independent public accountant, engineer, attorney or other agent so designated. Each Person exercising such right shall bear all costs and expenses incurred by it in any inspection, examination or audit. Each Party shall review and respond in a timely manner to any claims or inquiries made by the other Party regarding matters revealed by any such inspection, examination or audit.

Section 4.03 Reports. CVR shall prepare and deliver to GP any reports provided for in this Agreement and such other reports as GP may reasonably request from time to time regarding the performance of the Services.

ARTICLE V

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Section 5.01 Ownership by CVR and License to MLP. Any (i) inventions, whether patentable or not, developed or invented, or (ii) copyrightable material (and the intangible rights of copyright therein) developed, by CVR, its Affiliates or its or their employees in connection with the performance of the Services shall be the property of CVR; provided, however, that CVR hereby grants, and agrees to cause its Affiliates to grant, to MLP an irrevocable, royalty-free, non-exclusive and non-transferable (without the prior written consent of CVR) right and license to use such inventions or material; and further provided, however, that MLP shall only be granted such a right and license to the extent such grant does not conflict with, or result in a breach, default, or violation of a right or license to use such inventions or material granted to CVR by any Person other than an Affiliate of CVR. Notwithstanding the foregoing, CVR will and will cause its Affiliates to, use all commercially reasonable efforts to grant such right and license to MLP.

Section 5.02 <u>License to CVR and its Affiliates</u>. MLP hereby grants, and will cause its Affiliates to grant, to CVR and its Affiliates an irrevocable, royalty-free, non-exclusive and non-transferable right and license to use, during the term of this Agreement, any intellectual property provided by MLP or its Affiliates to CVR or its Affiliates, but only to the extent such use is necessary for the performance of the Services. CVR agrees that CVR and its Affiliates will utilize such intellectual property solely in connection with the performance of the Services.

ARTICLE VI TERMINATION

Section 6.01 Termination By GP.

- (a) Upon the occurrence of any of the following events, GP may terminate this Agreement by giving written notice of such termination to CVR:
 - CVR becomes Bankrupt; or
 - (ii) CVR dissolves and commences liquidation or winding-up.

Any termination under this Section 6.01(a) shall become effective immediately upon delivery of the notice first described in this Section 6.01(a), or such later time (not to exceed the first anniversary of the delivery of such notice) as may be specified by GP.

(b) In addition to its rights under Section 6.01(b), after the first year anniversary of the completion of the Initial Offering, GP may terminate this Agreement at any time by giving notice of such termination to CVR. Any termination under this Section 6.01(b) shall become effective 180 days after delivery of such notice, or such later time (not to exceed the first anniversary of the delivery of such notice) as may be specified by GP.

Section 6.02 <u>Termination By CVR</u>. After the first year anniversary of the completion of the Initial Offering and continuing thereafter, CVR may terminate this Agreement at any time by giving notice of such termination to GP. Any termination under this <u>Section 6.02</u> shall become effective 180 days after delivery of such notice, or such later time (not to exceed the first anniversary of the delivery of such notice) as may be specified by CVR.

Section 6.03 Effect of Termination. If this Agreement is terminated in accordance with Section 6.01 or Section 6.02, all rights and obligations under this Agreement shall cease except for (a) obligations that expressly survive termination of this Agreement; (b) liabilities and obligations that have accrued prior to such termination, including the obligation to pay any amounts that have become due and payable prior to such termination, and (c) the obligation to pay any portion of any Payment Amount that has accrued prior to such termination, even if such portion has not become due and payable at that time.

Section 6.04 <u>Transition of Services</u>. During the period of 180 days following the delivery of any notice of termination delivered in accordance with Section 6.01(b) or 6.02, in addition to the Services, CVR will, and will cause its Affiliates to, provide to MLP such additional services as may be reasonably requested by the GP to assist the Services Recipients in effecting a transition of the responsibility for providing the Services.

Section 6.05 <u>Survival</u>. The provisions of this Article VI and Sections 3.03, 4.01, 4.02, 5.01, 8.01, 8.02, 8.03 and Articles IX and X will survive and continue in full force and effect notwithstanding the termination of this Agreement.

ARTICLE VII

ADDITIONAL REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

Section 7.01 Representations and Warranties of CVR. CVR hereby represents, warrants and covenants to the other Parties that as of the date hereof:

(a) CVR is duly organized, validly existing, and in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware; CVR is duly qualified and in good standing in the States required in order to perform the Services except where failure to be so qualified or in

good standing could not reasonably be expected to have a material adverse impact on GP or MLP; and CVR has full power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and to perform its obligations becaused on the control of the

- (b) CVR has duly executed and delivered this Agreement, and this Agreement constitutes the legal, valid and binding obligation of each such Person, enforceable against it in accordance with its terms (except as may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency or similar laws of general application and by the effect of general principles of equity, regardless of whether considered at law or in equity); and
- (c) The authorization, execution, delivery, and performance of this Agreement by CVR does not and will not (i) conflict with, or result in a breach, default or violation of, (A) the amended and restated certificate of incorporation of CVR, (B) any contract or agreement to which such Person is a party or is otherwise subject, or (C) any law, order, judgment, decree, writ, injunction or arbitral award to which such Person is subject; or (ii) require any consent, approval or authorization from, filing or registration with, or notice to, any governmental authority or other Person, unless such requirement has already been satisfied, except, in the case of clauses (i)(B) and (i)(C), for such conflicts, breaches, defaults or violations that would not have a material adverse effect on CVR or on its ability to perform its obligations hereunder, and except, in the case of clause (ii), for such consents, approvals, authorizations, filings, registrations or notices, the failure of which to obtain or make would not have a material adverse effect on CVR or on their ability to perform their obligations hereunder.

Section 7.02 Representations and Warranties of GP and MLP. Each of GP and MLP hereby represents, warrants and covenants to the other Parties that as of the date hereof:

- (a) Each of GP and MLP is duly organized, validly existing, and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its formation; each of GP and MLP has full power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and to perform its obligations hereunder;
- (b) Each of GP and MLP has duly executed and delivered this Agreement, and this Agreement constitutes the legal, valid and binding obligation of each such Person enforceable against it in accordance with its terms (except as may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency or similar laws of general application and by the effect of general principles of equity, regardless of whether considered at law or in equity); and
- (c) The authorization, execution, delivery, and performance of this Agreement by each of GP and MLP does not and will not (i) conflict with, or result in a breach, default or violation of, (A) the limited liability company agreement of GP or the partnership agreement of MLP, (B) any contract or agreement to which such Person is a party or is otherwise subject, or (C) any law, order, judgment, decree, writ, injunction or arbitral award to which such Person is subject; or (ii) require any consent, approval or authorization from, filing or registration with, or notice to, any governmental authority or other Person, unless such requirement has already been satisfied, except, in the case of clause (i)(B) and (i)(C), for such conflicts, breaches, defaults or violations that would not

have a material adverse effect on GP or MLP or on their ability to perform their obligations hereunder, and except, in the case of clause (ii), for such consents, approvals, authorizations, filings, registrations or notices, the failure of which to obtain or make would not have a material adverse effect on GP or MLP or on their ability to perform their respective obligations hereunder.

ARTICLE VIII

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

Section 8.01 Indemnity. The Services Recipients shall indemnify, reimburse, defend and hold harmless CVR and its Affiliates and their respective successors and permitted assigns, together with their respective employees, officers, members, managers, directors, agents and representatives (collectively the "Indemnified Parties"), from and against all losses (including lost profits), costs, damages, injuries, taxes, penalties, interests, expenses, obligations, claims and liabilities (joint or severable) of any kind or nature whatsoever (collectively "Losses") that are incurred by such Indemnified Parties in connection with, relating to or arising out of (i) the breach of any term or condition of this Agreement, or (ii) the performance of any Services hereunder; provided, however, that the Services Recipients shall not be obligated to indemnify, reimburse, defend or hold harmless any Indemnified Party for any Losses Incurred, by such Indemnified Party in connection with, relating to or arising out of:

- (a) a breach by such Indemnified Party of this Agreement;
- (b) the gross negligence, willful misconduct, bad faith or reckless disregard of such Indemnified Party in the performance of any Services hereunder; or
- (c) fraudulent or dishonest acts of such Indemnified Party with respect to the Services Recipients.

The rights of any Indemnified Party referred to above shall be in addition to any rights that such Indemnified Party shall otherwise have at law or in equity. Without the prior written consent of the Services Recipients, no Indemnified Party shall settle, compromise or consent to the entry of any judgment in, or otherwise seek to terminate any, claim, action, proceeding or investigation in respect of which indemnification could be sought hereunder unless (a) such Indemnified Party indemnifies the Services Recipients from any liabilities arising out of such claim, action, proceeding or investigation, (b) such settlement, compromise or consent includes an unconditional release of the Services Recipients and Indemnified Party from all liability arising out of such claim, action, proceeding or investigation and (c) the parties involved agree that the terms of such settlement, compromise or consent shall remain confidential. In the event that indemnification is provided for under any other agreements between CVR or any of its Affiliates and any of the Services Recipients or any of their Affiliates, and such indemnification is for any particular Losses, then such indemnification (and any limitations thereon) as provided in such other agreement shall apply as to such particular Losses and shall supersede and be in lieu of any indemnification that would otherwise apply to such particular Losses under this Agreement.

Section 8.02 Limitation of Duties and Liability. The relationship of CVR to the Services Recipients pursuant to this Agreement is as an independent contractor and nothing in

this Agreement shall be construed to impose on CVR, or on any of its Affiliates, or on any of their respective successors and permitted assigns, or on their respective employees, officers, members, managers, directors, agents and representatives, an express or implied fiduciary duty. CVR and its Affiliates and their respective successors and permitted assigns, together with their respective employees, officers, members, managers, directors, agents and representatives, shall not be liable for, and the Services Recipients shall not take, or permit to be taken, any action against any of such Persons to hold such Persons liable for, (a) any error of judgment or mistake of law or for any liability or loss suffered by the Services Recipients in connection with the performance of any Services under this Agreement, except for a liability or loss resulting from gross regligence, willful misconduct, bad faith or reckless disregard in the performance of the Services, or (b) any fraudulent or dishonest acts with respect to the Services Recipients. In no event, whether based on contract, indemnity, warranty, tort (including negligence), strict liability or otherwise, shall CVR or its Affiliates, their respective successors and permitted assigns, or their respective employees, officers, members, managers, directors, agents and representatives, be liable for loss of profits or revenue or special, incidental, exemplary, punitive or consequential damages.

Section 8.03 <u>Reliance</u>. CVR and its Affiliates and their respective successors and permitted assigns, together with their respective employees, officers, members, managers, directors, agents and representatives, may take and may act and rely upon:

- (a) the opinion or advice of legal counsel, which may be in-house counsel to the Services Recipients or to CVR or its Affiliates, any U.S.-based law firm, or other legal counsel reasonably acceptable to the Boards of Directors of the Services Recipients, in relation to the interpretation of this Agreement or any other document (whether statutory or otherwise) or generally in connection with the Services Recipients;
- (b) advice, opinions, statements or information from bankers, accountants, auditors, valuation consultants and other consulted Persons who are in each case believed by the relying Person in good faith to be expert in relation to the matters upon which they are consulted; or
 - (c) any other document provided in connection with the Services Recipients upon which it is reasonable for the applicable Person to rely.
- A Person shall not be liable for anything done, suffered or omitted by it in good faith in reliance upon such opinion, advice, statement, information or document.
- Section 8.04 <u>Services to Others</u>. While CVR is providing the Services under this Agreement, CVR shall also be permitted to provide services, including services similar to the Services covered hereby, to others, including Affiliates of CVR.
- Section 8.05 <u>Transactions With Affiliates</u>. CVR may recommend to the Services Recipients, and may engage in, transactions with any of CVR's Affiliates; *provided*, that any such transactions shall be subject to the authorization and approval of the Services Recipients' Boards of Directors, as applicable.

Section 8.06 Sharing of Information. CVR, and its Affiliates and other agents or representatives, shall be permitted to share Services Recipients' information with its Affiliates and other Persons as reasonably necessary to perform the Services, subject to appropriate and reasonable confidentiality arrangements.

Section 8.07 <u>Disclosure of Remuneration</u>. CVR shall disclose the amount of remuneration of the Chief Financial Officer and any other officer or employee shared with or seconded to the Services Recipients, including the Chief Executive Officer, to the Boards of Directors of the Services Recipients to the extent required for the Services Recipients to comply with the requirements of applicable law, including applicable Federal securities laws.

Section 8.08 <u>Additional Seconded Personnel or Shared Personnel</u>. CVR and the Services Recipients' Boards of Directors may agree from time to time that CVR shall provide additional Seconded Personnel or Shared Personnel, upon such terms as CVR and the Services Recipients' Board of Directors may mutually agree. Any such individuals shall have such titles and fulfill such functions as CVR and the Services Recipients may mutually agree but subject to compliance with the agreement of limited partnership of MLP.

Section 8.09 <u>Plant Personnel</u>. Personnel performing the actual day-to-day business and operations of Fertilizer at the plant level will be employed by Fertilizer and Fertilizer will bear all Personnel Costs or other costs relating to such personnel.

Section 8.10 Election. The Services Recipients shall cause the election of any Seconded Personnel or Shared Personnel to the extent required by the organizational documents of the Services Recipients. The Services Recipients' Board of Directors, after due consultation with CVR, may at any time request that CVR replace any Seconded Personnel and CVR shall, as promptly as practicable, replace any individual with respect to whom such Board of Directors shall have made its request, subject to the requirements for the election of officers under the organizational documents of the Services Recipients but subject to compliance with the agreement of limited partnership of MLP.

ARTICLE IX

DISPUTES

Section 9.01 Resolution of Disputes. The Parties shall in good faith attempt to resolve promptly and amicably any dispute between the Parties arising out of or relating to this Agreement (each a "Dispute") pursuant to this Article IX. The Parties shall first submit the Dispute to the CVR Representative and the GP/MLP Representative, who shall then meet within fifteen (15) days to resolve the Dispute. If the Dispute has not been resolved within forty-five (45) days after the submission of the Dispute to the CVR Representative and the GP/MLP Representative, the Dispute shall be submitted to a mutually agreed non-binding mediation. The costs and expenses of the mediator shall be borne equally by the Parties, and the Parties shall pay their own respective attorneys' fees and other costs. If the Dispute is not resolved by mediation within ninety (90) days after the Dispute is first submitted to the CVR Representative and the GP/MLP Representative as provided above, then the Parties may exercise all available remedies.

Section 9.02 <u>Multi-Party Disputes</u>. The Parties acknowledge that they or their respective affiliates contemplate entering or have entered into various additional agreements with third parties that relate to the subject matter of this Agreement and that, as a consequence, Disputes may arise hereunder that involve such third parties (each a "<u>Multi-Party Dispute</u>"). Accordingly, the Parties agree, with the consent of such third parties, that any such Multi-Party Dispute, to the extent feasible, shall be resolved by and among all the interested parties consistent with the provisions of this Article IX.

ARTICLE X

MISCELLANEOUS

Section 10.01 Notices. Except as expressly set forth to the contrary in this Agreement, all notices, requests or consents provided for or permitted to be given under this Agreement must be in writing and must be delivered to the recipient in person, by courier or mail or by facsimile, telegram, telex, cablegram or similar transmission; and a notice, request or consent given under this Agreement is effective on receipt by the Party to receive it; provided, however, that a facsimile or other electronic transmission that is transmitted after the normal business hours of the recipient shall be deemed effective on the next business day. All notices, requests and consents to be sent to MLP must be sent to GP. All notices, requests and consents (including copies thereof) to be sent to GP must be sent to or made at the address given below for GP.

If to GP or MLP, to:

Kevan A. Vick Executive Vice President and Fertilizer General Manager 10 E. Cambridge Circle, Ste. 250 Kansas City, Kansas 66103 Facsimile: (913) 982-5662

If to CVR, to:

John J. Lipinski President and CEO 2277 Plaza Drive Suite 500 Sugar Land, Texas 77479 Facsimile: (281) 207-3505 With a copy to:

Edmund S. Gross, Senior Vice President and General Counsel CVR Energy, Inc. 10 E. Cambridge Circle, Ste. 250 Kansas City, Kansas 66103 Facsimile: (913) 982-5651

With a copy to:

Edmund S. Gross, Senior Vice President and General Counsel CVR Energy, Inc. 10 E. Cambridge Circle, Ste. 250 Kansas City, Kansas 66103 Facsimile: (913) 982-5651

Section 10.02 Effect of Waiver or Consent. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, a waiver or consent, express or implied, to or of any breach or default by any Party in the performance by that Party of its obligations under this Agreement is not a consent or waiver to or of any other breach or default in the performance by that Party of the same or any other obligations of that Party under this Agreement. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, failure on the part of a Party to complain of any act of another Party or to declare another Party in default under this Agreement, irrespective of how long that failure continues,

does not constitute a waiver by that Party of its rights with respect to that default until the applicable statute-of-limitations period has run.

Section 10.03 <u>Headings; References; Interpretation</u>. All Article and Section headings in this Agreement are for convenience only and will not be deemed to control or affect the meaning or construction of any of the provisions hereof. The words "hereof," "herein" and "hereunder" and words of similar import, when used in this Agreement, will refer to this Agreement as a whole, and not to any particular provision of this Agreement. All references herein to Articles and Sections will, unless the context requires a different construction, be deemed to be references to the Articles and Sections of this Agreement, respectively. All personal pronouns used in this Agreement, whether used in the masculine, feminine or neuter gender, will include all other genders, and the singular will include the plural and vice versa. The terms "include," "includes," "including" or words of like import will be deemed to be followed by the words "without limitation."

Section 10.04 Successors and Assigns. This Agreement will be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Parties and their respective successors and assigns.

Section 10.05 No Third Party Rights. The provisions of this Agreement are intended to bind the parties signatory hereto as to each other and are not intended to and do not create rights in any other person or confer upon any other person any benefits, rights or remedies, and no person is or is intended to be a third party beneficiary of any of the provisions of this Agreement.

Section 10.06 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, all of which together will constitute one agreement binding on the Parties.

Section 10.07 Governing Law, THIS AGREEMENT IS GOVERNED BY AND SHALL BE CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF KANSAS.

Section 10.08 <u>Submission to Jurisdiction</u>; <u>Waiver of Jury Trial</u>. Subject to the provisions of <u>Article IX</u>, each of the Parties hereby irrevocably acknowledges and consents that any legal action or proceeding brought with respect to any of the obligations arising under or relating to this Agreement may be brought in the courts of the State of Kansas, or in the United States District Court for the District of Kansas and each of the Parties hereby irrevocably submits to and accepts with regard to any such action or proceeding, for itself and in respect of its property, generally and unconditionally, the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the aforesaid courts. Each Party hereby further irrevocably waives any claim that any such court lack jurisdiction over such Party, and agrees not to plead or claim, in any legal action or proceeding with respect to this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby brought in any of the aforesaid courts, that any such action or proceeding by the mailing of copies thereof by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, to such party, at its address for notices set forth in this Agreement, such service to become effective ten (10) days after such mailing. Each Party hereby irrevocably waives any objection to such service of process and further irrevocably waives and agrees not to plead or claim in any action or proceeding commenced hereunder or under any other documents contemplated hereby that service of process was in any way invalid or

ineffective. The foregoing shall not limit the rights of any Party to serve process in any other manner permitted by applicable law. The foregoing consents to jurisdiction shall not constitute general consents to service of process in the State of Kansas for any purpose except as provided above and shall not be deemed to confer rights on any Person other than the respective Parties. Each of the Parties hereby waives any right it may have under the laws of any jurisdiction to commence by publication any legal action or proceeding with respect this Agreement. To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, each of the Parties hereby irrevocably waives the objection which it may now or hereafter have to the laying of the venue of any suit, action or proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement in any of the courts referred to in this Section 10.08 and hereby further irrevocably waives and agrees not to plead or claim that any such court is not a convenient forum for any such suit, action or proceeding. The Parties agree that any judgment obtained by any Party or its successors or assigns in any action, suit or proceeding referred to above may, in the discretion of such Party (or its successors or assigns), be enforced in any jurisdiction, to the extent permitted by applicable law. The Parties agree that the remedy at law for any breach of this Agreement may be inadequate and that should any dispute arise concerning any matter hereunder, this Agreement shall be enforceable in a court of equity by an injunction or a decree of specific performance. Such remedies shall, however, be cumulative and nonexclusive, and shall be in addition to any other remedies which the Parties may have. Each Party hereby waives, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, any right it may have to a trial by jury in respect of any litigation as between the Parties directly or indirectly arising out of, under or in connection with this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby or disputes relating hereto. Each

Section 10.09 <u>Remedies to Prevailing Party</u>. If any action at law or equity is necessary to enforce or interpret the terms of this Agreement, the prevailing party shall be entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and necessary disbursements in addition to any other relief to which such party may be entitled.

Section 10.10 <u>Severability</u>. If any provision of this Agreement or the application thereof to any Person or any circumstance is held invalid or unenforceable to any extent, the remainder of this Agreement and the application of such provision to other Persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby and shall be enforced to the greatest extent permitted by law.

Section 10.11 Amendment or Modification. This Agreement may be amended or modified from time to time only by the written agreement of all the Parties.

Section 10.12 <u>Integration</u>. This Agreement and the exhibit referenced herein supersede all previous understandings or agreements (including the Original Agreement) among the Parties, whether oral or written, with respect to its subject matter. This Agreement and such exhibit contain the entire understanding of the Parties with respect to its subject matter. In the case of any actual conflict or inconsistency between the terms of this Agreement and the agreement of limited partnership of MLP, the terms of the agreement of limited partnership of MLP shall control. No understanding, representation, promise or agreement, whether oral or written, is

intended to be or will be included in or form part of this Agreement unless it is contained in a written amendment hereto executed by the Parties after the date of this Agreement.

Section 10.13 <u>Further Assurances</u>. In connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby, each Party shall execute and deliver any additional documents and instruments and perform any additional acts that may be reasonably necessary or appropriate to effectuate and perform the provisions of this Agreement and those transactions.

[THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

This Agreement has been duly executed by the Parties as of the date first written above.	
	CVR PARTNERS, LP
	By: CVR GP, LLC its General Partner
	By: Name: Title:
	CVR GP, LLC
	By: Name: Title:
	CVR ENERGY, INC.
	By: Name: Title:
	nue.
Services Agree Signature Pa	

The Services shall include the following:

- services in capacities equivalent to the capacities of corporate executive officers, except that the persons serving in such capacities shall serve in such capacities as Shared Personnel on a shared, part-time basis only, unless and to the extent otherwise agreed by CVR;
- safety and environmental advice
- administrative and professional services, including legal, accounting, human resources, insurance, tax, credit, finance, government affairs, and regulatory affairs;
- manage the Services Recipients' day-to-day business and operations, including managing its liquidity and capital resources and compliance with applicable law;
- · establishing and maintaining books and records of the Services Recipients in accordance with customary practice and GAAP;
- recommend to the Services Recipients' Board of Directors (x) capital raising activities, including the issuance of debt or equity securities of the Services Recipients, the entry into credit facilities or other credit arrangements, structured financings or other capital market transactions, (y) changes or other modifications in the capital structure of the Services Recipients, including repurchases;
- recommend to the Services Recipients' Board of Directors the engagement of or, if approval is not otherwise required hereunder, engage agents, consultants or other third party service providers to the Services Recipients, including accountants, lawyers or experts, in each case, as may be necessary by the Services Recipients from time to time;
- manage the Services Recipients' property and assets in the ordinary course of business;
- manage or oversee litigation, administrative or regulatory proceedings, investigations or any other reviews of the Services Recipients' business or operations that may arise in the ordinary course of business or otherwise, subject to the approval of the Services Recipients' Board of Directors to the extent necessary in connection with the settlement, compromise, consent to the entry of an order or judgment or other agreement resolving any of the foregoing;
- · establish and maintain appropriate insurance policies with respect to the Services Recipients' business and operations;

- recommend to the Services Recipients' Board of Directors the payment of dividends or other distributions on the equity interests of the Services Recipients;
- attend to the timely calculation and payment of taxes payable, and the filing of all taxes return due, by the Services Recipients; and
- manage or provide advice or recommendations for other projects of the Services Recipients, as may be agreed to between GP and CVR from time to time.

AMENDED AND RESTATED OMNIBUS AGREEMENT

among

CVR ENERGY, INC.

CVR GP, LLC

and

CVR PARTNERS, LP

AMENDED AND RESTATED OMNIBUS AGREEMENT

THIS AMENDED AND RESTATED OMNIBUS AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") is entered into as of _______, 2011, and effective as of the Closing Date (as defined herein), and is by and among CVR Energy, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("CVR"), CVR GP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "General Partner"), and CVR Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership (the "Partnership"). The above-named entities are sometimes referred to in this Agreement each as a "Party" and collectively as the "Parties."

RECITALS:

The Parties desire by their execution of this Agreement to evidence their agreement, as more fully set forth in Article II, with respect to those business opportunities that the CVR Entities (as defined herein) will not engage in during the term of this Agreement unless the Partnership Entities have declined to engage in any such business opportunities for their own account.

The Parties desire by their execution of this Agreement to evidence their agreement, as more fully set forth in Article II, with respect to those business opportunities that the Partnership Entities (as defined herein) will not engage in during the term of this Agreement unless the CVR Entities have declined to engage in any such business opportunities for their own account.

The Parties and CVR Special GP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Special General Partner") entered into the Omnibus Agreement dated as of October 24, 2007 (the "Original Agreement"), pursuant to which the CVR Entities and the Partnership Entities agreed to the covenants described above. Special General Partner has been merged into Coffeyville Resources, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, and is no longer party to the Original Agreement. The Parties desire to amend and restate the terms of the Original Agreement upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in this Agreement.

In consideration of the premises and the covenants, conditions, and agreements contained herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties hereto hereby agree as follows:

ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS

Section 1.1 Definitions.

Capitalized terms used herein but not defined shall have the meanings given them in the Partnership Agreement. As used in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the respective meanings set forth below:

- "Acquiring Party" is defined in Section 2.5(a).
- "Affiliate" is defined in the Partnership Agreement.

- "Break-up Costs" means the aggregate amount of any and all additional taxes and other similar costs to (a) the CVR Entities that would be required to transfer Fertilizer Assets acquired by the CVR Entities as part of a larger transaction to a Partnership Group Member pursuant to Section 2.2(b) or (b) the Partnership Group that would be required to transfer Refinery Assets acquired by the Partnership Group as part of a larger transaction to a CVR Entity pursuant to Section 2.4(a).
- "Closing Date" is defined in the Partnership Agreement.
- "Code" means Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
- "Contribution Agreement" means that certain Amended and Restated Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement, dated as of ________, 2011, among the General Partner, the Partnership, Special General Partner, Coffeyville Resources and Coffeyville Acquisition III LLC, together with the additional conveyance documents and instruments contemplated or referenced thereunder.
- "control" means the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a Person, whether through ownership of voting securities, by contract, or otherwise.
- "CVR" is defined in the introduction to this Agreement.
- "CVR Entities" means CVR and any Person controlled, directly or indirectly, by CVR other than the Partnership Entities.
- "CVR Entity" means any of the CVR Entities.
- "Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- "Fertilizer Restricted Businesses" is defined in Section 2.1.
- "Fertilizer Asset" any asset or group of related assets used in any Fertilizer Restricted Business.
- "Limited Partner" is defined in the Partnership Agreement.
- "General Partner" is defined in the introduction to this Agreement.
- "Offer Period" is defined in Section 2.5(e).
- "Offered Assets" is defined in Section 2.5(a).
- "Offeree" is defined in Section 2.5(a).
- ${\it `Other Business Opportunity'' means a business opportunity with respect to any assets other than Fertilizer Assets.}$
- "Other Business Opportunity Information" is defined in Section 2.6.

- "Partnership Agreement" means the Second Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of CVR Partners, LP, dated as of ________, 2011, as such agreement is in effect on the Closing Date, to which reference is hereby made for all purposes of this Agreement. No amendment or modification to the Partnership Agreement subsequent to the Closing Date shall be given effect for the purposes of this Agreement unless consented to in writing by each of the Parties to this Agreement.
- "Partnership Entities" means the General Partner and each member of the Partnership Group.
- "Partnership Entity" means any of the Partnership Entities.
- "Partnership Group" means the Partnership and its Subsidiaries treated as a single entity.
- "Partnership Group Member" means any member of the Partnership Group.
- "Party" and "Parties" are defined in the introduction to this Agreement.
- "Person" means an individual or a corporation, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, trust, unincorporated organization, association, government agency or political subdivision thereof or other entity.
- "Refinery Restricted Businesses" is defined in Section 2.3.
- "Refinery Asset" means any asset or group of related assets used in any Refinery Restricted Business.
- "Restricted Business" means, as applicable, the Refinery Restricted Business or the Fertilizer Restricted Business.
- "Retained Assets" means any assets and investments owned or operated by any of the CVR Entities as of the Closing Date that were not conveyed, contributed or otherwise transferred to the Partnership Group prior to or on the Closing Date pursuant to the Contribution Agreement or otherwise.
- "Special General Partner" is defined in the introduction to this Agreement.
- "Subsidiary" means, with respect to any Person, (a) a corporation of which more than 50% of the voting power of shares entitled (without regard to the occurrence of any contingency) to vote in the election of directors or other governing body of such corporation is owned, directly or indirectly, at the date of determination, by such Person, by one or more Subsidiaries of such Person or a combination thereof, (b) a partnership (whether general or limited) in which such Person or a Subsidiary of such Person is, at the date of determination, a general or limited partner of such partnership, but only if more than 50% of the partnership interests of such partnership partnership as a single class) is owned, directly or indirectly, at the date of determination, by such Person, by one or more Subsidiaries of such Person, or a combination thereof, or (c) any other Person (other than a corporation or a

partnership) in which such Person, one or more Subsidiaries of such Person, or a combination thereof, directly or indirectly, at the date of determination, has (i) at least a majority ownership interest or (ii) the power to elect or direct the election of a majority of the directors or other governing body of such Person.

"transfer" including the correlative terms "transferring" or "transferred" means any direct or indirect transfer, assignment, sale, gift, pledge, hypothecation or other encumbrance, or any other disposition (whether voluntary, involuntary or by operation of law) of any assets, properties or rights.

ARTICLE II BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Section 2.1 Fertilizer Restricted Businesses

For so long as any CVR Entity continues to own at least 50% of the Outstanding Units of the Partnership, and except as permitted by Section 2.2, each of the CVR Entities shall be prohibited from engaging in, whether by acquisition, construction, investment in debt or equity securities of any Person or otherwise, any business having assets engaged in the following businesses (the "Fertilizer Restricted Businesses"): the production, transportation or distribution, on a wholesale basis, of fertilizer in the contiguous United States.

Section 2.2 Fertilizer Permitted Exceptions

Notwithstanding any provision of Section 2.1 to the contrary, the CVR Entities may engage in the following activities under the following circumstances:

- (a) the ownership and/or operation of any of the Retained Assets (including replacements and natural extensions of the Retained Assets);
- (b) engaging in any Fertilizer Restricted Business acquired by a CVR Entity as part of a business or package of assets after the Closing Date if the fair market value of the Fertilizer Assets represents less than a majority of the fair market value of the total assets or business acquired (fair market value as determined in good faith by the board of directors of CVR); provided the Partnership Group will be offered the opportunity to acquire such Fertilizer Assets in accordance with Section 2.5;
- (c) engaging in any Fertilizer Restricted Business subject to the offer to the Partnership Group set forth in Section 2.5 pending the General Partner's determination whether to cause any Partnership Group Member to accept such offer and pending the closing of any offers any Partnership Group Member accepts;
- (d) engaging in any Fertilizer Restricted Business with respect to which the General Partner has advised CVR that the General Partner's board of directors has elected not to cause a Partnership Group Member to acquire (or seek to acquire); and
 - (e) the purchase and ownership of up to 9.9% of any class of securities of any publicly-traded entity engaged in any Fertilizer Restricted Business.

Section 2.3 Refinery Restricted Businesses

For so long as any CVR Entity continues to own at least 50% of the Outstanding Units of the Partnership and except as permitted by Section 2.4, each of the Partnership Entities shall be prohibited from, whether by acquisition, construction, investment in debt or equity securities of any Person or otherwise, engaging in the following businesses (the "Refinery Restricted Businesses"):

- (a) the ownership or operation within the United States of any refinery with processing capacity greater than 20,000 barrels per day whose primary business is producing transportation fuels; or
- (b) the ownership or operation outside the United States of any refinery.

Section 2.4 Refinery Permitted Exceptions

Notwithstanding any provision of Section 2.3 to the contrary, the Partnership Entities may engage in the following activities under the following circumstances:

- (a) engaging in any Refinery Restricted Business acquired by a Partnership Entity as part of a business or package of assets after the Closing Date if the fair market value of the Refinery Assets represents less than a majority of the fair market value of the total assets or business acquired (fair market value as determined in good faith by the board of directors of the General Partner); provided the CVR Entities will be offered the opportunity to acquire such Refinery Assets in accordance with Section 2.5;
- (b) engaging in any Refinery Restricted Business subject to the offer to the CVR Entities set forth in Section 2.5 pending CVR's determination whether to cause any CVR Entity to accept such offer and pending the closing of any offers any Partnership Entity accepts;
 - (c) engaging in any Refinery Restricted Business with respect to which CVR has advised the General Partner that CVR's board of directors has elected not to cause a CVR Entity to acquire (or seek to acquire); and
 - (d) the purchase and ownership of up to 9.9% of any class of securities of any publicly-traded entity engaged in any Refinery Restricted Business.

Section 2.5 Procedures.

(a) In the event that (i) a CVR Entity acquires Fertilizer Assets described in Section 2.2(b), or (ii) a Partnership Group Member acquires any Refinery Assets described in Section 2.4(a), then as soon as reasonably practicable, but in any event within 365 days of the closing of the acquisition, such acquiring Party (the "Acquiring Party") shall notify (A) the General Partner, in the case of an acquisition by a Partnership Group Member, in writing of such acquisition and offer such party to be notified (each an "Offeree") the opportunity for the Offeree (or, in the case of the General Partner, any Partnership Group Member and, in the case of CVR, any other CVR Entity) to purchase such Fertilizer Assets or Refinery Assets, as applicable (the "Offered Assets").

- (b) The purchase price for any Offered Assets shall be the Offered Assets' fair market value (plus any Break-up Costs).
- (c) The Offer shall set forth the Acquiring Party's proposed terms relating to the purchase of the Offered Assets by the Offeree (or, in the case of the General Partner, any Partnership Group Member and, in the case of CVR, any other CVR Entity), including any liabilities to be assumed by the Offeree as part of the Offer.
- (d) As soon as practicable after the Offer is made, the Acquiring Party will deliver to the Offeree all information prepared by or on behalf of or in the possession of such Acquiring Party relating to the Offered Assets and reasonably requested by the Offeree. As soon as practicable, but in any event, within 90 days after receipt of such notification, the Offeree shall notify the Acquiring Party in writing that either
 - (i) the Offeree has elected not to purchase (or not to cause any of its permitted Affiliates to purchase) the Offered Assets, in which event the Acquiring Party and its Affiliates shall, subject to the other terms of this Agreement, be forever free to continue to own or operate such Offered Assets; or
 - (ii) the Offeree has elected to purchase (or to cause any of its permitted Affiliates to purchase) the Offered Assets, in which event the procedures set forth in Section 2.5(e) shall be followed.
 - (e) In the event of a proposed purchase pursuant to Section 2.5(d)(ii):
 - (i) After the receipt of the Offeree, the Acquiring Party and the Offeree shall negotiate in good faith to agree upon the fair market value (and any Break-up Costs) of the Offered Assets that are subject to the Offer and the other terms of the Offer on which the Offered Assets will be sold to the Offeree. If the Acquiring Party and the Offeree agree on the fair market value of the Offered Assets that are subject to the Offer and the other terms of the Offer during the 30-day period after receipt by the Acquiring Party of the Offeree's election to purchase (or to cause any permitted Affiliate of the Offeree to purchase) the Offered Assets (the "Offer Period"), the Offeree shall purchase (or cause any of its permitted Affiliates to purchase) the Offered Assets on such terms as soon as commercially practicable after such agreement has been reached.
 - (ii) If the Acquiring Party and the Offeree are unable to agree on the fair market value (and any Break-up Costs) of the Offered Assets that are subject to the Offer or on any other terms of the Offer during the Offer Period, the Acquiring Party and the Offeree will engage an independent investment banking firm or other appraisal firm to determine the fair market value (and any Break-up Costs) of the Offered Assets and/or the other terms on which the Acquiring Party and the Offeree are unable to agree. In determining the fair market value of the Offered Assets and other terms on which the Offered Assets are to be sold, the investment banking firm or other appraisal firm will have access to the proposed sale and purchase values and terms for the Offer submitted by the Acquiring Party and the Offeree, respectively, and to all information prepared by or on behalf of the Acquiring Party relating to the Offered Assets and reasonably

requested by such investment banking firm or other appraisal firm and shall be permitted to consider the purchase price paid by the Acquiring Party for the Offered Assets. Such investment banking firm or other appraisal firm will determine the fair market value (and any Break-up Costs) of the Offered Assets and/or the other terms on which the Acquiring Party and the Offeree within 60 days of its engagement and furnish the Acquiring Party and the Offeree its determination. The fees and expenses of the investment banking firm will be divided equally between the Acquiring Party and the Offeree. Upon receipt of such determination, the Offeree will have the option, but not the obligation, to purchase the Offered Assets for the fair market value (and any Break-up Costs) and on the other terms determined by the investment banking firm or other appraisal firm, as soon as commercially practicable after determinations have been made. The Offeree will provide written notice of its decision to the Acquiring Party within 30 days after the investment banking firm or other appraisal firm has submitted its determination and if the Offerree. Failure to provide such notice within such 30-day period shall be deemed to constitute a decision not to purchase the Offered Assets. If the Offeree decides to purchase the Offered Assets the Offeree shall purchase (or cause any of its permitted Affiliates to purchase) the Offered Asset as soon as commercially practicable after it has provided such notice.

Section 2.6 Other Business Opportunities.

For so long as any CVR Entity continues to own at least 50% of the General Partner Interest, if any Partnership Entity is presented with an opportunity to pursue, purchase or invest in any Other Business Opportunity, such Partnership Entity shall give prompt written notice to CVR, of the Other Business Opportunity. Such notice shall set forth all information available to any Partnership Entity including, but not limited to, the identity of the Other Business Opportunity and its seller, the proposed price, all written information about the Other Business Opportunity provided to any Partnership Entity by and on behalf of the seller as well as any information or analyses compiled by any Partnership Entity from other sources (such information referred to collectively herein as "Other Business Opportunity Information"). The Partnership Entities shall continue to provide to CVR, promptly any and all Other Business Opportunity Information subsequently received. The Parties shall maintain the confidentiality of all such Other Business Opportunity Information, subject to compliance with applicable law. As soon as practicable but in any event within thirty (30) days after receipt of such initial notification and information, CVR shall notify the General Partner that either (a) CVR has elected to cause a CVR Entity to pursue the opportunity to acquire or invest in the Other Business Opportunity. If, at any time, CVR or the designated CVR Entity abandons such opportunity (as evidenced in writing by CVR following the request of the General Partner), any Partnership Entity may pursue such opportunity without time limit. In no event shall any provision of this Agreement require CVR to approve any expansion of the purpose of CVR, other than in its sole discretion.

Section 2.7 Scope of Prohibition

If any CVR Entity or Partnership Entity engages in a Restricted Business pursuant to any of the exceptions described in Section 2.2 or Section 2.4, as applicable, such CVR Entity or

Partnership Entity may not subsequently expand that portion of their business except (i) pursuant to the exceptions contained in such Section 2.2 or Section 2.4 or (ii) to maintain or improve their facilities comprising the Restricted Business or to expand their facilities with additional facilities or assets that are physically connected, in a material manner, with the existing facilities comprising the Restricted Business. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement and the Partnership Agreement, each CVR Entity and Each Partnership Entity shall be free to engage in any business activity whatsoever, including those that may be in direct competition with the CVR Entities or the Partnership Group

Section 2.8 Enforcement

Each Party agrees and acknowledges that the other Parties do not have an adequate remedy at law for the breach by any Party of its covenants and agreements set forth in this Article II, and that any breach by any Party of its covenants and agreements set forth in this Article II would result in irreparable injury to the other Parties. Each Party further agrees and acknowledges that any other Party may, in addition to the other remedies which may be available to such other Party, file a suit in equity to enjoin the breaching Party from such breach, and consent to the issuance of injunctive relief relating to this Agreement. No Person, directly or indirectly controlled thereby shall be liable for the failure of any other Person, directly or indirectly, controlled thereby to comply with this Article II.

ARTICLE III

MISCELLANEOUS

Section 3.1 Choice of Law; Submission to Jurisdiction

This Agreement shall be subject to and governed by the laws of the State of New York. THE PARTIES AGREE THAT ANY ACTION BROUGHT IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT MAY BE MAINTAINED IN ANY COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION LOCATED IN THE STATE OF KANSAS, AND EACH PARTY AGREES TO SUBMIT PERSONALLY TO THE JURISDICTION OF ANY SUCH COURT AND HEREBY WAIVES THE DEFENSES OF FORUM NON-CONVENIENS OR IMPROPER VENUE WITH RESPECT TO ANY ACTION BROUGHT IN ANY SUCH COURT IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT.

Section 3.2 Notice

All notices or other communications required or permitted under, or otherwise in connection with, this Agreement must be in writing and must be given by depositing same in the U.S. mail, addressed to the Person to be notified, postpaid and registered or certified with return receipt requested or by transmitting by national overnight courier or by delivering such notice in person or by facsimile to such Party. Notice given by mail, national overnight courier or personal delivery shall be effective upon actual receipt. Notice given by facsimile shall be effective upon confirmation of receipt when transmitted by facsimile if transmitted during the recipient's normal business hours or at the beginning of the recipient's next business day after receipt if not transmitted during the recipient's normal business hours. All notices to be sent to a Party

pursuant to this Agreement shall be sent to or made at the address set forth below or at such other address as such Party may stipulate to all other Parties in the manner provided in this Section 3.2.

if to the CVR Entities:

CVR Energy, Inc. 10 E. Cambridge Circle, Ste. 250 Kansas City, Kansas 66103 Attention: Edmund S. Gross Facsimile No.: 913-982-5651

if to the Partnership Entities

CVR GP, LLC 10 E. Cambridge Circle, Ste. 250 Kansas City, Kansas 66103 Attention: Edmund S. Gross Facsimile No.: 913-982-5651

Section 3.3 Entire Agreement

This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement of the Parties relating to the matters contained herein, superseding all prior contracts or agreements (including the Original Agreement), whether oral or written, relating to the matters contained herein.

Section 3.4 Amendment or Modification

This Agreement may be amended or modified from time to time only by the written agreement of all the Parties hereto. Each such instrument shall be reduced to writing and shall be designated on its face an "Amendment" or an "Addendum" to this Agreement.

Section 3.5 Assignment

No Party shall have the right to assign any of its rights or obligations under this Agreement without the consent of the other Parties hereto.

Section 3.6 Counterparts

This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts with the same effect as if all signatory parties had signed the same document. All counterparts shall be construed together and shall constitute one and the same instrument.

Section 3.7 Severability

If any provision of this Agreement shall be held invalid or unenforceable by a court or regulatory body of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.

Section 3.8 Further Assurances

In connection with this Agreement and all transactions contemplated by this Agreement, each signatory party hereto agrees to execute and deliver such additional documents and instruments and to perform such additional acts as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate, carry out and perform all of the terms, provisions and conditions of this Agreement and all such transactions.

Section 3.9 Rights of Limited Partners: Third Party Beneficiaries

The provisions of this Agreement are enforceable solely by the Parties to this Agreement, and no Limited Partner of the Partnership shall have the right, separate and apart from the Partnership, to cause the Partnership to enforce any provision of this Agreement or to compel any Party to this Agreement to comply with the terms of this Agreement. Kelso & Company, L.P. and their respective Affiliates and successors and assigns as owners of interests in the CVR Entities shall be entitled to assert rights and remedies hereunder as a third-party beneficiary hereto with respect to Section 3.10.

Section 3.10 No Restrictions on Owners of General Partner or CVR

Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, nothing herein shall be deemed to restrict Kelso & Company, L.P. or their respective Affiliates (other than the CVR Entities), or their respective successors and assigns as owners of interests in the CVR Entities, from engaging in any banking, brokerage, trading, market making, hedging, arbitrage, investment advisory, financial advisory, anti-raid advisory, merger advisory, financing, lending, underwriting, asset management, principal investing, mergers & acquisitions or other activities conducted in the ordinary course of their or their Affiliates' business in compliance with applicable law, including without limitation buying and selling securities of any CVR Entity or Partnership Entity, entering into derivatives transactions regarding or shorting securities of any CVR Entity or Partnership Entity or Partnership Entity or acquiring, selling, making investments in or entering into other transactions with companies or businesses in the same or similar lines of business as any CVR Entity or Partnership Entity whether or not such investments or transactions are or may be competitive with any business of any CVR Entity or Partnership Entity.

[SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS]

The Parties have executed this Agreement on, and effective as of, the Closing Date.

CVIC	ENERGY, INC.	
By:		
Name:		
Title:		
CVR	GP, LLC	
By:		
Name:		
Title:		
CVR	PARTNERS, LP	
By:	CVR GP, LLC, its General Partner	
By:		
Name		

Signature Page to Omnibus Agreement

AMENDED AND RESTATED REGISTRATION RIGHTS AGREEMENT CVR PARTNERS, LP

Dated as of [], 2011

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AMENDED AND RESTATED REGISTRATION RIGHTS AGREEMENT of CVR Partners, LP

AMENDED AND RESTATED REGISTRATION RIGHTS AGREEMENT, dated as of March ___, 2011 (the "<u>Agreement</u>"), by and among CVR Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership (the "<u>Partnership</u>"), and Coffeyville Resources, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "<u>Unitholder</u>"). Capitalized terms used herein without definition are defined in <u>Section 9</u>.

WHEREAS, the Partnership, the Unitholder and CVR Special GP, LLC, a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of Unitholder (the "Special General Partner"), were parties to the original Registration Rights
Agreement, which provided for registration under the Securities Act of the Partnership units issued to the Unitholder and the Special General Partner pursuant to that certain Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption
Agreement by and among the Partnership, the Unitholder, Special GP and CVR GP, LLC (the "Original Contribution Agreement") entered into in connection with the Partnership's formation;

WHEREAS, on the date hereof, in connection with the Partnership's initial public offering, the Partnership, the Unitholder and certain other parties amended and restated the Original Contribution Agreement (the "Amended Contribution Agreement");

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Amended Contribution Agreement, (a) all of the units held by the Unitholder and Special GP were exchanged for common units representing limited partner interests in the Partnership ("Common Units") and (b) Special GP was merged with and into the Unitholder, with the Unitholder remaining as the surviving entity; and

WHEREAS, the Partnership and the Unitholder (on behalf of itself and as successor in interest to the Special General Partner) have agreed to amend the Original Registration Rights Agreement pursuant to Section 11.4 thereof to provide the registration and other rights set forth in this Agreement for the benefit of the Unitholder;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants and obligations set forth in this Agreement, the parties hereto agree as follows:

Section 1. Registrations Upon Request

1.1. Requests by the Unitholder

(a) Notice of Request. The Unitholder shall have the right to make up to six requests (each, a "Demand Registration") that the Partnership effect the registration under the Securities Act of all or a portion of the Registrable Securities Beneficially Owned by the Unitholder (the Unitholder, in such capacity, the "Initiating Unitholder"), each such request to specify the number of Registrable Securities to be registered and the intended method or methods of disposition thereof; provided that, with respect to any shelf registration requested by the Initiating Unitholder pursuant to Section 1.1(b) (which initial request shall

count as a request for purposes of this Section 1.1), each subsequent request by the Initiating Unitholder that the Partnership sell Registrable Securities from such Shelf Registration Statement (as such term is defined in part (b) of this Section 1.1) that is not made simultaneously with such initial request shall be counted as an additional request for purposes of this Section 1.1. Upon any such request (each, a "Pemand Request Notice"), the Partnership will promptly, but in any event within 5 days, give written notice of such request to all holders of Registrable Securities and thereupon the Partnership will, subject to Section 1.4:

- (i) use its best efforts to effect the prompt registration under the Securities Act of
 - (A) the Registrable Securities which the Partnership has been so requested to register by the Initiating Unitholder, and
- (B) all other Registrable Securities which the Partnership has been requested to register by the holders thereof by written request given to the Partnership by such holders within 30 days after the giving of such written notice by the Partnership to such holders (or, 15 days if, at the request of the Initiating Unitholder, the Partnership states in such written notice or gives telephonic notice to each holder of Registrable Securities, with written confirmation to follow promptly thereafter, stating that (i) such registration will be on Form S-3 and (ii) such shorter period of time is required because of a planned filing date),
- all to the extent required to permit the disposition of the Registrable Securities so to be registered in accordance with the intended method or methods of disposition of the Initiating Unitholder and any "Participating Unitholders," which term shall refer to any Permitted Transferee that exercises its right to participate in the registration initiated by the Initiating Unitholder, which intended method or methods of distribution may include, at the option of the Initiating Unitholder or the Participating Unitholders, as applicable, a distribution of such Registrable Securities to, and resale of such Registrable Securities by, the shareholders, members or partners of the Unitholder or the equity owners of the Unitholder (a "Partner Distribution"); and
- (ii) if requested by the Initiating Unitholder or any Participating Unitholders, as applicable, obtain acceleration of the effective date of the registration statement relating to such registration. Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, the Partnership shall, at the request of the Initiating Unitholder or any Participating Unitholders, as applicable, seeking to effect a Partner Distribution, file any prospectus supplement or post-effective amendments and shall otherwise

take any action necessary to include such language, if such language was not included in the initial registration statement, or revise such language if deemed necessary by the Unitholder, to effect such Partner Distribution.

- (b) Shelf Registration. The right of the Unitholder to request a registration of Registrable Securities pursuant to Section 1.1(a) shall include the right from and after the first anniversary of the Initial Public Offering to request that the Partnership file a registration statement to permit the requesting holder to sell Registrable Securities on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act (or any similar rule that may be adopted by the Commission) in accordance with the intended method or methods of disposition by such requesting holder (a "Shelf Registration Statement"). Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein,
 - (i) upon any Shelf Registration Statement having been declared effective, the Partnership shall use reasonable best efforts to keep such Shelf Registration Statement continuously effective in order to permit the prospectus included therein to be usable by the holders of Registrable Securities until the earlier of (x) such time as all Registrable Securities that could be sold under such Shelf Registration Statement have been sold or are no longer outstanding; (y) two years from the date of effectiveness; and (z) the date that the Unitholder can sell all Registrable Securities Beneficially Owned by it in accordance with Rule 144 under the Securities Act without any volume or manner limitations pursuant thereto;
 - (ii) if at any time following the effectiveness of any Shelf Registration Statement the Unitholder desires to sell Registrable Securities pursuant thereto, the Unitholder shall notify the Partnership of such intent at least ten Business Days prior to any such sale (any such proposed transaction, a "<u>Take-down Transaction</u>"), and the Partnership thereupon shall prepare and file within ten Business Days after receipt of such notice a prospectus supplement or post-effective amendment to the Shelf Registration Statement, as necessary, to permit the consummation of such Take-down Transaction;
 - (iii) upon receipt of notice from the Unitholder regarding a Take-down Transaction as provided in clause (ii) of this Section 1.1(b), the Partnership shall immediately deliver notice to any other holders of Registrable Securities whose Registrable Securities have been included in such Shelf Registration Statement and shall permit such holders to participate in such Take-down Transaction (subject to Section 1.4), it being understood, for the avoidance of doubt, that no holder other than the Unitholder shall have the right to initiate a Take-down Transaction;
 - (iv) each holder who participates in a Take-down Transaction shall be deemed through such participation to have represented to the

Partnership that any information previously supplied by such holder to the Partnership in writing for inclusion in the Shelf Registration Statement, unless modified by such holder by written notice to the Partnership, remains accurate as of the date of the prospectus supplement or amendment to the Shelf Registration Statement, as applicable; and

(v) if the continued use of such Shelf Registration Statement at any time would require the Partnership to make any public disclosure of material, non-public information, disclosure of which, in the good faith judgment of the Board of Directors of CVR GP, LLC, after consultation with independent outside counsel to the Partnership, (i) would be required to be made in any registration statement filed with the Commission by the Partnership so that such registration statement would not be materially misleading and (ii) would not be required to be made at such time but for the filing of such registration statement; and the Partnership has a bona fide business purpose for not disclosing such information publicly, the Partnership may, upon giving prompt written notice of such action to the holders of Registrable Securities, suspend use of the Shelf Registration Statement (a "Shelf Suspension"); provided, however, that the Partnership shall not be permitted to exercise a Shelf Suspension (x) more than once during any 12 month period or (y) for a period exceeding 45 days on any one occasion. In the case of a Shelf Suspension, the holders of Registrable Securities agree to suspend use of the applicable prospectus in connection with any sale or purchase of, or offer to sell or purchase, Registrable Securities, upon receipt of the notice referred to above. Upon the written request of either the Initiating Unitholder or the Partnership shall provide such holder of Registrable Securities in writing with a general statement of the reasons for such postponement and an approximation of the anticipated delay. The Partnership shall immediately notify the holders of Registrable Securities upon the termination of any Shelf Suspension, amend or supplement the prospectus, if necessary, so it does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omission and furnish to the holders of Registrable Securities such numbers of copies of the prospectus as so amended or supplemented as such holders may reasonably request. The Partnersh

1.2. Registration Statement Form. A registration requested pursuant to Section 1.1 shall be effected by the filing of a registration statement on a form of the Commission (i) selected by the Majority Holders, which form shall be reasonably acceptable to the Partnership; provided that the Partnership agrees that, at the request of the Initiating Unitholder,

at such time as the Partnership becomes a "well-known seasoned issuer," as such term is defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act, the Partnership will register an offering pursuant to Section 1.1 on an "automatic shelf registration statement," as such term is defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act; provided, that the Partnership is advised by independent outside counsel that filing an "automatic shelf registration statement" for registration of the Registrable Securities will not cause the Partnership to be an "ineligible issuer," as such term is defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act and (ii) which shall permit the disposition of Registrable Securities in accordance with the intended method or methods of disposition specified in such request for registration, including, without limitation, a Partner Distribution or, as provided above, a continuous or delayed basis offering pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act. The Partnership agrees to include in any such registration statement all information which, in the opinion of counsel to the Initiating Unitholder, counsel to any Participating Unitholder and counsel to the Partnership, is necessary or desirable to be included therein.

1.3. Expenses. The Partnership shall pay, and shall be responsible for, all Registration Expenses in connection with any registration requested under Section 1.1; provided that each seller of Registrable Securities shall pay all Registration Expenses to the extent required to be paid by such seller under applicable law and all underwriting discounts and commissions and transfer taxes, if any, in respect of the Registrable Securities being registered for such seller.

1.4. Effective Registration Statement. A registration requested pursuant to Section 1.1 shall not be deemed a Demand Registration (including for purposes of Section 1.1(a)) unless a registration statement with respect thereto has become effective and has been kept continuously effective for a period of at least 180 days (or such shorter period which shall terminate when all the Registrable Securities covered by such registration statement have been sold pursuant thereto) or, if such registration statement relates to an underwritten offering, such longer period as in the opinion of counsel for the underwriter or underwriters a prospectus is required by law to be delivered in connection with sales of Registrable Securities by an underwriter or dealer. Should a Demand Registration not become effective due to the failure of a holder of Registrable Securities participating in such offering of Registrable Securities (a "Participating Holder") to perform its obligations under this Agreement, or in the event the Initiating Unitholder withdraws or does not pursue its request for the Demand Registration as provided for in Section 1.6 below (in each of the foregoing cases, provided that at such time the Partnership is in compliance in all material respects with its obligations under this Agreement), then, such Demand Registration shall be deemed to have been effected (including for purposes of Section 1.1(a)); provided, that, if (i) the Demand Registration does not become effective because a material adverse change has occurred, or is reasonably likely to occur, in the condition (financial or otherwise), prospects, business, assets or results of operations of the Partnership and its subsidiaries taken as a whole subsequent to the date of the delivery of the Demand Registration (financial or otherwise), prospects, business, assets or regults of operations of the Partnership and its subsidiaries taken as a whole subsequent to the date of the delivery of the Demand Registration and Registration is withdrawn at the request of

Registration Expenses incurred by the Partnership in connection with such request for a Demand Registration that was withdrawn or not pursued, then the Demand Registration shall not be deemed to have been effected and will not count as a Demand Registration.

- 1.5. <u>Right to Withdraw</u>. Any Participating Holder shall have the right to withdraw its request for inclusion of Registrable Securities in any registration statement pursuant to Section 1.1 at any time prior to the effective date of such registration statement by giving written notice to the Partnership of its request to withdraw. Upon receipt of notices from all Participating Holders to such effect, the Partnership shall cease all efforts to obtain effectiveness of the applicable registration statement, and whether the Initiating Unitholder's request for registration pursuant to Section 1.1 shall be counted as a Demand Registration for purposes of Section 1.6 shall be determined in accordance with Section 1.4 above.
- 1.6. <u>Priority in Demand Registrations</u>. Whenever the Partnership effects a registration pursuant to Section 1.1 in connection with an underwritten offering, no securities other than Registrable Securities shall be included among the securities covered by such registration unless the Majority Holders consent in writing to the inclusion therein of such other securities, which consent may be subject to terms and conditions determined by the Majority Holders in their sole discretion. If a registration pursuant to Section 1.1 involves an underwritten offering, and the managing underwriter (or, in the case of an offering which is not underwritten, a nationally recognized investment banking firm) shall advise the Partnership in writing (with a copy to each Person requesting registration of Registrable Securities) that, in its opinion, the number of securities requested, and otherwise proposed to be included in such registration, exceeds the number which can be sold in such offering without materially and adversely affecting the offering price, the Partnership shall include in such registration, to the extent of the number which the Partnership is so advised can be sold in such offering without such material adverse effect, first, the Registrable Securities of the Initiating Unitholder and the Participating Unitholders requesting inclusion in such registration, on a *pro rata* basis (based on the number of shares of Registrable Securities owned by the Unitholder), and second, the securities, if any, being sold by the Partnership. In the event of any such determination under this Section 1.4, the Partnership shall give the affected holders of Registrable Securities notice of such determination and in lieu of the notice otherwise required under Section 1.1.

Section 2. Incidental Registrations. If the Partnership at any time proposes to register any of its equity securities under the Securities Act (other than a registration on Form S-4 or S-8 or any successor form or an "automatic shelf registration statement" on Form S-3 if the Partnership would otherwise qualify as a "WKSI" and has been advised by independent outside counsel that filing an "automatic shelf registration statement" for registration of the Registrable Securities would not cause the Partnership to be an "ineligible issuer," as such term is defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act) whether or not for sale for its own account, then the Partnership shall give prompt written notice (but in no event less than 30 days prior to the initial filing with respect thereto) to all holders of Registrable Securities regarding such proposed registration. Upon the written request of any such holder made within 15 days after the receipt of any such notice (which request shall specify the number of Registrable Securities intended to be disposed of by such holder and the intended method or methods of disposition thereof), the Partnership shall use its best efforts to effect the registration under the Securities Act of such

Registrable Securities on a pro rata basis in accordance with such intended method or methods of disposition; provided that:

- (a) the Partnership shall not include Registrable Securities in such proposed registration to the extent that the Board of Directors of CVR GP, LLC shall have determined, after consultation with the managing underwriter for such offering, that it would materially and adversely affect the offering price to include any Registrable Securities in such registration and provided, further, that the Partnership shall give the affected holders of Registrable Securities notice of such determination and in lieu of the notice otherwise required by the first sentence of this Section 2:
- (b) if, at any time after giving written notice (pursuant to this <u>Section 2</u>) of its intention to register equity securities and prior to the effective date of the registration statement filed in connection with such registration, the Partnership shall determine for any reason not to register such equity securities, the Partnership may, at its election, give written notice of such determination to each holder of Registrable Securities and, thereupon, shall not be obligated to register any Registrable Securities in connection with such registration (but shall nevertheless pay the Registration Expenses in connection therewith), without prejudice, however, to the rights of the Unitholder that a registration be effected under <u>Section 1.1</u>; and
- (c) if in connection with a registration pursuant to this Section 2, the managing underwriter of such registration (or, in the case of an offering that is not underwritten, a nationally recognized investment banking firm) shall advise the Partnership in writing (with a copy to each holder of Registrable Securities requesting, registration thereof) that the number of securities requested and otherwise proposed to be included in such registration exceeds the number which can be sold in such offering without materially and adversely affecting the offering price of the securities being sold in such registration, then in the case of any registration pursuant to this Section 2. the Partnership shall include in such registration to the extent of the number which the Partnership is so advised can be sold in such offering without such material adverse effect, first, the securities, if any, being sold by the Partnership, and second, the Registrable Securities of the Unitholder requesting inclusion in such registration and Partnership Securities of other Persons who have been granted registration rights or are granted registration rights on or after the date of this Agreement, to the extent such other Persons have been granted registration rights that are pari passu to the rights of the Unitholder hereunder, on a pro rata basis (based on the number of shares of Registrable Securities owned by the Unitholder and the number of Partnership Securities of any such other Persons).

The Partnership shall pay all Registration Expenses in connection with each registration of Registrable Securities requested pursuant to this Section 2; provided that each seller of Registrable Securities shall pay all Registration Expenses to the extent required to be

paid by such seller under applicable law and all underwriting discounts and commissions and transfer taxes, if any, in respect of the Registrable Securities being registered for such seller. No registration effected under this Section 2 shall relieve the Partnership from its obligation to effect registrations under Section 1.1.

Section 3. Registration Procedures. If and whenever the Partnership is required to use its best efforts to effect the registration of any Registrable Securities under the Securities Act pursuant to Sections 1.1 or 2, the Partnership shall promptly:

- (a) prepare, and as soon as practicable, but in any event within 30 days thereafter, file with the Commission, a registration statement with respect to such Registrable Securities, make all required filings with FINRA and use its best efforts to cause such registration statement to become and remain effective as soon as practicable;
- (b) prepare and promptly file with the Commission such amendments and post-effective amendments and supplements to such registration statement and the prospectus used in connection therewith as may be necessary to keep such registration statement effective for so long as is required to comply with the provisions of the Securities Act and to complete the disposition of all securities covered by such registration statement in accordance with the intended method or methods of disposition thereof, but in no event for a period of more than six months after such registration statement becomes effective (except as provided in Section 1.1(b)(i));
- (c) furnish copies of all documents proposed to be filed with the Commission in connection with such registration to (i) counsel selected by the Initiating Unitholder and counsel selected by any Participating Unitholders either of which counsel may also be counsel to the Partnership, and (ii) each seller of Registrable Securities (or in the case of the initial filing of a registration statement, within five business days of such initial filing) and such documents shall be subject to the review of such counsel; provided that the Partnership shall not file any registration statement or any amendment or post-effective amendment or suphrements to such registration statement or the prospectus used in connection therewith or any free writing prospectus related thereto to which such counsel shall have reasonably objected on the grounds that such registration statement amendment, supplement or prospectus or free writing prospectus does not comply (explaining why) in all material respects with the requirements of the Securities Act or of the rules or regulations thereunder;
- (d) furnish to each seller of Registrable Securities, without charge, such number of conformed copies of such registration statement and of each such amendment and supplement thereto (in each case including all exhibits and documents filed therewith) and such number of copies of the prospectus included in such registration statement (including each preliminary prospectus and any summary prospectus) and any other prospectus filed under Rule 424 under the

Securities Act, in conformity with the requirements of the Securities Act, each free writing prospectus utilized in connection therewith, and such other documents, as such seller may reasonably request in order to facilitate the disposition of the Registrable Securities owned by such seller in accordance with the intended method or methods of disposition thereof;

- (e) use its best efforts to register or qualify such Registrable Securities and other securities covered by such registration statement under the securities or blue sky laws of such jurisdictions as each seller shall reasonably request, and do any and all other acts and things which may be necessary or advisable to enable such seller to consummate the disposition of such Registrable Securities in such jurisdictions in accordance with the intended method or methods of disposition thereof; provided that the Partnership shall not for any such purpose be required to qualify generally to do business in any jurisdiction wherein it is not so subject, or take any action which would subject it to general service of process in any jurisdiction wherein it is not so subject;
- (f) use its best efforts to cause all Registrable Securities covered by such registration statement to be registered with or approved by such other governmental agencies, authorities or self-regulatory bodies as may be necessary by virtue of the business and operations of the Partnership to enable the seller or sellers thereof to consummate the disposition of such Registrable Securities in accordance with the intended method or methods of disposition thereof;
 - (g) furnish to the Initiating Unitholder and any Participating Unitholders:
 - (i) an opinion of counsel for the Partnership experienced in securities law matters, dated the effective date of the registration statement (and, if such registration includes an underwritten public offering, the date of the closing under the underwriting agreement), and
 - (ii) a "comfort" letter (unless the registration is pursuant to <u>Section 2</u> and such a letter is not otherwise being furnished to the Partnership), dated the effective date of such registration statement (and if such registration includes an underwritten public offering, dated the date of the closing under the underwriting agreement), signed by the independent public accountants who have issued an audit report on the Partnership's financial statements included in the registration statement,

covering such matters as are customarily covered in opinions of issuer's counsel and in accountants' letters delivered to the underwriters in underwritten public offerings of securities and such other matters as the Initiating Unitholder and any Participating Unitholders may reasonably request;

- (h) promptly notify each seller of any Registrable Securities covered by such registration statement at any time when a prospectus relating thereto is required to be delivered under the Securities Act of the happening of any event or existence of any fact as a result of which the prospectus included in such registration statement, as then in effect, includes an untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading in light of the circumstances then existing, and, as promptly as is practicable, prepare and furnish to such seller a reasonable number of copies of a supplement to or an amendment of such prospectus as may be necessary so that, as thereafter delivered to the purchasers of such securities, such prospectus shall not include an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading in light of the circumstances then existing;
- (i) otherwise comply with all applicable rules and regulations of the Commission, and make available to its security holders, as soon as reasonably practicable and in any event within 16 months after the effective date of the registration statement, an earnings statement of the Partnership (in form complying with the provisions of Rule 158 under the Securities Act) covering the period of at least 12 months, but not more than 18 consecutive months, beginning with the first full calendar month after the effective date of such registration statement;
- (j) notify each seller of any Registrable Securities covered by such registration statement (i) when the prospectus or any prospectus supplement or post-effective amendment or any free writing prospectus has been filed and/or used, and, with respect to such registration statement or any post-effective amendment, when the same has become effective, (ii) of the receipt by the Partnership of any comments from the Commission or of any request by the Commission for amendments or supplements to such registration statement or to amend or to supplement such prospectus or for additional information, (iii) of the issuance by the Commission of any stop order suspending the effectiveness of such registration statement or the initiation of any proceedings for that purpose and (iv) of the suspension of the qualification of such securities for offering or sale in any jurisdiction, or of the institution of any proceedings for any of such purposes;
 - (k) use every reasonable effort to obtain the lifting of any stop order that might be issued suspending the effectiveness of such registration statement at the earliest possible moment;
- (I) use its best efforts (i) (A) to list such Registrable Securities on any securities exchange on which the equity securities of the Partnership are then listed or, if no such equity securities are then listed, on an exchange selected by the Partnership, if such listing is then permitted under the rules of such exchange,

or (B) if such listing is not practicable, to secure designation of such securities as a NASDAQ "national market system security" within the meaning of Rule 11Aa2-1 under the Exchange Act or, failing that, to secure NASDAQ authorization for such Registrable Securities, and, without limiting the foregoing, to arrange for at least two market makers to register as such with respect to such Registrable Securities with FINRA, and (ii) to provide a transfer agent and registrar for such Registrable Securities not later than the effective date of such registration statement and to instruct such transfer agent (A) to release any stop transfer order with respect to the certificates with respect to the Registrable Securities being sold and (B) to furnish certificates without restrictive legends (other than those that apply generally to all Partnership Securities) representing ownership of the shares being sold, in such denominations requested by the sellers of the Registrable Securities or the lead underwriter;

- (m) enter into such agreements and take such other actions as the sellers of Registrable Securities or the underwriters reasonably request in order to expedite or facilitate the disposition of such Registrable Securities, including, without limitation, preparing for, and participating in, such number of "road shows" and all such other customary selling efforts as the underwriters reasonably request in order to expedite or facilitate such disposition;
- (n) furnish to any holder of such Registrable Securities such information and assistance as such holder may reasonably request in connection with any "due diligence" effort which such seller deems appropriate;
- (o) cooperate with each seller of Registrable Securities and each underwriter and their respective counsel in connection with any filings required to be made with FINRA, the New York Stock Exchange, or any other securities exchange on which such Registrable Securities are traded or will be traded;
- (p) cooperate with the sellers of the Registrable Securities and the managing underwriter to facilitate the timely preparation and delivery of certificates not bearing any restrictive legends (other than those that apply generally to all Partnership Securities) representing the Registrable Securities to be sold, and cause such Registrable Securities to be issued in such denominations and registered in such names in accordance with the underwriting agreement prior to any sale of Registrable Securities to the underwriters or, if not an underwritten offering, in accordance with the instructions of the Majority Holders at least five business days prior to any sale of Registrable Securities and instruct any transfer agent and registrar of Registrable Securities to release any stop transfer orders in respect thereof;
- (q) cause its officers and employees to participate in, and to otherwise facilitate and cooperate with the preparation of the registration statement and prospectus and any amendments or supplements thereto (including participating

in meetings, drafting sessions and due diligence sessions) taking into account the Partnership's business needs;

- (r) use its best efforts to take all other steps necessary to effect the registration of such Registrable Securities contemplated hereby;
- (s) take all reasonable action to ensure that any free writing prospectus utilized in connection with any registration covered by this agreement complies in all material respects with the Securities Act, is filed in accordance with the Securities Act to the extent required thereby, is retained in accordance with the Securities Act to the extent required thereby and, when taken together with the related prospectus, prospectus supplement and related documents, will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; and
- (t) in connection with any underwritten offering, if at any time the information conveyed to a purchaser at the time of sale includes any untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, promptly file with the Commission such amendments or supplements to such information as may be necessary so that the statements as so amended or supplemented will not, in light of the circumstances, be misleading.

To the extent the Partnership is a well-known seasoned issuer (as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act) (a "WKSI") at the time any Demand Request Notice is submitted to the Partnership, and such Demand Requests Notice requests that the Partnership file an automatic shelf registration statement (as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act) (an "automatic shelf registration statement") on Form S-3 and the Partnership has been advised by independent outside counsel that filing an "automatic shelf registration statement" for registration of the Registrable Securities will not cause the Partnership to be an "ineligible issuer," as such term is defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act, the Partnership shall file an automatic shelf registration statement which covers those Registrable Securities which are requested to be registered. The Partnership shall use its commercially reasonable best efforts to remain a WKSI (and not become an ineligible issuer (as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act)) during the period during which such automatic shelf registration statement is required to remain effective. If the Partnership does not pay the filing fee covering the Registrable Securities at the time the automatic shelf registration statement is filed, the Partnership agrees to pay such fee at such time or times as the Registrable Securities are to be sold. If the automatic shelf registration statement has been outstanding for at least three years, at the end of the third year the Partnership shall registration statement to required to re-evaluate its WKSI status the Partnership determines that it is not a WKSI, the Partnership shall use its commercially reasonable best efforts to refile the shelf registration statement on Form S-3 and, if such form is

not available, Form S-1 and keep such registration statement effective during the period during which such registration statement is required to be kept effective.

If the Partnership files any shelf registration statement for the benefit of the holders of any of its securities other than the Unitholder, the Partnership agrees that it shall give prior written notice to the Unitholder and, upon request of the Unitholder, include in such registration statement such disclosures as may be required by Rule 430B (referring to the unnamed selling security holders in a generic manner by identifying the initial issuance and sale of the securities to the Unitholder) in order to ensure that the Unitholder may be added to such shelf registration statement at a later time through the filing of a prospectus supplement rather than a post-effective amendment.

As a condition to its registration of Registrable Securities of any prospective seller, the Partnership may require such seller of any Registrable Securities as to which any registration is being effected to execute powers-of-attorney, custody arrangements and other customary agreements appropriate to facilitate the offering and to furnish to the Partnership such information regarding such seller, its ownership of Registrable Securities and the disposition of such Registrable Securities as the Partnership may from time to time reasonably request in writing and as shall be required by law in connection therewith. Each such holder agrees to furnish promptly to the Partnership all information required to be disclosed in such registration statement in order to make the information previously furnished to the Partnership by such holder and disclosed in such registration statement not materially misleading.

The Partnership agrees not to file or make any amendment to any registration statement with respect to any Registrable Securities, or any amendment of or supplement to the prospectus used in connection therewith, which refers to any holder of Registrable Securities, or otherwise identifies any holder of Registrable Securities as the holder of any Registrable Securities, without the prior consent of such holder, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed, unless such disclosure is required by law. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any such registration statement or comparable statement under "blue sky" laws refers to any holder of Registrable Securities by name or otherwise as the holder of any securities of the Partnership, then such holder shall have the right to require (i) the insertion therein of language, in form and substance satisfactory to such holder and the Partnership, to the effect that the holding by such holder of such Registrable Securities is not to be construed as a recommendation by such holder of the investment quality of the Partnership's securities covered thereby and that such holding does not imply that such holder will assist in meeting any future financial requirements of the Partnership, or (ii) in the event that such reference to such holder by name or otherwise is not in the judgment of the Partnership, as advised by counsel, required by the Securities Act or any similar federal statute or any state "blue sky" or securities law then in force, the deletion of the reference to such holder.

By acquisition of Registrable Securities, each holder of such Registrable Securities shall be deemed to have agreed that upon receipt of any notice from the Partnership of the happening of any event of the kind described in Section 3(h), such holder will promptly discontinue such holder's disposition of Registrable Securities pursuant to the registration statement covering such Registrable Securities until such holder's receipt of the copies of the

supplemented or amended prospectus contemplated by Section 3(h). If so directed by the Partnership, each holder of Registrable Securities will deliver to the Partnership (at the Partnership's expense) all copies, other than permanent file copies, in such holder's possession of the prospectus covering such Registrable Securities at the time of receipt of such notice. In the event that the Partnership shall give any such notice, the period mentioned in Section 3(a) shall be extended by the number of days during the period from and including the date of the giving of such notice to and including the date when each seller of any Registrable Securities covered by such registration statement shall have received the copies of the supplemented or amended prospectus contemplated by Section 3(h).

Section 4. Underwritten Offerings.

- 4.1. <u>Underwriting Agreement</u>. If requested by the underwriters for any underwritten offering pursuant to a registration requested under Section 1.1 or 2, the Partnership shall enter into an underwriting agreement with the underwriting Agreement. If requested by the underwriting agreement to be reasonably satisfactory in substance and form to the underwriters and to the Unitholder. Any such underwriting agreement shall contain such representations and warranties by, and such other agreements on the part of, the Partnership and such other terms and provisions as are customarily contained in agreements of this type, including, without limitation, indemnities to the effect and to the extent provided in Section 7. The Unitholder and each other holder of Registrable Securities to be distributed by such underwriter shall be a party to such underwriting agreement and may, at such holder's option, require that any or all of the representations and warranties by, and the agreements on the part of, the Partnership to and for the benefit of such underwriters be made to and for the benefit of such underwriters be made to and for the benefit of such underwriters be made to and for the benefit of such underwriters be made to and for the benefit of such underwriters be made to and for the benefit of such underwriters be made to and for the benefit of such holder of Registrable Securities and that any or all of the conditions precedent to the obligations of such underwriting agreement shall also be conditions precedent to the obligations of such holder of Registrable Securities. The Unitholder in its capacity as a Partner and/or controlling person shall not be required by any underwriting agreement to make any representations or warranties to or agreements with the Partnership or the underwriters other than representations, warranties or agreements regarding such holder, the ownership of such holder's Registrable Securities and such holder's intended method or methods of disposition and any other representation required by law
- 4.2. <u>Selection of Underwriters</u>. If the Partnership at any time proposes to register any of its securities under the Securities Act for sale for its own account pursuant to an underwritten offering, the Partnership will have the right to select the managing underwriter (which shall be of nationally recognized standing) to administer the offering. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, whenever a registration requested pursuant to Section 1.1 is for an underwritten offering, the Initiating Unitholder will have the right to select the managing underwriter (which shall be of nationally recognized standing and reasonably acceptable to any Participating Unitholders) to administer the offering, but only with the approval of the Partnership, such approval not to be unreasonably withheld.

Section 5. Holdback Agreements

- (a) If and whenever the Partnership proposes to register any of its equity securities under the Securities Act for its own account (other than on Form S-4 or S-8 or any successor form) or is required to use its best efforts to effect the registration of any Registrable Securities under the Securities Act pursuant to Section 1.1 or 2, each holder of Registrable Securities agrees by acquisition of such Registrable Securities not to effect any offer, sale or distribution, including any sale pursuant to Rule 144 under the Securities Act, or to request registration under Section 1.1 of any Registrable Securities within seven days prior to the reasonably expected effective date of the contemplated registration statement (or the date of the underwriting agreement in an offering off of a Shelf Registration Statement) and during the period beginning on the effective date of the registration statement relating to such registration (or the date of the underwriting agreement in an offering off of a Shelf Registration Statement) (the "Trigger Date") and until 90 days (unless advised by the managing underwriter that a longer period, not to exceed 180 days, is required, or such shorter period as the managing underwriter for any underwriten offering may agree) after the Trigger Date, except as part of such registration or offering or unless, in the case of a sale or distribution not involving a public offering, the transferee agrees in writing to be subject to this Section 5, even if such Registrable Securities agrees to execute an agreement to such effect with the Partnership and consistent with such managing underwriter's customary form of holdback agreement.
- (b) The Partnership agrees not to effect any public offer, sale or distribution of its equity securities or securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for any of such securities within seven days prior to the reasonably expected effective date of the contemplated registration statement (or the date of the underwriting agreement in an offering off of a Shelf Registration Statement) and during the period beginning on the Trigger Date and until 90 days (or such longer period, not to exceed 180 days, which may be required by the managing underwriter, or such shorter period as the managing underwriter may agree) after the Trigger Date with respect to any registration statement filed pursuant to Section 1.1 (except (i) as part of such registration, (ii) as permitted by any related underwriting agreement, (iii) pursuant to an employee equity compensation plan, (iv) pursuant to an acquisition or strategic relationship or similar transaction or (v) pursuant to a registration on Form S-4 or S-8 or any successor form). In addition, if, and to the extent requested by the managing underwriter, the Partnership shall use its best efforts to cause each holder (other than any holder already subject to Section 5(a)) of its equity securities or any securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for any of such securities, whether outstanding on the date of this Agreement or issued at any time after the date of this Agreement (other than any such securities acquired in a public offering), to agree not to effect any such public offer, sale or distribution of such securities during such period, except as part of any such registration if permitted, and to cause each such holder

to enter into an agreement to such effect with the Partnership and consistent with such managing underwriter's customary form of holdback agreement, provided that no holder of less than 5% of the Partnership's outstanding equity securities shall be required to enter into such an agreement.

Section 6. <u>Preparation</u>; <u>Reasonable Investigation</u>. In connection with the preparation and filing of each registration statement registering Registrable Securities and epites Act, the Partnership shall give counsel to the holders of such Registrable Securities so to be registered, the managing underwriter(s), and their respective counsel, accountants and other representatives and agents the opportunity to participate in the preparation of such registration statement, each prospectus included therein or filed with the Commission, and each amendment thereof or supplement thereto, and shall give each of the foregoing parties access to the financial and other records, pertinent corporate documents and properties of the Partnership and its subsidiaries and opportunities to discuss the business of the Partnership with its officers and the independent public accountants who have issued audit reports on its financial statements in each case as shall be reasonably requested by each of the foregoing parties in connection with such registration statement.

Section 7. Indemnification.

7.1. <u>Indemnification by the Partnership</u>. The Partnership agrees that in the event of any registration of any Registrable Securities pursuant to this Agreement, the Partnership shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless (a) each holder of Registrable Securities, (b) the Affiliates of such holder and the respective directors, members, stockholders, officers, partners, employees, advisors, representatives, agents of such holder and its Affiliates, (c) each Person who participates as an underwriter or Qualified Independent Underwriter in the offering or sale of such securities and (d) each person, if any, who controls (within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act) any of the foregoing against any and all losses, penalties, fines, liens, judgments, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions or proceedings in respect thereof) and expenses (including reasonable fees of counsel and any amounts paid in settlement effected with the Partnership's consent, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed if such settlement is solely with respect to monetary damages), jointly or severally, directly or indirectly, based upon or arising out of (i) any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in any registration statement under which such Registrable Securities were registered under the Securities Act, any preliminary prospectus, final prospectus or summary prospectus contained therein or used in connection with the offering of securities covered thereby, or any amendment or supplement thereto, or any documents incorporated by reference therein, or any "free writing prospectus," as such term is defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act, utilized in connection with any related offering, (ii) any omission to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading or (iii) any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact required to be stated therein; and the Partner

investigating, preparing, pursuing or defending any such loss, claim, damage, liability, action or proceeding as such expenses are incurred, except insofar as any such loss, penalty, fine, lien, judgment, claim, damage, liability, action, proceeding or expense arises out of or is based upon an untrue statement of a material fact or omission of a material fact made in such registration statement, any such preliminary prospectus, final prospectus, summary prospectus, amendment or supplement, document incorporated by reference therein or "free writing prospectus" utilized in connection with any related offering in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Partnership by such holder expressly for use in the preparation thereof in accordance with the second sentence of Section 7.2. Such indemnity shall remain in full force and effect, regardless of any investigation made by such indemnified party and shall survive the transfer of such Registrable Securities by such seller.

7.2. Indemnification by the Sellers. The Partnership may require, as a condition to including any Registrable Securities in any registration statement filed pursuant to Section 1.1 or 2, that the Partnership shall have received an undertaking satisfactory to it from each of the prospective sellers of such Registrable Securities to indemnify and hold harmless, severally and not jointly, in the same manner and to the same extent as set forth in Section 7.1, the Partnership, CVR GP, LLC and its directors, officers, employees, agents and each person, if any, who controls (within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act) the Partnership, with respect to any statement of a material fact or alleged statement or a material fact or alleged omission of a material fact from such registration statement, any preliminary prospectus, final prospectus or summary prospectus or summary prospectus or summary prospectus offering, but only to the extent such statement or alleged statement or such omission or alleged omission was made in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Partnership by such seller expressly for use in the preparation of such registration statement, preliminary prospectus, summary prospectus, amendment or supplement or free writing prospectus. The Partnership and the holders of the Registrable Securities in their capacities as stockholders and/or controlling persons hereby acknowledge and agree that, unless otherwise expressly agreed to in writing by such holders, the only information furnished or to be furnished to the Partnership for use in any registration statement or prospectus relating to the Registrable Securities or in any amendment, supplement or preliminary materials associated therewith or any free writing prospectus related thereto are statements specifically relating to (a) transactions between such holder and its Affiliates, on the one hand, and the Partnership, on the other hand, (b) the beneficial ownership of Partnership

delayed if such settlement is solely with respect to monetary damages). The indemnity provided by each seller of Registrable Securities under this Section 7.2 shall be limited in amount to the net amount of proceeds (i.e., net of expenses, underwriting discounts and commissions) actually received by such seller from the sale of Registrable Securities pursuant to such registration statement.

- 7.3. Notices of Claims, etc. Promptly after receipt by an indemnified party of notice of the commencement of any action or proceeding involving a claim referred to in the preceding paragraphs of this Section 7, such indemnified party shall, if a claim in respect thereof is to be made against an indemnifying party, give written notice to the indemnifying party of the commencement of such action or proceeding; provided that the failure of any indemnified party to give notice as provided herein shall not relieve the indemnifying party of its obligations under the preceding paragraphs of this Section 7, except to the extent that the indemnifying party is materially prejudiced by such failure to give notice. In case any such action is brought against an indemnified party, the indemnifying party shall be entitled to participate therein and to assume the defense thereof, jointly with any other indemnifying party similarly notified, to the extent that it may wish, with counsel reasonably satisfactory to such indemnified party, and after notice from the indemnifying party to such indemnified party of its election so to assume the defense thereof, the indemnifying party will not be liable to such indemnified party for any legal or other expenses subsequently incurred by the latter in connection with the defense thereof except for the reasonable fees and expenses of any counsel retained by such indemnified party to monitor such action or proceeding. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if such indemnified party are easonably determines, based upon advice of independent counsel, that a conflict of interest may exist between the indemnified party and the indemnifying party with respect to such action and that it is advisable for such indemnified party to be represented by separate counsel, such indemnified party may retain other counsel, reasonably satisfactory to the indemnifying party, to represent such indemnified party, and the indemnifying party shall pay all reasonable fees and expenses of such counsel. No indemnifying part
- 7.4. Other Indemnification. Indemnification similar to that specified in the preceding paragraphs of this Section 7 (with appropriate modifications) shall be given by the Partnership and each seller of Registrable Securities with respect to any required registration (other than under the Securities Act) or other qualification of such Registrable Securities under any federal or state law or regulation of any governmental authority.
- 7.5. <u>Indemnification Payments</u>. Any indemnification required to be made by an indemnifying party pursuant to this Section 7 shall be made by periodic payments to the indemnified party during the course of the action or proceeding, as and when bills are received

by such indemnifying party with respect to an indemnifiable loss, penalty, fine, lien, judgment, claim, damage, liability or expense incurred by such indemnified party.

7.6. Other Remedies. If for any reason any indemnification specified in the preceding paragraphs of this Section 7 is unavailable, or is insufficient to hold harmless an indemnified party, other than by reason of the exceptions provided therein, then the indemnifying party shall contribute to the amount paid or payable by the indemnified party as a result of such losses, penalties, fines, liens, judgments, claims, damages, liabilities, actions, proceedings or expenses in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect the relative benefits to and faults of the indemnifying party on the one hand and the indemnified party on the other and the statements or omissions or alleged statements or omissions which resulted in such loss, penalty, fine, lien, judgment, claim, damage, liability, action, proceeding or expense, as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. The relative fault of the indemnifying party and of the indemnified party shall be determined by reference to, among other things, whether the untrue statement of a material fact or the omission to state a material fact relates to information supplied by the indemnifying party or by the indemnified party and the parties' relative intent, knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent such statements or omissions. The parties hereto agree that it would not be just and equitable if contributions pursuant to this Section 7.6 were to be determined by pro rata allocation or by any other method of allocation which does not take into account the equitable considerations referred to in the preceding sentence of this Section 7.6. No person guilty of fraudulent misrepresentation (within the meaning of Section 11 (f) of the Securities Act) shall be entitled to contribution from any person who was not guilty of such fraudulent misrepresentation. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Section 7, in respect of any claim for indemnification pursuant to this Section 7, no indemnifying party (other than the Partnership) shall be required to contribute pursuant to this Section 7.6 any amount in excess of (a) the net proceeds (i.e., net of expenses, underwriting discounts and commissions) received and retained by such indemnifying party from the sale of its Registrable Securities covered by the applicable registration statement, preliminary prospectus, final prospectus, or supplement or amendment thereto, filed pursuant hereto minus (b) any amounts previously paid by such indemnifying party pursuant to this Section 7 in respect of such claim, it being understood that insofar as such net proceeds have been distributed by any indemnifying party to its partners, stockholders or members, the amount of such indemnifying party's contribution hereunder shall be limited to the net proceeds which it actually recovers from its partners, stockholders or members based upon their relative fault and that to the extent that such indemnifying party has not distributed such net proceeds, the amount such indemnifying party's contribution hereunder shall be limited by the percentage of such net proceeds which corresponds to the percentage equity interests in such indemnifying party held by those of its partners, stockholders or members who have been determined to be at fault. No party shall be liable for contribution under this Section 7.6 except to the extent and under such circumstances as such party would have been liable for indemnification under this Section 7 if such indemnification were enforceable under applicable law.

Section 8. Representations and Warranties. The Unitholder represents and warrants to the Partnership that:

- (a) it has all limited liability company power and authority to execute, deliver and perform this Agreement;
- (b) the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement has been duly and validly authorized and approved by all necessary limited liability company action;
- (c) this Agreement has been duly and validly executed and delivered by the Unitholder and constitutes a valid and legally binding obligation of the Unitholder, enforceable in accordance with its terms, subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other similar laws affecting or relating to creditors' rights generally and general principles of equity; and
- (d) the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement by the Unitholder does not and will not violate the terms of or result in the acceleration of any obligation under (i) any material contract, commitment or other material instrument to which the Unitholder is a party or by which the Unitholder is bound or (ii) the Unitholder's certificate of formation or limited liability company agreement.
- Section 9. <u>Definitions</u>. Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the meanings given to them in the Partnership Agreement (as hereinafter defined). For purposes of this Agreement, the following terms shall have the following respective meanings:
 - "Affiliate": a Person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Person specified.
 - "Commission": the Securities and Exchange Commission.
 - "Exchange Act": the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or any successor federal statute, and the rules and regulations thereunder which shall be in effect at the time.
 - "FINRA": the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc.
 - $\label{eq:majority Holders} \begin{tabular}{l}{\bf 'Majority\ Holders}'' : the holders\ of\ at\ least\ 51\%\ of\ the\ Registrable\ Securities\ that\ are\ participating\ in\ the\ registration\ at\ issue.$
 - "Majority Voting Holders": the holders of at least 51% of the Registrable Securities.
 - "NASDAQ": the Nasdaq Global Market or the Nasdaq Global Select Market.
 - "Partnership Agreement" means the Second Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of CVR Partners, LP, dated as of the date hereof, as amended and/or restated from time to time.

"Person": an individual, corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, business association, trust or any other entity or organization, including a government or political subdivision or an agency or instrumentality thereof.

"Registrable Securities": the Common Units issued to the Unitholder pursuant to the Amended Contribution Agreement on the date of this Agreement or otherwise issued to the Unitholder pursuant to the Partnership Agreement or otherwise. As to any particular Registrable Securities, such securities shall case to be Registrable Securities when (i) a registration statement with respect to the sale of such securities shall have become effective under the Securities Act and such securities shall have been disposed of in accordance with such registration statement, (ii) a registration statement on Form S-8 with respect to the sale of such securities shall have been sall have been sold to the public pursuant to Rule 144 under the Securities Act, or (iv) such securities shall have ceased to be outstanding. Any and all Common Units which may be issued in respect of, in exchange for, upon conversion of, or in substitution for any Registrable Securities, whether by reason of any stock split, stock dividend, reverse stock split, recapitalization, combination, merger, consolidation or otherwise, shall also be "Registrable Securities" hereunder.

"Registration Expenses": all fees and expenses incurred in connection with the Partnership's performance of or compliance with any registration pursuant to this Agreement, including, without limitation, (i) registration, filing and applicable Commission and FINRA fees, (ii) fees and expenses of complying with securities or blue sky laws, (iii) fees and expenses associated with listing securities on an exchange, (iv) word processing, duplicating and printing expenses, (v) messenger and delivery expenses, (vi) transfer agents', trustees', depositories', registrars' and fiscal agents' fees, (vii) fees and disbursements of counsel for the Partnership and of its independent public accountants, including the expenses of any special audits or "cold comfort" letters required by, or incident to, such registration, (viii) reasonable fees and disbursements of any one counsel retained by the Initiating Unitholder and any one counsel retained by the Participating Unitholders, and (ix) any fees and disbursements of underwriters customarily paid by issuers or sellers of securities, but excluding underwriting discounts and commissions and transfer taxes, if any.

"Securities Act": the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or any successor federal statute, and the rules and regulations thereunder which shall be in effect at the time.

Section 10. Miscellaneous.

10.1. Rule 144, etc. If the Partnership shall have filed a registration statement pursuant to the requirements of Section 12 of the Exchange Act or a registration statement pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act relating to any class of equity securities, the Partnership shall file the reports required to be filed by it under the Securities Act and the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations adopted by the Commission thereunder, and shall take such further action as any holder of Registrable Securities may reasonably request, all to the extent required from time to time to enable such holder to sell Registrable Securities without registration under the Securities Act within the limitation of the exemptions provided by (a) Rule 144 under the Securities Act, as such rule may be amended from time to time, or (b) any successor rule or

regulation hereafter adopted by the Commission. Upon the request of any holder of Registrable Securities, the Partnership shall deliver to such holder a written statement as to whether it has complied with such requirements, a copy of the most recent annual or quarterly report of the Partnership, and such other reports and documents as such holder may reasonably request in order to avail itself of any rule or regulation of the Commission allowing it to sell any Registrable Securities without registration.

- 10.2. Successors, Assigns and Transferees. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of and be enforceable by the parties hereto and their respective permitted successors, personal representatives and assigns under this Section 10.2. The Partnership may not assign any of its rights or delegate any of its duties under this Agreement without the prior written consent of the Majority Voting Holders. The provisions of this Agreement twich are for the benefit of a holder of Registrable Securities shall be for the benefit of and enforceable by any transferee of such Registrable Securities. Any holder of Registrable Securities may, at its election and at any time or from time to time, assign its rights under this Agreement, in whole or in part, to any Person to whom such holder sells, assigns or otherwise transfers its shares of Registrable Securities; provided that (i) such transferee acquires such Registrable Securities in accordance with any then applicable transfer restrictions in respect of such Registrable Securities, (ii) no such assignment shall be binding upon or obligate the Partnership to any such transferee unless and until such transferee executes a joinder agreement agreeing to be bound by all of the transferor's obligations hereunder, including, without limitation, Section 5 hereof, copies of which shall have been delivered to the Partnership (each such transferee, a "Permitted Transferee") and (iii) the rights of the Unitholder to make a Demand Registration pursuant to Section 1.1 may only be assigned as a whole and not in part (and otherwise in accordance with the other provisions of this proviso).
- 10.3. <u>Splits, etc.</u> Each holder of Registrable Securities agrees that it will vote to effect a split, reverse split, recapitalization or combination with respect to any Registrable Securities in connection with any registration of any Registrable Securities hereunder, or otherwise, if (i) the managing underwriter shall advise the Partnership in writing (or, in connection with an offering that is not underwritten, if an investment banker shall advise the Partnership in writing) that in its opinion such a split, reverse split, recapitalization or combination would facilitate or increase the likelihood of success of the offering, and (ii) such split, reverse split, recapitalization or combination does not impact the respective Percentage Interests of each such holder of Registrable Securities in the Partnership. The Partnership shall cooperate in all respects in effecting any such split, stock split, recapitalization or combination.
- 10.4. <u>Amendment and Modification</u>. This Agreement may be amended, waived, modified or supplemented by the Partnership only with the prior written consent of the Unitholder and a majority (by number of shares) of any other holders of Registrable Securities whose interests would be adversely affected by such amendment, waiver, modification or supplement; provided that the interests of any existing holders of Registrable Securities shall not be adversely affected by an amendment, waiver, modification or settlement of this Agreement that provides for or has the effect of providing for an additional grant of incidental registration rights with a lower or the same priority as the rights held by such existing holders of Registrable Securities, as long as any such grant of incidental registration rights with the same priority are

pari passu with those held by such existing holders of Registrable Securities. Each holder of Registrable Securities shall be bound by any such amendment, waiver, modification or supplement authorized in accordance with this Section 10.4, whether or not such Registrable Securities shall have been marked to indicate such amendment, waiver, modification or supplement. The waiver by any party hereto of a breach of any provision of this Agreement shall not operate or be construed as a further or continuing waiver of such breach or as a waiver of any other or subsequent breach, except as otherwise explicitly provided for in such waiver. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, no failure on the part of any party to exercise, and no delay in exercising, any right, power or remedy hereunder, or otherwise available in respect hereof at law or in equity, shall operate as a waiver thereof, nor shall any single or partial exercise of such right, power or remedy by such party preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right, power or remedy. The execution of a counterpart signature page to this Agreement by a Permitted Transferee pursuant to Section 10.2 shall not require consent of any party hereto and shall not be deemed an amendment to this Agreement.

10.5. Governing Law; Venue and Service of Process. This Agreement and the rights and obligations of the parties hereunder and the Persons subject hereto shall be governed by, and construed and interpreted in accordance with, the law of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to the choice of law principles thereof. By execution and delivery of this Agreement, each of the parties hereto hereby irrevocably and unconditionally (i) consents to submit to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Courts of the State of New York (onlectively, the "Selected Courts") for any action or proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby, and agrees not to commence any action or proceeding relating thereto except in the Selected Courts, provided, that, a party may commence any action or proceeding in a court other than a Selected Court solely for the purpose of enforcing an order or judgment issued by one of the Selected Courts; (ii) consents to service of any process, summons, notice or document in any action or proceeding by registered first-class mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested or by nationally recognized courier guaranteeing overnight delivery in accordance with Section 10.8 hereof and agrees that such service of process shall be effective service of process for any action or proceeding brought against it in any such court, provided, that, nothing herein shall affect the right of any party hereto to serve process in any other manner permitted by law; (iii) waives any objection to the laying of venue of any action or proceeding arising out of this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby in the Selected Courts; and (iv) waives and agrees not to plead or claim in any court that any such action or proceeding brought in any such Selected Court has been brought in an inconvenient forum.

10.6. <u>Invalidity of Provision</u>. The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision of this Agreement in any jurisdiction shall not affect the validity or enforceability of the remainder of this Agreement in that jurisdiction or the validity or enforceability of this Agreement, including that provision, in any other jurisdiction.

10.7. Reserved Notices. All notices, requests, demands, letters, waivers and other communications required or permitted to be given under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given if (a) delivered personally, (b) mailed, certified or

registered mail with postage prepaid, (c) sent by next-day or overnight mail or delivery or (d) sent by fax, as follows:

(i) If to the Partnership, to it at:

10 E. Cambridge Circle, Ste. 250 Kansas City, Kansas 66103 Attention: Edmund S. Gross Facsimile No.: 913-982-5651

(ii) If to the Unitholder, to it at:

10 E. Cambridge Circle, Ste. 250 Kansas City, Kansas 66103 Attention: Edmund S. Gross Facsimile No.: 913-981-0000

or to such other Person or address as any party shall specify by notice in writing to the Partnership. All such notices, requests, demands, letters, waivers and other communications shall be deemed to have been received (w) if by personal delivery, at the time delivered by hand (x) if by certified or registered mail, on the fifth business day after the mailing thereof, (y) if by next-day or overnight mail or delivery, on the day delivered, or (z) if by fax, on the day delivered; provided that such delivery is confirmed.

- 10.9. Headings: Execution in Counterparts. The headings and captions contained herein are for convenience and shall not control or affect the meaning or construction of any provision hereof. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original and which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.
- 10.10. <u>Injunctive Relief</u>. Each of the parties recognizes and agrees that money damages may be insufficient and, therefore, in the event of a breach of any provision of this Agreement, the aggrieved party may elect to institute and prosecute proceedings in any court of competent jurisdiction to enforce specific performance or to enjoin the continuing breach of this Agreement. Such remedies shall, however, be cumulative and not exclusive, and shall be in addition to any other remedy which such party may have.
- 10.11. <u>Term</u>. This Agreement shall be effective as of the date hereof and shall continue in effect thereafter until the earlier of (a) its termination by the written consent of the parties hereto or their respective successors in interest and (b) the date on which no Registrable Securities remain outstanding.
- 10.12. <u>Further Assurances</u>. Subject to the specific terms of this Agreement, each of the Partnership and the Unitholder shall make, execute, acknowledge and deliver such other instruments and documents, and take all such other actions, as may be reasonably required in

order to effectuate the purposes of this Agreement and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby.

10.13. Entire Agreement. This Agreement and any agreements entered into in connection with this Agreement constitute the entire agreement and the understanding of the parties hereto with respect to the matters referred to herein. This Agreement and the agreements referred to in the preceding sentence supersede all prior agreements and understandings between the parties with respect to such matters, including but not limited to the Original Registration Rights Agreement.

[Signature page follows]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF this Amended and Restated Agreement has been signed by each of the parties hereto, and shall be effective as of the date first above written.

CVR Pa	CVR Partners, LP	
Ву:	CVR GP, LLC, its General Partner	
By:		
Name:		
Title:		
Coffeyv	ille Resources, LLC	
By:		
Name:		
Title:		

[Signature Page to CVR Partners, LP Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement]

CVR PARTNERS, LP

AMENDED AND RESTATED CONTRIBUTION, CONVEYANCE AND ASSUMPTION AGREEMENT

AMENDED AND RESTATED CONTRIBUTION, CONVEYANCE AND ASSUMPTION AGREEMENT

This Amended and Restated Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement, dated as of , 2011, is entered into by and among COFFEYVILLE RESOURCES, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Coffeyville Resources"), CVR GP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Managing General Partner"), COFFEYVILLE ACQUISITION III LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("C/A III"), CVR Special GP LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Special General Partner") and CVR PARTNERS, LP, a Delaware limited partnership (the "Partnership"). The above-named entities are sometimes referred to in this Agreement each as a "Party" and collectively as the "Partnership". Capitalized terms used herein shall have the meanings assigned to such terms in Section 1.1.

RECITALS:

WHEREAS, Coffeyville Resources, the Managing General Partner, the Partnership and the Special General Partner are parties to the Original Contribution Agreement.

WHEREAS, the Parties desire to amend and restate the Original Contribution Agreement pursuant to Section 7.10 thereof.

WHEREAS, Coffeyville Resources, the Managing General Partner and the Special General Partner have formed the Partnership pursuant to the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act (the "<u>Delaware LP Act</u>") for the purpose of engaging in any business activity that is approved by and that lawfully may be conducted by a limited partnership organized pursuant to the Delaware LP Act in accordance with the terms of the Original Partnership Agreement.

 $\label{eq:whereas} \textbf{WHEREAS}, \text{ each of the following actions have been taken prior to the date hereof:}$

- 1. Coffeyville Resources formed the Managing General Partner under the terms of the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act (the "Delaware LLC Act") and contributed \$1,000 to the Managing General Partner; nexchange for all of the member interests in the Managing General Partner;
- 2. Coffeyville Resources formed the Special General Partner under the terms of the Delaware LLC Act and contributed \$1,000 to the Special General Partner in exchange for all of the member interests in the Special General Partner;
- 3. The Managing General Partner, the Special General Partner and Coffeyville Resources formed the Partnership under the terms of the Delaware LP Act and (a) the Managing General Partner contributed \$1,000 to the Partnership in exchange for a

managing general partner interest in the Partnership, (b) the Special General Partner contributed \$1,000 to the Partnership in exchange for a non-managing general partner interest in the Partnership and (c) Coffeyville Resources contributed \$1,000 to the Partnership in exchange for a nominal limited partner interest in the Partnership;

- 4. Coffeyville Resources Nitrogen Fertilizers, LLC ("Fertilizers") distributed all of its receivables (as of the Original Contribution Effective Time), other than receivables relating to prepay fertilizer sales contracts to Coffeyville Resources;
- 5. Coffevville Resources conveved:
- (a) 1.0% of the Fertilizer Interests to the Partnership, on behalf of the Managing General Partner, in exchange for the Managing General Partner Interest in the Partnership issued to the Managing General Partner:
- (b) 98.901% of the Fertilizer Interests to the Partnership, on behalf of the Special General Partner, in exchange for 30,303,000 Special GP Units, representing a 99.9% special general partner interest in the Partnership, issued to the Special General Partner;
 - (c) 0.099% of the Fertilizer Interests to the Partnership, on its own behalf, in exchange for 30,333 Special LP Units, representing a 0.1% limited partner interest in the Partnership; and
 - (d) all of the membership interests in the Managing General Partner to C/A III in exchange for its fair market value of \$10.6 million;
- $6. \ The \ Partnership \ distributed \ an intercompany \ note \ in the \ amount \ of \$160.0 \ million \ to \ Coffeyville \ Resources.$

WHEREAS, in connection with the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby, each of the following shall occur:

- 1. The Partnership will distribute all of its cash on hand on the date of the distribution (other than cash in respect of prepaid sales) to Coffeyville Resources;
- $2. \ Coffeyville \ Resources \ will \ contribute \ 30,333 \ Special \ LP \ Units \ to \ the \ Partnership \ in \ exchange \ for \ 0.1\% \ of \ the \ Sponsor \ Consideration;$
- 3. The Special General Partner will contribute 30,303,000 Special GP Units to the Partnership in exchange for 99.9% of the Sponsor Consideration;
- 4. The Special General Partner will merge with and into Coffeyville Resources, with Coffeyville Resources remaining as the surviving entity;

- 5. In connection with the Initial Offering, the public, through the Underwriters, will contribute an amount agreed upon by the Underwriters and the Partnership pursuant to the Underwriting Agreement less the Underwriters' Spread to the Partnership in exchange for the Firm Units;
 - 6. The Original Partnership Agreement will be amended and restated by adoption of the Partnership Agreement; and
- 7. The Partnership will use \$[] of the proceeds of the Initial Offering to (a) make a distribution of \$[] million to Coffeyville Resources ([\$18.5] million as a reimbursement for certain capital expenditures made by Coffeyville Resources during the two-year period prior to the effective date of the sale of the Managing General Partner to C/A III) and (b) make a distribution of \$[26.0] million to the Managing General Partner to redeem the IDRs and will retain \$[] million to (x) pay transaction expenses and (y) for general partnership purposes.

WHEREAS, the members or partners of the Parties have taken all limited liability company or partnership action, as the case may be, required to be taken to approve the transactions contemplated hereby.

WHEREAS, the Partnership may adjust upward or downward the number of Firm Units to be offered to the public through the Underwriters.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, and intending to be legally bound hereby, the parties hereby agree as follows:

ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS

Section 1.1 Terms. Capitalized terms used herein but not defined shall have the meanings given them in the Partnership Agreement. The following defined terms shall have the meanings given below:

- "Agreement" means this Amended and Restated Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement, as amended, restated, modified or replaced from time to time.
- "C/A III" has the meaning set forth in the opening paragraph of this Agreement.
- "Closing" means the closing of the sale of the Firm Units to the Underwriters in the Initial Offering.
- "Common Unit" means a common unit representing a limited partner interest in the Partnership, with the rights and preferences set forth in the Partnership Agreement.

"Deferred Issuance and Distribution" means both (a) the issuance by the Partnership of a number of additional Common Units that is equal to the excess, if any, of (x) the number of Option Units over (y) the aggregate number, if any, of Common Units actually purchased by and issued to the Underwriters pursuant to the Over-Allotment Option on the Option Closing Date(s), and (b) a distribution in an amount equal to the aggregate amount of cash contributed by the Underwriters to the Partnership on the Option Closing Date(s) with respect to Common Units issued by the Partnership upon each exercise of the Over-Allotment Option as described in Section 4.2, if any.

"Delaware LLC Act" has the meaning set forth in the recitals hereto.

"Delaware LP Act" has the meaning set forth in the recitals hereto.

"Effective Time" means 9:00 am Eastern Time on the date of the Closing.

"Fertilizers" has the meaning set forth in the recitals hereto.

"Fertilizer Interests" means the membership interests in Fertilizers.

"Fertilizer Interest Liabilities" means all liabilities arising out of or related to the ownership of the Fertilizer Interests to the extent arising or accruing on and after the effective time of the Original Contribution Agreement, whether known or unknown, accrued or contingent, and whether or not reflected on the books and records of Fertilizers or its affiliates.

"Firm Units" means the Common Units to be sold to the Underwriters pursuant to the terms of the Underwriting Agreement, but does not include any Option Units.

"IDRs" mean the distribution rights associated with the Managing General Partner's equity interest in the Partnership, as set forth in the Original Partnership Agreement.

"Initial Offering" means the initial public offering of the Partnership's Common Units.

"Managing General Partner" has the meaning set forth in the opening paragraph of this Agreement.

"Managing General Partner Interest" means the interest issued by the Partnership to the Managing General Partner (including the IDRs), having the rights and preferences as set forth in the Original Partnership Agreement.

"Option Units" means the Common Units subject to the Over-Allotment Option pursuant to the Underwriting Agreement.

"Option Closing Date" means the date or dates on which any Common Units are sold by the Partnership to the Underwriters upon exercise of the Over-Allotment Option.

"Original Contribution Agreement" means that certain Contribution, Assignment and Assumption Agreement dated October 24, 2007, by and among Coffeyville Resources, the Managing General Partner, the Special General Partner and the Partnership.

- "Original Contribution Effective Time" means immediately after the close of business on October 24, 2007.
- "Original Partnership Agreement" means the First Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of CVR Partners, LP, dated as of October 24, 2007.
- "Over-Allotment Option" means the Underwriter's Option, pursuant to the Underwriting Agreement, to purchase from the Partnership a number of Common Units equal to 15% of the Firm Units, which the Partnership will agree to sell to the Underwriters, at the Underwriters' option, to cover over-allotments in connection with the Initial Offering.
 - "Partnership" has the meaning set forth in the opening paragraph of this Agreement.
- "Partnership Agreement" means the Second Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of CVR Partners, LP, to be dated as of as of the date of the Closing, in substantially the form included as Annex A to the Registration Statement, as such agreement may be amended, restated or modified from time to time.
 - "Party" or "Parties" has the meaning set forth in the opening paragraph of this Agreement.
 - "Registration Statement" has the meaning set forth in the recitals hereto.
 - "Special General Partner" has the meaning set forth in the opening paragraph of this Agreement.
 - "Special GP Unit" means a Special GP unit representing a general partner interest in the Partnership, with the rights and preferences set forth in the Original Partnership Agreement.
 - "Special LP Unit" means a Special LP unit representing a limited partner interest in the Partnership, with the rights and preferences set forth in the Original Partnership Agreement.
 - "Special Units" means the Special GP Units and Special LP Units, collectively.
- "Sponsor Common Units" means [_____] Common Units, provided that if the Partnership increases the number of Firm Units above [_____] Common Units, the Sponsor Common Units will be decreased by a number of Common Units equal to 115% of such increase, and if the Partnership decreases the Firm Units below [_____] Common Units, the Sponsor Common Units will be increased by a number of Common Units equal to 115% of such decrease.
 - "Sponsor Consideration" means the Sponsor Common Units and the right to receive the Deferred Issuance and Distribution.
 - "Underwriters" means the underwriting syndicate to be listed in the Underwriting Agreement.
- "Underwriters' Spread" means the total amount of the Underwriters' discount.

"Underwriting Agreement" means a firm commitment underwriting agreement to be entered into between the Partnership and the underwriters named in the Registration Statement, as such agreement may be amended or restated from time to time.

ARTICLE II ACTIONS TAKEN AT EFFECTIVE TIME

Section 2.1 <u>Distribution of Cash on Hand</u>. The Partnership hereby agrees to distribute, as of the Effective Time, all of its cash on hand, other than cash in respect of prepaid sales, as of the Effective Time (expected to be approximately \$[] million) to Coffeyville Resources.

ARTICLE III CONTRIBUTIONS AND ACTIONS TAKEN AFTER EFFECTIVE TIME

Section 3.1 Contribution of Special Units to the Partnership. (a) Immediately after the Effective Time, the Special General Partner will grant, contribute, bargain, convey, assign, transfer, set over and deliver 33,303,000 Special GP Units, representing a 99.9% interest in the Partnership to the Partnership, its successors and assigns, for its and their own use forever in exchange for 99.9% of the Sponsor Consideration and (b) Coffeyville Resources will grant, contribute, bargain, convey, assign, transfer, set over and deliver 30,333 Special LP Units to the Partnership, its successors and assigns, for its and their own use forever, in exchange for 0.1% of the Sponsor Consideration. Upon the transfer of the Special GP Units pursuant to this Section 3.1, the Special General Partner will become a limited partner of the Partnership and cease to be a general partner of the Partnership, and Sections 5.5 and 5.6 of the Original Partnership Agreement will be of no force and effect.

Section 3.2 <u>Merger of the Special General Partner with and into Coffeyville Resources</u>. The Special General Partner and Coffeyville Resources shall enter into a merger agreement whereby the Special General Partner will merge with and into Coffeyville Resources, with Coffeyville Resources remaining as the surviving entity, and file a certificate of merger with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware to effect such merger.

Section 3.3 Use of Proceeds from Initial Offering. The Partnership shall use the net proceeds from the Initial Offering in the following manner:

(i) \$[18.5] million to repay Coffeyville Resources for capital expenditures Coffeyville Resources incurred related to the assets of Fertilizers during the two-year period prior to the effective date of the Managing General Partner by Coffeyville Resources to C/A III;

(ii) \$[] million to make a distribution to Coffeyville Resources;

- (iii) \$[26.0] million to redeem the IDRs from the Managing General Partner; and
- (iv) \$[] million to (x) pay transaction expenses and (y) for general partnership purposes.
- Section 3.4 Execution of the Partnership Agreement. Coffeyville Resources and the General Partner will amend and restate the Original Partnership Agreement by executing the Partnership Agreement in substantially the form included as Appendix A to the Registration Statement, with such changes as are necessary to reflect any adjustment to the number of Firm Units and Option Units as the Partnership may agree with the Underwriters and such other changes as Coffeyville Resources and the General Partner may agree.
 - Section 3.5 <u>Distribution to C/A III</u>. The Managing General Partner will distribute the proceeds it received with respect to the redemption of the IDRs in Section 3.3(iii) to C/A III.
- Section 3.6 <u>Conveyance of the General Partner to Coffeyville Resources</u>. C/A III shall grant, contribute, bargain, convey, assign, transfer, set over and delivers its interest in the General Partner to Coffeyville Resources in exchange for \$[1,000].
- Section 3.7 <u>Deferred Issuance and Distribution</u>. Upon the earlier to occur of the expiration of the Over-Allotment Option period or the exercise in full of the Over-Allotment Option, the Partnership shall issue to Coffeyville Resources a number of additional Common Units that is equal to the excess, if any, of (x) the total number of Option Units over (y) the aggregate number of Common Units, if any, actually purchased by and issued to the Underwriters pursuant to the exercise or exercises of the Over-Allotment Option. Upon each exercise of the Over-Allotment Option, the Partnership shall distribute to Coffeyville Resources an amount of cash equal to the net proceeds (after underwriting discounts) of each such exercise.

ARTICLE IV FURTHER ASSURANCES

From time to time after the date hereof, and without any further consideration the Parties agree to execute, acknowledge and deliver all such additional deeds, assignments, bills of sale, conveyances, instruments, notices, releases, acquittances and other documents, and will do all such other acts and things, all in accordance with applicable law, as may be necessary or appropriate (a) more fully to assure that the applicable Parties own all of the properties, rights, titles, interests, estates, remedies, powers and privileges granted by this Agreement, or which are intended to be so granted, or (b) more fully and effectively to vest in the applicable Parties and their respective successors and assigns beneficial and record title to the interests contributed and assigned by this Agreement or intended so to be and to more fully and effectively carry out the purposes and intent of this Agreement.

ARTICLE V EFFECTIVE TIME; ORDER OF TRANSACTIONS

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Agreement to the contrary, the provisions Article II shall not be operative or have any effect until the Effective Time, following which time Article II of this Agreement shall be effective and operative in accordance with this Article V, without further action by any Party. After the Effective Time, the provisions of Article III shall take place in the order in which such provisions are listed; provided, however, that if the Initial Offering is not consummated within six months of the date of this Agreement, this Agreement shall be of no force and effect and the Original Contribution Agreement shall become effective in its entirety.

ARTICLE VI MISCELLANEOUS

Section 6.1 <u>Assumption of Fertilizer Interest Liabilities by the Partnership</u>. The Partnership hereby assumes and agrees to duly and timely pay, perform and discharge the Fertilizer Interest Liabilities, to the full extent that CR had been obligated, or would have been obligated in the future, to pay as of the effective time of the Original Contribution Agreement were it not for the execution and delivery of the Original Contribution Agreement; provided, however, that said assumption and agreement to duly and timely pay, perform and discharge the Fertilizer Interest Liabilities shall not (a) increase the obligation of the Partnership with respect to the Fertilizer Interest Liabilities beyond that of CR, (b) waive any valid defense that was available to CR with respect to the Fertilizer Interest Liabilities or (c) enlarge any rights or remedies of any third party, if any, under any of the Fertilizer Interest Liabilities.

Section 6.2 <u>Costs</u>. The Partnership shall pay all expenses, fees and costs, including sales, use and similar taxes arising out of the contributions, conveyances and deliveries to be made hereunder, and shall pay all documentary, filing, recording, transfer, deed and conveyance taxes and fees required in connection therewith. In addition, the Partnership shall be responsible for all costs, liabilities and expenses (including court costs and reasonable attorneys' fees) incurred in connection with the implementation of any conveyance or delivery pursuant to Article IV of this Agreement.

Section 6.3 Headings; References; Interpretation. All Article and Section headings in this Agreement are for convenience only and shall not be deemed to control or affect the meaning or construction of any of the provisions hereof. The words "hereof," "herein" and "hereunder" and words of similar import, when used in this Agreement, shall refer to this Agreement as a whole, and not to any particular provision of this Agreement. All references herein to Articles and Sections shall, unless the context requires a different construction, be deemed to be references to the Articles and Sections of this Agreement, respectively. All personal pronouns used in this Agreement, whether used in the masculine, feminine or neuter gender, shall include all other genders, and the singular shall include the plural and vice versa. The terms "include," "including" or words of like import shall be deemed to be followed by the words "without limitation."

Section 6.4 Successors and Assigns. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Parties and their respective successors and assigns.

Section 6.5 No Third Party Rights. The provisions of this Agreement are intended to bind the parties signatory hereto as to each other and are not intended to and do not create rights in any other person or confer upon any other person any benefits, rights or remedies and no person is or is intended to be a third party beneficiary of any of the provisions of this Agreement.

Section 6.6 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, all of which together shall constitute one agreement binding on the Parties.

Section 6.7 Governing Law; Forum, Venue and Jurisdiction.

- (a) This Agreement shall be subject to and governed by the laws of the State of New York.
- (b) Each of the Parties:
 - (i) irrevocably agrees that any claims, suits, actions or proceedings arising out of or relating in any way to this Agreement shall be exclusively brought in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware;
 - (ii) irrevocably submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware in connection with any such claim, suit, action or proceeding;
- (iii) agrees not to, and waives any right to, assert in any such claim, suit, action or proceeding that (A) it is not personally subject to the jurisdiction of the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware or of any other court to which proceedings in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware may be appealed, (B) such claim, suit, action or proceeding is brought in an inconvenient forum, or (C) the venue of such claim, suit, action or proceeding is improper;
 - (iv) expressly waives any requirement for the posting of a bond by a Party bringing such claim, suit, action or proceeding; and
- (v) consents to process being served in any such claim, suit, action or proceeding by mailing, certified mail, return receipt requested, a copy thereof to such Party at the address in effect for notices hereunder, and agrees that such services shall constitute good and sufficient service of process and notice thereof; provided, nothing in clause (v) hereof shall affect or limit any right to serve process in any other manner permitted by law.

Section 6.8 Severability. If any of the provisions of this Agreement are held by any court of competent jurisdiction to contravene, or to be invalid under, the laws of any political body having jurisdiction over the subject matter hereof, such contravention or invalidity shall not invalidate the entire Agreement. Instead, this Agreement shall be construed as if it did not contain the particular provision or provisions held to be invalid, and an equitable adjustment

shall be made and necessary provision added so as to give effect to the intention of the Parties as expressed in this Agreement at the time of execution of this Agreement.

Section 6.9 <u>Amendment or Modification</u>. This Agreement may be amended or modified from time to time only by the written agreement of all the Parties.

Section 6.10 <u>Integration</u>. This Agreement and the instruments referenced herein supersede all previous understandings or agreements among the Parties, whether oral or written, with respect to its subject matter. This document and such instruments contain the entire understanding of the Parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and thereof. No understanding, representation, promise or agreement, whether oral or written, is intended to be or shall be included in or form part of this Agreement unless it is contained in a written amendment hereto executed by the Parties after the date of this Agreement.

Section 6.11 <u>Deed; Bill of Sale; Assignment</u>. To the extent required and permitted by applicable law, this Agreement shall also constitute a "deed," "bill of sale" or "assignment" of the assets and interests referenced herein.

[THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Agreement has been duly executed by the Parties as of the date first written above.

	CVR GP, LLC, its Managing General Partner
	Name: Title:
COL	FFEYVILLE RESOURCES, LLC
	Name: Title:
CVF	R GP, LLC
	Name: Title:
COL	FFEYVILLE ACQUISITION III LLC
	Name: Title:
CVI	R SPECIAL GP, LLC
	Coffeyville Resources, its sole member
	Name: Title:

CVR PARTNERS, LP

Amended and Restated Contribution, Conveyance and Assumption Agreement
Signature Page

CVR PARTNERS, LP

CVR PARTNERS, LP LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN

The CVR Partners, LP Long-Term Incentive Plan has been adopted by CVR GP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "General Partner"), the general partner of CVR Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership (the "Partnership"), and is intended to strengthen the Partnership by providing an incentive to its and its Subsidiaries' and Parents' employees, officers, consultants and directors, thereby encouraging them to devote their abilities and industry to the success of the Partnership's business enterprise. It is intended that this purpose be achieved by extending to employees (including future employees who have received a formal written offer of employment), officers, consultants and directors of the Partnership and its Subsidiaries and Parents an added incentive for high levels of performance and unusual efforts through the grant of awards in respect of Units.

2. Definitions.

1. Purpose

For purposes of the Plan:

- 2.1 "Affiliate" means any entity, directly or indirectly, controlled by, controlling or under common control with the Partnership.
- 2.2 "Agreement" means a written or electronic agreement between the Partnership and a Participant evidencing the grant of an Option or Award and setting forth the terms and conditions thereof.
- 2.3 "Award" means a grant of a Restricted Unit, Phantom Unit, Unit Appreciation Right, Distribution Equivalent Right, or Other Unit-Based Award or any or all of them.
- 2.4 "Beneficiary" means an individual designated as a Beneficiary pursuant to Section 18.4.
- 2.5 "Board" means the Board of Directors of the General Partner.
- 2.6 "Cause" means, with respect to the termination of a Participant's employment or services by the Partnership or any Subsidiary or Parent of the Partnership that employs such individual or to which the Participant performs services (or by the Partnership on behalf of any such Subsidiary or Parent), such Participant's (i) refusal or neglect to perform substantially his or her employment-related duties or services, (ii) personal dishonesty, incompetence, willful misconduct or breach of fiduciary duty, (iii) indictment for, conviction of or entering a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to a crime constituting a felony or his or her willful violation of any applicable law (other than a traffic violation or other offense or violation outside of the course of employment or services to the Partnership or its Subsidiaries or Parents which in no way adversely affects the Partnership or any of its Subsidiaries or Parents or any of their reputation, or the ability of the Participant to perform his or her employment-related duties

or services or to represent the Partnership or any Subsidiary or Parent of the Partnership that employs such Participant or to which the Participant performs services), (iv) failure to reasonably cooperate, following a request to do so by the Partnership, in any internal or governmental investigation of the Partnership or any of its Subsidiaries or Parents or (v) material breach of any written covenant or agreement with the Partnership or any of its Subsidiary or Parent or not to compete or interfere with the Partnership or such Subsidiary or Parent; provided that, in the case of any Participant who, as of the date of determination, is party to an effective services, severance or employment agreement with the Partnership or any Subsidiary or Parent of the Partnership, "Cause" shall have the meaning, if any, specified in such agreement.

- 2.7 "Change in Capitalization" means any increase or reduction in the number of Units, any change (including, but not limited to, in the case of a spin-off, or other distribution in respect of Units, a change in value) in the Units or any exchange of Units for a different number or kind of units or other securities of the Partnership or another corporation, by reason of a reclassification, recapitalization, merger, consolidation, reorganization, spin-off, split-up, issuance of warrants, rights or debentures, stock distribution, stock split or reverse stock split, cash distribution, property distribution, combination or exchange of units, repurchase of units, change in corporate structure or otherwise.
- 2.8 "Change in Control" means the occurrence of any of the following: (a) CVR Energy and its wholly owned Subsidiaries ceasing to own, beneficially and of record, outstanding equity interests in the General Partner representing more than 50% of each of the aggregate ordinary voting power (or, if the General Partner shall be a partnership, of the general partner interests) and the aggregate equity value represented by the issued and outstanding equity interests in the General Partner; (b) the failure by the General Partner to be the sole general partner of and to own, beneficially and of record, 100% of the general partner interests in the Partnership; or (c) CVR Energy and its wholly owned Subsidiaries ceasing to own, beneficially and of record, equity interests in the Partnership representing at least 25% of the aggregate equity value represented by the issued and outstanding equity interests in the Partnership.
 - 2.9 "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
 - 2.10 "Committee" means the Committee which administers the Plan as provided in Section 3.
 - 2.11 "Director" means a member of the Board.
- 2,12 "Disability" means a Participant's inability, due to physical or mental ill health, to perform the essential functions of the Participant's job, with or without a reasonable accommodation, for 180 days during any 365 day period irrespective of whether such days are consecutive; provided that, in the case of any Participant who is a party to an effective services, severance or employment agreement with the Partnership or any of its Subsidiaries or Parents, the meaning for "Disability" will have the meaning (if any) specified in such agreement.
 - 2.13 "Division" means any of the operating units or divisions of the Partnership designated as a Division by the Committee.
 - 2.14 "Distribution Equivalent Right" means a right to receive cash, Units or other property based on the value of distributions that are paid with respect to Units.

- 2.15 "Effective Date" means the date of approval of the Plan by the Partnership's Board pursuant to Section 18.5.
- 2.16 "Eligible Individual" means any of the following individuals: (a) any Director, officer or employee of the Partnership or any Subsidiary or Parent of the Partnership, (b) any individual to whom the Partnership or any Subsidiary or Parent of the Partnership has extended a formal, written offer of employment, and (c) any consultant or advisor of the Partnership or any Subsidiary or Parent of the Partnership.
 - 2.17 "Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
 - 2.18 "Fair Market Value" on any date means:
- (a) if the Units are listed for trading on the New York Stock Exchange, the closing price at the close of the primary trading session of the Units on such date on the New York Stock Exchange, or if there has been no such closing price of the Units on such date, on the next preceding date on which there was such a closing price;
- (b) if the Units are not listed for trading on the New York Stock Exchange, but are listed on another national securities exchange, the closing price at the close of the primary trading session of the Units on such date on such exchange, or if there has been no such closing price of the Units on such date, on the next preceding date on which there was such a closing price;
- (c) if the Units are not listed on the New York Stock Exchange or on another national securities exchange, the last sale price at the end of normal market hours of the Units on such date as quoted on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation System ("NASDAQ") or, if no such price shall have been quoted for such date, on the next preceding date for which such price was so quoted; or
 - (d) if the Units are not listed for trading on a national securities exchange or are not authorized for quotation on NASDAQ, the fair market value of the Units as determined in good faith by the Committee.
 - 2.19 "Full Value Award" means a grant of a Restricted Unit, Phantom Unit, Other Unit-Based Award or any or all of them.
 - 2.20 "General Partner" has the meaning set forth in Section 1.
- 2.21 "Good Reason" means with respect to any Participant who is a party to an effective services, severance or employment agreement with the Partnership or any of its Affiliates, the meaning for "Good Reason" specified in such agreement.
- 2.22 "Initial Public Offering" means the consummation of the first public offering of Units pursuant to a registration statement (other than a Form S-8 or successor forms) filed with, and declared effective by, the Securities and Exchange Commission.

- 2.23 "Nonemployee Director" means a Director who is a "nonemployee director" within the meaning of Rule 16b-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act.
- 2.24 "Option" means an award granted pursuant to Section 5.
- 2.25 "Other Unit-Based Award" means awards granted pursuant to Section 9.
- 2.26 "Parent" of a specified person means an affiliate controlling such person directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries.
- 2.27 "Participant" means a person to whom an Award or Option has been granted under the Plan.
- 2.28 "Partnership" has the meaning set forth in Section 1.
- 2.29 "Phantom Units" means rights granted to an Eligible Individual under Section 8 representing a number of hypothetical Units.
- 2.30 "Plan" means this CVR Partners, LP Long-Term Incentive Plan, as amended from time to time.
- 2.31 "Restricted Units" means Units issued or transferred to an Eligible Individual pursuant to Section 8.
- 2.32 "Retirement" means a Participant's termination or resignation of employment with the Partnership or any of its Affiliates for any reason (other than for Cause or by reason of the Participant's death) following the date the Participant attains age 65; provided that, in the case of any Participant who is a party to an effective services, severance or employment agreement with the Partnership or any of its Affiliates, the meaning of "Retirement" will have the meaning (if any) specified in such agreement.
- 2.33 "Subsidiary." means (a) any entity, whether or not incorporated, in which the Partnership directly or indirectly owns at least 50% or more of the outstanding equity or other ownership interests, and (b) any Affiliate controlled by the Partnership, directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries.
 - 2.34 "Termination Date" means the date that is ten (10) years after the Effective Date, unless the Plan is earlier terminated by the Board pursuant to Section 14 hereof.
 - 2.35 "Unit Appreciation Right" means a right to receive all or some portion of the increase, if any, in the value of the Units as provided in Section 6 hereof.
 - 2.36 "Units" means common units representing limited partnership interests in the Partnership and any other securities into which such Units are changed or for which such units are exchanged.

3. Administration.

- 3.1 Committees: Procedure. The Plan shall be administered by a Committee which, until the Board appoints a different Committee, shall be the Compensation Committee of the Board. The Committee may adopt such rules, regulations and guidelines as it deems are necessary or appropriate for the administration of the Plan. The Committee shall consist of at least two (2) Directors and may consist of the entire Board; provided, however, that if the Committee consists of less than the entire Board, then, with respect to any Option or Award granted to an Eligible Individual who is subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act, the Committee shall consist of at least two (2) Directors, each of whom shall be a Non-Employee Director. For purposes of the preceding sentence, if one or more members of the Committee is not a Nonemployee Director and an Outside Director but recuses himself or herself or abstains from voting with respect to a particular action taken by the Committee, then the Committee, with respect to that action, shall be deemed to consist only of the members of the Committee who have not recused themselves or abstained from voting.
- 3.2 <u>Board Reservation and Delegation</u>. The Board may, in its discretion, reserve to itself or exercise any or all of the authority and responsibility of the Committee hereunder and may consist of one or more Directors who may, but need not be officers or employees of the Partnership. To the extent the Board has reserved to itself, or exercised the authority and responsibility of the Committee, all references to the Committee in the Plan shall be to the Board.
 - 3.3 Committee Powers. Subject to the express terms and conditions set forth herein, the Committee shall have the power from time to time to:
- (a) select those Eligible Individuals to whom Options shall be granted under the Plan and the number of such Options to be granted and prescribe the terms and conditions (which need not be identical) of each such Option, including the exercise price per Unit, the vesting schedule and the duration of each Option, and make any amendment or modification to any Option Agreement consistent with the terms of the Plan;
- (b) select those Eligible Individuals to whom Awards shall be granted under the Plan and determine the number of Units or amount of cash in respect of which each Award is granted, the terms and conditions (which need not be identical) of each such Award, and make any amendment or modification to any Agreement consistent with the terms of the Plan;
- (c) construe and interpret the Plan and the Options and Awards granted hereunder and establish, amend and revoke rules and regulations for the administration of the Plan, including, but not limited to, correcting any defect or supplying any omission, or reconciling any inconsistency in the Plan or in any Agreement, in the manner and to the extent it shall deem necessary or advisable, including so that the Plan and the operation of the Plan comply with Rule 16b-3 under the Exchange Act, the Code to the extent applicable and other applicable law, and otherwise to make the Plan fully effective;

- (d) determine the duration and purposes for leaves of absence which may be granted to a Participant on an individual basis without constituting a termination of employment or service for purposes of the Plan;
- (e) cancel, with the consent of the Participant, outstanding Awards and Options;
- (f) exercise its discretion with respect to the powers and rights granted to it as set forth in the Plan; and
- (g) generally, exercise such powers and perform such acts as are deemed necessary or advisable to promote the best interests of the Partnership with respect to the Plan.

All decisions and determinations by the Committee in the exercise of the above powers shall be final, binding and conclusive upon the Partnership, its Subsidiaries and Parents, the Participants and all other persons having any interest therein.

- 3.4 Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, with respect to Participants working outside the United States, the Committee may determine the terms and conditions of Options and Awards and make such adjustments to the terms thereof as are necessary or advisable to fulfill the purposes of the Plan taking into account matters of local law or practice, including tax and securities laws of jurisdictions outside the United States.
- 3.5 <u>Indemnification</u>. No member of the Committee shall be liable for any action, failure to act, determination or interpretation made in good faith with respect to the Plan or any transaction hereunder. The Partnership hereby agrees to indemnify each member of the Committee for all costs and expenses and, to the extent permitted by applicable law, any liability incurred in connection with defending against, responding to, negotiating for the settlement of or otherwise dealing with any claim, cause of action or dispute of any kind arising in connection with any actions in administering the Plan or in authorizing or denying authorization to any transaction hereunder.
- 3.6 No Repricing of Options or Unit Appreciation Rights. The Committee shall have no authority to make any adjustment (other than in connection with a stock distribution, recapitalization or other transaction where an adjustment is permitted or required under the terms of the Plan) or amendment, and no such adjustment or amendment shall be made, that reduces or would have the effect of reducing the exercise price of an Option or Unit Appreciation Right previously granted under the Plan, whether through amendment, cancellation or replacement grants, or other means.

4. Units Subject to the Plan; Grant Limitations.

4.1 <u>Aggregate Number of Units Authorized for Issuance</u>. Subject to any adjustment as provided in the Plan, the Units to be issued under the Plan may be, in whole or in part, newly issued Units or issued Units which shall have been reacquired by the Partnership.

The aggregate number of Units that may be issued to Participants under the Plan shall not exceed [•]. Any Units delivered pursuant to an Award or an Option shall consist, in whole or in part, of Units acquired in the open market, from any Affiliate, the Partnership or any other Person, or any combination of the foregoing, as determined by the Committee in its discretion.

4.2 Calculating Units Available.

- (a) Upon the granting of an Award or an Option, the number of Units available under this Section 4 for the granting of further Awards and Options shall be reduced as follows:
- (i) In connection with the granting of an Option, Unit Appreciation Right, Restricted Unit, Phantom Unit, or Other Unit-Based Award, the number of Units available under this Section 4 for the granting of further Options and Awards shall be reduced by the number of Units in respect of which the Option or Award is granted or denominated.
- (ii) In connection with the granting of a Distribution Equivalent Right, the number of Units available under this Section 4 shall not be reduced; *provided*, *however*, that if Units are issued in settlement of a Distribution Equivalent Right, the number of Units available for the granting of further Options and Awards under this Section 4 shall be reduced by the number of Units so issued.
- (b) Notwithstanding Section 4.2(a), in the event that an Award is granted that, pursuant to the terms of the Agreement, cannot be settled in Units, the aggregate number of Units that may be made the subject of Awards or Options granted under the Plan shall not be reduced. Whenever any outstanding Option or Award or portion thereof expires, is canceled, is forfeited, is settled in cash or is otherwise terminated for any reason without having been exercised or payment having been made in respect of the entire Option or Award, the number of Units previously allocable to the expired, forfeited canceled, settled or otherwise terminated portion of the Option or Award shall again be available for the granting of Options or Awards under the Plan.
- (c) Notwithstanding anything in this Section 4.2 to the contrary, (i) Units tendered as full or partial payment of the Option Price shall not increase the number of Units available under this Section 4, (ii) Units tendered as settlement of tax withholding obligations shall not increase the number of Units available under this Section 4, and (iii) Units repurchased by the Partnership using proceeds from the exercise of Options shall not be available for issuance under the Plan.

5. Options

5.1 <u>Authority of Committee</u>. Subject to the provisions of the Plan, the Committee shall have full and final authority to select those Eligible Individuals who will receive Options, and the terms and conditions of the grant to any such Eligible Individual shall be set forth in an Agreement.

- 5.2 Exercise Price. The purchase price or the manner in which the exercise price is to be determined for Units under each Option shall be determined by the Committee and set forth in the Agreement; provided, however, that the exercise price per Unit under each Option shall not be less than the greater of (i) the par value of a Unit and (ii) 100% of the Fair Market Value of a Unit on the date the Option is granted.
- 5.3 <u>Maximum Duration</u>. Options granted hereunder shall be for such term as the Committee shall determine; *provided*, that an Option shall not be exercisable after the expiration of ten (10) years from the date it is granted; *provided*, *further*, *however*, that unless the Committee provides otherwise, an Option may, upon the death of the Participant prior to the expiration of the Option, be exercised for up to one (1) year following the date of the Participant's death, even if such period extends beyond ten (10) years from the date the Option is granted. The Committee may, subsequent to the granting of any Option, extend the term thereof, but in no event shall the term as so extended exceed the maximum term provided for in the preceding sentence.
- 5.4 <u>Vesting</u>. The Committee shall determine the time or times at which an Option shall become vested and exercisable. To the extent not exercised, installments shall accumulate and be exercisable, in whole or in part, at any time after becoming exercisable, but not later than the date the Option expires. The Committee may accelerate the exercisability of any Option or portion thereof at any time.
- 5.5 <u>Transferability</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this Section 5.5, no Option shall be transferable by the Participant otherwise than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution, and an Option shall be exercisable during the lifetime of such Participant only by the Participant or his or her guardian or legal representative. The Committee may set forth in the Agreement evidencing an Option at the time of grant or thereafter, that the Option, or a portion thereof, may be transferred to any third party, including but not limited to, members of the Participant's immediate family, to trusts solely for the benefit of such immediate family members and to partnerships in which such family members and/or trusts are the only partners. In addition, for purposes of the Plan, unless otherwise determined by the Committee at the time of grant or thereafter, a transferee of an Option pursuant to this Section 5.5 shall be deemed to be the Participant; provided that the rights of any such transferee thereafter shall be nontransferable except that such transferee, where applicable under the terms of the transfer by the Participant, shall have the right previously held by the Participant to designate a Beneficiary. For this purpose, immediate family means the Participant's spouse, parents, children, stepchildren and grandchildren and the spouses of such parents, children, stepchildren and grandchildren and prandchildren and the spouses of such parents, children, stepchildren and grandchildren and prandchildren and the spouses of such parents, children, stepchildren and grandchildren and the spouses of such parents, children, stepchildren and grandchildren and paradchildren and the spouses of such parents, children, stepchildren and grandchildren and paradchildren and the spouses of such parents, children, stepchildren and grandchildren and paradchildren and the spouses of such parents, children, stepchildren and grandchildren and the spouses of such parents, children, stepchildren and grandchildren and the spouses of s

5.6 Method of Exercise. The exercise of an Option shall be made only by giving written notice delivered in person or by mail to the person designated by the Partnership, specifying the number of Units to be exercised and, to the extent applicable, accompanied by payment therefor and otherwise in accordance with the Agreement pursuant to which the Option was granted. The exercise price for any Units purchased pursuant to the exercise of an Option shall be paid in any or any combination of the following forms: (a) cash or its equivalent (e.g., a check) or (b) if permitted by the Committee, the transfer, either actually or by attestation, to the Partnership of Units that have been held by the Participant for at least six (6) months (or such lesser period as may be permitted by the Committee) prior to the exercise of the Option, such transfer to be upon such terms and conditions as determined by the Committee or (c) in the form of other property as determined by the Committee. In addition, Options may be exercised through a registered broker-dealer pursuant to such cashless exercise procedures that are, from time to time, deemed acceptable by the Committee. Any Units transferred to the Partnership as payment of the exercise price under an Option shall be valued at their Fair Market Value on the last business day preceding the date of exercise of such Option. If requested by the Committee, the Participant shall deliver the Agreement evidencing the Option to the Partnership, which shall endors thereon a notation of such exercise and return such Agreement to the Participant. No fractional Units (or cash in lieu thereof) shall be issued upon exercise of an Option and the number of Units that may be purchased upon exercise shall be rounded to the nearest number of whole Units.

- 5.7 <u>Rights of Participants</u>. No Participant shall be deemed for any purpose to be the owner of any Units subject to any Option unless and until (a) the Option shall have been exercised pursuant to the terms thereof, (b) the Partnership shall have issued and delivered Units (whether or not certificated) to the Participant, a securities broker acting on behalf of the Participant or such other nominee of the Participant, and (c) the Participant's name, or the name of his or her broker or other nominee, shall have been entered as a unitholder of record on the books of the Partnership. Thereupon, the Participant shall have full voting, distribution and other ownership rights with respect to such Units, subject to such terms and conditions as may be set forth in the applicable Agreement.
 - 5.8 Effect of Change in Control. The effect of a Change in Control on an Option may be set forth in the applicable Agreement.

6. Unit Appreciation Rights

- 6.1 Grant. The Committee may in its discretion, grant Unit Appreciation Rights to Eligible Individuals in accordance with the Plan, the terms and conditions of which shall be set forth in an Agreement.
- 6.2 <u>Terms; Duration</u>. Unit Appreciation Rights shall contain such terms and conditions as to exercisability, vesting and duration as the Committee shall determine, but in no event shall they have a term of greater than ten (10) years; *provided* that unless the Committee provides otherwise, a Unit Appreciation Right may, upon the death of the Participant prior to the expiration of the Award, be exercised for up to one (1) year following the date of the

Participant's death even if such period extends beyond ten (10) years from the date the Unit Appreciation Right is granted.

- 6.3 Amount Payable. Upon exercise of a Unit Appreciation Right, the Grantee shall be entitled to receive an amount determined by multiplying (i) the excess of the Fair Market Value of a Unit on the last business day preceding the date of exercise of such Unit Appreciation Right over the Fair Market Value of a Unit on the date the Unit Appreciation Right was granted, by (ii) the number of Units as to which the Unit Appreciation Right is being exercised. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Committee may limit in any manner the amount payable with respect to any Unit Appreciation Right by including such a limit in the Agreement evidencing the Unit Appreciation Right at the time it is granted.
- 6.4 <u>Transferability.</u> (i) Except as otherwise provided in this Section 6.4, no Unit Appreciation Right shall be transferable by the Participant otherwise than by will or the laws of descent and distribution, and a Unit Appreciation Right shall be exercisable during the lifetime of such Participant only by the Participant or his or her guardian or legal representative. The Committee may set forth in the Agreement evidencing a Unit Appreciation Right at the time of grant or thereafter, that the Award, or a portion thereof, may be transferred to any third party, including but not limited to, members of the Participant's immediate family, to trusts solely for the benefit of such immediate family members and to partnerships in which such family members and/or trusts are the only partners. In addition, for purposes of the Plan, unless otherwise determined by the Committee at the time of grant or thereafter, a transferee of a Unit Appreciation Right pursuant to this Section 6.4 shall be deemed to be the Participant; provided that the rights of any such transferee thereafter shall be nontransferable except that such transferee, where applicable under the terms of the transfer by the Participant, shall have the right previously held by the Participant to designate a Beneficiary. For this purpose, immediate family means the Partnership sor, children, stepchildren and grandchildren. Notwithstanding Section 18.2, or the terms of any Agreement, neither the Partnership nor any of its Subsidiaries or Parents shall withhold any amount attributable to the Participant's tax liability from any payment of cash or Units to a transferee or transferee's Beneficiary under this Section 6.4, but may require the payment of an amount equal to the Partnership's or any of its Subsidiaries' or Parents' withholding tax obligation as a condition to exercise or as a condition to the release of cash or Units upon exercise or upon transfer of the Unit Appreciation Right.
- 6.5 <u>Method of Exercise</u>. Unit Appreciation Rights shall be exercised by a Participant only by giving written notice delivered in person or by mail to the person designated by the Partnership, specifying the number of Units with respect to which the Unit Appreciation Right is being exercised. If requested by the Committee, the Participant shall deliver the Agreement evidencing the Unit Appreciation Right being exercised and the Agreement evidencing any related Option to the Partnership, which shall endorse thereon a notation of such exercise and return such Agreement to the Participant.

6.6 Form of Payment. Payment of the amount determined under Section 6.3 may be made in the discretion of the Committee solely in whole Units in a number determined at their Fair Market Value on the last business day preceding the date of exercise of the Unit Appreciation Right, or solely in cash, or in a combination of cash and Units. If the Committee decides to make full payment in Units and the amount payable results in a fractional Unit, payment for the fractional Unit will be made in cash.

6.7 Effect of Change in Control. The effect of a Change in Control on a Unit Appreciation Right may be set forth in the applicable Agreement.

7. Distribution Equivalent Rights.

The Committee may in its discretion, grant Distribution Equivalent Rights either in tandem with an Option or Award or as a separate Award, to Eligible Individuals in accordance with the Plan. The terms and conditions applicable to each Distribution Equivalent Right shall be specified in the Agreement under which the Distribution Equivalent Right is granted. Amounts payable in respect of Distribution Equivalent Rights may be payable currently or, if applicable, deferred until the lapsing of restrictions on such Distribution Equivalent Rights or until the vesting, exercise, payment, settlement or other lapse of restrictions on the Option or Award to which the Distribution Equivalent Rights relate; provided, that Distribution Equivalent Rights may not contain payment or other terms that could adversely affect the Option or Award to which it relates under Section 409A of the Code or otherwise. In the event that the amount payable in respect of Distribution Equivalent Rights are to be deferred, the Committee shall determine whether such amounts are to be held in cash or reinvested in Units or deemed (notionally) to be reinvested in Units. If amounts payable in respect of Distribution Equivalent Rights are to be held in cash, there may be credited at the end of each year (or portion thereof) interest on the amount of the account at the beginning of the year at a rate per annum as the Committee, in its discretion, may determine. Distribution Equivalent Rights may be settled in cash or Units or a combination thereof, in a single installment or multiple installments, as determined by the Committee.

8. Restricted Units; Phantom Units.

- 8.1 <u>Restricted Units</u>. The Committee may grant to Eligible Individuals Awards of Restricted Units, which shall be evidenced by an Agreement. Each Agreement shall contain such restrictions, terms and conditions as the Committee may, in its discretion, determine and (without limiting the generality of the foregoing) such Agreements may require that an appropriate legend be placed on Unit certificates. Awards of Restricted Units shall be subject to the terms and provisions set forth below in this Section 8.1.
- (a) Rights of Participant. Restricted Units granted pursuant to an Award hereunder shall be issued in the name of the Participant as soon as reasonably practicable after the Award is granted provided that the Participant has executed an Agreement evidencing the Award, the appropriate blank stock powers and, in the discretion of the Committee, an escrow agreement and any other documents which the Committee may require as a condition to

the issuance of such Units. At the discretion of the Committee, Units issued in connection with an Award of Restricted Units shall be deposited together with the stock powers with an escrow agent (which may be the Partnership) designated by the Committee. Unless the Committee determines otherwise and as set forth in the Agreement, upon delivery of the Units to the escrow agent, the Participant shall have all of the rights of a unitholder with respect to such Units, including the right to vote the Units and to receive all distributions paid or made with respect to the Units.

(b) Non-transferability. Until all restrictions upon Restricted Units awarded to a Participant shall have lapsed in the manner set forth in Section 8.1(c), such Units shall not be sold, transferred or otherwise disposed of and shall not be pledged or otherwise hypothecated.

(c) Lapse of Restrictions

- (i) <u>Generally</u>. Restrictions upon Restricted Units awarded hereunder shall lapse at such time or times and on such terms and conditions as the Committee may determine. The Agreement evidencing the Award shall set forth any such restrictions.
 - (ii) Effect of Change in Control. The effect of a Change in Control on an Awards of Restricted Units may be set forth in the applicable Agreement.
- (d) <u>Treatment of Distributions</u>. At the time an Award of Restricted Units is granted, the Committee may, in its discretion, determine that the payment to the Participant of distributions, or a specified portion thereof, made in respect of such Units by the Partnership shall be (i) deferred until the lapsing of the restrictions imposed upon such Units and (ii) held by the Partnership for the account of the Participant until such time. In the event that distributions are to be deferred, the Committee shall determine whether such distributions are to be reinvested in Units (which shall be held as additional Restricted Units) or held in cash. If deferred distributions are to be held in cash, there may be credited interest on the amount of the account at such times and at a rate per annum as the Committee, in its discretion, may determine. Payment of deferred distributions in respect of Restricted Units (whether held in cash or as additional Restricted Units), together with interest accrued thereon, if any, shall be made upon the lapsing of restrictions imposed on the Units in respect of which the deferred distributions were made, and any distributions deferred (together with any interest accrued thereon) in respect of any Restricted Units shall be forfeited upon the forfeiture of such Units.
- (e) <u>Delivery of Units</u>. Upon the lapse of the restrictions on Restricted Units, the Committee shall cause a unit certificate or other evidence of issuance of Units to be delivered to the Participant with respect to such Restricted Units, free of all restrictions hereunder.
 - 8.2 Phantom Unit Awards. The Committee may grant to Eligible Individuals Phantom Units, which shall be evidenced by an Agreement. Each such Agreement shall contain

such restrictions, terms and conditions as the Committee may, in its discretion, determine. Phantom Units shall be subject to the terms and provisions set forth below in this Section 8.2.

- (a) <u>Payment of Awards</u>. Each Phantom Unit shall represent the right of the Participant to receive a payment upon vesting of the Phantom Unit or on any later date specified by the Committee equal to the Fair Market Value of a Unit as of the date the Phantom Unit was granted, the vesting date or such other date as determined by the Committee at the time the Phantom Unit was granted. The Committee may, at the time a Phantom Unit is granted, provide a limitation on the amount payable in respect of each Phantom Unit. The Committee may provide for the settlement of Phantom Units in cash or with Units having a Fair Market Value equal to the payment to which the Participant has become entitled.
 - (b) Effect of Change in Control. The effect of a Change in Control on an Award of Phantom Units shall be set forth in the applicable Agreement.

9. Other Unit-Based Awards.

The Committee may grant Other Unit-Based Awards to any Eligible Individual on such terms and conditions as the Committee may determine in its sole discretion. Other Unit-Based Awards may be made as additional compensation for services rendered by the Eligible Individual or may be in lieu of cash or other compensation to which the Eligible Individual is entitled from the Partnership.

10. Effect of a Termination of Employment.

The Agreement evidencing the grant of each Option and each Award shall set forth the terms and conditions applicable to such Option or Award upon (a) a termination or change in the status of the employment of the Participant by the Partnership, a Subsidiary or Parent of the Partnership, or a Division (including a termination or change by reason of the sale of any Subsidiary or Parent of the Partnership, or a Division), or (b) in the case of a Director, the cessation of the Director's service on the Board, which shall be as the Committee may, in its discretion, determine at the time the Option or Award is granted or thereafter.

11. Adjustment Upon Changes in Capitalization.

- 11.1 In the event of a Change in Capitalization, the Committee shall conclusively determine the appropriate adjustments, if any, to (a) the maximum number and class of Units or other stock or securities with respect to which Options or Awards may be granted under the Plan and (b) the number and class of Units or other stock or securities, cash or other property which are subject to outstanding Options or Awards granted under the Plan and the exercise price therefore, if applicable.
- 11.2 If, by reason of a Change in Capitalization, a Participant shall be entitled to, or shall be entitled to exercise an Option with respect to, new, additional or different units or securities of the Partnership or any other corporation, such new, additional or different securities shall thereupon be subject to all of the conditions, restrictions and performance criteria which

were applicable to the Units subject to the Award or Option, as the case may be, prior to such Change in Capitalization.

12. Effect of Certain Transactions

Subject to the terms of an Agreement, following (a) the liquidation or dissolution of the Partnership or (b) a merger or consolidation of the Partnership (a "Transaction"), either (i) each outstanding Option or Award shall be treated as provided for in the agreement entered into in connection with the Transaction or (ii) if not so provided in such agreement, each Optionee and Grantee shall be entitled to receive in respect of each Unit subject to any outstanding Options or Awards, as the case may be, upon exercise of any Option or payment or transfer in respect of any Award, the same number and kind of stock, securities, cash, property or other consideration that each holder of a Unit was entitled to receive in the Transaction in respect of a Unit; provided, however, that such stock, securities, cash, property, or other consideration shall remain subject to all of the conditions, restrictions and performance criteria which were applicable to the Options and Awards prior to such Transaction. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the treatment of outstanding Options and Awards pursuant to clause (i) of this Section 12 in connection with a Transaction may include the cancellation of outstanding Options and Awards upon consummation of the Transaction provided either (x) the holders of affected Options have been given a period of at least fifteen (15) days prior to the date of the consummation of the Transaction to exercise the Options (whether of not they were otherwise exercisable) or (y) the holders of affected Options and Awards are paid (in cash or cash equivalents) the following amounts: (A) in respect of each Unit underlying Options being cancelled, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the per unit price paid or distributed to stockholders in the transaction (the value of any non-cash consideration to be determined by the Committee in its sole discretion). For avoidance of doubt, the cancellation of Options and Awards pursuant to clause (y) of the preceding sentence is zero or less, the affec

13. Interpretation.

13.1 Section 16 Compliance. The Plan is intended to comply with Rule 16b-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act and the Committee shall interpret and administer the provisions of the Plan or any Agreement in a manner consistent therewith. Any provisions inconsistent with such Rule shall be inoperative and shall not affect the validity of the Plan.

13.2 Compliance With Section 409A. All Options and Awards granted under the Plan are intended either not to be subject to Section 409A of the Code or, if subject to Section

409A of the Code, to be administered, operated and construed in compliance with Section 409A of the Code and any guidance issued thereunder. Notwithstanding this or any other provision of the Plan to the contrary, the Committee may amend the Plan or any Option or Award granted hereunder in any manner, or take any other action that it determines, in its sole discretion, is necessary, appropriate or advisable (including replacing any Option or Award) to cause the Plan or any Option or Award granted hereunder to comply with Section 409A and any guidance issued thereunder or to not be subject to Section 409A. Any such action, once taken, shall be deemed to be effective from the earliest date necessary to avoid a violation of Section 409A and shall be final, binding and conclusive on all Eligible Individuals and other individuals having or claiming any right or interest under the Plan.

14. Termination and Amendment of the Plan or Modification of Options and Awards.

- 14.1 Plan Amendment or Termination. The Board may at any time terminate the Plan and the Board may at any time and from time to time amend, modify or suspend the Plan; provided, however, that:
- (a) no such amendment, modification, suspension or termination shall impair or adversely alter any Options or Awards theretofore granted under the Plan, except with the consent of the Participant, nor shall any amendment, modification, suspension or termination deprive any Participant of any Units which he or she may have acquired through or as a result of the Plan; and
- (b) to the extent necessary under any applicable law, regulation or exchange requirement, no other amendment shall be effective unless approved by the unitholders of the Partnership in accordance with applicable law, regulation or exchange requirement.
 - 14.2 Modification of Options and Awards. No modification of an Option or Award shall adversely alter or impair any rights or obligations under the Option or Award without the consent of the Participant.

15. Non-Exclusivity of the Plan.

The adoption of the Plan by the Board shall not be construed as amending, modifying or rescinding any previously approved incentive arrangement or as creating any limitations on the power of the Board to adopt such other incentive arrangements as it may deem desirable, including, without limitation, the granting of stock options otherwise than under the Plan, and such arrangements may be either applicable generally or only in specific cases.

16. Limitation of Liability.

As illustrative of the limitations of liability of the Partnership, but not intended to be exhaustive thereof, nothing in the Plan shall be construed to:

- (a) give any person any right to be granted an Option or Award other than at the sole discretion of the Committee;
- $(b) \ give \ any \ person \ any \ rights \ what so ever \ with \ respect \ to \ Units \ except \ as \ specifically \ provided \ in \ the \ Plan;$
- (c) limit in any way the right of the Partnership or any of its Subsidiaries or Parents to terminate the employment of any person at any time; or
- (d) be evidence of any agreement or understanding, express or implied, that the Partnership will employ any person at any particular rate of compensation or for any particular period of time.

17. Regulations and Other Approvals; Governing Law.

- 17.1 Except as to matters of federal law, the Plan and the rights of all persons claiming hereunder shall be construed and determined in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware without giving effect to conflicts of laws principles thereof.
- 17.2 The obligation of the Partnership to sell or deliver Units with respect to Options and Awards granted under the Plan shall be subject to all applicable laws, rules and regulations, including all applicable federal and state securities laws, and the obtaining of all such approvals by governmental agencies as may be deemed necessary or appropriate by the Committee.
 - 17.3 The Board may make such changes as may be necessary or appropriate to comply with the rules and regulations of any government authority.
- 17.4 Each grant of an Option and Award and the issuance of Units or other settlement of the Option or Award is subject to the compliance with all applicable federal, state or foreign law. Further, if at any time the Committee determines, in its discretion, that the listing, registration or qualification of Units issuable pursuant to the Plan is required by any securities exchange or under any federal, state or foreign law, or the consent or approval of any governmental regulatory body is necessary or desirable as a condition of, or in connection with, the grant of an Option or Award or the issuance of Units, no Options or Awards shall be or shall be deemed to be granted or payment made or Units issued, in whole or in part, unless listing, registration, qualification, consent or approval has been effected or obtained free of any conditions that are not acceptable to the Committee. Any person exercising an Option or receiving Units in connection with any other Award shall make such representations and agreements and furnish such information as the Board or Committee may request to assure compliance with the foregoing or any other applicable legal requirements.
- 17.5 Notwithstanding anything contained in the Plan or any Agreement to the contrary, in the event that the disposition of Units acquired pursuant to the Plan is not covered by a then current registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and is not otherwise exempt from such registration, such Units shall be

restricted against transfer to the extent required by the Securities Act and Rule 144 or other regulations promulgated thereunder. The Committee may require any individual receiving Units pursuant to an Option or Award granted under the Plan, as a condition precedent to receipt of such Units, to represent and warrant to the Partnership in writing that the Units acquired by such individual are acquired without a view to any distribution thereof and will not be sold or transferred other than pursuant to an effective registration thereof under the Securities Act or pursuant to an exemption applicable under the Securities Act or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. The certificates evidencing any of such Units shall be appropriately amended or have an appropriate legend placed thereon to reflect their status as restricted securities as aforesaid.

18. Miscellaneous.

18.1 Multiple Agreements. The terms of each Option or Award may differ from other Options or Awards granted under the Plan at the same time, or at some other time. The Committee may also grant more than one Option or Award to a given Eligible Individual during the term of the Plan, either in addition to, or subject to Section 3.6, in substitution for, one or more Options or Awards previously granted to that Eligible Individual.

18.2 Withholding of Taxes.

- (a) The Partnership and its Subsidiaries and Parents may withhold from any payment of cash or Units to a Participant or other person under the Plan an amount sufficient to cover any withholding taxes which may become required with respect to such payment or shall take any other action as it deems necessary to satisfy any income or other tax withholding requirements as a result of the grant or exercise of any Award under the Plan. The Partnership and its Subsidiaries and Parents shall have the right to require the payment of any such taxes and require that any person furnish information deemed necessary by the Partnership or any Subsidiary or Parent of the Partnership to meet any tax reporting obligation as a condition to exercise or before making any payment pursuant to an Award or Option. If specified in an Agreement at the time of grant or otherwise approved by the Committee, a Participant may, in satisfaction of his or her obligation to pay withholding taxes in connection with the exercise, vesting or other settlement of an Option or Award, elect to (i) make a cash payment to the Partnership, (ii) have withheld a portion of the Units then issuable to him or her, or (iii) surrender Units owned by the Participant prior to the exercise, vesting or other settlement of an Option or Award, in each case having an aggregate Fair Market Value equal to the withholding taxes.
- 18.3 <u>Plan Unfunded</u>. The Plan shall be unfunded. Except for reserving a sufficient number of authorized Units to the extent required by law to meet the requirements of the Plan, the Partnership shall not be required to establish any special or separate fund or to make any other segregation of assets to assure payment of any Award or Option granted under the Plan.
- 18.4 Beneficiary Designation. Each Participant may, from time to time, name one or more individuals (each, a "Beneficiary.") to whom any benefit under the Plan is to be paid in case of the Participant's death before he or she receives any or all of such benefit. Each such

designation shall revoke all prior designations by the same Participant, shall be in a form prescribed by the Partnership, and will be effective only when filed by the Participant in writing with the Partnership during the Participant's lifetime. In the absence of any such designation, benefits remaining unpaid at the Participant's death shall be paid to the Participant's estate.

18.5 Effective Date/Term. The effective date of the Plan shall be the date of its approval by the Board (the "Effective Date"). The Plan shall terminate on the Termination Date. No Option or Award shall be granted after the Termination Date. The applicable terms of the Plan, and any terms and conditions applicable to Options and Awards granted prior to the Termination Date shall survive the termination of the Plan and continue to apply to such Options and Awards.

FORM OF CVR PARTNERS, LP LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN DIRECTOR PHANTOM UNIT AGREEMENT

	THIS AGREEMENT, made as of the day of, 2011 (the " <u>Grant Date</u> "), between CVR Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership (the " <u>Partnership</u> "), and (the " <u>Grantee</u> ").			
ac	WHEREAS, the board of directors of CVR GP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "General Partner"), has adopted the CVR Partners, LP Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "Plan") in order to provide an additional incentive to certain of the Partnership's and its Subsidiaries' and Parents' employees, officers, consultants and directors; and			
	WHEREAS, the Committee responsible for administration of the Plan has determined to grant Phantom Units to the Grantee as provided herein.			
	NOW, THEREFORE, the parties hereto agree as follows:			
	1. Grant of Phantom Units.			

1.1 The Company hereby grants to the Grantee, and the Grantee hereby accepts from the Company, ______Phantom Units on the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement. Subject to the terms of this Agreement, each Phantom Unit represents the right of the Grantee to receive, if such Phantom Unit becomes vested, one (1) Unit or, at the Partnership's option, cash in lieu of all or any portion of the Units, on the Phantom Units on the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement. Subject to the terms of date specified in Section 4. Such cash payment shall be equal to the product of the number of Phantom Units being settled in cash and the Fair Market Value of a Unit as of the applicable payment date. If all or any portion of the Phantom Units are settled in Units, the issuance of such Units shall be subject to the Grantee's prior execution of and becoming a party to the Agreement of Limited Partnership of CVR Partners, LP, as may be amended from time to time, and as in effect at the time of such issuance. Further, any Units delivered to the Grantee in respect of the Phantom Units shall remain subject to the unit retention guidelines included in the Corporate Governance Guidelines of the Partnership, as in effect on the date of the award.

1.2 This Agreement shall be construed in accordance with and consistent with, and subject to, the provisions of the Plan (the provisions of which are incorporated herein by reference). Except as otherwise expressly set forth herein, the capitalized terms used in this Agreement shall have the same definitions as set forth in the Plan.

2. Vesting Date.

Except as provided in Section 3 hereof, 100% of total number of Phantom Units granted hereunder will vest on the six month anniversary of the Grant Date (the "Vesting Date"), provided the Grantee continues to serve as a director of the General Partner on the Vesting Date.

3. Ceasing to Serve as Director.

In the event the Grantee ceases to serve as a director of the General Partner prior to the Vesting Date for any reason other than as a result of his or her death or Disability, the Grantee shall forfeit the Phantom Units and shall have no rights with respect thereto. In the event the Grantee ceases to serve as a director of the General Partner prior to the Vesting Date by reason of the Grantee's death or Disability, the Phantom Units shall become immediately vested.

4. Payment Date.

The Units (or cash in lieu thereof) underlying the Phantom Units that become vested pursuant to Section 2 of this Agreement shall be delivered within thirty (30) days following the Vesting Date, or, if the Grantee ceases to serve as a director of the General Partner prior to the Vesting Date by reason of death or Disability, within thirty (30) days following the date of such cessation of services.

5 Non-transferability

The Phantom Units may not be sold, transferred or otherwise disposed of and may not be pledged or otherwise hypothecated.

Withholding of Taxes

The Company and the Grantee shall agree on arrangements necessary for the Grantee to pay such Grantee's estimated federal and state income taxes associated with the taxable income generated by the vesting of the Phantom Units and delivery of Units or cash in respect of such Phantom Units. In the event the Phantom Units are settled in Units, at the Grantee's election, the Company shall withhold delivery of a number of Units having a Fair Market Value equal to the total number of Phantom Units granted pursuant to this Agreement multiplied by such Grantee's statutory supplemental federal and state rates, and shall pay the Grantee such amount in cash.

7. Grantee Bound by the Plan.

The Grantee hereby acknowledges receipt of a copy of the Plan and agrees to be bound by all the terms and provisions thereof.

Modification of Agreement

This Agreement may be modified, amended, suspended or terminated, and any terms or conditions may be waived, but only by a written instrument executed by the parties hereto. No waiver by either party hereto of any breach by the other party hereto of any provision of this Agreement to be performed by such other party shall be deemed a waiver of similar or dissimilar provisions at the time or at any prior or subsequent time.

9. Severability.

Should any provision of this Agreement be held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be unenforceable or invalid for any reason, the remaining provisions of this Agreement shall not be affected by such holding and shall continue in full force in accordance with their terms.

10. Governing Law.

The validity, interpretation, construction and performance of this Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware without giving effect to the conflicts of laws principles thereof.

11 Successors in Interest

This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon any successor to the Partnership. This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of the Grantee's legal representatives. All obligations imposed upon the Grantee and all rights granted to the Partnership under this Agreement shall be final, binding and conclusive upon the Grantee's beneficiaries, heirs, executors, administrators and successors.

12. Resolution of Disputes

Any dispute or disagreement which may arise under, or as a result of, or in any way relate to, the interpretation, construction or application of this Agreement shall be determined by the Committee. Any determination made hereunder shall be final, binding and conclusive on the Grantee and the Partnership for all purposes.

[signature pages follow]

N WITNESS WHEREOF, this Agreement has been executed as of the date first written above.	
CVR PARTNERS, LP By: CVR GP, LLC, its general partner	GRANTEE
By: Title:	Name:

FORM OF CVR PARTNERS, LP LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN DIRECTOR STOCK OPTION AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT, made as of the __day of ______, 2011 (the "Grant Date"), between CVR Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership (the "Partnership"), and _____ (the "Grantee").

WHEREAS, the board of directors of CVR GP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "General Partner"), has adopted the CVR Partners, LP Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "Plan") in order to provide an additional incentive to certain of the Partnership's and its Subsidiaries' and Parents' employees, officers, consultants and directors; and

WHEREAS, the Committee responsible for administration of the Plan has determined to grant an option to the Grantee as provided herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, the parties hereto agree as follows:

- Grant of Option.
- 1.1. The Partnership hereby grants to the Grantee the right and option (the "Option") to purchase all or any part of an aggregate of ______ whole Units subject to, and in accordance with, the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement.
 - 1.2. The Option is not intended to qualify as an Incentive Stock Option.
- 1.3. This Agreement shall be construed in accordance and consistent with, and subject to, the provisions of the Plan (the provisions of which are incorporated herein by reference). Except as otherwise expressly set forth herein, the capitalized terms used in this Agreement shall have the same definitions as set forth in the Plan.
 - 2. Purchase Price

The price at which the Grantee shall be entitled to purchase Units upon the exercise of the Option shall be \$______ per Unit.

3. Duration of Option

Except as otherwise provided in Section 6 hereof, the Option shall be exercisable to the extent and in the manner provided herein for a period of ten (10) years from the Grant Date (the "Exercise Term").

4. Vesting and Exercisability of Option.

Unless otherwise provided in this Agreement or the Plan, the Option shall entitle the Grantee to purchase, in whole at any time or in part from time to time, thirty-three and one-third percent (33-1/3%) of the total number of Units covered by the Option after the expiration of one (1) year from the Grant Date, an additional thirty-three and one-third percent (33-1/3%) of the total number of Units covered by the Option after the second anniversary of the Grant Date, and the remainder of the number of Units subject to the Option after the third anniversary of the Grant Date, provided that the Grantee continues to serve as a director of the General Partner on each applicable vesting date. Each such right of purchase shall be cumulative and shall continue, unless sooner exercised as herein provided, during the remaining period of the Exercise Term. Any fractional number of Units resulting from the application of the percentages set forth in this Section 4 shall be rounded to the next higher whole number of Units.

5 Manner of Exercise and Payment

- 5.1. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement and the Plan, the Option may be exercised by delivery of written notice to the Partnership, at its principal executive office. Such notice shall state that the Grantee is electing to exercise the Option and the number of Units in respect of which the Option is being exercised and shall be signed by the person or persons exercising the Option. If requested by the Committee, such person or persons shall (i) deliver this Agreement to the Secretary of the Partnership who shall endorse on this Agreement a notation of such exercise and (ii) provide satisfactory proof as to the right of such person or persons to exercise the Option.
- 5.2. The notice of exercise described in Section 5.1 shall be accompanied by the full purchase price for the Units in respect of which the Option is being exercised, in cash or by check or, if indicated in the notice, such payment shall follow by check from a registered broker acting as agent on behalf of the Grantee. However, at the discretion of the Committee appointed to administer the Plan, the Grantee may pay the exercise price in part or in full by transferring to the Partnership unrestricted Units owned by the Grantee prior to the exercise of the Option having a Fair Market Value on the day preceding the date of exercise equal to the cash amount for which such Units are substituted.
- 5.3. Upon receipt of notice of exercise and full payment for the Units in respect of which the Option is being exercised, the Partnership shall, subject to this Agreement and the Plan, take such action as may be necessary to effect the transfer to the Grantee of the number of Units as to which such exercise was effective.
- 5.4. The Grantee shall not be deemed to be the holder of, or to have any of the rights of a holder with respect to, any Units subject to the Option until (i) the Option shall have been exercised pursuant to the terms of this Agreement and the Grantee shall have paid the full purchase price for the number of Units in respect of which the Option was exercised, (ii) the Partnership shall have issued and delivered the Units to the Grantee, and (iii) the Grantee's name shall have been entered as a unitholder of record on the books of the Partnership, whereupon the Grantee shall have full voting and other ownership rights with respect to such Units.

6. Ceasing to Serve as Director.

- 6.1. Cause. In the event the Grantee's service to the General Partner as a director terminates for Cause, the Option shall immediately expire in its entirety whether or not vested and exercisable
- 6.2. Other Termination of Service. In the event the Grantee ceases to serve as a director of the General Partner under any circumstance other than (i) for Cause, (ii) due the Grantee's death or (iii) due to the Grantee's Disability, any portion of the Option that is not vested and exercisable on the Termination Date shall expire and the Grantee may, at any time within ninety (90) days after the Termination Date, exercise the Option to the extent, but only to the extent, that the Option or portion thereof was vested and exercisable on the Termination Date. For purposes of this Agreement, "Termination Date" shall mean the last day on which the Grantee serves as a director of the General Partner.
- 6.3. <u>Death or Disability</u>. In the event the Grantee ceases to serve as a director of the General Partner by reason of the Grantee's death or Disability, any portion of the Option that is not yet vested and exercisable on the Termination Date shall become immediately vested and fully exercisable on such date, and the entire Option shall remain exercisable for a period of one (1) year following the Termination Date by the Grantee or by the Grantee's legatee or legatees under his will, or by his personal representatives or distributees, as applicable.
- 6.4. No Extension of Exercise Term. Notwithstanding the terms of Section 6.2 and 6.3 and except as provided in this Section 6.4, in no event may the Option be exercised by anyone after the expiration of the Exercise Term. In the event of the Grantee's death during (i) the period of the Grantee's service as a director of the General Partner, (ii) the ninety (90) day period described in Section 6.2 or (iii) the one (1) year period described in Section 6.3, the Option shall be exercisable, to the extent exercisable immediately prior to his or her death, by the legatee or legatees under the Grantee's will, or by the Grantee's personal representatives or distributees, at any time within the one (1) year period after the date of the Optionee's death, even if such one (1) year period extends beyond the Exercise Term.

Non-transferability

The Option shall not be assignable or transferable other than by will or the laws of descent and distribution or pursuant to a qualified domestic relations order (within the meaning of Rule 16a-12 promulgated under the Exchange Act). During the lifetime of the Grantee, the Option shall be exercisable only by the Grantee, his or her legal guardian or legal representatives or a bankruptcy trustee. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, the Option may not be exercised by or transferred to any person other than the Grantee, unless such other person presents documentation to the Committee, which proves to the Committee to its reasonable satisfaction such person's right to the transfer or exercise.

8. Grantee Bound by the Plan.

The Grantee hereby acknowledges receipt of a copy of the Plan and agrees to be bound by all the terms and provisions thereof.

9 Modification of Agreement

This Agreement may be modified, amended, suspended or terminated, and any terms or conditions may be waived, but only by a written instrument executed by the parties hereto. No waiver by either party hereto of any breach by the other party hereto of any provision of this Agreement to be performed by such other party shall be deemed a waiver of similar or dissimilar provisions at the time or at any prior or subsequent time.

10 Severability

Should any provision of this Agreement be held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be unenforceable or invalid for any reason, the remaining provisions of this Agreement shall not be affected by such holding and shall continue in full force in accordance with their terms.

11. Governing Law

The validity, interpretation, construction and performance of this Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware without giving effect to the conflicts of laws principles thereof.

12 Successors in Interest

This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon any successor to the Partnership. This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of the Grantee's legal representatives. All obligations imposed upon the Grantee and all rights granted to the Partnership under this Agreement shall be final, binding and conclusive upon the Grantee's beneficiaries, heirs, executors, administrators and successors.

13. Resolution of Disputes

Any dispute or disagreement which may arise under, or as a result of, or in any way relate to, the interpretation, construction or application of this Agreement shall be determined by the Committee. Any determination made hereunder shall be final, binding and conclusive on the Grantee and the Partnership for all purposes.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Agreement has been executed as of the date first written above.	
CVR PARTNERS, LP By: CVR GP, LLC, its general partner	GRANTEE
By: Title:	Name:

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors of CVR GP, LLC and The Managing General Partner of CVR Partners, LP:

We consent to the use of our report included herein and to the reference to our firm under the headings "Summary Historical and Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information," "Selected Historical Consolidated Financial Information," and "Experts" in the prospectus.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Houston, Texas March 16, 2011